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IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 25

BY STATE AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

STATING FINDINGS OF THE LEGISLATURE AND RECOGNIZING AND CONGRATULATING OWYHEE COUNTY AND ITS RESIDENTS FOR THE COUNTY'S SESQUICENTENNIAL ANNIVERSARY.

Be It Resolved by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:

WHEREAS, the county of Owyhee was established on December 31, 1863, with the approval and signature of acting Governor W. B. Daniels, soon after the formation of the Idaho Territory by Abraham Lincoln and is celebrating its Sesquicentennial Anniversary this year; and

WHEREAS, Owyhee County was named for three Hawaiian (Kanaka) trappers who mysteriously disappeared in the area while working for fur trapper Donald McKenzie in 1818, with the county seat initially located at Ruby City, moved to Silver City in 1867, and finally to Murphy in 1934; and

WHEREAS, Owyhee County has historical mining significance in the state, with the gold/silver rush happening in and around the Silver City area, as well as the ranching, sheep herding and farming communities that have grown up around it and are the backbone of the county's economy today. The gold/silver rush of Owyhee County started May 18, 1863, with the discovery of gold by a group of twenty-nine men led by Michael Jordan. The county is also home to the Austrian Settlement, a group of people from Slovenia and Germany who developed and settled lands south of Homedale, Idaho, in 1914, many of which are still in existence today; and

WHEREAS, Owyhee County is recognized across the State of Idaho for its historic preservation efforts, namely the Silver City Historic District, which is a growing tourist attraction, as well as the Oreana Catholic Church and many others. The county is also home to many other tourist attractions, including archaeology sites at Camas and Pole Creeks and the Guffey Butte-Black Butte Archaeology District; architecture sites at Bruneau Episcopal Church and the Owyhee County Courthouse; the historic districts of Silver City and DeLamar; the military sites of Camp Lyon and Camp Three Forks; and the stage stations of Poison Creek Stage Station and Wickahony Post Office and Stage Station. Finally, Owyhee County is home to other tourist sites, including the Bruneau Sand Dunes, the Bruneau Observatory, Emu-Z-Um near Grandview, Our Lady Queen of Heaven Catholic Church in Oreana, the Swan Falls Dam and Power Plant, the Owyhee County Historical Museum in Murphy, the Bernard Ferry, Noble Horse Barn, the southern "dry" route of the Oregon Trail, Givens Hot Springs, the Gusman Ranch near Jordan Valley, Oregon, and many parks and festivals in the Marsing/Homedale area; and

WHEREAS, Owyhee County is the second largest county in the State of Idaho, with a large multitude of deer, elk, antelope, game birds, fish and other wildlife used for hunting, fishing and observation. The county is also an attractive recreational area used for horseback riding, motorcycling, four wheeling, camping, hiking, swimming and much more; and

WHEREAS, the Owyhee County Historical Museum, in conjunction with the Owyhee County Historic Preservation Commission, will kick off the Sesquicentennial Celebration on June 1, 2013, during the Owyhee County Historical Museum annual Outpost Days event, which will feature special performances about the foundation of the county and the sale of the "Owyhee Outpost," a historical journal with a detailed description of the county's founding, and an interactive display located in the museum.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the members of the First Regular Session of the Sixty-second Idaho Legislature, the House of Representatives and the Senate concurring therein, that we hereby recognize and congratulate Owyhee County and its residents for Owyhee County's Sesquicentennial Anniversary on December 31, 2013.