Senate Bill 439

By: Senators Brass of the 28th, Thompson of the 14th, Mullis of the 53rd, Gooch of the 51st, Dugan of the 30th and others

AS PASSED SENATE

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

- 1 To amend Chapter 11 of Title 15 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to the
- 2 Juvenile Code, so as to provide for enhanced notice to and improved participation of foster,
- 3 preadoptive, and relative caregivers in certain hearings; to provide for the court's
- 4 consideration of issues relevant to a child's placement, care, well-being, and permanency
- 5 raised by such persons; to require certain findings be made by the court; to provide for
- 6 related matters; to repeal conflicting laws; and for other purposes.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

8 SECTION 1.

- 9 Chapter 11 of Title 15 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to the Juvenile
- 10 Code, is amended in Code Section 15-11-109, relating to notice of hearings to specified
- 11 nonparties, by adding a new subsection to read as follows:
- 12 "(d) At each hearing or review, the court shall make specific findings of fact in writing
- 13 regarding participation by the caregiver of a child, the foster parent of a child, any
- 14 preadoptive parent, or any relative providing care for a child. Such findings of fact shall
- 15 <u>include:</u>

7

- 16 (1) Whether the caregiver was provided notice of the hearing or review, including the
- 17 <u>method, and whether the caregiver expressed an interest in being heard at the hearing or</u>
- 18 <u>review; and</u>
- 19 (2) If the caregiver is present, specific information regarding the caregiver's views,
- 20 <u>including</u>, but not limited to, concerning the child's well-being, health, and safety; any
- 21 <u>changes the caregiver believes are necessary to advance the child's well-being, health, and</u>
- 22 <u>safety; and the timeliness, necessity, and quality of services being provided to the child</u>
- 23 and caregiver; and a summary of documentation presented by the caregiver regarding the
- 24 <u>child's well-being, health, and safety, including, but not limited to, reports from</u>
- 25 physicians, counselors, psychologists, and teachers."

SECTION 2.

27 Said chapter is further amended by revising Code Section 15-11-215, relating to notice of

- 28 change in placement hearings and presumptions, as follows:
- 29 "15-11-215.
- 30 (a) Not less than five days in advance of any placement change, DFCS shall, in writing,
- 31 notify the court, a child who is 14 years of age or older, the child's parent, guardian, or
- 32 legal custodian, the person or agency with physical custody of the child, the child's
- 33 attorney, the child's guardian ad litem, if any, and any other attorney of record of such
- change in the location of the child's placement while the child is in DFCS custody. The
- 35 notice required by this subsection may include notice via email if the caregiver or other
- 36 party who will receive the notification has agreed to receive notice via email.
- 37 (b) If a child's health or welfare may be endangered by any delay in changing his or her
- placement, the court and all attorneys of record shall be notified of such placement change
- 39 within 24 hours of such change.
- 40 (c) A child adjudicated as a dependent child who is 14 years of age or older, his or her
- 41 parent, guardian, or legal custodian, the person or agency with physical custody of the
- 42 child, such child's attorney, such child's guardian ad litem, if any, and any attorney of
- 43 record may request a hearing pertaining to such child's case plan or the permanency plan
- in order for the court to consider the change in the location of such child's placement and
- any changes to the case plan or permanency plan resulting from such child's change in
- 46 placement location. The hearing shall be held within five days of receiving notice of a
- 47 change in the location of such child's placement and prior to any such placement change,
- 48 unless such child's health or welfare may be endangered by any delay in changing such
- 49 child's placement.
- 50 (d) The Council of Juvenile Court Judges shall by rule provide for methods by which
- 51 persons entitled to notice, including those not represented by counsel, may electronically
- 52 <u>file an objection to the placement change</u>. Such rule shall provide for the use of a standard
- 53 form that the objector may file electronically with the clerk of court and which upon filing
- 54 <u>shall be distributed electronically to all parties and others entitled to notice.</u>
- 55 (d)(e) At the hearing to consider a child adjudicated as a dependent child's case plan and
- 56 permanency plan, the court shall consider the case plan and permanency plan
- 57 recommendations made by DFCS, including a recommendation as to the location of the
- 58 placement of such child, and shall make findings of fact upon which the court relied in
- determining to reject or accept the case plan or permanency plan and the recommendations
- 60 made by DFCS, including the location of such child's placement. The court shall
- 61 specifically consider any objections filed to the change of placement and shall consider

evidence pertaining to such objections, including, but not limited to, evidence from the 62 63 child and the foster parent, relative, or caregiver. 64 (e)(f) If the court rejects DFCS recommendations, the court shall demonstrate that DFCS recommendations were considered and explain why it did not follow such 65 recommendations. If the court rejects the DFCS case plan and permanency plan 66 67 recommendations, including the change in the location of the placement of a child adjudicated as a dependent child, the court may order DFCS to devise a new case plan and 68 69 permanency plan recommendation, including a new recommendation as to the location of 70 such child within the resources of the department, or make any other order relative to placement or custody outside the department as the court finds to be in the best interests 71 72 of such child and consistent with the policy that children in DFCS custody should have 73 stable placements. (f)(g) If the court finds that the child has been living in a stable home environment with 74 75 his or her current caregivers for the past 12 months and that removal of the child from such caregivers would be detrimental to the child's emotional well-being, the court may presume 76 77 that continuation of the child's placement with his or her current caregivers is in the child's 78 best interests and shall enter a finding that a change of placement is a failure by DFCS to 79 make reasonable efforts to finalize the permanency plan which is in effect at the time of the 80 hearing. 81 (g)(h) Placement or a change of legal custody by the court outside DFCS shall relieve 82 DFCS of further responsibility for a child adjudicated as a dependent child except for any 83 provision of services ordered by the court to ensure the continuation of reunification 84 services to such child's family when appropriate. 85 (h)(i) A placement change shall not include a temporary absence from the child's identified 86 and ongoing foster care placement, including, but not limited to, visitation with a friend, 87 sibling, relative, or other caretaker, including a pre-placement preplacement visit to a 88 possible foster or adoptive placement; hospitalization for medical, acute psychiatric episodes or diagnosis; respite care when the child is expected to return to his or her foster 89 90 care placement; day or overnight camp; temporary travel with the foster family or child 91 care institution personnel, church, school, or other persons or groups approved by DFCS; 92 trial home visits with the court's permission, if required by subsection (b) of Code Section

94 SECTION 3.

15-11-212; and runaway episodes."

93

95 Said chapter is further amended in Code Section 15-11-300, relating to notice of hearings to specified parties, by adding a new subsection to read as follows:

97 "(c) At any termination of parental rights hearing, the court shall make specific findings of fact in writing regarding participation by the caregiver of a child, the foster parent of a 98 99 child, any preadoptive parent, or any relative providing care for a child. Such findings of 100 fact shall include: 101 (1) Whether the caregiver was provided notice of the hearing, including the method, and 102 whether the caregiver expressed an interest in being heard at the hearing; and 103 (2) If the caregiver is present, specific information regarding the caregiver's views, 104 including, but not limited to, concerning the child's well-being, health, and safety; any 105 changes the caregiver believes are necessary to advance the child's well-being, health, and 106 safety; and the timeliness, necessity, and quality of services being provided to the child 107 and caregiver; and a summary of documentation presented by the caregiver regarding the 108 child's well-being, health, and safety, including, but not limited to, reports from

SECTION 4.

physicians, counselors, psychologists, and teachers."

111 Said chapter is further amended in Code Section 15-11-320, relating to termination of parental rights, findings, and standard of proof, by revising paragraph (1) of subsection (b)

113 as follows:

109

"(1) Contain written findings on which the order is based, including the factual basis for
a determination that grounds for termination of parental rights exist and that termination
is in the best interests of the child, including the findings required by subsection (c) of
Code Section 15-11-300;"

118 **SECTION 5.**

- 119 Said chapter is further amended in Part 6 of Article 4, relation to disposition, by adding a 120 new Code section to read as follows:
- 121 "<u>15-11-324.</u>
- 122 (a) After the court has granted a termination of parental rights, and during the dispositional
- phase of such case contemplated in Code Section 15-11-321 and in any post-dispositional
- review under Code Section 15-11-322, the court shall in making its disposition consider
- the testimony of and evidence provided by any foster parent, caregiver, relative, or other
- individual in whose physical custody the child has resided for at least 12 months during a
- 127 period ending not more than 90 days preceding the filing of the petition, provided that such
- individual expresses a desire and willingness to adopt the child.
- 129 (b) Such testimony and evidence may include evidence regarding the level of attachment
- and bonding between the child and caregiver; the child's health, safety, and well-being; and
- 131 such other evidence that the court may consider relevant to its disposition of the case. The

132 court may, in its discretion, limit the scope of such evidence as it may deem relevant and

133 material to the dispositional issues at hand."

SECTION 6.

135 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.