# HOUSE BILL No. 1012

### DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

### Citations Affected: IC 25-1-9.

**Synopsis:** Health care consent for pelvic examinations. Prohibits health practitioners and other specified individuals from performing pelvic examinations on an anesthetized or unconscious patient except in specified circumstances.

Effective: July 1, 2021.

## Jackson

January 4, 2021, read first time and referred to Committee on Public Health.



#### Introduced

#### First Regular Session of the 122nd General Assembly (2021)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2020 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

### HOUSE BILL No. 1012

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning professions and occupations.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1 SECTION 1. IC 25-1-9-4.2 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE 2 AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 3 1, 2021]: Sec. 4.2. (a) A practitioner, a student in training in a 4 medical school, an intern, a resident, a graduate student, or an 5 individual participating in a clinical training or resident program 6 may not perform a pelvic examination on an anesthetized or 7 unconscious patient unless one (1) of the following conditions is 8 met: 9

(1) The patient, the patient's guardian, or the patient's health care representative (as defined in IC 16-21-12-4) provides prior written informed consent to the pelvic examination, and the pelvic examination is necessary for preventative, diagnostic, or treatment purposes.

14(2) The patient, the patient's guardian, or the patient's health15care representative (as defined in IC 16-21-12-4) provides16prior written informed consent to a surgical procedure or17diagnostic examination to be performed on the patient, and



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1	the performance of a pelvic examination is within the scope of
2	care ordered for the surgical procedure or diagnostic
3	examination.
4	(3) The patient is unconscious and incapable of providing
5	prior informed consent, and the pelvic examination is
6	necessary for diagnostic or treatment purposes.
7	(4) A court has ordered the performance of the pelvic
8	examination for the purposes of the collection of evidence.
9	(b) A person who violates this section is subject to disciplinary
10	action under section 9 of this chapter.
11	SECTION 2. IC 25-1-9-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
12	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 9. (a) The board may impose any
13	of the following sanctions, singly or in combination, if it finds that a
14	practitioner is subject to disciplinary sanctions under section 4, 4.2, 5,
15	6, 6.7, or 6.9 of this chapter or IC 25-1-5-4:
16	(1) Permanently revoke a practitioner's license.
17	(2) Suspend a practitioner's license.
18	(3) Censure a practitioner.
19	(4) Issue a letter of reprimand.
20	(5) Place a practitioner on probation status and require the
21	practitioner to:
22	(A) report regularly to the board upon the matters that are the
23	basis of probation;
24	(B) limit practice to those areas prescribed by the board;
25	(C) continue or renew professional education under a
26	preceptor, or as otherwise directed or approved by the board,
27	until a satisfactory degree of skill has been attained in those
28	areas that are the basis of the probation; or
29	(D) perform or refrain from performing any acts, including
30	community restitution or service without compensation, that
31	the board considers appropriate to the public interest or to the
32	rehabilitation or treatment of the practitioner.
33	(6) Assess a fine against the practitioner in an amount not to
34	exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for each violation listed in
35	section 4 of this chapter, except for a finding of incompetency due
36	to a physical or mental disability. When imposing a fine, the
37	board shall consider a practitioner's ability to pay the amount
38	assessed. If the practitioner fails to pay the fine within the time
39	specified by the board, the board may suspend the practitioner's
40	license without additional proceedings. However, a suspension
41	may not be imposed if the sole basis for the suspension is the
42	practitioner's inability to pay a fine.



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1 (b) The board may withdraw or modify the probation under 2 subsection (a)(5) if it finds, after a hearing, that the deficiency that 3 required disciplinary action has been remedied, or that changed 4 circumstances warrant a modification of the order.



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