## **HOUSE BILL No. 1020**

## DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 6-3-1-3.5.

**Synopsis:** Personal exemptions. Increases the personal exemption to \$1,500 in the definition of adjusted gross income for a taxpayer, or, in the case of a joint return, for each spouse. Increases the exemption for dependents to \$1,500. Increases the exemption to \$1,500 for the spouse of the taxpayer if a separate return is made by the taxpayer and the spouse and if the spouse had no gross income for the calendar year.

Effective: January 1, 2021 (retroactive).

## Jackson, Porter

January 4, 2021, read first time and referred to Committee on Ways and Means.



First Regular Session of the 122nd General Assembly (2021)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2020 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

## **HOUSE BILL No. 1020**

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 6-3-1-3.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.146-2020,
2	SECTION 21, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JANUARY 1, 2021 (RETROACTIVE)]: Sec. 3.5. When used in this
4	article, the term "adjusted gross income" shall mean the following:
5	(a) In the case of all individuals, "adjusted gross income" (as
6	defined in Section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code), modified as
7	follows:
8	(1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this article
9	by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.
10	(2) Except as provided in subsection (c), add an amount equal to
11	any deduction or deductions allowed or allowable pursuant to
12	Section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code for taxes based on or
13	measured by income and levied at the state level by any state of
14	the United States.
15	(3) Subtract one thousand dollars (\$1,000), one thousand five
16	hundred dollars (\$1,500), or in the case of a joint return filed by
17	a husband and wife, subtract for each spouse one thousand dollars



1	(\$1,000). one thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,500).
2	(4) Subtract: one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for:
3	(A) one thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,500) for each of
4	the exemptions provided by Section 151(c) of the Internal
5	Revenue Code (as effective January 1, 2017);
6	(B) one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for each additional amount
7	allowable under Section 63(f) of the Internal Revenue Code;
8	and
9	(C) one thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,500) for the
10	spouse of the taxpayer if a separate return is made by the
11	taxpayer and if the spouse, for the calendar year in which the
12	taxable year of the taxpayer begins, has no gross income and
13	is not the dependent of another taxpayer.
14	(5) Subtract:
15	(A) one thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,500) for each of the
16	exemptions allowed under Section 151(c)(1)(B) of the Internal
17	Revenue Code (as effective January 1, 2004);
18	(B) one thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,500) for each
19	exemption allowed under Section 151(c) of the Internal
20	Revenue Code (as effective January 1, 2017) for an individual:
21	(i) who is less than nineteen (19) years of age or is a
22	full-time student who is less than twenty-four (24) years of
23	age;
24	(ii) for whom the taxpayer is the legal guardian; and
25	(iii) for whom the taxpayer does not claim an exemption
26	under clause (A); and
27	(C) five hundred dollars (\$500) for each additional amount
28	allowable under Section 63(f)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code
29	if the federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer, or the
30	taxpayer and the taxpayer's spouse in the case of a joint return,
31	is less than forty thousand dollars (\$40,000). In the case of a
32	married individual filing a separate return, the qualifying
33	income amount in this clause is equal to twenty thousand
34	dollars (\$20,000).
35	This amount is in addition to the amount subtracted under
36	subdivision (4).
37	(6) Subtract any amounts included in federal adjusted gross
38	income under Section 111 of the Internal Revenue Code as a
39	recovery of items previously deducted as an itemized deduction
40	from adjusted gross income.
41	(7) Subtract any amounts included in federal adjusted gross



2021

income under the Internal Revenue Code which amounts were

1	received by the individual as supplemental railroad retirement
2	annuities under 45 U.S.C. 231 and which are not deductible under
3	subdivision (1).
4	(8) Subtract an amount equal to the amount of federal Social
5	Security and Railroad Retirement benefits included in a taxpayer's
6	federal gross income by Section 86 of the Internal Revenue Code.
7	(9) In the case of a nonresident taxpayer or a resident taxpayer
8	residing in Indiana for a period of less than the taxpayer's entire
9	taxable year, the total amount of the deductions allowed pursuant
10	to subdivisions (3), (4), and (5) shall be reduced to an amount
11	which bears the same ratio to the total as the taxpayer's income
12	taxable in Indiana bears to the taxpayer's total income.
13	(10) In the case of an individual who is a recipient of assistance
14	under IC 12-10-6-1, IC 12-10-6-2.1, IC 12-15-2-2, or IC 12-15-7,
15	subtract an amount equal to that portion of the individual's
16	adjusted gross income with respect to which the individual is not
17	allowed under federal law to retain an amount to pay state and
18	local income taxes.
19	(11) In the case of an eligible individual, subtract the amount of
20	a Holocaust victim's settlement payment included in the
21	individual's federal adjusted gross income.
22	(12) Subtract an amount equal to the portion of any premiums
23	paid during the taxable year by the taxpayer for a qualified long
24	term care policy (as defined in IC 12-15-39.6-5) for the taxpayer
25	or the taxpayer's spouse if the taxpayer and the taxpayer's spouse
26	file a joint income tax return or the taxpayer is otherwise entitled
27	to a deduction under this subdivision for the taxpayer's spouse, or
28	both.
29	(13) Subtract an amount equal to the lesser of:
30	(A) two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500), or one
31	thousand two hundred fifty dollars (\$1,250) in the case of a
32	married individual filing a separate return; or
33	(B) the amount of property taxes that are paid during the
34	taxable year in Indiana by the individual on the individual's
35	principal place of residence.
36	(14) Subtract an amount equal to the amount of a September 11
37	terrorist attack settlement payment included in the individual's
38	federal adjusted gross income.
39	(15) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
40	gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus
41	depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an
42	earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income



1	that would have been computed had an election not been made
2	under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bonus
3	depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in
4	service.
5	(16) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under
6	Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning net
7	operating losses).
8	(17) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
9	gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as
10	defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service
11	in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to
12	the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been
13	computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not
14	been made for the year in which the property was placed in
15	service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Internal
16	Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding the sum of:
17	(A) twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) to the extent
18	deductions under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code
19	were not elected as provided in clause (B); and
20	(B) for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017, the
21	deductions elected under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue
22	Code on property acquired in an exchange if:
23	
24	(i) the exchange would have been eligible for
	nonrecognition of gain or loss under Section 1031 of the
25	Internal Revenue Code in effect on January 1, 2017;
26	(ii) the exchange is not eligible for nonrecognition of gain or
27	loss under Section 1031 of the Internal Revenue Code; and
28	(iii) the taxpayer made an election to take deductions under
29	Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code with regard to the
30	acquired property in the year that the property was placed
31	into service.
32	The amount of deductions allowable for an item of property
33	under this clause may not exceed the amount of adjusted gross
34	income realized on the property that would have been deferred
35	under the Internal Revenue Code in effect on January 1, 2017.
36	(18) Subtract an amount equal to the amount of the taxpayer's
37	qualified military income that was not excluded from the
38	taxpayer's gross income for federal income tax purposes under
39	Section 112 of the Internal Revenue Code.
40	(19) Subtract income that is:
41	(A) exempt from taxation under IC 6-3-2-21.7 (certain income
42	derived from patents); and



1	
1	(B) included in the individual's federal adjusted gross income
2	under the Internal Revenue Code.
3	(20) Add an amount equal to any income not included in gross
4	income as a result of the deferral of income arising from business
5	indebtedness discharged in connection with the reacquisition after
6	December 31, 2008, and before January 1, 2011, of an applicable
7	debt instrument, as provided in Section 108(i) of the Internal
8	Revenue Code. Subtract the amount necessary from the adjusted
9	gross income of any taxpayer that added an amount to adjusted
10	gross income in a previous year to offset the amount included in
11	federal gross income as a result of the deferral of income arising
12	from business indebtedness discharged in connection with the
13	reacquisition after December 31, 2008, and before January 1,
14	2011, of an applicable debt instrument, as provided in Section
15	108(i) of the Internal Revenue Code.
16	(21) Add the amount excluded from federal gross income under
17	Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code for interest received on
18	an obligation of a state other than Indiana, or a political
19	subdivision of such a state, that is acquired by the taxpayer after
20	December 31, 2011.
21	(22) Subtract an amount as described in Section 1341(a)(2) of the
22	Internal Revenue Code to the extent, if any, that the amount was
23	previously included in the taxpayer's adjusted gross income for a
24	prior taxable year.
25	(23) For taxable years beginning after December 25, 2016, add an
26	amount equal to the deduction for deferred foreign income that
27	was claimed by the taxpayer for the taxable year under Section
28	965(c) of the Internal Revenue Code.
29	(24) Subtract any interest expense paid or accrued in the current
30	taxable year but not deducted as a result of the limitation imposed
31	under Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code. Add any
32	interest expense paid or accrued in a previous taxable year but
33	allowed as a deduction under Section 163 of the Internal Revenue
34	Code in the current taxable year. For purposes of this subdivision,
35	an interest expense is considered paid or accrued only in the first
36	taxable year the deduction would have been allowable under
37	Section 163 of the Internal Revenue Code if the limitation under
38	Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code did not exist.
39	(25) Subtract the amount that would have been excluded from
40	gross income but for the enactment of Section 118(b)(2) of the

Internal Revenue Code for taxable years ending after December



41

42

22, 2017.

1	(26) Subtract any other amounts the taxpayer is entitled to deduct
2	under IC 6-3-2.
3	(b) In the case of corporations, the same as "taxable income" (as
4	defined in Section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code) adjusted as
5	follows:
6	(1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this article
7	by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.
8	(2) Add an amount equal to any deduction or deductions allowed
9	or allowable pursuant to Section 170 of the Internal Revenue
10	Code (concerning charitable contributions).
11	(3) Except as provided in subsection (c), add an amount equal to
12	any deduction or deductions allowed or allowable pursuant to
13	Section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code for taxes based on or
14	measured by income and levied at the state level by any state of
15	the United States.
16	(4) Subtract an amount equal to the amount included in the
17	corporation's taxable income under Section 78 of the Internal
18	Revenue Code (concerning foreign tax credits).
19	(5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
20	gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus
21	depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an
22	earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income
23	that would have been computed had an election not been made
24	under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bonus
25	depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in
26	service.
27	(6) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section
28	172 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning net operating
29	losses).
30	(7) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
31	gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as
32	defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service
33	in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to
34	the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been
35	computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not
36	
37	been made for the year in which the property was placed in service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Internal
38	Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding the sum of:
39	(A) twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) to the extent
40	deductions under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code
41	were not elected as provided in clause (B); and
42	(B) for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017, the



1	deductions elected under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue
2	Code on property acquired in an exchange if:
3	(i) the exchange would have been eligible for
4	nonrecognition of gain or loss under Section 1031 of the
5	Internal Revenue Code in effect on January 1, 2017;
6	(ii) the exchange is not eligible for nonrecognition of gain or
7	loss under Section 1031 of the Internal Revenue Code; and
8	(iii) the taxpayer made an election to take deductions under
9	Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code with regard to the
0	acquired property in the year that the property was placed
1	into service.
2	The amount of deductions allowable for an item of property
3	under this clause may not exceed the amount of adjusted gross
4	income realized on the property that would have been deferred
5	under the Internal Revenue Code in effect on January 1, 2017.
6	(8) Add to the extent required by IC 6-3-2-20:
7	(A) the amount of intangible expenses (as defined in
8	IC 6-3-2-20) for the taxable year that reduced the corporation's
9	taxable income (as defined in Section 63 of the Internal
20	Revenue Code) for federal income tax purposes; and
21	(B) any directly related interest expenses (as defined in
22	IC 6-3-2-20) that reduced the corporation's adjusted gross
21 22 23 24 25	income (determined without regard to this subdivision). For
.4	purposes of this clause, any directly related interest expense
25	that constitutes business interest within the meaning of Section
26	163(j) of the Internal Revenue Code shall be considered to
27	have reduced the taxpayer's federal taxable income only in the
28	first taxable year in which the deduction otherwise would have
9	been allowable under Section 163 of the Internal Revenue
0	Code if the limitation under Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal
1	Revenue Code did not exist.
2	(9) Add an amount equal to any deduction for dividends paid (as
3	defined in Section 561 of the Internal Revenue Code) to
4	shareholders of a captive real estate investment trust (as defined
5	in section 34.5 of this chapter).
6	(10) Subtract income that is:
7	(A) exempt from taxation under IC 6-3-2-21.7 (certain income
8	derived from patents); and
9	(B) included in the corporation's taxable income under the
0	Internal Revenue Code.
-1	(11) Add an amount equal to any income not included in gross
-2	income as a result of the deferral of income arising from business



1	indebtedness discharged in connection with the reacquisition after
2	December 31, 2008, and before January 1, 2011, of an applicable
3	debt instrument, as provided in Section 108(i) of the Interna
4	Revenue Code. Subtract from the adjusted gross income of any
5	taxpayer that added an amount to adjusted gross income in a
6	previous year the amount necessary to offset the amount included
7	in federal gross income as a result of the deferral of income
8	arising from business indebtedness discharged in connection with
9 10	the reacquisition after December 31, 2008, and before January 1
11	2011, of an applicable debt instrument, as provided in Section
12	108(i) of the Internal Revenue Code.
13	(12) Add the amount excluded from federal gross income under Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code for interest received or
14	an obligation of a state other than Indiana, or a politica
15	subdivision of such a state, that is acquired by the taxpayer after
16	December 31, 2011.
17	(13) For taxable years beginning after December 25, 2016:
18	(A) for a corporation other than a real estate investment trust
19	add:
20	(i) an amount equal to the amount reported by the taxpayer
21	on IRC 965 Transition Tax Statement, line 1; or
22	(ii) if the taxpayer deducted an amount under Section 965(c)
23	of the Internal Revenue Code in determining the taxpayer's
23 24	taxable income for purposes of the federal income tax, the
25	amount deducted under Section 965(c) of the Interna
26	Revenue Code; and
27	(B) for a real estate investment trust, add an amount equal to
28	the deduction for deferred foreign income that was claimed by
29	the taxpayer for the taxable year under Section 965(c) of the
30	Internal Revenue Code, but only to the extent that the taxpayer
31	included income pursuant to Section 965 of the Interna
32	Revenue Code in its taxable income for federal income tax
33	purposes or is required to add back dividends paid under
34	subdivision (9).
35	(14) Add an amount equal to the deduction that was claimed by
36	the taxpayer for the taxable year under Section 250(a)(1)(B) of the
37	Internal Revenue Code (attributable to global intangible
38	low-taxed income). The taxpayer shall separately specify the
39	amount of the reduction under Section 250(a)(1)(B)(i) of the
10	Internal Revenue Code and under Section 250(a)(1)(R)(ii) of the



42

(15) Subtract any interest expense paid or accrued in the current

Internal Revenue Code.

1	taxable year but not deducted as a result of the limitation imposed
2	under Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code. Add any
3	interest expense paid or accrued in a previous taxable year but
4	allowed as a deduction under Section 163 of the Internal Revenue
5	Code in the current taxable year. For purposes of this subdivision,
6	an interest expense is considered paid or accrued only in the first
7	taxable year the deduction would have been allowable under
8	Section 163 of the Internal Revenue Code if the limitation under
9	Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code did not exist.
10	(16) Subtract the amount that would have been excluded from
11	gross income but for the enactment of Section 118(b)(2) of the
12	Internal Revenue Code for taxable years ending after December
13	22, 2017.
14	(17) Add or subtract any other amounts the taxpayer is:
15	(A) required to add or subtract; or
16	(B) entitled to deduct;
17	under IC 6-3-2.
18	(c) The following apply to taxable years beginning after December
19	31, 2018, for purposes of the add back of any deduction allowed on the
20	taxpayer's federal income tax return for wagering taxes, as provided in
21	subsection (a)(2) if the taxpayer is an individual or subsection (b)(3) if
22	the taxpayer is a corporation:
23	(1) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2018, and
24	before January 1, 2020, a taxpayer is required to add back under
25	this section eighty-seven and five-tenths percent (87.5%) of any
26	deduction allowed on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for
27	wagering taxes.
28	(2) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2019, and
29	before January 1, 2021, a taxpayer is required to add back under
30	this section seventy-five percent (75%) of any deduction allowed
31	on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for wagering taxes.
32	(3) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2020, and
33	before January 1, 2022, a taxpayer is required to add back under
34	this section sixty-two and five-tenths percent (62.5%) of any
35	deduction allowed on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for
36	wagering taxes.
37	(4) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2021, and
38	before January 1, 2023, a taxpayer is required to add back under
39	this section fifty percent (50%) of any deduction allowed on the
40	taxpayer's federal income tax return for wagering taxes.
41	(5) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2022, and



2021

before January 1, 2024, a taxpayer is required to add back under

1	1. (27.50/) 6
1	this section thirty-seven and five-tenths percent (37.5%) of any
2 3	deduction allowed on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for wagering taxes.
4	(6) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2023, and
5	before January 1, 2025, a taxpayer is required to add back under
6	this section twenty-five percent (25%) of any deduction allowed
7	on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for wagering taxes.
8	(7) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2024, and
9	before January 1, 2026, a taxpayer is required to add back under
10	this section twelve and five-tenths percent (12.5%) of any
11	deduction allowed on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for
12	wagering taxes.
13	(8) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2025, a
14	taxpayer is not required to add back under this section any amoun
15	of a deduction allowed on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
16	for wagering taxes.
17	(d) In the case of life insurance companies (as defined in Section
18	816(a) of the Internal Revenue Code) that are organized under Indiana
19	law, the same as "life insurance company taxable income" (as defined
20	in Section 801 of the Internal Revenue Code), adjusted as follows:
21	(1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this article
22	by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.
	(2) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed or allowable
23 24 25	under Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning
25	charitable contributions).
26	(3) Add an amount equal to a deduction allowed or allowable
27	under Section 805 or Section 832(c) of the Internal Revenue Code
28	for taxes based on or measured by income and levied at the state
29	level by any state.
30	(4) Subtract an amount equal to the amount included in the
31	company's taxable income under Section 78 of the Internal
32	Revenue Code (concerning foreign tax credits).
33	(5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
34	gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus
35	depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in ar
36	earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income
37	that would have been computed had an election not been made
38	under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bonus
39	depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in
10	service.

(6) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section

172 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning net operating



41

42

1	losses).
2	(7) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
3	gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as
4	defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service
5	in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to
6	the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been
7	computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not
8	been made for the year in which the property was placed in
9	service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Internal
10	Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding the sum of:
11	(A) twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) to the extent
12	deductions under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code
13	were not elected as provided in clause (B); and
14	(B) for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017, the
15	deductions elected under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue
16	Code on property acquired in an exchange if:
17	(i) the exchange would have been eligible for
18	nonrecognition of gain or loss under Section 1031 of the
19	Internal Revenue Code in effect on January 1, 2017;
20	(ii) the exchange is not eligible for nonrecognition of gain or
21	loss under Section 1031 of the Internal Revenue Code; and
22	(iii) the taxpayer made an election to take deductions under
23	Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code with regard to the
24	acquired property in the year that the property was placed
25	into service.
26	The amount of deductions allowable for an item of property
27	under this clause may not exceed the amount of adjusted gross
28	income realized on the property that would have been deferred
29	under the Internal Revenue Code in effect on January 1, 2017.
30	(8) Subtract income that is:
31	(A) exempt from taxation under IC 6-3-2-21.7 (certain income
32	derived from patents); and
33	(B) included in the insurance company's taxable income under
34	the Internal Revenue Code.
35	(9) Add an amount equal to any income not included in gross
36	income as a result of the deferral of income arising from business
37	indebtedness discharged in connection with the reacquisition after
38	December 31, 2008, and before January 1, 2011, of an applicable
39	debt instrument, as provided in Section 108(i) of the Internal
40	Revenue Code. Subtract from the adjusted gross income of any
41	taxpayer that added an amount to adjusted gross income in a
42	previous year the amount necessary to offset the amount included



1	in federal gross income as a result of the deferral of income
2	arising from business indebtedness discharged in connection with
3	the reacquisition after December 31, 2008, and before January 1,
4	2011, of an applicable debt instrument, as provided in Section
5	108(i) of the Internal Revenue Code.
6	(10) Add an amount equal to any exempt insurance income under
7	Section 953(e) of the Internal Revenue Code that is active
8	
9	financing income under Subpart F of Subtitle A, Chapter 1,
	Subchapter N of the Internal Revenue Code.
10	(11) Add the amount excluded from federal gross income under
11	Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code for interest received on
12	an obligation of a state other than Indiana, or a political
13	subdivision of such a state, that is acquired by the taxpayer after
14	December 31, 2011.
15	(12) For taxable years beginning after December 25, 2016, add:
16	(A) an amount equal to the amount reported by the taxpayer on
17	IRC 965 Transition Tax Statement, line 1; or
18	(B) if the taxpayer deducted an amount under Section 965(c)
19	of the Internal Revenue Code in determining the taxpayer's
20	taxable income for purposes of the federal income tax, the
21	amount deducted under Section 965(c) of the Internal Revenue
22	Code.
23	(13) Add an amount equal to the deduction that was claimed by
24	the taxpayer for the taxable year under Section 250(a)(1)(B) of the
25	Internal Revenue Code (attributable to global intangible
26	low-taxed income). The taxpayer shall separately specify the
27	amount of the reduction under Section 250(a)(1)(B)(i) of the
28	Internal Revenue Code and under Section 250(a)(1)(B)(ii) of the
29	Internal Revenue Code.
30	(14) Subtract any interest expense paid or accrued in the current
31	taxable year but not deducted as a result of the limitation imposed
32	under Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code. Add any
33	interest expense paid or accrued in a previous taxable year but
34	allowed as a deduction under Section 163 of the Internal Revenue
35	Code in the current taxable year. For purposes of this subdivision,
36	an interest expense is considered paid or accrued only in the first
37	taxable year the deduction would have been allowable under
38	Section 163 of the Internal Revenue Code if the limitation under
39	Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code did not exist.
40	(15) Subtract the amount that would have been excluded from
41	gross income but for the enactment of Section 118(b)(2) of the
42	<del>-</del>
<b>4</b> ∠	Internal Revenue Code for taxable years ending after December



1	22, 2017.
2	(16) Add or subtract any other amounts the taxpayer is:
3	(A) required to add or subtract; or
4	(B) entitled to deduct;
5	under IC 6-3-2.
6	(e) In the case of insurance companies subject to tax under Section
7	831 of the Internal Revenue Code and organized under Indiana law, the
8	same as "taxable income" (as defined in Section 832 of the Internal
9	Revenue Code), adjusted as follows:
10	(1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this article
11	by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.
12	(2) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed or allowable
13	under Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning
14	charitable contributions).
15	(3) Add an amount equal to a deduction allowed or allowable
16	under Section 805 or Section 832(c) of the Internal Revenue Code
17	for taxes based on or measured by income and levied at the state
18	level by any state.
19	(4) Subtract an amount equal to the amount included in the
20	company's taxable income under Section 78 of the Internal
21	Revenue Code (concerning foreign tax credits).
22	(5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
23	gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus
24	depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an
25	earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income
26	that would have been computed had an election not been made
27	under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bonus
28	depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in
29	service.
30	(6) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section
31	172 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning net operating
32	losses).
33	(7) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
34	gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as
35	defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service
36	in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to
37	the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been
38	computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not
39	been made for the year in which the property was placed in
40	service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Internal
41	Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding the sum of:
42	(A) twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) to the extent



1	deductions under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code
2	were not elected as provided in clause (B); and
2 3	(B) for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017, the
4	deductions elected under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue
5	Code on property acquired in an exchange if:
6	(i) the exchange would have been eligible for
7	nonrecognition of gain or loss under Section 1031 of the
8	Internal Revenue Code in effect on January 1, 2017;
9	(ii) the exchange is not eligible for nonrecognition of gain or
10	loss under Section 1031 of the Internal Revenue Code; and
11	(iii) the taxpayer made an election to take deductions under
12	Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code with regard to the
13	acquired property in the year that the property was placed
14	into service.
15	The amount of deductions allowable for an item of property
16	under this clause may not exceed the amount of adjusted gross
17	income realized on the property that would have been deferred
18	under the Internal Revenue Code in effect on January 1, 2017.
19	(8) Subtract income that is:
20	(A) exempt from taxation under IC 6-3-2-21.7 (certain income
21	derived from patents); and
22	(B) included in the insurance company's taxable income under
23	the Internal Revenue Code.
24	(9) Add an amount equal to any income not included in gross
25	income as a result of the deferral of income arising from business
26	indebtedness discharged in connection with the reacquisition after
27	December 31, 2008, and before January 1, 2011, of an applicable
28	debt instrument, as provided in Section 108(i) of the Internal
29	Revenue Code. Subtract from the adjusted gross income of any
30	taxpayer that added an amount to adjusted gross income in a
31	previous year the amount necessary to offset the amount included
32	in federal gross income as a result of the deferral of income
33	arising from business indebtedness discharged in connection with
34	the reacquisition after December 31, 2008, and before January 1,
35	2011, of an applicable debt instrument, as provided in Section
36	108(i) of the Internal Revenue Code.
37	(10) Add an amount equal to any exempt insurance income under
38	Section 953(e) of the Internal Revenue Code that is active
39	financing income under Subpart F of Subtitle A, Chapter 1,
40	Subchapter N of the Internal Revenue Code.
41	(11) Add the amount excluded from federal gross income under
42	Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code for interest received on



1	an obligation of a state other than Indiana, or a political
2	subdivision of such a state, that is acquired by the taxpayer after
3	December 31, 2011.
4	(12) For taxable years beginning after December 25, 2016, add:
5	(A) an amount equal to the amount reported by the taxpayer on
6	IRC 965 Transition Tax Statement, line 1; or
7	(B) if the taxpayer deducted an amount under Section 965(c)
8	of the Internal Revenue Code in determining the taxpayer's
9	taxable income for purposes of the federal income tax, the
10	amount deducted under Section 965(c) of the Internal Revenue
11	Code.
12	(13) Add an amount equal to the deduction that was claimed by
13	the taxpayer for the taxable year under Section 250(a)(1)(B) of the
14	Internal Revenue Code (attributable to global intangible
15	low-taxed income). The taxpayer shall separately specify the
16	amount of the reduction under Section 250(a)(1)(B)(i) of the
17	Internal Revenue Code and under Section 250(a)(1)(B)(ii) of the
18	Internal Revenue Code.
19	(14) Subtract any interest expense paid or accrued in the current
20	taxable year but not deducted as a result of the limitation imposed
21	under Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code. Add any
22	interest expense paid or accrued in a previous taxable year but
23	allowed as a deduction under Section 163 of the Internal Revenue
24	Code in the current taxable year. For purposes of this subdivision,
25	an interest expense is considered paid or accrued only in the first
26	taxable year the deduction would have been allowable under
27	Section 163 of the Internal Revenue Code if the limitation under
28	Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code did not exist.
29	(15) Subtract the amount that would have been excluded from
30	gross income but for the enactment of Section 118(b)(2) of the
31	Internal Revenue Code for taxable years ending after December
32	22, 2017.
33	(16) Add or subtract any other amounts the taxpayer is:
34	(A) required to add or subtract; or
35	(B) entitled to deduct;
36	under IC 6-3-2.
37	(f) In the case of trusts and estates, "taxable income" (as defined for
38	trusts and estates in Section 641(b) of the Internal Revenue Code)
39	adjusted as follows:
40	(1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this article
41	by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.
42	(2) Subtract an amount equal to the amount of a September 11



1	terrorist attack settlement payment included in the federal
2	adjusted gross income of the estate of a victim of the September
3	11 terrorist attack or a trust to the extent the trust benefits a victim
4	of the September 11 terrorist attack.
5	(3) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
6	gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus
7	depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an
8	earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income
9	that would have been computed had an election not been made
10	under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bonus
11	depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in
12	service.
13	(4) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section
14	172 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning net operating
15	losses).
16	(5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
17	gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as
18	defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service
19	in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to
20	the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been
21	computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not
22	been made for the year in which the property was placed in
23	service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Internal
24	Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding the sum of:
25	(A) twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) to the extent
26	deductions under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code
27	were not elected as provided in clause (B); and
28	(B) for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017, the
29	deductions elected under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue
30	Code on property acquired in an exchange if:
31	(i) the exchange would have been eligible for
32	nonrecognition of gain or loss under Section 1031 of the
33	Internal Revenue Code in effect on January 1, 2017;
34	(ii) the exchange is not eligible for nonrecognition of gain or
35	loss under Section 1031 of the Internal Revenue Code; and
36	(iii) the taxpayer made an election to take deductions under
37	Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code with regard to the
38	acquired property in the year that the property was placed
39	into service.
40	The amount of deductions allowable for an item of property
41	under this clause may not exceed the amount of adjusted gross



2021

income realized on the property that would have been deferred

1	under the Internal Revenue Code in effect on January 1, 2017.
2	(6) Subtract income that is:
3	(A) exempt from taxation under IC 6-3-2-21.7 (certain income
4	derived from patents); and
5	(B) included in the taxpayer's taxable income under the
6	Internal Revenue Code.
7	(7) Add an amount equal to any income not included in gross
8	income as a result of the deferral of income arising from business
9	indebtedness discharged in connection with the reacquisition after
10	December 31, 2008, and before January 1, 2011, of an applicable
11	debt instrument, as provided in Section 108(i) of the Internal
12	Revenue Code. Subtract from the adjusted gross income of any
13	taxpayer that added an amount to adjusted gross income in a
14	previous year the amount necessary to offset the amount included
15	in federal gross income as a result of the deferral of income
16	arising from business indebtedness discharged in connection with
17	the reacquisition after December 31, 2008, and before January 1,
18	2011, of an applicable debt instrument, as provided in Section
19	108(i) of the Internal Revenue Code.
20	(8) Add the amount excluded from federal gross income under
21	Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code for interest received on
22	an obligation of a state other than Indiana, or a political
23	subdivision of such a state, that is acquired by the taxpayer after
24	December 31, 2011.
25	(9) For taxable years beginning after December 25, 2016, add an
26	amount equal to:
27	(A) the amount reported by the taxpayer on IRC 965
28	Transition Tax Statement, line 1;
29	(B) if the taxpayer deducted an amount under Section 965(c)
30	of the Internal Revenue Code in determining the taxpayer's
31	taxable income for purposes of the federal income tax, the
32	amount deducted under Section 965(c) of the Internal Revenue
33	Code; and
34	(C) with regard to any amounts of income under Section 965
35	of the Internal Revenue Code distributed by the taxpayer, the
36	deduction under Section 965(c) of the Internal Revenue Code
37	attributable to such distributed amounts and not reported to the
38	beneficiary.
39	For purposes of this article, the amount required to be added back
40	under clause (B) is not considered to be distributed or
41	distributable to a beneficiary of the estate or trust for purposes of
42	Sections 651 and 661 of the Internal Revenue Code.



1	(10) Subtract any interest expense paid or accrued in the current
2	taxable year but not deducted as a result of the limitation imposed
3	under Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code. Add any
4	interest expense paid or accrued in a previous taxable year but
5	allowed as a deduction under Section 163 of the Internal Revenue
6	Code in the current taxable year. For purposes of this subdivision,
7	an interest expense is considered paid or accrued only in the first
8	taxable year the deduction would have been allowable under
9	Section 163 of the Internal Revenue Code if the limitation under
10	Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code did not exist.
11	(11) Add an amount equal to the deduction for qualified business
12	income that was claimed by the taxpayer for the taxable year
13	under Section 199A of the Internal Revenue Code.
14	(12) Subtract the amount that would have been excluded from
15	gross income but for the enactment of Section 118(b)(2) of the
16	Internal Revenue Code for taxable years ending after December
17	22, 2017.
18	(13) Add or subtract any other amounts the taxpayer is:
19	(A) required to add or subtract; or
20	(B) entitled to deduct;
21	under IC 6-3-2.
22	(g) Subsections (a)(26), (b)(17), (d)(16), (e)(16), or (f)(13) may not
23	be construed to require an add back or allow a deduction or exemption
24	more than once for a particular add back, deduction, or exemption.
25	(h) For taxable years beginning after December 25, 2016, if:
26	(1) a taxpayer is a shareholder, either directly or indirectly, in a
27	corporation that is an E&P deficit foreign corporation as defined
28	in Section 965(b)(3)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code, and the
29	earnings and profit deficit, or a portion of the earnings and profit
30	deficit, of the E&P deficit foreign corporation is permitted to
31	reduce the federal adjusted gross income or federal taxable
32	income of the taxpayer, the deficit, or the portion of the deficit,
33	shall also reduce the amount taxable under this section to the
34	extent permitted under the Internal Revenue Code, however, in no
35	case shall this permit a reduction in the amount taxable under
36	Section 965 of the Internal Revenue Code for purposes of this
37	section to be less than zero (0); and
38	(2) the Internal Revenue Service issues guidance that such an
39	income or deduction is not reported directly on a federal tax
40	return or is to be reported in a manner different than specified in
41	this section, this section shall be construed as if federal adjusted



2021

gross income or federal taxable income included the income or

1	deduction.
2	SECTION 2. [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2021 (RETROACTIVE)]
3	(a) IC 6-3-1-3.5, as amended by this act, applies to taxable years
4	beginning after December 31, 2020.
5	(b) This SECTION expires January 1, 2024.
6	SECTION 3 An emergency is declared for this act

