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IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

HOUSE BILL NO. 605

BY STATE AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

AN ACT

RELATING TO LOCAL LAND USE PLANNING; AMENDING SECTION 67-6519, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE TERMINOLOGY, TO PROVIDE FOR THE TYPES OF APPLICATIONS FOR WHICH PROCEDURES ARE TO BE PROVIDED, TO REQUIRE CERTAIN NOTICE AND TO CLARIFY THE RIGHT OF JUDICIAL REVIEW REGARDING CERTAIN FINAL DECISIONS; AMENDING SECTION 67-6520, IDAHO CODE, TO INCLUDE ATTORNEYS AMONG THOSE PERSONS WHO MAY SERVE AS HEARING EXAMINERS, TO REVISE THE TYPES OF APPLICATIONS FOR WHICH A HEARING EXAMINER MAY BE APPOINTED, TO REVISE THE MATTERS TO BE INCLUDED IN A HEARING EXAMINER'S DECISION OR RECOMMENDATION, TO REQUIRE CERTAIN NOTICE, TO CLARIFY THE RIGHT OF JUDICIAL REVIEW REGARDING CERTAIN FINAL DECISIONS AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AMENDING SECTION 67-6521, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE THE DEFINITION OF "AFFECTED PERSON," TO REVISE TERMINOLOGY, TO REVISE ACTION THAT MAY BE TAKEN BY A COMMISSION OR GOVERNING BOARD AFTER A HEARING, TO REQUIRE CERTAIN NOTICE, TO CLARIFY THE RIGHT OF JUDICIAL REVIEW REGARDING CERTAIN FINAL DECISIONS, AND TO REVISE THE BASIS OF THE CLAIM FOR WHICH AN AFFECTED PERSON IS MAKING CERTAIN CLAIMS; AMENDING SECTION 67-6535, IDAHO CODE, TO CLARIFY TERMINOLOGY, TO PROVIDE APPLICANTS JUDICIAL REVIEW FOR CERTAIN DENIED APPLICATIONS AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AND DECLARING AN EMERGENCY.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:

SECTION 1. That Section 67-6519, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 67-6519. PERMIT APPLICATION GRANTING PROCESS. (1) As part of ordinances required or authorized under this chapter, a procedure shall be established for processing in a timely manner applications for zoning changes, subdivisions, variances, special use permits and such other similar applications required or authorized pursuant to this chapter for which a reasonable fee may be charged.
- (2) Each application for a permit required or authorized under this chapter shall first be submitted to the zoning or planning and zoning commission for its recommendation or decision. The commission shall have a reasonable time fixed by the governing board to examine the application before the commission makes its decision on the permit application or makes its recommendation to the governing board. Each commission or governing board shall establish by rule a time period within which a recommendation or decision must be made. Provided however, any permit application which relates to a public school facility shall receive priority consideration and shall be reviewed for approval, denial or recommendation by the commission or the governing board at the earliest reasonable time, regardless of the timing of its submission relative to other applications which are not related to public school facilities.

- (3) When considering an permit application which relates to a public school facility, the commission shall specifically review the permit application for the effect it will have on increased vehicular, bicycle and pedestrian volumes on adjacent roads and highways. To ensure that the state highway system or the local highway system can satisfactorily accommodate the proposed school project, the commission shall request the assistance of the Idaho transportation department if state highways are affected, or the local highway district with jurisdiction if the affected roads are not state highways. The Idaho transportation department, the appropriate local highway jurisdiction, or both as determined by the commission, shall review the application and shall report to the commission on the following issues as appropriate: the land use master plan; school bus plan; access safety; pedestrian plan; crossing quard plan; barriers between highways and school; location of school zone; need for flashing beacon; need for traffic control signal; anticipated future improvements; speed on adjacent highways; traffic volumes on adjacent highways; effect upon the highway's level of service; need for acceleration or deceleration lanes; internal traffic circulation; anticipated development on surrounding undeveloped parcels; zoning in the vicinity; access control on adjacent highways; required striping and signing modifications; funding of highway improvements to accommodate development; proposed highway projects in the vicinity; and any other issues as may be considered appropriate to the particular application.
- (4) Whenever a governing board or zoning or planning and zoning commission grants or denies an <u>permit application</u>, it shall specify:
 - (a) The ordinance and standards used in evaluating the application;
 - (b) The reasons for approval or denial; and

(c) The actions, if any, that the applicant could take to obtain $\frac{a}{b}$

Every final decision rendered shall provide or be accompanied by notice to the applicant regarding the applicant's right to request a regulatory taking analysis pursuant to section 67-8003, Idaho Code. An applicant denied an permit application or aggrieved by a final decision concerning matters identified in section 67-6521(1)(a), Idaho Code, may within twenty-eight (28) days after all remedies have been exhausted under local ordinance seek judicial review under the procedures provided by chapter 52, title 67, Idaho Code.

SECTION 2. That Section 67-6520, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

67-6520. HEARING EXAMINERS. (1) Hearing examiners include professionally trained or licensed staff planners, attorneys, engineers, or architects. If authorized by local ordinance adopted, amended, or repealed in accordance with the notice and hearing procedures provided in section 67-6509, Idaho Code, hearing examiners may be appointed by a governing board or zoning or planning and zoning commission for hearing applications for subdivisions, special use and permits, variances permits and requests for rezoning district boundary changes which are in accordance with the plan. Notice, hearing, and records before the examiner shall be as provided in this chapter for the zoning or planning and zoning commission. Whenever a hearing examiner hears an application, he may, pursuant to local ordinance, grant or

deny the application or submit a recommendation to the governing board or zoning or planning and zoning commission. His decision or recommendation shall specify:

- (a) +The ordinance and standards used in evaluating the application;
- (b) +The reasons for the recommendation or decision; and
- (c) $\pm \underline{T}$ he actions, if any, that the applicant could take to obtain an permit or zoning district boundary change in accordance with the plan approval.
- (2) Every final decision shall provide or be accompanied by notice to the applicant regarding the applicant's right to request a regulatory taking analysis pursuant to section 67-8003, Idaho Code. An applicant denied an permit application or aggrieved by a final decision concerning matters identified in section 67-6521(1)(a), Idaho Code, may within twenty-eight (28) days after all appellate remedies have been exhausted under local ordinance seek judicial review as provided by chapter 52, title 67, Idaho Code.
- SECTION 3. That Section 67-6521, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
 - 67-6521. ACTIONS BY AFFECTED PERSONS.

- - (i) <u>T</u>the <u>issuance or approval</u>, denial <u>of a or failure to act upon an application for a subdivision</u>, variance, special use permit <u>authorizing the development</u> and such other similar applications required or authorized pursuant to this chapter;
 - (ii) The approval of an ordinance first establishing a zoning district upon annexation or the approval or denial of an application to change the zoning district applicable to specific parcels or sites pursuant to section 67-6511, Idaho Code; or
 - (iii) An approval or denial of an application for conditional rezoning pursuant to section 67-6511A, Idaho Code.
- (b) Any affected person may at any time prior to final action on an permit application required or authorized under this chapter, if no hearing has been held on the application, petition the commission or governing board in writing to hold a hearing pursuant to section 67-6512, Idaho Code; provided, however, that if twenty (20) affected persons petition for a hearing, the hearing shall be held.
- (c) After a hearing, the commission or governing board may:
 - (i) Grant or deny an permit application; or
 - (ii) Delay such a decision for a definite period of time for further study or hearing. Each commission or governing board shall establish by rule and regulation ordinance or resolution a time period within which a recommendation or decision must be made.
- (d) Every final decision rendered shall provide or be accompanied by notice to the applicant regarding the applicant's right to request a regulatory taking analysis pursuant to section 67-8003, Idaho Code. An affected person aggrieved by a <u>final</u> decision <u>concerning</u> matters identified in section 67-6521(1)(a), Idaho Code, may within

twenty-eight (28) days after all remedies have been exhausted under local ordinances seek judicial review as provided by chapter 52, title 67, Idaho Code.

- (2) (a) Authority to exercise the regulatory power of zoning in land use planning shall not simultaneously displace coexisting eminent domain authority granted under section 14, article I, of the constitution of the state of Idaho and chapter 7, title 7, Idaho Code.
- (b) An affected person claiming "just compensation" for a perceived "taking," the basis of the claim being that a specific zoning action or permitting final action restricting private property development is actually a regulatory action by local government deemed "necessary to complete the development of the material resources of the state," or necessary for other public uses, may seek a judicial determination of whether the claim comes within defined provisions of section 14, article I, of the constitution of the state of Idaho relating to eminent domain. Under these circumstances, the affected person is exempt from the provisions of subsection (1) of this section and may seek judicial review through an inverse condemnation action specifying neglect by local government to provide "just compensation" under the provisions of section 14, article I, of the constitution of the state of Idaho and chapter 7, title 7, Idaho Code.

SECTION 4. That Section 67-6535, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

67-6535. APPROVAL OR DENIAL OF ANY APPLICATION TO BE BASED UPON STANDARDS AND TO BE IN WRITING. (a1) The approval or denial of any application provided for in required or authorized pursuant to this chapter shall be based upon standards and criteria which shall be set forth in the comprehensive plan, zoning ordinance or other appropriate ordinance or regulation of the city or county.

- (<u>b2</u>) The approval or denial of any application <u>provided for in required or authorized pursuant to</u> this chapter shall be in writing and accompanied by a reasoned statement that explains the criteria and standards considered relevant, states the relevant contested facts relied upon, and explains the rationale for the decision based on the applicable provisions of the comprehensive plan, relevant ordinance and statutory provisions, pertinent constitutional principles and factual information contained in the record.
- (<u>e3</u>) It is the intent of the legislature that decisions made pursuant to this chapter should be founded upon sound reason and practical application of recognized principles of law. In reviewing such decisions, the courts of the state are directed to consider the proceedings as a whole and to evaluate the adequacy of procedures and resultant decisions in light of practical considerations with an emphasis on fundamental fairness and the essentials of reasoned decision-making. Only those whose challenge to a decision demonstrates actual harm or violation of fundamental rights, not the mere possibility thereof, shall be entitled to a remedy or reversal of a decision. Every final decision rendered concerning a site-specific land use request shall provide or be accompanied by notice to the applicant regarding the applicant's right to request a regulatory taking analysis pursuant to section 67-8003, Idaho Code. An applicant denied an application

or aggrieved by a final decision concerning matters identified in section 67-6521(1)(a), Idaho Code, may, within twenty-eight (28) days after all remedies have been exhausted under local ordinance, seek judicial review under the procedures provided by chapter 52, title 67, Idaho Code.

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SECTION 5. An emergency existing therefor, which emergency is hereby declared to exist, this act shall be in full force and effect on and after its passage and approval.