Second Regular Session - 2016

IN THE SENATE

SENATE BILL NO. 1214

BY AGRICULTURAL AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

1	AN ACT
2	RELATING TO LIVESTOCK; AMENDING CHAPTER 2, TITLE 25, IDAHO CODE, BY THE ADDI-
3	TION OF A NEW SECTION 25-239, IDAHO CODE, TO DEFINE TERMS; AND AMENDING
4	CHAPTER 2, TITLE 25, IDAHO CODE, BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW SECTION 25-240,
5	IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE LIVESTOCK REMOVAL REQUIREMENTS.

- Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:
- SECTION 1. That Chapter 2, Title 25, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended by the addition thereto of a <u>NEW SECTION</u>, to be known and designated as Section 25-239, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:
 - 25-239. DEFINITIONS. When used in this chapter or in rules promulgated under this chapter:
 - (1) "Administrator" means the administrator of the division of animal industries, Idaho state department of agriculture, or his designee.
 - (2) "Approved feedlot" means a livestock feedlot, inspected and approved by the department, for finish feeding cattle or bison of unknown disease, test or vaccination status.
 - (3) "Approved trader lot" means a livestock facility operated by a livestock dealer licensed by the Idaho state brand board where cattle of unknown disease status are received and then sold and transported to other destinations. All approved trader lots must be inspected and approved by the department.
 - (4) "Buying station" means a livestock facility where cattle are gathered to be shipped directly to slaughter within seven (7) days of arrival at the buying station. All buying stations must be inspected and approved by the department.
 - (5) "Department" means the Idaho state department of agriculture.
 - (6) "Livestock dealer" means any person who buys livestock and offers them for resale within twenty (20) days from the date of purchase. All livestock dealers are required to be licensed by the Idaho state brand board.
 - (7) "Livestock market" means any facility where livestock are sold, received or shipped for profit. Anyone operating as a public livestock market must first secure a charter from the department. To maintain a charter, a public livestock market must conduct a minimum of one (1) sale per calendar year.
 - SECTION 2. That Chapter 2, Title 25, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended by the addition thereto of a <u>NEW SECTION</u>, to be known and designated as Section 25-240, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:
 - 25-240. LIVESTOCK REMOVAL REQUIREMENTS. Livestock removal requirements shall apply as follows:

(1) For approved feedlots, all animals must go to slaughter except under conditions specified in rule by the department.

- (2) For approved trader lots, brucellosis test-eligible cattle that are sexually intact cattle over eighteen (18) months or pregnant or post-pregnant cattle of any age, must receive a health certificate prior to release for breeding or grazing purposes. Cattle destined for slaughter, an approved feedlot or a livestock market are exempt from this requirement. Cattle that are not brucellosis test-eligible are not required to receive a health certificate prior to release. All non-virgin bulls and all bulls over eighteen (18) months of age leaving a trader lot must be accompanied with a current negative trichomoniasis test or undergo three (3) negative trichomoniasis tests collected at least seven (7) days apart unless they are destined for slaughter, an approved feedlot or a livestock market.
- (3) For buying stations, no health certificate or saleyard release is required because all buying station livestock must go directly to slaughter and cattle going to slaughter do not require a health certificate.
- (4) For livestock dealers, if cattle are sold and are moving within the state, the only removal requirement is to receive a brand inspection. No health certificate is required. If cattle are crossing state lines, all livestock interstate movement requirements shall apply, which in most instances will include a health certificate.
- (5) For livestock markets, all animals shall be inspected by an accredited veterinarian, confirmed to be free of disease and receive either a saleyard release form or health certificate to certify the livestock meet all requirements to ship to their destinations.