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IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

HOUSE BILL NO. 547

BY WAYS AND MEANS COMMITTEE

AN ACT RELATING TO MINERAL RIGHTS; AMENDING SECTION 47-703, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE 2 PROVISIONS REGARDING LOCATOR WORK AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; 3 AMENDING SECTION 47-704, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE PROVISIONS REGARDING 4 LEASES OF MINERAL RIGHTS IN STATE LANDS AND TO PROVIDE FOR TERMS AND 5 CONDITIONS OF CERTAIN MINERAL LEASES; AMENDING SECTION 47-707, IDAHO 6 CODE, TO REVISE PROVISIONS REGARDING FORFEITURE OF LEASES; PROVIDING 7 SEVERABILITY; AND DECLARING AN EMERGENCY. 8

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:

SECTION 1. That Section 47-703, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 47-703. EXPLORATION LOCATIONS ON STATE LANDS. (1) Location for exploration purposes may be made upon lands belonging to the state of Idaho in which the mineral rights are reserved or belong to the state, including the beds of all navigable rivers in the state of Idaho and all portions of said navigable rivers between the natural or ordinary high water marks, providing that no exploration location may be made on any lands for which a mineral lease application has been made and is pending as provided in section 47-704, Idaho Code; providing further, that no exploration location may be made for salable minerals as that term is used in section 47-701, Idaho Code.
- (2) Such locations when made upon surveyed land shall conform to legal subdivisions. When made upon the beds of navigable rivers, they shall not exceed one-half (1/2) river mile. When made on surveyed land, they shall not exceed twenty (20) acres except that when made upon surveyed land designated as a lot, they may equal one-half (1/2) of said lot. Descriptions of locations made on the beds of navigable rivers, the boundaries of which shall have been meandered, shall be described as near as may be with the lotting of the fractional subdivisions bordering upon the navigable rivers, and the description of the location shall be so accurately drawn and tied to the government corners that the ground may be accurately located and so described that the location may be accurately platted upon the books of the state board of land commissioners.
- The discoverer of a mineral deposit, or a person desiring to prospect for mineral shall immediately post conspicuously on each twenty (20) acre tract or fraction thereof, or each one-half (1/2) river mile, that he desires to locate, an exploration certificate of location declaring that he has made such discovery, or \(\frac{1}{2} \) and declaring that he desires to prospect for mineral, together with the date of such discovery or declaration. Said certificate shall be in such form as the board may prescribe. The locator shall be allowed twenty (20) days from such date to file an exact copy of exploration certificate of location with the state board of land commissioners and pay the appropriate fees. Said certificate shall designate the legal

subdivisions located, and shall be recorded in the office of said board as of the date of filing, and an entry of such location shall be made upon the plat and tract books.

- (4) The locator shall be entitled to hold said location for a period of two (2) years from the first of the month following the date of recording and by performing one hundred dollars (\$100) worth of work during each year for each location.
- (5) Work, within the meaning of this section chapter shall consist of tunnels, shafts, or other mining excavations or development, including drilling by conventional methods and pits or shafts sunk to determine the value of the gravels. Work shall not include roads, trails, buildings, machinery, or other surface improvement. All such work may be done at one (1) place on the location or at as many places as the locator may desire, and in case two (2) or more locations are under the same ownership, then said work may be performed on any one (1) or more locations. Work so performed as annual assessment, where performed for the benefit of a group contiguous and under common ownership, shall be such that it shall be of material benefit to each and every location forming the contiguous group.
- (6) Written proof that such work has been done shall be filed with the state board of land commissioners, on such forms and in such manner as they it shall prescribe. Such procedure shall empower the locator to retain possession of and prospect said location for a period of two (2) years, at the end of which time he shall be required to take a lease upon such terms as may be agreed upon by the state board of land commissioners. Provided, that the right granted under this section to prospect for mineral and to make locations shall not extend to lands in the possession of a purchaser under contract of sale from the state.
- SECTION 2. That Section 47-704, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- LEASES OF MINERAL RIGHTS IN STATE LANDS. (1) The state board of land commissioners may lease in tracts not exceeding six hundred forty (640) acres of sizes as the board may deem fair for prospecting, exploration, and mining purposes, and of mineral deposits, except for leases for oil, gas and other hydrocarbons, that may be contained in any portion of the unsold lands of the state or that may be contained in state lands sold with a reservation of mineral deposits or that belong to the state of Idaho by reason of being situate between the high water marks of navigable rivers of the state, for such annual rental, not less than one dollar (\$1.00) per acre per annum, and for such royalty upon the product as the board may deem fair and in the interest of the state, except in the case of state oil and gas leases wherein the royalty to the state shall be not less than twelve and one-half per cent percent (12 1/2%), and provided that the minimum royalty shall not be less than two and one-half per cent percent (2 1/2%). The rental paid for any year shall be deducted from the royalties as they accrue for that year and not more than market conditions.
- (2) All mineral leases, except leases for oil, gas, and other hydrocarbons, and geothermal resources of state school lands and for lands belonging to the state of Idaho, other than school lands, shall be for a term of ten (10)

up to twenty (20) years, and so long thereafter as shall be continued if any of the following provisions are met:

- (a) Pprecious metals, minerals, salable minerals, mineral concentrates, mineral products, and or ores, or any of them, are produced in paying quantities, or as much longer thereafter as:
- (b) The lessee has negotiated and remitted a prepaid royalty no less than five dollars (\$5.00) per acre per year;
- (c) <u>Tthe lessee in good faith shall conducts exploration, prospecting,</u> work, or mining operations thereon;
- (d) The mineral lease is undergoing a regulatory approval process for exploration, prospecting, or mining; or
- remises as a single mining operation, including construction of infrastructure associated with mining. together with the right to use and occupy so much of the surface of said land as may be required for all purposes reasonably incident to the prospecting for, exploration for, development of, production, refining, processing and marketing of said precious metals, minerals, salable minerals, and ores produced from said lands, including the right to construct and maintain thereon all works, buildings, plants, waterways, roads, communication lines, reservoirs, tanks or other structures necessary to the full enjoyment thereon for the purpose of the lease.
- (3) Provided, that the leaseholder of any mineral lease except leases for oil, gas, and other hydrocarbons, and geothermal resources heretofore or hereafter issued, upon the expiration of the initial lease and all renewals thereof, shall be given the preferential right to renew such lease or renewal leases under such readjustment of the terms and conditions as the board may determine to be necessary in the interest of the state.
- (4) All applications received, whether by mail or by personal delivery over the counter, shall be immediately stamped with the date and hour of filing. Simultaneous filings result when two (2) or more applications are received for the same lands during the same hour of the same day. Simultaneous filings shall be resolved by competitive bidding. This provision does not apply to applications received from an applicant having a preferential right under subsection (5) of this section. In the absence of a simultaneous filing, and except for lands and resources which may be designated for competitive bidding, right of priority to a mineral lease shall be determined by the first qualified applicant who shall file a completed, signed application on the form of the department of lands or exact copy thereof between the hours of eight 8:00 a.m. and five $5:00 \, \text{p.m.}$ during any business day, together with the application fee set by the board.
- (5) Applications for mineral leases shall be made under oath in such form as the board may prescribe, and the applicant shall describe the land, specify the particular mineral or minerals, and give such additional information as may be required by the rules and regulations of the board. If the applicant for a lease has previously filed a certificate of location, as provided in section 47-703, Idaho Code, upon any part of the land desired to be leased, such application shall be given a preferential right to the land covered by his location; that no lands upon which a mineral location has been duly made and recorded as provided in section 47-703, Idaho Code,

shall be leased for mining purposes during the two (2) year periods to any applicant except the person having made such location; provided, however, that no locations may be made for oil and gas deposits or lands, or geothermal resources.

- (6) Any motorized exploration as defined in section 47-703, Idaho Code, on the lands between the ordinary high water marks of any navigable river of the state shall be prohibited except upon written approval by the board and submission of a bond to the department in the form and amount set by the board; and if applicable, an operator shall also comply with the Idaho dredge and placer mining protection act, chapter 13, title 47, Idaho Code; provided, that in all instances an operator shall comply with the stream protection act, and all other applicable laws and rules of the state.
- (7) Upon receipt by the state board of land commissioners of an application to lease any lands which may belong to the state of Idaho by reason of being situate between the high water marks of navigable rivers of the state, the board shall cause, at the expense of the applicant, a notice of such application to be published once a week for two (2) issues in a newspaper of general circulation in the county or counties in which said lands described in said application are situated. The board or its authorized representative shall hold a public hearing on the application, if requested in writing, no later than thirty (30) days after the last published notice by ten (10) persons whose lawful rights to use the waters applied for may be injured thereby, or by an association presenting a petition with signatures of not less than ten (10) such aggrieved parties; provided that the board may order a public hearing in the first instance. The board shall consider fully all written and oral submissions respecting the application.
- (8) Provided, however, that the state board of land commissioners shall send notice of any such application for leasing the bed of navigable rivers to the director of the department of water resources, who, if the director thinks advisable, shall at the expense of the applicant make an investigation. If said investigation shows that the rights of interested parties may be jeopardized by the issuance of the proposed lease, the director shall give notice of such applications to parties affected thereby. If it shall appear to the state board of land commissioners that the leasing of any lands between the high water marks of any navigable river will be injurious to the rights of any person or persons having the right to the use of the waters thereof, for irrigation, power, or any other lawful purpose, the state board of land commissioners shall deny such application.
- (9) Mineral leases granted according to this section, including but not limited to leases that have been awarded but not executed, shall comply with the following terms and conditions:
 - (a) After granting of a lease, no fees or payments shall be charged to lessees except for royalty payments, including prepaid and production, and rent per acre per annum.
 - (b) Rent per acre per annum may be indexed for inflation, but no more than three percent (3%) per annum. The rental paid shall be deducted from the royalties as they accrue for the life of the lease.
 - $\underline{\text{(c)}}$ No more than one (1) lease may be issued for the same mineral on the same land.

(d) Only one (1) lessee may hold multiple mineral leases on the same land.

- (e) In the event of an exchange or sale involving leased lands, the purchaser shall accept and be assigned to perform the exact terms and conditions set forth in the lease as the lessor.
- (f) The leaseholder demonstrates a mineral resource is present on the public lands using industry standard to estimate or project a mineral resource that is likely viable for future mineral development. The board shall recognize its role as a partner on behalf of state lands and provide confidentiality to the leaseholders regarding resource estimates that may be reported. If the leaseholder determines in the future to drop any mineral lease, the board may use this information for public consumption to encourage and support mineral development on those leases.
- (g) No less than one hundred eighty (180) days prior to the expiration date of the mineral lease, lease terms and conditions shall be fairly modified and readjusted if needed. If an agreement cannot be reached, the lessor and lessee shall engage in good faith mediation. The lease shall remain in full force and effect during the mediation.
- SECTION 3. That Section 47-707, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 47-707. FORFEITURE OF LEASES. All leases of mineral deposits shall be conditional upon payment of the rental in advance annually, and upon the payment of the royalty provided for in the lease, and such other provisions as may be provided by the board, and upon the violation of any of the conditions of the lease, the board may at its option, after thirty (30) days' notice by registered mail, cancel the lease. Upon failure or refusal of the lessee to accept the readjustment of terms and conditions determined by the board at the end of any lease period, such failure or refusal shall work a forfeiture of the preferential right of the lessee. A forfeiture of such lease, and all rights of the lessee thereunder, may be declared by the state board of land commissioners for a violation of any of the terms or conditions of said lease or of any rule or regulation of said board with respect thereto or of any of the provisions of this chapter.
- SECTION 4. SEVERABILITY. The provisions of this act are hereby declared to be severable and if any provision of this act or the application of such provision to any person or circumstance is declared invalid for any reason, such declaration shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions of this act.
- SECTION 5. An emergency existing therefor, which emergency is hereby declared to exist, this act shall be in full force and effect on and after its passage and approval.