HOUSE BILL No. 1032

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 16-41; IC 35-31.5-2-152.5; IC 35-42-2-1; IC 35-45; IC 35-52-16-58.

Synopsis: Human immunodeficiency virus. Removes sentencing enhancements for battery and malicious mischief that relate to the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV). Repeals certain offenses concerning the donation, sale, or transfer of blood or semen that contains HIV. Makes conforming amendments.

Effective: July 1, 2022.

Eberhart

January 4, 2022, read first time and referred to Committee on Courts and Criminal Code.



Second Regular Session of the 122nd General Assembly (2022)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2021 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

HOUSE BILL No. 1032

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning criminal law and procedure.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 16-41-8-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.130-2021,
2	SECTION 16, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1, 2022]: Sec. 1. (a) As used in this chapter, "potentially disease
4	transmitting offense" means any of the following:
5	(1) Battery (IC 35-42-2-1) or domestic battery (IC 35-42-2-1.3)
6	involving placing a bodily fluid or waste on another person.
7	(2) An offense relating to a criminal sexual act (as defined in
8	IC 35-31.5-2-216), if sexual intercourse or other sexual conduct
9	(as defined in IC 35-31.5-2-221.5) occurred.
10	The term includes an attempt to commit an offense, if sexual
11	intercourse or other sexual conduct (as defined in IC 35-31.5-2-221.5)
12	occurred, and a delinquent act that would be a crime if committed by
13	an adult.
14	(b) Except as provided in this chapter, a person may not disclose or
15	be compelled to disclose medical or epidemiological information
16	involving a communicable disease or other serious disease (as set forth

in the list published under IC 16-41-2-1). This information may not be



1	released or made public upon subpoena or otherwise, except under the
2	following circumstances:
3	(1) Release may be made of medical or epidemiologic information
4	for statistical purposes if done in a manner that does not identify
5	an individual.
6	(2) Release may be made of medical or epidemiologic information
7	with the written consent of all individuals identified in the
8	information released.
9	(3) Release may be made of medical or epidemiologic information
10	to the extent necessary to enforce public health laws, laws
l 1	described in IC 31-37-19-4 through IC 31-37-19-6, IC 31-37-19-9
12	through IC 31-37-19-10, IC 31-37-19-12 through IC 31-37-19-23,
13	IC 35-38-1-7.1, and IC 35-45-21-1 (before its repeal) or to
14	protect the health or life of a named party.
15	(4) Release may be made of the medical information of a person
16	in accordance with this chapter.
17	(5) Release may be made of the medical information or
18	epidemiologic information of a person to an Indiana nonprofit
19	entity that performs health data services for health care providers
20	if the state department:
21	(A) determines that the release is necessary as part of a
22 23 24	response to a public health event, including an outbreak,
23	epidemic, or pandemic; and
	(B) executes a data use agreement with the entity that specifies
25	the permitted use and disclosure of any released information.
26	(c) Except as provided in this chapter, a person responsible for
27	recording, reporting, or maintaining information required to be reported
28	under IC 16-41-2 who recklessly, knowingly, or intentionally discloses
29	or fails to protect medical or epidemiologic information classified as
30	confidential under this section commits a Class A misdemeanor.
31	(d) In addition to subsection (c), a public employee who violates this
32	section is subject to discharge or other disciplinary action under the
33	personnel rules of the agency that employs the employee.
34	(e) Release shall be made of the medical records concerning an
35	individual to:
36	(1) the individual;
37	(2) a person authorized in writing by the individual to receive the
38	medical records; or
39	(3) a coroner under IC 36-2-14-21.
10	(f) An individual may voluntarily disclose information about the
11	individual's communicable disease.
12	(g) The provisions of this section regarding confidentiality apply to



1	information obtained under IC 16-41-1 through IC 16-41-16.
2	SECTION 2. IC 16-41-12-15, AS AMENDED BY P.L.133-2020,
3	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
4	JULY 1, 2022]: Sec. 15. (a) A blood center shall require a blood donor
5	to provide to the blood center the following information:
6	(1) Name.
7	(2) Address.
8	(3) Date of birth.
9	(4) The blood donor's Social Security number, if the blood donor
10	is receiving monetary compensation for the donation.
11	(b) A blood center shall report the name and address of a blood
12	donor to the state department when a confirmatory test of the blood
13	donor's blood confirms the presence of antibodies to the human
14	immunodeficiency virus (HIV).
15	(c) A blood center shall provide to a blood donor information to
16	enable the blood donor to give informed consent to the procedures
17	required by this chapter or IC 16-36. The information required by this
18	subsection must be in the following form:
19	NOTICE
20	(1) This blood center performs a screening test for the human
21	immunodeficiency virus (HIV) on every donor's blood.
22	(2) This blood center reports to the state department of health the
23	name and address of a blood donor when a confirmatory test of
24	the blood donor's blood confirms the presence of antibodies to the
25	human immunodeficiency virus (HIV).
26	(3) A person who recklessly, knowingly, or intentionally donates
27	
	(excluding self-donations for stem cell transplantation, other
28	autologous donations, or donations not intended by the blood
29	center for distribution or use), sells, or transfers blood that
30	contains antibodies for the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV)
31	commits a criminal offense as described in IC 35-45-21-1.
32	SECTION 3. IC 16-41-14-13, AS AMENDED BY P.L.133-2020,
33	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
34	JULY 1, 2022]: Sec. 13. A practitioner shall provide information to a
35	semen donor to enable the semen donor to give informed consent to the
36	procedures required by this chapter. The information required by this
37	section must be in the following form:
38	NOTICE
39	(1) This facility performs a screening test for the human
40	immunodeficiency virus (HIV) on every donor's blood.
41	(2) This facility reports to the state department of health the name
42	and address of a semen donor or recipient when a confirmatory



1	test of the semen donor's blood or the recipient's blood confirms
2	the presence of antibodies to the human immunodeficiency virus
2 3	(HIV).
4	(3) A person who, for the purpose of artificial insemination,
5	recklessly, knowingly, or intentionally donates, sells, or transfers
6	semen that contains antibodies for the human immunodeficiency
7	virus (HIV) commits a criminal offense as described in
8	IC 35-45-21-1.
9	SECTION 4. IC 16-41-14-17 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY
10	1, 2022]. Sec. 17. (a) This section does not apply to a person who
11	transfers for research purposes semen that contains antibodies for the
12	human immunodeficiency virus (HIV).
13	(b) A person who, for the purpose of artificial insemination,
14	recklessly, knowingly, or intentionally donates, sells, or transfers semen
15	that contains antibodies for the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV)
16	commits transferring contaminated semen, a Level 5 felony. The
17	offense is a Level 4 felony if the offense results in the transmission of
18	the virus to another person.
19	SECTION 5. IC 35-31.5-2-152.5 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE
20	JULY 1, 2022]. Sec. 152.5. "HIV", for purposes of IC 35-45-16, has the
21	meaning set forth in IC 35-45-16-1.
22	SECTION 6. IC 35-42-2-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.142-2020,
23	SECTION 63, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
24	JULY 1, 2022]: Sec. 1. (a) As used in this section, "public safety
25	official" means:
26	(1) a law enforcement officer, including an alcoholic beverage
27	enforcement officer;
28	(2) an employee of a penal facility or a juvenile detention facility
29	(as defined in IC 31-9-2-71);
30	(3) an employee of the department of correction;
31	(4) a probation officer;
32	(5) a parole officer;
33	(6) a community corrections worker;
34	(7) a home detention officer;
35	(8) a department of child services employee;
36	(9) a firefighter;
37	(10) an emergency medical services provider;
38	(11) a judicial officer;
39	(12) a bailiff of any court; or
40	(13) a special deputy (as described in IC 36-8-10-10.6).
41	(b) As used in this section, "relative" means an individual related by
42	blood, half-blood, adoption, marriage, or remarriage, including:



1	(1) a spouse;
2	(2) a parent or stepparent;
3	(3) a child or stepchild;
4	(4) a grandchild or stepgrandchild;
5	(5) a grandparent or stepgrandparent;
6	(6) a brother, sister, stepbrother, or stepsister;
7	(7) a niece or nephew;
8	(8) an aunt or uncle;
9	(9) a daughter-in-law or son-in-law;
10	(10) a mother-in-law or father-in-law; or
11	(11) a first cousin.
12	(c) Except as provided in subsections (d) through (k), a person who
13	knowingly or intentionally:
14	(1) touches another person in a rude, insolent, or angry manner;
15	or
16	(2) in a rude, insolent, or angry manner places any bodily fluid or
17	waste on another person;
18	commits battery, a Class B misdemeanor.
19	(d) The offense described in subsection (c)(1) or (c)(2) is a Class A
20	misdemeanor if it:
21	(1) results in bodily injury to any other person; or
22	(2) is committed against a member of a foster family home (as
23	defined in IC 35-31.5-2-139.3) by a person who is not a resident
24	of the foster family home if the person who committed the offense
25	is a relative of a person who lived in the foster family home at the
26	time of the offense.
27	(e) The offense described in subsection (c)(1) or (c)(2) is a Level 6
28	felony if one (1) or more of the following apply:
29	(1) The offense results in moderate bodily injury to any other
30	person.
31	(2) The offense is committed against a public safety official while
32	the official is engaged in the official's official duty.
33	(3) The offense is committed against a person less than fourteen
34	(14) years of age and is committed by a person at least eighteen
35	(18) years of age.
36	(4) The offense is committed against a person of any age who has
37	a mental or physical disability and is committed by a person
38	having the care of the person with the mental or physical
39	disability, whether the care is assumed voluntarily or because of
40	a legal obligation.
41	(5) The offense is committed against an endangered adult (as
42	defined in IC 12-10-3-2).



1	(6) The offense:
2	(A) is committed against a member of a foster family home (as
3	defined in IC 35-31.5-2-139.3) by a person who is not a
4	resident of the foster family home if the person who committed
5	the offense is a relative of a person who lived in the foster
6	family home at the time of the offense; and
7	(B) results in bodily injury to the member of the foster family.
8	(f) The offense described in subsection (c)(2) is a Level 6 felony if
9	the person knew or recklessly failed to know that the bodily fluid or
10	waste placed on another person was infected with hepatitis or
11	tuberculosis. or human immunodeficiency virus.
12	(g) The offense described in subsection (c)(1) or (c)(2) is a Level 5
13	felony if one (1) or more of the following apply:
14	(1) The offense results in serious bodily injury to another person.
15	(2) The offense is committed with a deadly weapon.
16	(3) The offense results in bodily injury to a pregnant woman if the
17	person knew of the pregnancy.
18	(4) The person has a previous conviction for a battery offense
19	included in this chapter against the same victim.
20	(5) The offense results in bodily injury to one (1) or more of the
21	following:
22	(A) A public safety official while the official is engaged in the
23	official's official duties.
24	(B) A person less than fourteen (14) years of age if the offense
25	is committed by a person at least eighteen (18) years of age.
26	(C) A person who has a mental or physical disability if the
27	offense is committed by an individual having care of the
28	person with the disability, regardless of whether the care is
29	assumed voluntarily or because of a legal obligation.
30	(D) An endangered adult (as defined in IC 12-10-3-2).
31	(h) The offense described in subsection (c)(2) is a Level 5 felony if:
32	(1) the person knew or recklessly failed to know that the bodily
33	fluid or waste placed on another person was infected with
34	hepatitis or tuberculosis; or human immunodeficiency virus; and
35	(2) the person placed the bodily fluid or waste on a public safety
36	official.
37	(i) The offense described in subsection (c)(1) or (c)(2) is a Level 4
38	felony if it results in serious bodily injury to an endangered adult (as
39	defined in IC 12-10-3-2).
40	(j) The offense described in subsection (c)(1) or (c)(2) is a Level 3
41	felony if it results in serious bodily injury to a person less than fourteen
42	(14) years of age if the offense is committed by a person at least



1	eighteen (18) years of age.
2	(k) The offense described in subsection (c)(1) or (c)(2) is a Level 2
3	felony if it results in the death of one (1) or more of the following:
4	(1) A person less than fourteen (14) years of age if the offense is
5	committed by a person at least eighteen (18) years of age.
6	(2) An endangered adult (as defined in IC 12-10-3-2).
7	SECTION 7. IC 35-45-16-1 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY 1
8	2022]. Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "HIV" refers to the human
9	immunodeficiency virus.
10	SECTION 8. IC 35-45-16-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.158-2013
11	SECTION 545, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
12	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2022]: Sec. 2. (a) As used in this section, "body
13	fluid" means:
14	(1) blood;
15	(2) saliva;
16	(3) sputum;
17	(4) semen;
18	(5) vaginal secretions;
19	(6) human milk;
20	(7) urine;
21	(8) sweat;
22	(9) tears;
23	(10) any other liquid produced by the body; or
24	(11) any aerosol generated form of liquids listed in this
25	subsection.
26	(b) As used in this section, "infectious hepatitis" means:
27	(1) hepatitis A;
28	(2) hepatitis B;
29	(3) hepatitis C;
30	(4) hepatitis D;
31	(5) hepatitis E; or
32	(6) hepatitis G.
33	(c) A person who recklessly, knowingly, or intentionally places
34	human:
35	(1) body fluid; or
36	(2) fecal waste;
37	in a location with the intent that another person will involuntarily touch
38	the body fluid or fecal waste commits malicious mischief, a Class E
39	misdemeanor.
40	(d) An offense described in subsection (c) is a:
41	(1) Level 6 felony if the person knew or recklessly failed to know
42	that the body fluid or fecal waste was infected with:



1	(A) infectious hepatitis; or
2	(B) HIV; or
3	(C) (B) tuberculosis; and
4	(2) Level 5 felony if:
5	(A) the person knew or recklessly failed to know that the body
6	fluid or fecal waste was infected with infectious hepatitis and
7	the offense results in the transmission of infectious hepatitis to
8	the other person; or
9	(B) the person knew or recklessly failed to know that the body
10	fluid or fecal waste was infected with tuberculosis and the
l 1	offense results in the transmission of tuberculosis to the other
12	person. and
13	(3) Level 4 felony if:
14	(A) the person knew or recklessly failed to know that the body
15	fluid or fecal waste was infected with HIV; and
16	(B) the offense results in the transmission of HIV to the other
17	person.
18	(e) A person who recklessly, knowingly, or intentionally places
19	human:
20	(1) body fluid; or
21	(2) fecal waste;
22	in a location with the intent that another person will ingest the body
23 24	fluid or fecal waste commits malicious mischief with food, a Class A
24	misdemeanor.
25	(f) An offense described in subsection (e) is:
26	(1) a Level 6 felony if the person knew or recklessly failed to
27	know that the body fluid or fecal waste was infected with:
28	(A) infectious hepatitis; or
29	(B) HIV; or
30	(C) (B) tuberculosis; and
31	(2) a Level 5 felony if:
32	(A) the person knew or recklessly failed to know that the body
33	fluid or fecal waste was infected with infectious hepatitis and
34	the offense results in the transmission of infectious hepatitis to
35	the other person; or
36	(B) the person knew or recklessly failed to know that the body
37	fluid or fecal waste was infected with tuberculosis and the
38	offense results in the transmission of tuberculosis to the other
39	person. and
10	(3) a Level 4 felony if:
11	(A) the person knew or recklessly failed to know that the body
12	fluid or fecal waste was infected with HIV; and



1	(B) the offense results in the transmission of HIV to the othe
2	person.
3	SECTION 9. IC 35-45-21-1 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY 1
4	2022]. Sec. 1. (a) As used in this section, "blood" has the meaning se
5	forth in IC 16-41-12-2.5.
6	(b) A person who recklessly, knowingly, or intentionally donates
7	sells, or transfers blood or semen for artificial insemination (as defined
8	in IC 16-41-14-2) that contains the human immunodeficiency viru
9	(HIV) commits transferring contaminated body fluids, a Level 5 felony
10	(c) However, the offense under subsection (b) is a Level 3 felony is
11	it results in the transmission of the human immunodeficiency viru
12	(HIV) to any person other than the defendant.
13	(d) This section does not apply to:
14	(1) a person who, for reasons of privacy, donates, sells, o
15	transfers blood at a blood center (as defined in IC 16-41-12-3
16	after the person has notified the blood center that the blood mus
17	be disposed of and may not be used for any purpose;
18	(2) a person who transfers blood semen, or another body fluid tha
19	contains the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) for research
20	purposes; or
21	(3) a person who is an autologous blood donor for stem cel
22	transplantation.
23	SECTION 10. IC 35-52-16-58 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY
24	1, 2022]. Sec. 58. IC 16-41-14-17 defines a crime concerning
25	communicable diseases.

