The House Committee on Judiciary Non-Civil offers the following substitute to SB 99:

## A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

1 To amend Part 3 of Article 4 of Chapter 11 of Title 16 of the Official Code of Georgia 2 Annotated, relating to carrying and possession of firearms, so as to change provisions 3 relating to the definition of a term; to clarify the type of hospitalization as an inpatient in any mental hospital that prohibits the issuance of a weapons carry license; to amend Code Section 4 35-3-34 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to disclosure and dissemination 5 of criminal records to private persons and businesses, resulting responsibility and liability 6 of the Georgia Crime Information Center, and provision of certain information to the FBI in 7 8 conjunction with the National Instant Criminal Background Check System, so as to provide 9 for judicial procedures for purging a person's involuntary hospitalization information received by the center for the purpose of the National Instant Criminal Background Check 10 System under certain circumstances; to change provisions relating to the retention of a 11 12 person's involuntary hospitalization information; to amend Title 37 of the Official Code of 13 Georgia Annotated, relating to mental health, so to require judicial notification to certain 14 persons admitted to certain facilities of certain firearm prohibitions that attach to such 15 admission; to provide for retention of jurisdiction; to provide for related matters; to repeal 16 conflicting laws; and for other purposes.

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

18 SECTION 1.

- 19 Part 3 of Article 4 of Chapter 11 of Title 16 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated,
- 20 relating to carrying and possession of firearms, is amended by revising paragraph (2) of Code
- 21 Section 16-11-125.1, relating to definitions, as follows:
- 22 "(2) 'Knife' means a cutting instrument designed for the purpose of offense and defense
- consisting of a blade that is greater than five 12 inches in length which is fastened to a
- 24 handle."

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25 **SECTION 1A.** 

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Said part is further amended by revising subparagraph (b)(2)(J) of Code Section 16-11-129, relating to weapons carry license, temporary renewal permit, mandamus, and verification of license, as follows:

"(J) Except as provided for in subsection (b.1) of this Code section, any person who has been involuntarily hospitalized as an inpatient in any mental hospital or alcohol or drug treatment center within the five years immediately preceding the application. The judge of the probate court may require any applicant to sign a waiver authorizing any mental hospital or treatment center to inform the judge whether or not the applicant has been an inpatient in any such facility in the last five years and authorizing the superintendent of such facility to make to the judge a recommendation regarding whether the applicant is a threat to the safety of others and whether a license to carry a weapon should be issued. When such a waiver is required by the judge, the applicant shall pay a fee of \$3.00 for reimbursement of the cost of making such a report by the mental health hospital, alcohol or drug treatment center, or the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Disabilities, which the judge shall remit to the hospital, center, or department. The judge shall keep any such hospitalization or treatment information confidential. It shall be at the discretion of the judge, considering the circumstances surrounding the hospitalization and the recommendation of the superintendent of the hospital or treatment center where the individual was a patient, to issue the weapons carry license or renewal license;"

**SECTION 2.** 46

Code Section 35-3-34 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to disclosure and dissemination of criminal records to private persons and businesses, resulting responsibility and liability of the Georgia Crime Information Center, and provision of certain information to the FBI in conjunction with the National Instant Criminal Background Check System, is amended by revising subsection (e) as follows:

"(e)(1) The Georgia Crime Information Center shall be authorized to provide criminal history records, wanted person records, and involuntary hospitalization records information to the Federal Bureau of Investigation or any successor agency for the sole purpose of inclusion in conjunction with the National Instant Criminal Background Check System in accordance with the federal Brady Handgun Violence Prevention Act, 18 U.S.C. Section 921, et seq.; provided, however, that with respect to involuntary hospitalization records, the center shall forward only such information as is necessary to

identify such persons.

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The records of the Georgia Crime Information Center center shall include information as to whether a person has been involuntarily hospitalized. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law and in order to carry out the provisions of this Code section and Code Section 16-11-172, the Georgia Crime Information Center center shall be provided such information and no other mental health information from the involuntary hospitalization records of the probate courts concerning persons involuntarily hospitalized after March 22, 1995, in a manner agreed upon by the Probate Judges Training Council and the Georgia Bureau of Investigation The Council of Probate Court Judges of Georgia and the bureau to preserve the confidentiality of patients' rights in all other respects. Further, notwithstanding any other provisions of law and in order to carry out the provisions of this Code section and Code Section 16-11-172, the center shall be provided information as to whether a person has been adjudicated mentally incompetent to stand trial or not guilty by reason of insanity at the time of the crime, has been involuntarily hospitalized, or both from the records of the clerks of the superior courts concerning persons involuntarily hospitalized after March 22, 1995, in a manner agreed upon by The Council of Superior Court Clerks of Georgia and the Georgia Bureau of Investigation <u>bureau</u> to preserve the confidentiality of patients' rights in all other respects. After five years have elapsed from the date that a person's involuntary hospitalization information has been received by the Georgia Crime Information Center, the center shall purge its records of such information as soon as practicable and in any event purge such records within 30 days after the expiration of such five-year period.

- (2.1)(A) When a person's mental health information has been submitted pursuant to paragraph (2) of this subsection, such person may petition the court in which such hospitalization proceedings occurred for relief. A copy of such petition for relief shall be served upon the opposing civil party or the prosecuting attorney, as the case may be, or their successors, who appeared in the underlying case. Within 60 days of the receipt of such petition, such court shall hold a hearing on such petition; provided, however, that such time period may be extended for good cause as determined by the court. The prosecuting attorney may represent the interests of the state at such hearing.
- (B) At the hearing provided for under this paragraph, the court shall receive and consider evidence concerning:
- (i) The circumstances which caused the petitioner's hospitalization and regarding firearm disabilities from which relief is sought;
- (ii) The petitioner's mental health and criminal history records, if any. The court shall require the petitioner to sign a waiver authorizing the record custodian of any hospital where such petitioner received mental health treatment for such hospitalization or any other facility or outpatient treatment center where he or she

97 received mental health treatment since such hospitalization to release such records to 98 the court. The court shall keep such hospitalization and treatment records confidential 99 to the maximum extent possible; 100 (iii) The petitioner's reputation, which shall be developed at a minimum through character witness statements, testimony, or other character evidence; and 101 102 (iv) Changes in the petitioner's condition or circumstances since the hospitalization 103 relevant to the relief sought. (C)(i) The court shall issue a written order of its decision on such petition filed under 104 105 this paragraph no later than 30 days after the hearing. 106 (ii) The court shall grant such petition if it finds by a preponderance of the evidence 107 that the petitioner will not likely act in a manner dangerous to public safety and that 108 granting the relief will not be contrary to the public interest. 109 (iii) If the court grants such petition, the clerk of court shall report such order to the center immediately, but in no case later than ten days after the date of such order, and 110 111 the center shall purge and remove such record that is the subject of the order from any 112 data base in which the center makes available to the National Instant Criminal 113 Background Check System and notify the United States Attorney General that the 114 basis for such record being made available no longer is applicable, as soon as 115 practicable but not later than 30 days after receipt of such order. (iv) No petition for relief may be filed within a period of one year from the date of 116 117 the final order on a previous petition for relief. 118 (2.2)(A) A record shall be kept of hearings conducted pursuant to paragraph (2.1) of 119 this subsection. Such record shall be exempt from disclosure under Article 4 of Chapter 120 18 of Title 50. 121 (B) Any appeal of the court's ruling filed pursuant to paragraph (2.1) of this subsection 122 shall be as provided for by the laws governing the appeal of decisions from such court; provided, however, that notwithstanding Code Section 5-3-2, any such appeal from a 123 124 probate court, as defined in Code Section 15-9-120, shall be by de novo investigation 125 to the superior court. 126 (C) Information received by a prosecuting attorney pursuant to paragraph (2.1) of this 127 subsection shall not be used against the person who is the subject of the petition in any other case or context unless such information is obtained in such other case or context 128 by other rules of evidence or discovery. 129 (3)(A) The records of the center shall include information as to whether a person has 130 131 been involuntarily hospitalized. In order to carry out the provisions of Code Section 132 16-11-129, the center shall be provided such information and no other mental health 133 information from the records of the probate and superior courts ordering persons to be

involuntarily hospitalized. With respect to probate court records, such information shall be provided in a manner agreed upon by the Probate Judges Training Council and the bureau. With respect to superior court records, such information shall be provided in a manner agreed upon by The Council of Superior Court Clerks of Georgia and the bureau. Such records shall be provided in a manner so as to preserve the confidentiality of patients' rights in all other respects.

(B) In order to carry out the provisions of Code Section 16-11-129, the center shall be provided information as to whether a person has been adjudicated mentally incompetent to stand trial or has been found not guilty by reason of insanity at the time of the crime. The clerk of court shall report such information to the center immediately, but in no case later than ten days after such adjudication of mental incompetence or finding of

**SECTION 3.** 

not guilty by reason of insanity."

Title 37 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to mental health, is amended in Code Section 37-3-62, relating to hearing on petition for court ordered evaluation, recipients of hearing notice, appointment of representatives, contents of notice, patient's right to counsel, waiver of hearing, and procedure upon issuance of order for evaluation, by revising subsection (b) as follows:

"(b) After a full and fair hearing or, if the hearing is waived, after a full review of the evidence, if the court is satisfied that immediate evaluation is necessary, the court shall issue an order to any peace officer to deliver the patient forthwith to the evaluating facility designated by the department to admit persons ordered by that court to be evaluated. The court shall provide notification to any person admitted to a facility under this Code section of the prohibitions pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 922(d)(4) and (g)(4) that attach to such admission. The court shall retain jurisdiction of the case for purposes of Code Section 35-3-34."

**SECTION 4.** 

Said title is further amended by revising subsection (b) of Code Section 37-7-62, relating to hearing on petition for court ordered evaluation, notice, appointment of representatives,

patient's right to counsel, waiver of hearing by patient, and procedure upon issuance of order

164 for evaluation, as follows:

"(b) After a full and fair hearing or, if the hearing is waived, after a full review of the evidence, if the court is satisfied that immediate evaluation is necessary, the court shall issue an order to any peace officer to deliver the patient forthwith to the evaluating facility designated by the department to admit persons ordered by that court to be evaluated. The

court shall provide notification to any person admitted to a facility under this Code section
 of the prohibitions pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 922(d)(4) and (g)(4) that attach to such
 admission. The court shall retain jurisdiction of the case for purposes of Code Section
 35-3-34."

173 **SECTION 5.** 

174 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.