The House Committee on Energy, Utilities and Telecommunications offers the following substitute to SB 426:

## A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

1 To amend Title 36 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to local government, 2 so as to streamline the deployment of wireless broadband in the public rights of way; to limit 3 the ability of local governing authorities to prohibit, regulate, or charge for use of public rights of way under certain circumstances; to provide for definitions; to specify that a local 4 governing authority may require permit fees only under certain circumstances; to require a 5 local governing authority to receive and process applications for and issue permits subject 6 to specified requirements; to provide that approval of and charges by a local governing 7 8 authority are not required for certain activities related to certain wireless facilities; to specify 9 limitations for processing applications to deploy certain structures and wireless facilities in 10 the rights of way; to require a local governing authority to approve the collocation of small 11 wireless facilities on certain utility poles and wireless support structures, subject to certain 12 requirements; to provide requirements for rates, fees, and other terms related to utility poles; to prohibit a local governing authority from adopting or enforcing any regulations on the 13 14 placement or operation of certain facilities and from regulating any communications services 15 or imposing or collecting any taxes, fees, or charges not specifically authorized under state law; to provide for determination of disputes; to provide for related matters; to provide for 16 17 an effective date; to repeal conflicting laws; and for other purposes.

## 18 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

- 19 SECTION 1.
  20 Title 36 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to local government, is amended
  21 by adding a new chapter to read as follows:
- 22 <u>"CHAPTER 66C</u>

23 <u>36-66C-1.</u>

24 <u>As used in this chapter, the term:</u>

25	(1) 'Antenna' means:							
26	(A) Communications equipment that transmits or receives electromagnetic radio							
27	frequency signals used in the provision of wireless services; or							
28	(B) Similar equipment used for the transmission or reception of surface waves.							
29	(2) 'Applicable codes' means:							
30	(A) The Americans with Disabilities Act, 42 U.S.C. Section 12101, et seq.; and							
31	(B) The state minimum standard codes identified in Code Section 8-2-20.							
32	(3) 'Applicant' means any wireless provider that submits an application to an authority							
33	pursuant to this chapter.							
34	(4) 'Application' means a request submitted by an applicant to an authority:							
35	(A) For a permit to collocate small wireless facilities; or							
36	(B) To secure approval for the construction, installation, maintenance, modification,							
37	operation, or replacement of a utility pole or a wireless support structure.							
38	(5) 'Authority' means any local governing authority, including without limitation any							
39	entity through which a municipality furnishes retail electric service.							
40	(6) 'Authority pole' means a utility pole owned or operated by an authority in a right of							
41	way.							
42	(7) 'Base station' means wireless facilities or a wireless support structure or utility pole							
43	that currently supports wireless facilities. The term shall not include a tower or any							
44	equipment associated with a tower.							
45	(8) 'Cable operator' shall have the same meaning as provided in 47 U.S.C. Section							
46	522(5), as it existed on January 1, 2018.							
47	(9) 'Collocate' or 'collocation' means to install, mount, maintain, modify, operate, or							
48	replace one or more wireless facilities on, under, within, or adjacent to a wireless support							
49	structure or utility pole.							
50	(10) 'Communications facility' means that set of equipment and network components,							
51	including wires and cables and associated facilities, used by a communications services							
52	provider to provide communications services.							
53	(11) 'Communications services' means cable service as defined in 47 U.S.C.							
54	Section 522(6), as it existed on January 1, 2018, telecommunications service as defined							
55	in 47 U.S.C. Section 153(53), as it existed on January 1, 2018, information service as							
56	defined in 47 U.S.C. Section 153(24), as it existed on January 1, 2018, or wireless							
57	services.							
58	(12) 'Communications services provider' means a cable operator as defined in 47 U.S.C.							
59	Section 522(5), as it existed on January 1, 2018, a telecommunications carrier as defined							
60	in 47 U.S.C. Section 153(51), as it existed on January 1, 2018, a provider of information							

60 <u>in 47 U.S.C. Section 153(51)</u>, as it existed on January 1, 2018, a provider of information

LC 36 3668S

61	service as defined in 47 U.S.C. Section 153(24), as it existed on January 1, 2018, or a						
62	wireless provider.						
63	(13) 'Decorative pole' means a pole owned by an authority that is specially designed and						
64	placed for aesthetic purposes and on which no appurtenances or attachments, other than						
65	light fixtures, a small wireless facility, specially designed informational or directional						
66	signage, or temporary holiday or special event attachments, have been placed or are						
67	permitted to be placed according to nondiscriminatory resolutions, ordinances, or codes						
68	of such authority.						
69	(14) 'Electric membership corporation' shall have the same meaning provided in Code						
70	Section 46-3-171.						
71	(15) 'Fee' means a one-time charge.						
72	(16) 'Historic district' means an area designated as an historic district under Article 2 of						
73	Chapter 10 of Title 44, the 'Georgia Historic Preservation Act,' or a group of buildings,						
74	properties, or sites that are either listed in the National Register of Historic Places or						
75	formally determined eligible for listing by the Keeper of the National Register, the						
76	individual who has been delegated the authority by the federal agency to list properties						
77	and determine their eligibility for the National Register, in accordance with Section						
78	VI.D.1.a.i-v of the Nationwide Programmatic Agreement codified at 47 C.F.R. Part 1,						
79	Appendix C.						
80	(17) 'Information service' shall have the same meaning as provided in 47 U.S.C. Section						
81	153(24), as it existed on January 1, 2018.						
82	(18) 'Interstate highways' shall have the same meaning as provided in Code Section						
83	<u>32-1-3.</u>						
84	(19) 'Law' means any federal, state, or local law, statute, common law, code, rule,						
85	regulation, order, or ordinance.						
86	(20) 'Local governing authority' means a municipality or county that has adopted land						
87	use or zoning regulations for all or the majority of land use within its jurisdiction or has						
88	adopted separate regulations pertaining to the location, construction, collocation,						
89	modification, or operation of wireless facilities.						
90	(21) 'Micro wireless facility' means a small wireless facility not larger in dimension than						
91	24 inches in length, 15 inches in width, and 12 inches in height and that has an exterior						
92	antenna, if any, no longer than 11 inches.						
93	(22) 'Permit' means a written authorization required by an authority to perform an action						
94	or initiate, continue, or complete a project.						
95	(23) 'Person' means an individual, corporation, limited liability company, partnership,						
96	association, trust, or other entity or organization, including an authority.						
97	(24) 'Rate' means a recurring charge.						

98	(25) 'Right of way' shall have the same meaning as provided in Code Section 32-1-3;
99	provided, however, that such term shall not include property or any interest therein
100	acquired for or devoted to an interstate highway and shall apply only to property or an
101	interest therein that is under the control of an authority.
102	(26) 'Small wireless facility' means a wireless facility that meets both of the following
103	qualifications:
104	(A) Each wireless provider's antenna could fit within an enclosure of no more than six
105	cubic feet in volume; and
106	(B) All other wireless equipment associated with the facility is cumulatively no more
107	than 25 cubic feet in volume. The following types of associated ancillary equipment
108	shall not be included in the calculation of equipment volume: electric meters,
109	concealment elements, telecommunications demarcation boxes, grounding equipment,
110	power transfer switches, cut-off switches, and vertical cable runs for the connection of
111	power and other services.
112	(27) 'Substantial modification' means a proposed modification to an existing wireless
113	support structure or base station which will change the physical dimensions of the
114	wireless support structure or base station by installing new equipment cabinets for the
115	technology involved resulting in more than four cabinets total, by installing new
116	equipment cabinets on the ground if there are no preexisting ground cabinets associated
117	with the structure, or by installing ground cabinets that are more than 10 percent larger
118	in height or overall volume than any other ground cabinets associated with the structure.
119	(28) 'Telecommunications carrier' shall have the same meaning as provided in 47 U.S.C.
120	Section 153(51), as it existed on January 1, 2018.
121	(29) 'Utility pole' means a pole or similar structure that is or may be used in whole or in
122	part by or for wireline communications, electric distribution, lighting, traffic control,
123	signage, or a similar function, or for the collocation of small wireless facilities.
124	(30) 'Wireless facility' means equipment at a fixed location that enables wireless
125	communications or surface wave communications between user equipment or nodes of
126	a communications network, or both, including:
127	(A) Equipment associated with wireless communications or surface wave
128	communications; and
129	(B) Radio transceivers, surface wave couplers, antennas, coaxial or fiber optic cables,
130	regular and backup power supplies, and comparable equipment, regardless of
131	technological configuration.
132	The term shall include small wireless facilities. Such term shall not include the structure
133	or improvements on, under, or within which the equipment is collocated nor shall it
134	include wireline backhaul facilities or coaxial or fiber optic cable that is between wireless

135	structures or utility poles or that is otherwise not immediately adjacent to or directly						
136	associated with a particular antenna.						
137	(31) 'Wireless infrastructure provider' means any person, including a person authorized						
138	to provide communications services in this state, that builds or installs wireless or surface						
139	wave communication transmission equipment, wireless facilities, or wireless support						
140	structures but that is not a wireless services provider.						
141	(32) 'Wireless provider' means a wireless infrastructure provider or a wireless services						
142	provider.						
143	(33) 'Wireless services' means any services provided using a licensed or unlicensed						
144	spectrum including, but not limited to the use of Wi-Fi, whether at a fixed location or						
145	mobile, using wireless facilities.						
146	(34) 'Wireless services provider' means a person that provides wireless services.						
147	(35) 'Wireless support structure' means a structure, such as a monopole; tower, either						
148	guyed or self-supporting; billboard; or other existing or proposed structure designed to						
149	support or capable of supporting wireless facilities. Such term shall not include a utility						
150	pole.						
151	(36) 'Wireline backhaul facility' means an above-ground or underground facility used to						
152	transport communications data from a wireless facility to a network.						
153	<u>36-66C-2.</u>						
154	(a) The provisions of this Code section shall only apply to the collocation of small wireless						
155	facilities on utility poles and wireless support structures, and the deployment of utility						
156	poles to support small wireless facilities, by a wireless provider within a right of way.						
157	(b)(1) Subject to the provisions of this Code section and approval of an application						
158	pursuant to Code Section 36-66C-3, if required, a wireless provider shall have the right						
159	to collocate small wireless facilities and construct, install, maintain, modify, operate, and						
160	replace utility poles along, across, upon, and under a right of way.						
161	(2) The utility poles and small wireless facilities provided for in paragraph (1) of this						
162	subsection shall be so constructed and maintained as not to obstruct or hinder the usual						
163	travel or public safety on such right of way or obstruct the legal use of such right of way						
164	by other utilities. Each new or modified utility pole installed in such right of way shall						
165	not exceed fifty feet above ground level. New small wireless facilities in a right of way						
166	may not extend more than ten feet above the utility pole or wireless support structure on						
167	which it is collocated.						
168	(3) A wireless provider may collocate small wireless facilities that exceed the height						
169							
107	limits in paragraph (2) of this subsection and construct, install, maintain, modify, operate,						

171	along, across, upon, and under a right of way if the authority approves an application for
172	such activities under Code Section 36-66C-4. A wireless provider may collocate wireless
173	facilities that are not small wireless facilities and construct, install, maintain, modify,
174	operate, and replace wireless support structures along, across, upon, and under a right of
175	way if such wireless provider has an arrangement with the authority allowing such
176	activities and if the authority approves an application for the deployment under Code
177	<u>Section 36-66C-4.</u>
178	(4) A wireless provider shall comply with reasonable and nondiscriminatory
179	requirements that prohibit communications services providers from installing utility poles
180	in a right of way in an area designated solely for underground or buried cable and utility
181	facilities where the authority:
182	(A) Has required all cable and utility facilities other than authority poles and
183	attachments to be placed underground by a date certain that is three months prior to the
184	submission of the application;
185	(B) Does not prohibit the replacement of authority poles or the collocation of small
186	wireless facilities in the designated area; and
187	(C) Permits wireless providers to seek a waiver of the underground requirements for
188	the placement of a new utility pole to support small wireless facilities, which waivers
189	shall be addressed in a nondiscriminatory manner.
190	(c) The authority, in the exercise of its administration and regulation related to the
191	management of a right of way, shall be competitively neutral with regard to other users of
192	such right of way, and terms shall not be unreasonable or discriminatory and shall not
193	violate any applicable law. The authority shall not enter into an exclusive arrangement
194	with any person for use of the right of way for the collocation of small wireless facilities
195	or the installation, operation, marketing, maintenance, modification, or replacement of
196	utility poles or wireless support structures.
197	(d) If the authority determines that a wireless provider's activity in a right of way pursuant
198	to this Code section creates an imminent risk to public safety, the authority may provide
199	written notice to the wireless provider and demand that such provider address such risk.
200	If the wireless provider fails to reasonably address the risk within 24 hours of the written
201	notice, the authority may take or cause to be taken actions to reasonably address such risk
202	and charge such wireless provider the reasonable documented cost of such actions.
203	(e) The authority may require a wireless provider to repair all damage to a right of way
204	directly caused by the activities of such wireless provider, while occupying, installing,
205	repairing, or maintaining wireless facilities, wireless support structures, or utility poles in
206	such right of way, and to return such right of way to its functional equivalence before the
207	damage pursuant to the competitively neutral, reasonable requirements and specifications

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208	of the authority. If the wireless provider fails to make the repairs required by the authority
209	within 30 days after written notice, the authority may effect those repairs and charge the
210	applicable party the reasonable documented cost of such repairs.
211	(f) Nothing in this chapter precludes an authority from adopting reasonable and
212	nondiscriminatory requirements with respect to the removal of abandoned small wireless
213	facilities. A small wireless facility that is not operated for a continuous period of 12
214	months shall be considered abandoned and the owner of such wireless facility must remove
215	such small wireless facility within 90 days after receipt of written notice from the authority
216	notifying such owner of such small wireless facility of the abandonment. The authority
217	shall send the notice by certified or registered mail, return receipt requested, to such owner
218	at the last known address of such owner of the small wireless facility. If the owner neither
219	provides written notice that the small wireless facility has not been out of operation for a
220	continuous period of 12 months nor removes such small wireless facility within the 90 day
221	period, the authority may remove or cause the removal of such small wireless facility
222	pursuant to the terms of its wireless support structure or utility pole attachment agreement
223	for authority poles or through whatever actions are provided for abatement of nuisances or
224	by other law for removal and cost recovery.
225	(g) If, in the reasonable exercise of its police powers, the Department of Transportation
226	or a local governing authority requires the widening, repair, reconstruction, or relocation
227	of a public road or highway, a wireless provider shall relocate utility poles or wireless
228	support structures it has installed in the right of way for the collocation of wireless facilities
229	pursuant to this Code section at no cost to the Department of Transportation or local
230	governing authority should such poles be found by the Department of Transportation or
231	local governing authority to be unreasonably interfering with the widening, repair,
232	reconstruction, or relocation project. If widening, repair, reconstruction, or relocation is
233	required as a condition or result of a project by an entity other than the Department of
234	Transportation or a local governing authority, the other entity shall bear the cost of
235	relocating such wireless support structures or utility poles. The wireless provider shall
236	relocate the wireless support structures or utility poles after it receives notice from the
237	Department of Transportation or local governing authority and within the time reasonably
238	provided for the relocation of other similarly situated structures.
239	(h) An authority shall not assess a rate for occupancy of the right of way pursuant to
240	paragraph (1) of subsection (b) of this Code section that exceeds, in total, an amount equal
241	to \$25.00 per year per small wireless facility.
242	(i) Subject to Code Section 36-66C-3, and except for facilities excluded from evaluation
243	for effects on historic properties under 47 C.F.R. Section 1.1307(a)(4), as such existed on
244	January 1, 2018, an authority may require reasonable, nondiscriminatory, and

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	18 LC 36 3668S
245	technologically neutral design or concealment measures in a historic district. Any such
246	design or concealment measures shall not be considered a part of the small wireless facility
247	for purposes of the size restrictions provided in paragraph (26) of Code Section 36-66C-1.
248	(j) An authority may adopt written guidelines establishing reasonable and objective stealth
249	or concealment criteria for small wireless facilities in designated downtown or residential
250	areas, reasonable and objective design criteria for small wireless facilities to be collocated
251	on decorative poles, and reasonable and objective design criteria for utility poles deployed
252	in areas with decorative poles. Such guidelines may be adopted only if they apply on a
253	nondiscriminatory basis to all other occupants of the right of way, including the authority
254	itself. A wireless provider that seeks to collocate small wireless facilities on a decorative
255	pole shall comply with Code Section 36-66C-3. A wireless provider that is required to
256	replace a decorative pole in compliance with Code Section 36-66C-5 shall conform the new
257	decorative pole to the design aesthetics and material look of the decorative pole being
258	replaced.
259	<u>36-66C-3.</u>
260	(a) The provisions of this Code section shall apply to the collocation of small wireless
261	facilities that comply with the height requirements of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of
262	Code Section 36-66C-2 by a wireless provider inside a right of way and to the permitting
263	of the construction, installation, maintenance, modification, operation, and replacement of
264	utility poles that comply with paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of Code Section 36-66C-2
265	by a wireless provider inside such right of way.
266	(b) A wireless provider shall not apply to install a utility pole unless such wireless provider
267	has determined after diligent investigation that it cannot meet the service objectives of the
268	permit by collocating on an existing utility pole or wireless support structure that meets the
269	criteria set forth in paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subsection. The authority may require a
270	wireless provider to certify that such wireless provider has made such a determination in
271	good faith, based on the assessment of a licensed engineer, and to provide a documented
272	summary of the basis for such determination. The wireless provider's determination shall
273	be based on whether such wireless provider can meet the service objectives of the permit
274	by collocating small wireless facilities on an existing structure on which:

- 275 (1) Such wireless provider has the right to collocate on the utility pole or wireless support structure, subject to reasonable terms and conditions; and 276
- (2) Such collocation would not impose technical limitations or significant additional 277 278 costs.
- 279 (c) An authority may require an applicant to obtain one or more permits to collocate a
- 280 small wireless facility or to construct, install, maintain, modify, operate, or replace a utility

281 pole, provided that such permits are of general applicability and do not apply exclusively

to small wireless facilities. An authority shall receive applications for, process, and issue
 such permits subject to the following requirements:

284 (1) An authority may not directly or indirectly require an applicant to perform services

unrelated to the collocation for which approval is sought, such as in-kind contributions
 to the authority, including reserving fiber, conduit, or space on a utility pole or a wireless
 support structure for the authority, and such authority may not require an applicant to
 transfer small wireless facilities or wireless support structures to the authority, provided
 that the authority may require transfer of an authority pole replaced by the applicant to
 accommodate its collocation;

- (2) An applicant shall not be required to provide more information to obtain a permit
  than communications services providers that are not wireless providers; provided,
  however, that an applicant shall be required to include construction and engineering
  drawings and information demonstrating compliance with the criteria in paragraph (6) of
  this subsection; provided, further that if the application includes a request to install a
  utility pole, such applicant shall be required to provide the certification and
  documentation required by subsection (b) of this Code section;
- 298 (3) If within 30 days of receiving an application the authority does not notify the 299 applicant that such application is incomplete, then such application shall be deemed 300 complete. If an application is incomplete, the authority shall specifically identify the 301 missing information and the applicant may cure the deficiencies identified by the 302 authority and resubmit the application within 20 days of the notice without paying an 303 additional application fee. The processing deadline in paragraph (5) of this subsection 304 shall be tolled from the time the authority sends the notice of incompleteness to the time 305 the applicant provides the missing information, and such processing deadline also may 306 be tolled by agreement of the applicant and the authority;
- 307 (4) The authority may require an applicant to include an attestation that the small
  308 wireless facilities will be operational for use by a wireless services provider within nine
  309 months after the permit issuance date, unless the authority and the applicant agree to
  310 extend such period or delay occurs due to lack of power to the wireless support structure
  311 or utility pole or lack of communications transport facilities to the wireless support
  312 structure or utility pole;
- 313 (5) An application shall be processed on a nondiscriminatory basis and deemed approved
- 314 if the authority fails to approve or deny the application within 75 days. An applicant shall
- 315 inform the authority in writing when it intends to act upon an application that has been
- 316 <u>deemed approved pursuant to this subsection;</u>
- 317 (6) An authority shall approve an application unless it:

318	(A) Materially interferes with the operation of traffic control equipment;
319	(B) Materially interferes with sight lines or clear zones for transportation or
320	pedestrians;
321	(C) Fails to comply with the Americans with Disabilities Act, 42 U.S.C. Section
322	12101, et seq., or similar federal or state standards regarding pedestrian access or
323	movement:
324	(D) Fails to comply with reasonable and nondiscriminatory spacing requirements of
325	general application adopted by ordinance concerning the location of ground mounted
326	equipment or new utility poles. Such spacing requirements shall not prevent a wireless
327	provider from serving any location;
328	(E) Fails to comply with applicable codes; or
329	(F) Fails to comply with paragraph (2) of subsection (b) or subsections (i) or (j) of
330	Code Section 36-66C-2.
331	(7) The authority shall document the basis for a denial, including the specific provisions
332	of law on which the denial was based, and send the documentation to the applicant on or
333	before the day the authority denies an application. The applicant may cure the
334	deficiencies identified by the authority and resubmit the application within 30 days of the
335	denial without paying an additional application fee. The authority shall approve or deny
336	the revised application within 30 days. Any subsequent review shall be limited to the
337	deficiencies cited in the denial;
338	(8) An applicant seeking to collocate small wireless facilities within the jurisdiction of
339	a single authority shall be allowed at the applicant's discretion to file a consolidated
340	application for the collocation of up to 15 small wireless facilities and receive a single
341	permit for the collocation of multiple small wireless facilities; provided, however, that
342	the denial of one or more small wireless facilities in a consolidated application shall not
343	delay processing of any other small wireless facilities in the same application. An
344	authority may prohibit an applicant from submitting an additional application when such
345	applicant has at least eight pending consolidated applications. For purposes of this
346	paragraph, a request to install a utility pole with a collocated small wireless facility shall
347	constitute a single request;
348	(9) Collocation for which a permit is granted shall be operational for use by a wireless
349	services provider within nine months after the permit issuance date unless the authority
350	and the applicant agree to extend this period or a delay occurs due to lack of power to the
351	wireless support structure or utility pole or lack of communications facilities to the
352	wireless support structure or utility pole. If the wireless services provider fails within
353	such nine-month period to collocate small wireless facilities that are operational for use
354	by a wireless services provider, the permit shall be void and such wireless services

LC 36 3668S

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355	provider shall be subject to a fine of not more than \$500.00, unless such time period is						
356	extended or the failure is due to delay provided for in this paragraph. Approval of an						
357	application authorizes the applicant to:						
358	(A) Undertake the installation or collocation; and						
359	(B) Subject to applicable relocation requirements and the applicant's right to terminate						
360	at any time, operate and maintain the small wireless facilities and any associated utility						
361	poles covered by the permit for a period of not less than ten years, which shall be						
362	renewed for equivalent durations so long as they are in compliance with the criteria set						
363	forth in paragraph (6) of this subsection; and						
364	(10) An authority may not institute, either expressly or de facto, a moratorium on:						
365	(A) Filing, receiving, or processing applications; or						
366	(B) Issuing permits or other approvals, if any, for the collocation of small wireless						
367	facilities.						
368	(d) Application fees shall be subject to the following requirements:						
369	(1) An authority may charge an application fee only if such fee is required for similar						
370	types of commercial development within the authority's jurisdiction;						
371	(2) An authority shall only charge fees for the actual, direct, and reasonable costs						
372	incurred by the authority relating to the granting or processing of an application. Such						
373	fees shall be reasonably related in time to the incurring of such costs. Where such costs						
374	are already recovered by existing fees, rates, or taxes paid by a wireless provider, no						
375	application fee shall be assessed to recover such costs;						
376	(3) A fee may not include:						
377	(A) Travel expenses incurred by a third party in its review of an application; or						
378	(B) Direct payment or reimbursement of third-party rates or fees charged on a						
379	contingency basis or a result based arrangement;						
380	(4) In any controversy concerning the appropriateness of a fee, the authority shall have						
381	the burden of proving that the fee is reasonably related to the actual, direct, and						
382	reasonable costs incurred by the authority;						
383	(5) Except as provided in paragraph (6) of this subsection, total application fees, where						
384	permitted, shall not exceed the lesser of the amount charged by the authority for:						
385	(A) A building permit for any similar commercial construction, activity, or land use						
386	development; or						
387	(B) One hundred dollars each for up to five small wireless facilities addressed in an						
388	application and \$50.00 for each additional small wireless facility addressed in the						
389	application; and						
390	(6) For the collocation of small cell wireless facilities on authority poles that are not						
391	owned or operated by an entity through which a municipality furnishes retail electric						

LC 36 3668S

392	service, total application fees shall not exceed the lesser of the amount charged by the							
393	authority for:							
394	(A) A building permit for any similar commercial construction, activity, or land use							
395	development; or							
396	(B) Two hundred dollars each for up to five small wireless facilities addressed in an							
397	application and \$100.00 for each additional small wireless facility addressed in the							
398	application.							
399	(e)(1) An authority shall not require an application for:							
400	(A) Routine maintenance; or							
401	(B) The replacement of wireless facilities with wireless facilities that are substantially							
402	similar in nature or the same size or smaller.							
403	(2) An authority may, however, require a permit to work within a right of way for such							
404	activities, if applicable. Any such permits shall not be subject to the requirements							
405	provided in subsections (c) and (d) of this Code section.							
406	(f) An authority shall not require a permit or any other approval or require fees or rates for							
407	the installation, placement, maintenance, operation, or replacement of micro wireless							
408	facilities that are suspended on cables or power lines that are strung between utility poles							
409	or wireless support structures in compliance with applicable codes. Nothing in this							
410	subsection shall be construed to allow the installation, placement, maintenance, operation,							
411	or replacement of micro wireless facilities on such cables or power lines without the							
412	agreement, authorization, or permission of the person owning, managing, or controlling							
413	such cables or power lines.							
414	(g) If multiple applications are received by the authority to install two or more utility poles							
415	that would violate applicable spacing requirements under subparagraph (c)(6)(D) of this							
416	Code section, or to collocate two or more small wireless facilities on the same wireless							
417	support structure or utility pole, the authority shall resolve conflicting requests in an							
418	appropriate, reasonable, and nondiscriminatory manner.							
419	<u>36-66C-4.</u>							
420	(a) The provisions of this Code section shall apply to reviews of applications for the							
421	construction, installation, maintenance, modification, operation, or replacement of wireless							
422	facilities, wireless support structures, and utility poles and for substantial modifications							
423	inside a right of way. The provisions of this Code section shall not apply to the collocation							
424	of small wireless facilities or the permitting of the construction, installation, maintenance,							
425	modification, operation, and replacement of utility poles to which Code Section 36-66C-3							
426	applies.							

427 (b) Authorities shall process applications within the following time frames:

428	(1) If within 30 days of receiving an application the authority does not notify the							
429	applicant that such application is incomplete, then such application shall be deemed							
430	complete. If an application is incomplete, the authority shall specifically identify the							
431	missing application information in the notice;							
432	(2) An application under this Code section shall be processed on a nondiscriminatory							
433	basis and deemed approved if the authority fails to approve or deny the application							
434	within 150 calendar days of receipt of an application for installation of a new wireless							
435	support structure or within 90 calendar days of receipt of an application described in							
436	subsection (a) of this Code section or for a substantial modification. The time period for							
437	approval may be tolled to accommodate timely requests for information required to							
438	complete the application or may be extended by mutual agreement between the applicant							
439	and the authority; and							
440	(3) A decision to deny an application pursuant to this Code section shall be in writing							
441	and supported by substantial evidence contained in a written record and publicly released							
442	contemporaneously. If an authority denies an application, there must be a reasonable							
443	basis for the denial. An authority shall not deny an application if such denial is							
444	discriminatory against the applicant with respect to the placement of the facilities of other							
445	wireless providers.							
446	(c) Application fees shall be subject to the same requirements as in paragraphs (1) through							
447	(4) of subsection (d) of Code Section 36-66C-3 and the total application fees, where							
448	permitted, shall not exceed the lesser of the amount charged by the authority for:							
449	(1) A building permit for any similar commercial construction, activity, or land use							
450	development; or							
451	(2) One thousand dollars for a new wireless support structure or a substantial							
452	modification of a wireless support structure.							
453	(d) An authority shall receive and process applications under this Code section subject to							
454	the following requirements:							
455	(1) An authority shall not require an applicant to submit information about an applicant's							
456	business decisions with respect to the need for the wireless facilities, wireless support							
457	structure, or utility pole;							
458	(2) An authority shall not require an applicant to submit information about or evaluate							
459	an applicant's business decisions with respect to its service, customer demand for service,							
460	or quality of service;							
461	(3) Any requirements regarding the appearance of facilities, including those relating to							
462	materials used for arranging, screening, or landscaping, must be reasonable;							
463	(4) Any setback or fall zone requirements must be substantially similar to such a							
464	requirement that is imposed on other types of commercial structures of a similar height;							

- 465 (5) An approval term of an application shall be without expiration, except that
  466 construction of the approved structure or facilities shall commence within one year of
  467 final approval, and be diligently pursued to completion; and
  468 (6) An authority may not institute, either expressly or de facto, a moratorium on:
- 469 (A) Filing, receiving, or processing applications; or
- 470 (B) Issuing approvals for substantial modifications or installations that are subject to
- 471 <u>this Code section.</u>

472 <u>36-66C-5.</u>

- 473 (a) An authority shall not enter into an exclusive arrangement with any person for the right
- 474 to attach to authority poles. A person who purchases or otherwise acquires an authority
- 475 pole is subject to the requirements of this Code section unless such requirements are
  476 contrary to federal law.
- (b) Except as set forth in subsection (c) of this Code section, the rates and fees for
  collocations on authority poles shall be nondiscriminatory regardless of the services
  provided by the collocating wireless provider and shall not exceed \$40.00 per year per
- 480 <u>authority pole.</u>
- 481 (c) To the extent that a written agreement between a wireless provider and an authority
   482 providing rates and fees for collocations on poles owned or operated by any entity through
   483 which a municipality furnishes retail electric service becomes effective between June 1,
- 484 2018, and May 31, 2019, such rates and fees shall apply as set forth in such agreement.
- 485 (d) In any controversy concerning the appropriateness of a rate for an authority pole, the
- 486 <u>authority shall have the burden of proving that the rates are reasonably related to the actual,</u>
- 487 direct, and reasonable costs incurred for use of space on the pole for such period. This
- 488 <u>subsection shall not apply to rates and fees for collocations on authority poles set forth in</u>
  489 <u>a written agreement described in subsection (c) of this Code section.</u>
- 489 <u>a written agreement described in subsection (c) of this Code section.</u>
- 490 (e) Should an authority have an existing authority pole attachment rate, fee, or other term
- 491 that does not comply with the requirements of this Code section, it shall reform such rate,
- 492 <u>fee, or term in compliance with this Code section by January 1, 2019.</u>
- 493 (f) Authorities shall offer rates, fees, and other terms that comply with subsections (b)
- 494 through (e) of this Code section. On and after January 1, 2019, an authority shall make
- 495 <u>available the rates, fees, and terms for the collocation of small wireless facilities on</u>
  496 <u>authority poles that comply with the following:</u>
- 497 (1) The rates, fees, and terms shall be nondiscriminatory, competitively neutral, and
   498 commercially reasonable and shall comply with this chapter. Such rates, fees, and terms
   499 shall be made publicly available so that a wireless provider may accept them without

- 500 negotiation. Documents reflecting the rates, fees, and terms entered into with each 501 wireless provider shall be made publicly available; 502 (2) For make-ready work required for authority poles that support aerial cables used for 503 the provision of services by communications services providers or for electric service, the parties shall comply with all applicable federal laws and rules and regulations 504 505 promulgated thereunder as such existed on January 1, 2018, including, but not limited to 506 47 U.S.C. Section 224. The good faith estimate of the person owning or controlling the 507 authority pole for any make-ready work necessary to enable the authority pole to support 508 the requested collocation shall include authority pole replacement if necessary; 509 (3) For authority poles that do not support aerial cables used for video services, 510 communications services, or electric service, the authority shall provide a good faith
- 511 estimate for any make-ready work necessary to enable the authority pole to support the
- 512 requested collocation, including authority pole replacement if necessary, within 60 days
- 513 <u>after receipt of a complete application</u>. <u>Make-ready work including any authority pole</u>
- 514 <u>replacement shall be completed within 60 days of written acceptance of the good faith</u>
- 515 estimate by the applicant; and
- 516 (4) An authority shall not require more make-ready work than required to meet
   517 applicable codes or the authority's generally applicable safety, reliability, or engineering
   518 standards that reasonably accommodate the collocation of small wireless facilities. Fees
   519 for make-ready work shall not include costs related to preexisting or prior damage or
   520 noncompliance. Fees for make-ready work including any authority pole replacement
- 521 <u>shall not exceed actual costs or the amount charged to other communications services</u>
- 522 providers for similar work and shall not include any consultants' fees or expenses.
- 523 <u>36-66C-6.</u>
- 524 Nothing in this chapter shall authorize this state or any political subdivision thereof,
- 525 <u>including, but not limited to, an authority, to require wireless facility deployment or to</u> 526 regulate wireless services
- 526 <u>regulate wireless services.</u>
- 527 <u>36-66C-7.</u>
- 528 <u>A court of competent jurisdiction shall have jurisdiction to determine all disputes arising</u>
   529 <u>under this chapter.</u>
- 530 <u>36-66C-8.</u>
- 531 (a) An authority shall not require a communications services provider to indemnify and
- 532 hold the authority and its officers and employees harmless against any claims, lawsuits,
- 533 judgments, costs, liens, losses, expenses, or fees, except when a court of competent

- jurisdiction has found that the negligence of the communications services provider while
  installing, repairing, or maintaining caused the harm that created such claims, lawsuits,
  judgments, costs, liens, losses, expenses, or fees, or to require a communications services
  provider to obtain insurance naming the authority or its officers and employees an
  additional insured against any of the foregoing.
- 539 (b) In no event shall any authority or any officer, employee, or agent affiliated therewith
- 540 <u>be liable for any claim related to the siting or location of wireless equipment, facilities,</u>
- 541 poles, or infrastructure, including, but not limited to, any claim for destruction, damage,
- 542 <u>business interruption, or signal interference with other communications services providers</u>
- 543 wherein such siting or location and associated installation and permitting was undertaken
- 544 in substantial compliance with this chapter. This subsection shall not apply to gross
- 545 <u>negligence or willful misconduct.</u>

546 <u>36-66C-9.</u>

547 A wireless provider that installs utility poles designed to support its own small wireless 548 facilities in the rights of way in this state shall allow another wireless provider to collocate 549 small wireless facilities on such utility poles, subject to technical feasibility and 550 commercially reasonable rates, terms, and conditions, if the other wireless provider agrees 551 in writing to make available similar utility poles in the rights of way in this state for collocation subject to the same rates, terms, and conditions. The wireless provider seeking 552 553 collocation shall be entitled to collocate on the same number of utility poles designed to 554 support small wireless facilities as such wireless provider makes available in this state to 555 the wireless provider that installed the poles upon which it seeks to collocate. A wireless 556 provider that installs a utility pole designed to support the small wireless facilities of other 557 wireless providers shall allow more than one wireless provider to collocate on the pole, 558 subject to technical feasibility and commercially reasonable rates, terms and conditions.

559 <u>36-66C-10.</u>

(a) To the extent an authority does not adopt any ordinances or resolutions or enter into 560 561 agreements that implement the provisions of this chapter or to the extent such ordinances, 562 resolutions, or agreements are determined not to comply with this chapter or are otherwise 563 determined to be invalid, wireless providers may collocate small wireless facilities and 564 construct, install, maintain, modify, operate, and replace utility poles in the right of way 565 pursuant to the requirements set forth in this chapter. (b) Except as provided in this chapter or otherwise specifically authorized by state law, an 566 567 authority shall not adopt or enforce any ordinances, regulations, or requirements as to the 568 placement or operation of communications facilities in a right of way by a communications

569	services provider	authorized by	state or local	law to operate	e in a right	of way,	, regulate a	any
	-	•		*	Ū	•	•	

- 570 <u>communications services, or impose or collect any tax, fee, or charge for the provision of</u>
- 571 <u>communications services over the communications services provider's communications</u>
   572 facilities in a right of way.

573 <u>36-66C-11.</u>

- 574 The approval of the installation, placement, maintenance, or operation of a small wireless
- 575 <u>facility pursuant to this chapter shall not authorize the provision of any communications</u>
- 576 services or the installation, placement, maintenance, or operation of any communications
- 577 <u>facility, including a wireline backhaul facility, other than a small wireless facility, in a right</u>
- 578 <u>of way.</u>

579 <u>36-66C-12.</u>

- 580 Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to impose or otherwise affect any tariff,
- 581 contractual obligation or right, or federal or state law addressing utility poles, wireless

582 support structures, or electric transmission structures or equipment of any type owned or

583 <u>controlled by an investor owned electric utility or an electric membership corporation.</u>

584 <u>36-66C-13.</u>

- In the event of any conflict between the provisions of this chapter and the provisions of
   Chapter 66B of this title, this chapter shall control as to the collocation of wireless facilities
- 587 and the construction installation, maintenance, modification, operation, and replacement
- 588 of utility poles and wireless support structures by wireless providers in the right of way."
- 589 **SECTION 2.**
- 590 This Act shall become effective on July 1, 2018.
- 591

## SECTION 3.

592 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.