First Regular Session - 2013

# IN THE SENATE

# SENATE BILL NO. 1136

### BY JUDICIARY AND RULES COMMITTEE

1	AN ACT
2 3 4	RELATING TO UNIFORM CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES; AMENDING SECTION 37-2705, IDAHC CODE, TO REVISE A LISTING OF SYNTHETIC DRUGS; AND DECLARING AN EMERGENCY.
5	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:
6	SECTION 1. That Section 37-2705, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
7	amended to read as rorrows.
8	37-2705. SCHEDULE I. (a) The controlled substances listed in this sec-
9	tion are included in schedule I.
10	(b) Any of the following opiates, including their isomers, esters,
11	ethers, salts, and salts of isomers, esters, and ethers, unless specifically
12	excepted, whenever the existence of these isomers, esters, ethers and salts
13	is possible within the specific chemical designation:
14	(1) Acetyl-alpha-methylfentanyl (N-[1-(1-methyl-2-phenethyl)-4-pip-
15	eridinyl]-N-phenylacetamide);
16	(2) Acetylmethadol;
17 18	<ul><li>(3) Allylprodine;</li><li>(4) Alphacetylmethadol (except levo-alphacetylmethadol also known as</li></ul>
10 19	levo-alpha-acetylmethadol, levomethadyl acetate or LAAM);
20	(5) Alphameprodine;
21	(6) Alphamethadol;
22	(7) Alpha-methylfentanyl;
23	(8) Alpha-methylthiofentanyl (N-[1-methyl-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-pip-
24	eridinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide);
25	(9) Benzethidine;
26	(10) Betacetylmethadol;
27	(11) Beta-hydroxyfentanyl (N-[1-(2-hydroxy-2-phenethyl)-4-piperid-
28	inyl]-N-phenylpropanamide);
29	(12) Beta-hydroxy-3-methylfentanyl (N-(1-(2-hydroxy-2-phenethyl)-3-
30 31	<pre>methyl-4-piperidinyl)-N-phenylpropanamide); (13) Betameprodine;</pre>
31 32	(14) Betamethadol;
33	(15) Betaprodine;
34	(16) Clonitazene;
35	(17) Dextromoramide;
36	(18) Diampromide;
37	(19) Diethylthiambutene;
38	(20) Difenoxin;
39	(21) Dimenoxadol;
40	(22) Dimepheptanol;
41	(23) Dimethylthiambutene;
42	(24) Dioxaphetyl butyrate;

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(25) Dipipanone;
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          (26) Ethylmethylthiambutene;
          (27) Etonitazene;
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          (28) Etoxeridine;
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          (29) Furethidine;
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          (30) Hydroxypethidine;
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          (31) Ketobemidone;
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          (32) Levomoramide;
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          (33) Levophenacylmorphan;
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          (34) 3-Methylfentanyl;
         (35) 3-methylthiofentanyl (N-[(3-methyl-1-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-pip-
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         eridinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide);
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         (36) Morpheridine;
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          (37) MPPP (1-methyl-4-phenyl-4-propionoxypiperidine);
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          (38) Noracymethadol;
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          (39) Norlevorphanol;
          (40) Normethadone;
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          (41) Norpipanone;
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          (42) Para-fluorofentanyl (N-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-[1-(2-phenethyl)-4-
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20
         piperidinyl] propanamide);
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         (43) PEPAP (1-(-2-phenethyl)-4-phenyl-4-acetoxypiperidine);
         (44) Phenadoxone;
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          (45) Phenampromide;
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          (46) Phenomorphan;
          (47) Phenoperidine;
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          (48) Piritramide;
          (49) Proheptazine;
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          (50) Properidine;
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         (51) Propiram;
          (52) Racemoramide;
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         (53) Thiofentanyl (N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-piperidinyl]-
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         propanamide);
         (54) Tilidine;
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          (55) Trimeperidine.
          (c) Any of the following opium derivatives, their salts, isomers and
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     salts of isomers, unless specifically excepted, whenever the existence of
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     these salts, isomers and salts of isomers is possible within the specific
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     chemical designation:
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          (1) Acetorphine;
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          (2) Acetyldihydrocodeine;
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          (3) Benzylmorphine;
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          (4) Codeine methylbromide;
          (5) Codeine-N-Oxide;
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          (6) Cyprenorphine;
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          (7) Desomorphine;
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          (8) Dihydromorphine;
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         (9) Drotebanol;
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          (10) Etorphine (except hydrochloride salt);
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          (11) Heroin;
          (12) Hydromorphinol;
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(13) Methyldesorphine;
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         (14) Methyldihydromorphine;
         (15) Morphine methylbromide;
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         (16) Morphine methylsulfonate;
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         (17) Morphine-N-Oxide;
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         (18) Myrophine;
         (19) Nicocodeine;
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         (20) Nicomorphine;
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         (21) Normorphine;
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         (22) Pholcodine;
         (23) Thebacon.
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              Hallucinogenic substances. Any material, compound, mixture or
         (d)
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    preparation which contains any quantity of the following hallucinogenic
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    substances, their salts, isomers and salts of isomers, unless specifically
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    excepted, whenever the existence of these salts, isomers, and salts of iso-
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    mers is possible within the specific chemical designation (for purposes of
    this paragraph only, the term "isomer" includes the optical, position and
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    geometric isomers):
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         (1) 4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxy amphetamine;
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         (2) 2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine;
                 4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine (some other names: alpha-
21
         desmethyl DOB, 2C-B);
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         (4) 2,5-dimethoxy-4-ethylamphetamine (another name: DOET);
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         (5) 2,5-dimethoxy-4-(n)-propylthiophenethylamine;
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         (6) 4-methoxyamphetamine (PMA);
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         (7) 5-methoxy-3,4-methylenedioxy-amphetamine;
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         (8) 5-methoxy-N, N-diisopropyltryptamine;
27
         (9) 4-methyl-2,5-dimethoxy-amphetamine (DOM, STP);
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29
         (10) 3,4-methylenedioxy amphetamine;
         (11) 3,4-methylenedioxymethamphetamine (MDMA);
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         (12) 3,4-methylenedioxy-N-ethylamphetamine (also known as N-et-
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         hyl-alpha-methyl-3,4 (methylenedioxy) phenethylamine, and N-et-
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         hyl MDA, MDE, MDEA);
                N-hydroxy-3,4-methylenedioxyamphetamine (also known as N-hyd-
         (13)
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         roxy-alpha-methyl-3,4 (methylenedioxy) phenethylamine, and N-hyd-
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36
         roxy MDA);
         (14) 3,4,5-trimethoxy amphetamine;
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         (15) 5-methoxy-N,N-dimethyltryptamine (also known as 5-methoxy-3-2[2-
         (dimethylamino) ethyl]indole and 5-MeO-DMT);
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               Alpha-ethyltryptamine (some other names: etryptamine, 3-(2-am-
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         (16)
         inobutyl) indole);
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         (17) Alpha-methyltryptamine;
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         (18) Bufotenine;
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         (19) Diethyltryptamine (DET);
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         (20) Dimethyltryptamine (DMT);
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         (21) Ibogaine;
         (22) Lysergic acid diethylamide;
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         (23) Marihuana;
         (24) Mescaline;
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         (25) Parahexyl;
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(26) Peyote;

- (27) N-ethyl-3-piperidyl benzilate;
- (28) N-methyl-3-piperidyl benzilate;
- (29) Psilocybin;
- (30) Psilocyn;
- (31) Tetrahydrocannabinols or synthetic equivalents of the substances contained in the plant, or in the resinous extractives of Cannabis, sp. and/or synthetic substances, derivatives, and their isomers with similar chemical structure such as the following:

### i. Tetrahydrocannabinols:

- a.  $\Delta$  <sup>1</sup> cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and their optical isomers, excluding dronabinol in sesame oil and encapsulated in a soft gelatin capsule in a drug product approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration.
- b.  $\Delta$   $^{\rm 6}$  cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and their optical isomers.
- c.  $\Delta$  <sup>3,4</sup> cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and its optical isomers. (Since nomenclature of these substances is not internationally standardized, compounds of these structures, regardless of numerical designation of atomic positions are covered.)
- d. [(6aR, 10aR) 9 (hydroxymethyl) 6, 6 dimethyl 3 (2methyloctan 2 yl) 6a, 7, 10, 10a tetrahydrobenzo[c]chromen 1 01)], also known as <math>6aR trans 3 (1, 1 dimethylheptyl) 6a, 7, 10, 10a tetrahydro 1 hydroxy 6, 6 dimethyl 6H dibenzo[b, d]pyran 9 methanol (HU-210) and its geometric isomers (HU211 or dexanabinol).

### ii. The following synthetic drugs:

- a. Any compound structurally derived from 3-(1-naph-thoyl)indole or 1H-indol-3-yl-(1-naphthyl)methane (1H-indole-3-yl) (cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl)methanone, or (1H-indole-3-yl) (cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl)methane, or (1H-indole-3-yl) (cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl)carboxamide by substitution at the nitrogen atoms of the indole ring or carboxamide to any extent, whether or not further substituted in or on the indole ring to any extent, whether or not substituted in the naphthyl ring to any extent in or on the cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl ring(s) (substitution in the ring may include, but is not limited to, heteroatoms such as nitrogen, sulfur and oxygen).
- b. Any compound structurally derived from 3-(1-naph-thoyl)pyrrole by substitution at the nitrogen atom of the pyrrole ring to any extent, whether or not further substituted in the pyrrole ring to any extent, whether or not substituted in the naphthyl ring to any extent.
- c. Any compound structurally derived from 1-(1-naphthyl-methyl) indene by substitution at the 3-position of the indene ring to any extent, whether or not further substituted in the indene ring to any extent, whether or not substituted in the naphthyl ring to any extent.

- d. Any compound structurally derived from 3-pheny-lacetylindole by substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring to any extent, whether or not further substituted in the indole ring to any extent, whether or not substituted in the phenyl ring to any extent.
- e. Any compound structurally derived from 2-(3-hydroxycy-clohexyl) phenol by substitution at the 5-position of the phenolic ring to any extent, whether or not substituted in the cyclohexyl ring to any extent.
- f. Any compound structurally derived from 3-(benzoyl)indole structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring to any extent, whether or not further substituted in the indole ring to any extent and whether or not substituted in the phenyl ring to any extent.
- g. [2,3-dihydro-5-methyl-3-(4-morpholinylmethyl)pyrrolo[1,2,3-de]-1,4-benzoxazin-6-yl]-1-napthalenylmethanone (WIN-55,212-2).
- h. 3-dimethylheptyl-11-hydroxyhexahydrocannabinol (HU-243).
- i. [(6S, 6aR, 9R, 10aR)-9-hydroxy-6-methyl-3-[(2R)-5-phenylpentan-2-yl]oxy-5, 6, 6a, 7, 8, 9, 10, 10a-octahydrophenanthridin-1-yl]acetate (CP 50, 5561).
- (32) Ethylamine analog of phencyclidine:N-ethyl-1-phenylcy-clohexylamine (1-phenylcyclohexyl) ethylamine; N-(1-phenylcyclohexyl) ethylamine, cyclohexamine, PCE;
- (33) Pyrrolidine analog of phencyclidine: 1-(phenylcyclohexyl) pyrrolidine, PCPy, PHP;
- (34) Thiophene analog of phencyclidine 1-[1-(2-thienyl)-cyclohexyl]-piperidine, 2-thienylanalog of phencyclidine, TPCP, TCP;
- (35) 1-[1-(2-thienyl) cyclohexyl] pyrrolidine another name: TCPy;
- (36) Spores or mycelium capable of producing mushrooms that contain psilocybin or psilocin.
- (e) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances having a depressant effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:
  - (1) Gamma hydroxybutyric acid (some other names include GHB; gam-ma-hydroxybutyrate, 4-hydroxybutyrate; 4-hyroxybutanoic acid; sodium oxybate; sodium oxybutyrate);
  - (2) Flunitrazepam (also known as "R2," "Rohypnol");
  - (3) Mecloqualone;

- (4) Methaqualone.
- (f) Stimulants. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances having a stimulant effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers:

- (1) Aminorex (some other names: aminoxaphen, 2-amino-5-phenyl-2-ox-azoline, or 4,5-dihydro-5-phenyl-2-oxazolamine);
- (2) Cathinone (some other names: 2-amino-1-phenol-1-propanone, alpha-aminopropiophenone, 2-aminopropiophenone and norephedrone);
- (3) Substituted cathinones. Any compound, except bupropion or compounds listed under a different schedule, structurally derived from 2-aminopropan-1-one by substitution at the 1-position with either phenyl, naphthyl or thiophene ring systems, whether or not the compound is further modified in any of the following ways:
  - i. By substitution in the ring system to any extent with alkyl, alkylenedioxy, alkoxy, haloalkyl, hydroxyl or halide substituents, whether or not further substituted in the ring system by one (1) or more other univalent substituents;
  - ii. By substitution at the 3-position with an acyclic alkyl substituent;
  - iii. By substitution at the 2-amino nitrogen atom with alkyl, dialkyl, benzyl or methoxybenzyl groups, or by inclusion of the 2-amino nitrogen atom in a cyclic structure.
- (4) Fenethylline;

- (5) Methcathinone (some other names: 2-(methyl-amino)-propiophenone, alpha-(methylamino)-propiophenone, N-methylcathinone, AL-464, AL-422, AL-463 and UR1423);
- (6) (+/-) cis-4-methylaminorex [(+/-) cis-4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-5-phenyl-2-oxazolamine];
- (7) N-benzylpiperazine (also known as: BZP, 1-benzylpiperazine);
- (8) N-ethylamphetamine;
- (9) N, N-dimethylamphetamine (also known as: N, N-alpha-trimethyl-ben-zeneethanamine).

SECTION 2. An emergency existing therefor, which emergency is hereby declared to exist, this act shall be in full force and effect on and after its passage and approval.