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## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

## HOUSE BILL NO. 196

## BY WAYS AND MEANS COMMITTEE

AN ACT RELATING TO MOTOR VEHICLES; AMENDING SECTION 49-1602, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE FOR LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANIES RELATING TO DEALER AND SALESMAN LICENS-ING, TO PROVIDE FOR DENIAL OF LICENSES UNDER CERTAIN CONDITIONS AND TO PROVIDE THAT SPECIFIED LAW SHALL NOT PRECLUDE THE IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION FROM TAKING ACTION AGAINST A CURRENT LICENSEE; AMEND-ING SECTION 49-1613, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE PROVISIONS RELATING TO UN-LAWFUL ACTS BY LICENSED MANUFACTURERS AND DISTRIBUTORS, TO RESTRICT LI-CENSED MANUFACTURERS AND DISTRIBUTORS FROM ENGAGING IN CERTAIN ACTS RE-LATING TO PURCHASERS OF NEW MOTOR VEHICLES, TO REVISE AN EXCEPTION, TO PROVIDE FOR AN EXTENSION OF THE OPERATION OF A DEALERSHIP BY A MANUFAC-TURER OR DISTRIBUTOR AND TO MAKE A TECHNICAL CORRECTION; AND AMENDING SECTION 49-1615, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE FOR SUCCESSORS TO OWNERSHIP OF DEALERSHIPS AND TO PROVIDE THAT A MANUFACTURER MAY REQUEST AND RECEIVE CERTAIN INFORMATION FROM A SUCCESSOR TO A DEALERSHIP WHO IS NOT A FAMILY MEMBER.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:

SECTION 1. That Section 49-1602, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

49-1602. ADMINISTRATION -- POWERS AND DUTIES. The department shall:

(1) Issue, and for reasonable cause shown, refuse to issue an applicant any license authorized under the provisions of this chapter. The department may refuse to issue a license to any applicant, other than a partnership, or corporation, or limited liability company, if the applicant fails to comply with the terms and provisions of this chapter or the rules of the board, or if the applicant has been convicted of a violation of any of the provisions of this chapter or chapter 5, title 49, or section 49-1418 or chapter 6, title 48, Idaho Code, or of any federal odometer law or regulation. Should the applicant be a partnership, or a corporation, or limited liability company, the department may refuse to issue a license to the applicant where it determines that one (1) or more of the partners of a partnership, or one (1) or more of the stockholders or officers of a corporation, or one (1) or more members or managers of a limited liability company, was previously the holder of a license which was revoked or suspended, and the license revoked never reissued or the suspended license never reinstated, or that one (1) or more of the partners, stockholders, or officers, or members or managers of a limited liability company, though not previously the holder of a license, has violated any of the provisions of this chapter or of an applicable rule or regulation, or of federal motor vehicle safety standards. The department shall deny a license under this chapter when the issuance of a new license would cause a manufacturer or distributor to be in violation of section 49-1613, Idaho

<u>Code</u>. This section shall not preclude the department from taking an action against a current licensee.

- (2) For just cause shown, revoke or suspend, on terms, conditions, and for a period of time as the department shall consider fair and just, any license or licenses issued pursuant to the provisions of this chapter. No license shall be revoked or suspended unless it shall be shown that the licensee has violated a provision of this chapter or of an applicable rule or regulation, or of federal motor vehicle safety standards.
- (3) On its own motion, upon the sworn complaint of any person, investigate any suspected or alleged violation by a licensee of any of the provisions of this chapter or of an applicable rule or regulation.
- (4) Prescribe forms for applications for licenses and qualifications for an applicant for licensure. Every application for a license shall contain, in addition to other information required by the department, the following:
  - (a) The name and residence address of the applicant and the trade name, if any, under which he intends to conduct his business. If the applicant is a copartnership, the name and residence address of each member, whether a limited or general partner, and the name under which the partnership business is to be conducted. If the applicant is a corporation, the name of the corporation and the name and address of each of its principal officers and directors.
  - (b) A complete description, including the city with the street number, of the principal place of business and any other and additional places of business operated and maintained by the applicant in conjunction with the principal place of business.
  - (c) Copies of any letters of franchise for new vehicles that the applicant has been enfranchised to sell or exchange, and the name or names and addresses of the manufacturer or distributor who has enfranchised the applicant.
  - (d) Names and addresses of the persons who shall act as salesmen under the authority of the license, if issued.
  - (e) A copy of the certificate of assumed business name, if required, shall be filed with the secretary of state.
  - (f) For a manufacturer's license, the name or names and addresses of each and every distributor, factory branch, and factory representative.
  - (g) For a salesman's license, certification by the dealer by whom the salesman will be employed, that he has examined the background of the applicant, and to the best of the dealer's knowledge, is qualified to be licensed under the sponsorship of the licensed dealer.
  - (h) Before a dealer who is not exempted from the continuing education requirements as provided in section 49-1637(2), Idaho Code, may apply for a renewal of a vehicle dealer's license, he shall provide to the department a certification from an accredited educational system, private vocational school, correspondence school or trade association approved by the department stating that the vehicle dealer has satisfied the four (4) hour continuing education requirements as specified in section 49-1637(1), Idaho Code.

- (i) Before any vehicle dealer's license is issued by the department to an applicant who is not licensed with the department as a dealer within the previous twelve (12) calendar months and who is not exempted from the continuing education requirements as provided in section 49-1637(2), Idaho Code, the applicant shall provide to the department a certification from an accredited educational institution, private vocational school, correspondence school or trade association approved by the department stating that the applicant has satisfactorily completed the prelicensing class or program requirements, including a written examination of material presented, specified in section 49-1637(1), Idaho Code.
- (5) Refuse to issue any license under the provisions of this chapter if, upon investigation, the department finds that any information contained in the application is incomplete, incorrect or fictitious.
- (6) Require that a dealer's principal place of business, and other locations operated and maintained by him in conjunction with his principal place of business, have erected or posted signs or devices providing information relating to the dealer's name, location and address of the principal place of business, and the number of the license held by the dealer.
- (7) Provide for regular meetings of the dealer advisory board, to be held not less frequently than semiannually. Notices of meetings of the advisory board shall be mailed to all members not less than five (5) days prior to the date on which the meeting is to be held.
- (8) Inspect, prior to licensing, the principal place of business and other sites or locations as may be operated and maintained by the applicant.
- (9) Seek and consider the advisory board's recommendations and comments regarding proposed rules promulgated for the administration of the provisions of this chapter.
- (10) Require the attendance of not less than one (1) or more than three (3) advisory board members at all hearings held relating to this chapter.
- SECTION 2. That Section 49-1613, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 49-1613. UNLAWFUL ACTS BY LICENSEE. (1) It shall be unlawful for the holder of any license issued under the provisions of this chapter to:
  - (a) Intentionally publish or circulate any advertising which is misleading or inaccurate in any material particular or which misrepresents any of the products sold or furnished by a licensed dealer;
  - (b) Violate any of the provisions of this chapter or any of the applicable rules;
  - (c) Knowingly purchase, sell or otherwise acquire or dispose of a stolen vehicle;
  - (d) Violate any law respecting commerce in vehicles or any lawful rule respecting commerce in vehicles promulgated by any licensing or regulating authority now existing or hereafter created by the laws of the state:
  - (e) Engage in the business for which the dealer is licensed without at all times maintaining a principal place of business;
  - (f) Engage in a type of business respecting the selling or exchanging of vehicles for which he is not licensed;

- (g) Knowingly purchase a vehicle which has an altered or removed vehicle identification number plate or alter or remove a vehicle identification number plate;
- (h) Violate any provision of this title or any rules promulgated;

- (i) Violate any provision of the federal motor vehicle safety standards, federal odometer laws or regulations; or
- (j) Display for sale, exchange, or sell any vehicle for which the vehicle dealer does not hold title or consignment agreement or other documentary evidence of his right to the possession of every vehicle in his possession.
- (2) It shall be unlawful for any manufacturer or distributor licensed under this chapter to require, attempt to require, coerce, or attempt to coerce, any new vehicle dealer in this state to:
  - (a) Order or accept delivery of any new vehicle, part or accessory, equipment or any other commodity not required by law which shall not have been voluntarily ordered by the new vehicle dealer. This paragraph is not intended to modify or supersede any terms or provisions of a franchise requiring dealers to market a representative line of vehicles which the manufacturer or distributor is publicly advertising.
  - (b) Order or accept delivery of any new vehicle with special features, accessories or equipment not included in the list price of such vehicles as publicly advertised by the manufacturer or distributor.
  - (c) Participate monetarily in an advertising campaign or contest, or to purchase any promotional materials, training materials, showroom or other display decorations or materials at the expense of the dealer.
  - (d) Enter into any agreement with the manufacturer or distributor or to do any other act prejudicial to the dealer by threatening to terminate or cancel a franchise or any contractual agreement existing between the dealer and the manufacturer or distributor. This paragraph is not intended to preclude the manufacturer or distributor from insisting on compliance with reasonable terms or provisions of the franchise or other contractual agreement, and notice in good faith to any dealer of the dealer's violation of those terms or provisions shall not constitute a violation of the provisions of this chapter.
  - (e) Change the capital structure of the dealer or the means by or through which the dealer finances the operation of the dealership, provided that the dealer at all times meets any reasonable capital standards determined by the manufacturer or distributor in accordance with uniformly applied criteria. No change in the capital structure shall cause a change in the principal management or have the effect of a sale of the franchise without the consent of the manufacturer or distributor. Consent shall not be unreasonably withheld.
  - (f) Refrain from participation in the management of, investment in, or the acquisition of any other line of new vehicle or related products. This paragraph does not apply unless the dealer maintains a reasonable line of credit for each make or line of new vehicle, and the dealer remains in compliance with any reasonable facilities requirements of the manufacturer or distributor, and no change is made in the principal management of the dealership.

- (g) Prospectively assent to a release, assignment, novation, waiver or estoppel which would relieve any person from liability to be imposed by this chapter or to require any controversy between a dealer and a manufacturer, distributor, or representatives, to be referred to any person other than the duly constituted courts of the state or the United States, or to the director, if that referral would be binding upon the dealer.
- (h) Either establish or maintain exclusive facilities, personnel, or display space.
- (i) Expand facilities without a written guarantee of a sufficient supply of new vehicles so as to justify an expansion, in light of the market and economic conditions.
- (j) Make significant modifications to an existing dealership or to construct a new vehicle dealership facility without providing a written guarantee of a sufficient supply of new vehicles so as to justify modification or construction, in light of the market and economic conditions.
- (3) It shall be unlawful for any manufacturer or distributor licensed under this chapter to:
  - (a) Delay, refuse, or fail to deliver new vehicles or new vehicle parts or accessories in a reasonable time, and in reasonable quantity, relative to the dealer's facilities and sales potential in the dealer's relevant market area, after acceptance of an order from a dealer having a franchise for the retail sale of any new vehicle sold or distributed by the manufacturer or distributor, any new vehicle, parts or accessories to new vehicles as are covered by the franchise, if the vehicle, parts, or accessories are publicly advertised as being available for delivery or actually being delivered. These provisions are not violated, however, if failure is caused by acts or causes beyond the control of the manufacturer or distributor.
  - (b) Refuse to disclose to any dealer handling the same line, the manner and mode of distribution of that line within the relevant market area.
  - (c) Obtain money, goods, service, or any other benefit from any other person with whom the dealer does business, on account of, or in relation to, the transaction between the dealer and other person, other than for compensation for services rendered, unless the benefit is promptly accounted for, and transmitted to the dealer.
  - (d) Increase prices of new vehicles which the dealer had ordered for consumers prior to the dealer's receipt of the written official price increase notification. A sales contract signed by a consumer shall constitute evidence of each such order, provided that the vehicle is in fact delivered to that customer. In the event of manufacturer or distributor price reductions or cash rebates paid to the dealer, the amount of any reduction or rebate received by a dealer shall be passed on to the private retail consumer by the dealer. Price reductions shall apply to all vehicles in the dealer's inventory which were subject to the price reduction. Price differences applicable to new model or series shall not be considered a price increase or price decrease. Price changes caused by the addition to a vehicle of required or optional equipment, or revaluation of the United States dollar, in the case of foreign-make

vehicles or components, or an increase in transportation charges due to increased rates imposed by a carrier, shall not be subject to the provisions of this subsection.

- (e) Release to any outside party, except under subpoena or as otherwise required by law or in an administrative, judicial or arbitration proceeding involving the manufacturer or distributor or dealer, any business, financial, or personal information which may be provided from time to time by the dealer to the manufacturer or distributor without the express written consent of the dealer.
- (f) Deny any dealer the right of free association with any other dealer for any lawful purpose.
- Unfairly compete with a dealer in the same line make, operating under an agreement or franchise from the aforementioned manufacturer or distributor, in the relevant market area Engage in the distribution, sale, lease, or offer for sale or lease, of a new motor vehicle to purchasers who acquire the vehicle in this state except through a dealer with whom the manufacturer or distributor has established a written franchise agreement. A manufacturer or distributor shall not, however, be deemed to be competing in violation of this section when operating a dealership either temporarily for a reasonable period, in any case not to exceed one (1) year, or in a retail operation which is for sale to any qualified independent person at a fair and reasonable price, or in a relationship in which an independent person has made a significant investment subject to loss in the dealership and can reasonably expect to acquire full ownership of that dealership on reasonable terms and conditions. Upon a showing of good cause by the manufacturer or distributor to the department, the period of temporary ownership operation may be extended up to one (1) additional year, resulting in a maximum temporary ownership operation period of two (2) years.
- (h) Unfairly discriminate among its dealers with respect to warranty reimbursement.
- (i) Unreasonably withhold consent to the sale, transfer, or exchange of the franchise to a qualified buyer capable of being licensed as a dealer in this state or to condition the sale, transfer, or exchange of a franchise agreement upon site control or an agreement to renovate or make improvements to a facility, unless required by the technology of a motor vehicle being sold at the facility. Provided however, that a voluntary acceptance of such conditions by the dealer in writing including, but not limited to, a written agreement for which the dealer has accepted separate and valuable consideration, shall not constitute a violation.
- (j) Fail to respond in writing to a request for consent as specified in paragraph (i) of this <u>sub</u>section within sixty (60) days of receipt of a written request on the forms, if any, generally utilized by the manufacturer or distributor for those purposes and containing the required information. Failure to respond shall be deemed to be consent to the request.
- (k) Prevent or attempt to prevent, by contract or otherwise, any dealer from changing the executive management control of the dealership unless the manufacturer or distributor, having the burden of proof, can show that the change of executive management will result in executive man-

agement or control by a person or persons who are not of good moral character or who do not meet reasonable, preexisting and, with consideration given to the volume of sales and service of the dealership, uniformly applied minimum business experience standards. Where the manufacturer or distributor rejects a proposed change in executive management control, the manufacturer or distributor shall give written notice of his reasons to the dealer within sixty (60) days of notice to the manufacturer or distributor by the dealer of the proposed change; otherwise, the change in the executive management of the dealership shall be presumptively considered approved.

- (1) Terminate, cancel or fail to renew any franchise solely because of the death or incapacity of an owner who is not listed in the franchise as one on whose expertise and abilities the manufacturer or distributor relied in the granting of the franchise.
- (m) Prevent or attempt to prevent the dealer, by written instrument or otherwise, from either receiving the fair market value of the dealership in a sale transaction, or from transferring the dealership to a spouse or legal heir, as specified in this chapter.
- (n) Engage in any predatory practice or discrimination against any dealer.
- (o) Resort to or to use any false or misleading advertisement in the conducting of his business as a manufacturer or distributor in this state.
- (p) Make any false or misleading statement, either directly or through any agent or employee, in order to induce any dealer to enter into any agreement or franchise, or to take any action which is prejudicial to that dealer or his business.
- (q) Require or coerce dealers to participate in local or national advertising campaigns or contests or to require or coerce dealers to purchase promotional or display materials.
- (r) Charge back, deny motor vehicle allocation, withhold payments, or take other actions against a dealer, or to condition a franchise agreement, or renewal of a franchise agreement, or to condition sales, service, parts, or finance incentives upon site control or an agreement to renovate or make improvements to a facility unless required by the technology of a motor vehicle being sold at the facility. Provided however, that a voluntary acceptance of such conditions by the dealer in writing including, but not limited to, a written agreement for which the dealer has accepted separate and valuable consideration, shall not constitute a violation.
- (s) Charge back, deny motor vehicle allocation, withhold payments, or take other actions against a motor vehicle dealer if a motor vehicle sold by the motor vehicle dealer is exported from Idaho or the dealer's assigned area of responsibility unless the manufacturer, distributor, or manufacturer representative proves that the motor vehicle dealer knew or reasonably should have known a motor vehicle was intended to be exported, which shall operate as a rebuttable presumption that the motor vehicle dealer did not have such knowledge. This paragraph does not apply if exporting of motor vehicles outside of the state of Idaho is provided for by the manufacturer or distributor.

- (4) It is unlawful for any manufacturer or distributor or any officer, agent or representative to coerce, or attempt to coerce, any dealer in this state to offer to sell or sell any extended service contract or extended maintenance plan that is offered, sold, backed by or sponsored by the manufacturer or distributor or to sell, assign or transfer any retail installment sales contract, obtained by the dealer in connection with the sale by him in this state of new vehicles, manufactured or sold by the manufacturer or distributor, to a specified finance company or class of such companies, or to any other specified person, by any of the acts or means set forth, namely by:
  - (a) Any statement, suggestion, promise or threat that the manufacturer or distributor will, in any manner, benefit or injure the dealer, whether the statement, suggestion, threat or promise is express or implied or made directly or indirectly;
  - (b) Any act that will benefit or injure the dealer;

- (c) Any contract, or any express or implied offer of contract, made directly or indirectly to a dealer for handling new vehicles, on the condition that the dealer shall offer to sell or sell any extended service contract or extended maintenance plan that is offered, sold, backed by, or sponsored by the manufacturer or distributor or sell, assign or transfer his retail installment sales contract in this state to a specified finance company or class of such companies, or to any other specified person; or
- (d) Any express or implied statement or representation made directly or indirectly that the dealer is under any obligation whatsoever to offer to sell or sell any extended service contract or extended maintenance plan that is offered, sold, backed by, or sponsored by the manufacturer or distributor or to sell, assign or transfer any of his retail sales contracts, in this state, on new vehicles manufactured or sold by that manufacturer or distributor to a finance company or class of companies, or other specified person, because of any relationship or affiliation between the manufacturer or distributor and a finance company or companies, or a specified person or persons.
- (e) Nothing contained in this subsection shall prohibit a manufacturer or distributor from offering or providing incentive benefits or bonus programs to a retail motor vehicle dealer or prospective retail motor vehicle dealer in this state who makes the voluntary decision to offer to sell or sell any extended service contract or extended maintenance plan offered, sold, backed or sponsored by the manufacturer or distributor to sell, assign or transfer any retail installment sale or lease by him in this state of motor vehicles manufactured or sold by the manufacturer or distributor to a specified finance company or leasing company controlled by or affiliated with the manufacturer or distributor.

Any statement, threats, promises, acts, contracts or offers of contracts, when the effect may be to lessen or eliminate competition or tend to create a monopoly, are declared unfair trade practices and unfair methods of competition, against the policy of this state, and are unlawful.

(5) It is unlawful for any manufacturer or distributor or agent or employee of a manufacturer or distributor to use a written instrument, agree-

ment, or waiver to attempt to nullify any of the provisions of this section, and such agreement, written instrument or waiver shall be null and void.

- (6) It shall be unlawful, directly or indirectly, to impose unreasonable restrictions on the dealer relative to the sale, transfer, right to renew, termination discipline, noncompetition covenants, site control (whether by sublease, collateral pledge of lease, or otherwise), right of first refusal to purchase, option to purchase, compliance with subjective standards and assertion of legal or equitable rights.
- (7) The provisions of this chapter shall apply to all written franchise agreements between a manufacturer or distributor and a dealer, including the franchise offering, the franchise agreement, sales of goods, services or advertising, leases or mortgages of real or personal property, promises to pay, security interests, pledges, insurance contract, advertising contract, construction or installation contract, servicing contracts and all other agreements where the manufacturer or distributor has any direct or indirect interest.
- SECTION 3. That Section 49-1615, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 49-1615. SUCCESSION TO OWNERSHIP. Notwithstanding the terms, provisions or conditions of any franchise:
- (1) A licensee may appoint by will, or any other written instrument, a designated family member  $\underline{\text{or successor}}$  to succeed in the ownership interest in the dealership.
- (2) Unless there exists good cause for refusal to honor succession on the part of the manufacturer, any designated family member or successor of a deceased or incapacitated owner of a dealership may succeed to the ownership under the existing franchise, provided the designated family member or successor gives the manufacturer written notice of his intention to succeed to the ownership of the dealership within one hundred twenty (120) days of the owner's death or incapacity, and the designated family member or successor agrees to be bound by all the terms and conditions of the franchise.
- (3) The manufacturer may request, and the designated family member  $\underline{\text{or}}$   $\underline{\text{successor}}$  shall provide, promptly upon request, personal and financial data that is reasonably necessary to determine whether the succession should be honored.
- (4) The manufacturer may request, and a successor who is not a family member shall provide, promptly upon request, information about the successor's experience and professional qualifications that are reasonably necessary to determine whether the succession should be honored.
- (5) If a manufacturer believes that good cause exists for refusing to honor the succession to the ownership of a dealership by a family member or successor of a deceased or incapacitated owner of a dealership under the existing franchise agreement, the manufacturer may, not more than sixty (60) days following receipt of notice of the designated family member's or successor's intent to succeed to the ownership of the dealership, or any personal or financial data which it has requested, serve upon the designated family member or successor and the department, notice of its refusal to honor the succession and of its intent to discontinue the existing franchise with the dealer no sooner than ninety (90) days from the date notice is served.

The notice must state the specific grounds for a refusal to honor the succession. A protest may be filed in accordance with the provisions of section 49-1617, Idaho Code.

- (56) If notice of refusal and discontinuance is not timely served upon the family member or successor, the franchise shall continue in effect subject to termination only as otherwise permitted under this chapter.
- (67) This chapter does not preclude the owner of a dealership from designating any person as his successor by written instrument filed with the manufacturer and, in the event there is a conflict between that written instrument and the provisions of this section, and that written instrument has not been revoked by the owner of the dealership, in writing, to the manufacturer, then the written instrument shall govern.