The House Committee on Health and Human Services offers the following substitute to SB 456:

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

- 1 To amend Title 31 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to health, so as to
- 2 provide requirements relating to the use of abortion-inducing drugs; to provide for
- 3 definitions; to prohibit abortion-inducing drugs in school facilities or on state property; to
- 4 provide for related matters; to provide for a short title; to repeal conflicting laws; and for
- 5 other purposes.
- 6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:
- 7 SECTION 1.
- 8 This Act shall be known and may be cited as the "Women's Health and Safety Act."
- 9 SECTION 2.
- 10 Title 31 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating health, is amended by adding
- 11 a new chapter to read as follows:

12 "CHAPTER 9C

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- 14 As used in this chapter, the term:
- 15 (1) 'Abortion' means the use or prescription of any instrument, medicine, drug, or any
- other substance or device with the intent to terminate the pregnancy of a female known
- to be pregnant. Such term shall not include the use or prescription of any instrument,
- medicine, drug, or any other substance or device employed solely to increase the
- probability of a live birth, to preserve the life or health of the child after live birth, or to
- 20 remove a dead unborn child who died as the result of a spontaneous abortion. Such term
- also shall not include the prescription or use of contraceptives.
- 22 (2) 'Abortion-inducing drug' means a medicine, drug, or any other substance provided
- or prescribed with the intent of terminating the clinically diagnosable pregnancy.
- 24 (3) 'Gestational age' means the time that has elapsed since the first day of the woman's
- 25 last menstrual period.
- 26 (4) 'Physician' means any person licensed to practice medicine in this state. Such term
- includes medical doctors and doctors of osteopathy.
- 28 (5) 'Pregnant' or 'pregnancy' means that female reproductive condition of having an
- 29 <u>unborn child in the uterus. Such term shall not include a molar pregnancy or other</u>
- 30 <u>complication related to cancer.</u>
- 31 (6) 'Provide' means, when used regarding abortion-inducing drugs, any act of giving,
- 32 <u>selling, dispensing, administering, transferring possession to, or otherwise providing or</u>
- 33 prescribing an abortion-inducing drug.
- 34 (7) 'Qualified physician' means a physician licensed and physically present in this state
- 35 who has the ability to:
- 36 (A) Identify and document a viable intrauterine pregnancy;

37 (B) Assess the gestational age of a pregnancy and inform the patient of gestational

- 38 <u>age-specific risks;</u>
- 39 (C) Diagnose ectopic pregnancy;
- 40 (D) Determine blood type and administer RhoGAM if a woman is Rh negative;
- 41 (E) Assess for signs of domestic abuse, reproductive control, human trafficking, and
- 42 <u>other signals of coerced abortion;</u>
- 43 (F) Provide surgical intervention or refer the patient to appropriate medical care; and
- 44 (G) Supervise and bear legal responsibility for any agent, employee, or contractor who
- 45 <u>is participating in any part of the procedure, including but not limited to, pre-procedure</u>
- 46 <u>evaluation and care.</u>
- 47 (8) 'Unborn child' means a member of the species homo sapiens from fertilization until
- 48 <u>birth.</u>
- 49 <u>31-9C-2.</u>
- 50 Abortion-inducing drugs shall only be provided or prescribed by a qualified physician
- following procedures contained in this chapter. Except for abortion-inducing drugs
- 52 provided or prescribed in strict compliance with the requirements contained in Code
- Section 31-9C-3, it shall be unlawful for any manufacturer, supplier, physician, qualified
- 54 physician, or any other person to provide any abortion-inducing drug via courier, delivery,
- or mail service.
- 56 31-9C-3.
- 57 (a) The qualified physician providing an abortion-inducing drug shall examine the woman
- in person and perform an ultrasound and shall:
- 59 (1) Independently verify that a pregnancy exists;
- 60 (2) Determine the woman's blood type, and if she is Rh negative, be able to and offer to
- administer RhoGAM at the time of the abortion;

62 (3) Document, in the woman's medical chart, the gestational age and location of the

- pregnancy, and whether she received treatment for Rh negativity, as diagnosed by the
- 64 <u>most accurate standard of medical care; and</u>
- 65 (4) Obtain a signed informed consent from the patient.
- 66 (b) A qualified physician providing an abortion-inducing drug must be credentialed and
- 67 <u>competent to handle complication management, including emergency transfer. Every</u>
- 68 pregnant woman to whom a qualified physician provides any abortion-inducing drug shall
- be given the name and phone number of the qualified physician and instructions on what
- 70 <u>to do in case of problems or questions.</u>
- 71 (c) A qualified physician providing any abortion-inducing drug or an agent of the qualified
- 72 physician shall schedule an appropriate follow-up visit for the woman no later than 30 days
- 73 <u>after administration of the abortion-inducing drug.</u>
- 74 31-9C-4.
- Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter or the laws of this state,
- abortion-inducing drugs shall not be provided on state grounds or in any elementary school,
- secondary school, or postsecondary institution in this state that receives state funds."
- 78 SECTION 3.
- 79 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.