Senate Bill 392

By: Senators Robertson of the 29th, Mullis of the 53rd, Albers of the 56th, Harper of the 7th, Dugan of the 30th and others

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

- 1 To amend Chapter 8 of Title 35 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to
- 2 employment and training of peace officers, so as to enact a bill of rights for peace officers
- 3 under investigation; to provide for interrogation procedures; to provide for compliance
- 4 review panels; to provide for the right to bring suit; to provide for the right of notice of
- 5 disciplinary action; to provide for limitations of disciplinary actions; to provide for related
- 6 matters; to repeal conflicting laws; and for other purposes.

7 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

8 SECTION 1.

- 9 Chapter 8 of Title 35 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to employment and
- 10 training of peace officers, is amended by adding a new Code section to read as follows:
- 11 "<u>35-8-7.3.</u>
- 12 (a) This Code section shall be known and may be cited as the 'Peace Officers Bill of
- 13 Rights.'
- 14 (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, whenever a peace officer
- 15 serving in the State of Georgia is under investigation and subject to interrogation by
- members of a law enforcement agency for any reason that could lead to disciplinary action,
- 17 <u>suspension, demotion, or dismissal, the interrogation shall be conducted under the</u>
- 18 <u>following conditions:</u>
- 19 (1) The interrogation shall be conducted at a reasonable hour, preferably at a time when
- 20 <u>the peace officer is on duty, unless the seriousness of the investigation is of such a degree</u>
- 21 <u>that immediate action is required;</u>
- 22 (2) The interrogation shall take place either at the office of the command of the
- 23 <u>investigating officer or at the office in which the incident allegedly occurred, as</u>
- 24 <u>designated by the investigating officer or agency;</u>
- 25 (3) The peace officer under investigation shall be informed of the rank, name, and
- 26 command of the officer in charge of the investigation, the interrogating officer, and all
- 27 persons present during the interrogation. All questions directed to the officer under

28 interrogation shall be asked by or through one officer during any one interrogation, unless 29 specifically waived by the officer under investigation; 30 (4) The peace officer under investigation shall be informed of the nature of the 31 investigation before any interrogation begins and of the names of all complainants. All 32 identifiable witnesses shall be interviewed, whenever possible, prior to beginning the 33 interrogation of an officer. The complaint, all witness statements, all existing officer 34 statements, and all other existing evidence, including, but not limited to, incident reports, GPS locator information, and audio or video recordings relating to the incident under 35 investigation, shall be provided to each officer who is the subject of the complaint before 36 37 beginning any interrogation of that officer. An officer, after being informed of the right 38 to review witness statements, may voluntarily waive the provisions of this paragraph and 39 provide a voluntary statement at any time; 40 (5) Interrogating sessions shall be for reasonable periods of time and shall allow for such personal necessities and recess periods as are reasonably necessary; 41 42 (6) The formal interrogation of a peace officer, including all recess periods, shall be 43 recorded on audio tape or otherwise preserved in such a manner as to allow a transcript 44 to be prepared, and there shall be no unrecorded questions or statements. Upon the 45 request of an interrogated officer, a copy of any recording of an interrogation session 46 shall be made available to the interrogated officer no later than 72 hours, excluding 47 holidays and weekends, following his or her interrogation; 48 (7) If the peace officer under interrogation is under arrest, or is likely to be placed under 49 arrest as a result of the interrogation, he or she shall be informed of all of his or her rights 50 before commencing the interrogation; 51 (8) The peace officer under interrogation shall not be subjected to offensive language or be threatened with transfer, dismissal, or disciplinary action. A promise or reward shall 52 53 not be made as an inducement to answer any questions; and 54 (9) At the request of a peace officer under investigation, he or she has the right to be 55 represented by legal counsel of his or her choice, who shall be present at all times during the interrogation whenever the interrogation relates to the officer's involvement in a 56 57 <u>critical incident resulting in serious injury or death.</u> 58 (c) The rights and privileges provided by this Code section do not limit the right of a law 59 enforcement agency to discipline or to pursue criminal charges against an officer. 60 (d) A peace officer shall have the right to bring a civil suit against any person, group of persons, organization, or corporation, or the head of an organization or corporation, for 61

damages, either pecuniary or otherwise, suffered during the officer's performance of

official duties, for abridgment of the officer's civil rights arising out of the officer's

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64 performance of official duties, or for filing a complaint against the officer which the person

- 65 <u>knew was false when it was filed.</u>
- 66 (e) A dismissal, demotion, transfer, reassignment, or other action that might result in loss
- of pay or benefits, or that might otherwise be considered a punitive measure, may not be
- 68 <u>taken against a peace officer unless the peace officer is notified of the action and the reason</u>
- or reasons for the action before the effective date of the action.
- 70 (f) Whenever a peace officer is subject to disciplinary action consisting of suspension with
- 71 loss of pay, demotion, or dismissal, the officer or the officer's representative shall, upon
- 72 request, be provided with:
- 73 (1) A complete copy of the investigative file;
- 74 (2) The final investigative report and all evidence; and
- 75 (3) The opportunity to address the findings in the report with the employing law
- 76 enforcement agency before imposing disciplinary action consisting of suspension with
- 77 <u>loss of pay, demotion, or dismissal.</u>
- 78 (g) No peace officer shall be dismissed, disciplined, demoted, suspended, or denied
- 79 promotion, transfer, or reassignment or be otherwise discriminated against in regard to
- 80 employment or appointment, or be threatened with any such treatment, by reason of his or
- 81 <u>her exercise of the rights granted by this Code section.</u>
- 82 (h) Except as provided in this subsection, disciplinary action, suspension, demotion, or
- 83 <u>dismissal shall not be undertaken by a law enforcement agency against a peace officer for</u>
- 84 any act, omission, or other allegation of misconduct if the investigation of the allegation
- is not completed within 120 days after the date the agency receives notice of the allegation.
- 86 If the agency determines that disciplinary action is appropriate, it shall complete its
- 87 <u>investigation and give notice in writing to the peace officer of its intent to proceed with</u>
- 88 <u>disciplinary action, along with a proposal of the specific action sought, including length of</u>
- 89 <u>suspension, if applicable, as follows:</u>
- 90 (1) Notice to the officer shall be provided within 120 days after the date the agency
- 91 <u>received notice of the alleged misconduct, except as follows:</u>
- 92 (A) The running of the limitations period may be tolled for a period specified in a
- written waiver of the limitation by the peace officer under investigation;
- 94 (B) The running of the limitations period is tolled during the time that any criminal
- 95 <u>investigation or prosecution is pending in connection with the act, omission, or other</u>
- 96 <u>allegation of misconduct;</u>
- 97 (C) If the investigation involves an officer who is incapacitated or otherwise
- 98 <u>unavailable, the running of the limitations period is tolled during the period of such</u>
- 99 <u>incapacitation or unavailability;</u>

100 (D) In a multijurisdictional investigation, the limitations period may be extended for a period of time reasonably necessary to facilitate the coordination of the agencies 101 102 involved; 103 (E) The running of the limitations period may be tolled for emergencies or natural 104 disasters during the time period wherein the Governor has declared a state of emergency 105 within the jurisdictional boundaries of the law enforcement agency; and 106 (F) The running of the limitations period is tolled during the time that the officer's 107 compliance hearing proceeding is continuing, beginning with the filing of the notice of 108 violation and a request for a hearing and ending with the written determination of the 109 compliance review panel or upon the violation being remedied by the law enforcement 110 agency; 111 (2) An investigation against a peace officer may be reopened, notwithstanding the 112 limitations period for commencing disciplinary action, demotion, or dismissal, if: (A) Significant new evidence has been discovered that is likely to affect the outcome 113 114 of the investigation; and 115 (B) The evidence could not have reasonably been discovered in the normal course of 116 investigation or the evidence resulted from the predisciplinary response of the officer; 117 <u>and</u> 118 (3) Any disciplinary action resulting from an investigation that is reopened pursuant to paragraph (2) of this subsection shall be completed within 90 days after the date the 119 120 investigation is reopened. 121 (i) Every law enforcement agency shall establish and put into operation a system for the receipt, investigation, and determination of complaints received by such agency from any 122 123 person, which shall be the procedure for investigating a complaint against a law 124 enforcement officer and for determining whether to proceed with disciplinary action or to 125 file disciplinary charges, notwithstanding any other law or ordinance to the contrary. When 126 law enforcement personnel assigned the responsibility of investigating the complaint 127 prepare an investigative report or summary, regardless of form, the person preparing the report shall, at the time the report is completed: 128 129 (1) Verify that the contents of the report are true and accurate based upon the person's 130 personal knowledge, information, and belief; 131 (2) Include the following statement, sworn and subscribed to: 132 I, the undersigned, do hereby swear under penalty of perjury that, to the best of my personal knowledge, information, and belief, I have not knowingly or willfully deprived, 133 134 or allowed another to deprive, the subject of the investigation of any of the rights 135 contained in the Constitution of the United States, the Constitution of Georgia, or any 136 Georgia statutes'; and

137 (3) The requirements of paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subsection shall be completed prior to determining whether to proceed with disciplinary action or file disciplinary charges. 138 139 This subsection shall not preclude the council from exercising its authority under Georgia 140 <u>law.</u> 141 (i)(1) A complaint filed against a peace officer with a law enforcement agency and all 142 information obtained pursuant to the investigation by the agency of the complaint shall 143 be deemed confidential and exempt from disclosure under the provisions of Article 4 of 144 Chapter 18 of Title 50 until the investigation ceases to be active or until the chief 145 administrator of the agency or his or her designee provides written notice to the officer 146 who is the subject of the complaint, either personally or by mail, that the agency has 147 either: 148 (A) Concluded the investigation with a finding not to proceed with disciplinary action 149 or to file charges; or 150 (B) Concluded the investigation with a finding to proceed with disciplinary action or 151 to file charges. 152 (2) The officer who is the subject of the complaint, along with legal counsel or any other representative of his or her choice, may review the complaint and all statements, 153 154 regardless of form made, by the complainant and witnesses. 155 (3) For the purposes of this subsection, an investigation shall be considered active so long as it continues with a reasonable, good faith anticipation that an administrative finding 156 157 will be made in the foreseeable future. An investigation shall be presumed to be inactive 158 if no finding is made within 45 days after the complaint is filed. 159 (k) Notwithstanding other provisions of this Code section, the complaint and any 160 investigative information shall be available to: 161 (1) Law enforcement agencies, correctional agencies, and prosecuting attorneys in the 162 conduct of a lawful criminal investigation; 163 (2) A peace officer may attach to the investigative file a concise statement in response to 164 any items included in the file identified by the officer as derogatory, and copies of such items shall be made available to the officer; and 165 166 (3) Any person who is a participant in an internal investigation, including the 167 complainant, the subject of the investigation, the subject's legal counsel or a representative of his or her choice, the investigator conducting the investigation, and any witnesses in the 168 169 investigation, who willfully discloses any information obtained pursuant to the agency's investigation, including, but not limited to, the identity of the officer under investigation, 170 the nature of the questions asked, information revealed, or documents furnished in 171 172 connection with a confidential internal investigation of an agency, before such complaint,

document, action, or proceeding becomes a public record as provided in this Code section

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commits a misdemeanor, punishable as provided in Code Section 16-10-24. However, this subsection shall not limit a law enforcement officer's ability to gain access to 175 176 information under paragraph (1) of this subsection. Additionally, the chief administrator 177 of a law enforcement agency or his or her designee is not precluded by this subsection 178 from acknowledging the existence of a complaint and the fact that an investigation is 179 underway. 180 (1)(1) Each law enforcement agency of this state shall establish a compliance review panel which shall be composed of three members. One member shall be selected by the chief 181 182 administrator of the law enforcement agency, one member shall be selected by the peace 183 officer under investigation, and a third member shall be selected by the other two 184 members. Law enforcement agencies having more than 100 peace officers shall utilize 185 a five-member board, with two members being selected by the chief administrator of the 186 law enforcement agency, two members being selected by the peace officer under investigation, and the fifth member being selected by the other four members. The board 187 188 members shall be peace officers selected from any state, county, or municipal law 189 enforcement agency in this state. (2) If any law enforcement agency, including investigators in its internal affairs or 190 191 professional standards division or an assigned investigating supervisor, intentionally fails 192 to comply with the requirements of this part, the following procedures apply: 193 (A) The peace officer shall advise the investigator of the intentional violation of the 194 requirements of this part which is alleged to have occurred. The officer's notice of 195 violation is sufficient to notify the investigator of the requirements of this part which are 196 alleged to have been violated and the factual basis of each violation; (B) If the investigator fails to cure the violation or continues the violation after being 197 198 notified by the peace officer, the officer shall request the chief administrator of the 199 agency or his or her designee be informed of the alleged intentional violation. Once this 200 request is made, the interview of the officer shall cease, and the officer's refusal to 201 respond to further investigative questions shall not constitute insubordination or any 202 similar type of violation; 203 (C) Within three working days, a written notice of violation and request for a 204 compliance review hearing shall be filed with the chief administrator of the agency or his or her designee which must contain sufficient information to identify the 205 requirements of this part which are alleged to have been violated and the factual basis 206 of each violation. All evidence related to the investigation shall be preserved for review 207 and presentation at the compliance review hearing. For purposes of confidentiality, the 208 209 compliance review panel hearing shall be considered part of the original investigation; 210 <u>and</u>

211 (D) Unless otherwise remedied by the agency before the hearing, a compliance review 212 hearing shall be conducted within ten working days after the request for a compliance 213 review hearing is filed, unless by mutual agreement of the officer and agency or for 214 extraordinary reasons an alternate date is chosen. The panel shall review the 215 <u>circumstances</u> and facts surrounding the alleged intentional violation. 216 (3) It is the responsibility of the compliance review panel to determine whether or not the 217 investigator or law enforcement agency intentionally violated the requirements of this part. It may hear evidence, review relevant documents, and hear argument before making 218 219 such a determination; provided however, that all evidence received shall be strictly limited 220 to the allegation under consideration and may not be related to any disciplinary charges pending against the officer. The investigative materials are considered confidential for 221 222 purposes of the compliance review hearing and determination. 223 (4) The officer under investigation bears the burden of proof to establish that the violation of this part was intentional. The standard of proof for such a determination shall by a 224 225 preponderance of the evidence. The determination of the panel shall be made at the 226 conclusion of the hearing, in writing, and filed with the chief administrator of the law enforcement agency and the officer under investigation. 227 228 (5) If the alleged violation is sustained as intentional by the compliance review panel, the 229 chief administrator of the law enforcement agency shall immediately remove the investigator from any further involvement with the investigation of the officer. 230 231 Additionally, the chief administrator shall cause an investigation to be initiated against the 232 investigator determined to have intentionally violated the requirements of this part for purposes of agency disciplinary action. If that investigation is sustained, the sustained 233 234 allegations against the investigator shall be forwarded to the council for review as an act 235 of official misconduct or misuse of position."

236 **SECTION 2.**

All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.