Senate Bill 375

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

By: Senators Mullis of the 53rd, Dixon of the 45th, Albers of the 56th, Hickman of the 4th, Gooch of the 51st and others

## A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

To amend Titles 20, 36, and 50 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to education, local government, and state government, respectively, so as to require state agencies and certain local government entities to take measures to prevent the use of curricula or training programs which act upon, promote, or encourage certain concepts, with exceptions; to require state agencies and certain local government entities to prohibit discrimination on the basis of race, sex, and other characteristics protected by law; to require that diversity and inclusion training programs and similar efforts directed to the employees of state agencies and certain local government entities shall encourage such employees not to judge each other based on race, sex, or any characteristic protected by federal or state law; to provide for certain responsibilities of state agency heads, governing authorities of counties and municipal corporations, local boards of education, and local school superintendents; to provide for annual compliance reviews and annual compliance reports by heads of state agencies; to provide for the designation of at least one official of each state agency to be responsible for ensuring compliance; to provide for appropriate disciplinary action for noncompliance; to provide for review by the Department of Administrative Services of all state agency diversity and inclusion training programs; to require contracts with state agencies and certain local government entities entered into or renewed after a certain date to include a provision allowing for the termination of such contract if the contractor provides

a workforce training program which acts upon, promotes, or encourages certain concepts; to require contractors to provide certification before entering into or renewing contacts with state agencies and certain local government entities; to provide for reporting contractor violations and for penalties relating to such violations; to provide for definitions; to provide for statutory construction; to provide for related matters; to repeal conflicting laws; and for other purposes.

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

SECTION 1.

- 27 Title 20 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to education, is amended by
- 28 adding a new Code section to read as follows:
- 29 "20-1-11.

- 30 (a) As used in this Code section, the term:
- 31 (1) 'Divisive concepts' means any of the following concepts, including views espousing
- 32 such concepts:
- 33 (A) One race or sex is inherently superior to another race or sex;
- 34 (B) The United States of America is fundamentally racist or sexist;
- 35 (C) An individual, by virtue of his or her race or sex, is inherently racist, sexist, or
- 36 oppressive, whether consciously or subconsciously;
- 37 (D) An individual should be discriminated against or receive adverse treatment solely
- or partly because of his or her race or sex;
- 39 (E) Members of one race or sex cannot and should not attempt to treat others without
- 40 <u>respect to race or sex;</u>
- 41 (F) An individual's moral character is inherently determined by his or her race or sex;
- 42 (G) An individual, by virtue of his or her race or sex, bears responsibility for actions
- committed in the past by other individuals of the same race or sex;

44 (H) An individual should feel discomfort, guilt, anguish, or any other form of psychological distress because of his or her race or sex;

- 46 (I) Meritocracy or traits such as a hard work ethic are racist or sexist or were created 47 by individuals of a particular race to oppress individuals of another race; or
- 48 (J) Any other form of race or sex scapegoating or race or sex stereotyping.
- (2) 'Race or sex scapegoating' means assigning fault, blame, or bias to a race or sex, or to an individual of a particular race or sex because of his or her race or sex. The term includes, but is not limited to, any claim that an individual of a particular race or sex, consciously or subconsciously, and by virtue of his or her race or sex, is inherently racist,
- inherently sexist, or is inherently inclined to oppress others.

64

65

66

67

68

69

- (3) 'Race or sex stereotyping' means ascribing character traits, values, moral and ethical
   codes, privileges, status, or beliefs to a race or sex, or to an individual because of his or
   her race or sex.
- (b) Each local board of education and local school superintendent shall prohibit employees
   from discriminating against students and other employees based on race, sex, or any
   characteristic protected by federal or state law.
- 60 (c)(1) Each local board of education and local school superintendent shall ensure that all diversity and inclusion efforts directed to the employees of their respective local school systems shall encourage such employees not to judge each other based on race, sex, or any characteristic protected by federal or state law.
  - (2) Each local board of education or local school superintendent may provide for curricula or training programs that foster learning and workplace environments where all students, employees, and school community members are respected and that promote diversity and inclusiveness; provided, however, that any curriculum or mandatory training program, whether taught or facilitated by school personnel or a third party engaged by the local school system, may not teach, act upon, promote, or encourage divisive concepts, race or sex scapegoating, or race or sex stereotyping; and provided,

further, that this subsection shall not be construed to prohibit a school administrator,
teacher, other school personnel, or an individual facilitating a training program from
responding in an objective manner and without endorsement to questions regarding
specific divisive concepts raised by students, school community members, or participants

- 75 <u>in a training program.</u>
- (d)(1) Any contract for goods or services entered into or renewed by or on behalf of a
  local board of education or local school system on or after January 1, 2023, must contain
  a provision that allows for the termination of the contract at the option of the awarding
  entity if the contractor has during the previous year provided a workforce training
  program to its employees or subcontractors which acted upon, promoted, or encouraged
  divisive concepts, race or sex scapegoating, or race or sex stereotyping.
- (2) At the time a contractor submits a bid or proposal for a contract or before the contractor enters into or renews a contract for goods or services with a local board of education or local school system, the contractor must certify that the contractor will not provide workforce training programs that act upon, promote, or encourage divisive concepts, race or sex scapegoating, or race or sex stereotyping for the duration of the contract.
- 88 (e) Nothing in this Code section shall be construed to do any of the following:
- (1) Inhibit or violate the rights protected by the Constitutions of Georgia and the United
   States of America or undermine intellectual freedom and free expression;
- 91 (2) Infringe upon the intellectual vitality of students and employees of local boards of 92 education and local school systems;
- 93 (3) Prevent a local board of education or local school system from promoting diversity 94 or inclusiveness; provided, however, that such efforts do not conflict with the
- 95 requirements of this Code section and other applicable laws;
- 96 (4) Prohibit the discussion of divisive concepts, as part of a larger course of instruction, 97 in an objective manner and without endorsement;

98 (5) Prohibit the use of curriculum that addresses topics of sexism, slavery, racial 99 oppression, racial segregation, or racial discrimination, including topics relating to the 100 enactment and enforcement of laws resulting in such sexism, oppression, segregation, and 101 discrimination; 102 (6) Create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity 103 by any party against a local board of education or a local school system, or its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person; 104 105 or (7) Prohibit a state or federal court or agency of competent jurisdiction from ordering 106 107 training or other remedial action that discusses divisive concepts due to a finding of discrimination, including discrimination based on race or sex." 108 109 **SECTION 2.** Title 36 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to local government, is amended 110 111 by adding a new Code section to read as follows: "<u>36-</u>60-30. 112 113 (a) As used in this Code section, the term: 114 (1) 'Divisive concepts' means any of the following concepts, including views espousing 115 such concepts: 116 (A) One race or sex is inherently superior to another race or sex: 117 (B) The United States of America is fundamentally racist or sexist; 118 (C) An individual, by virtue of his or her race or sex, is inherently racist, sexist, or 119 oppressive, whether consciously or subconsciously: 120 (D) An individual should be discriminated against or receive adverse treatment solely 121 or partly because of his or her race or sex;

(E) Members of one race or sex cannot and should not attempt to treat others without

122

123

respect to race or sex;

124 (F) An individual's moral character is inherently determined by his or her race or sex; 125 (G) An individual, by virtue of his or her race or sex, bears responsibility for actions committed in the past by other individuals of the same race or sex; 126 (H) An individual should feel discomfort, guilt, anguish, or any other form of 127 128 psychological distress because of his or her race or sex; 129 (I) Meritocracy or traits such as a hard work ethic are racist or sexist or were created 130 by individuals of a particular race to oppress individuals of another race; or 131 (J) Any other form of race or sex scapegoating or race or sex stereotyping. (2) 'Race or sex scapegoating' means assigning fault, blame, or bias to a race or sex, or 132 133 to an individual of a particular race or sex because of his or her race or sex. The term includes, but is not limited to, any claim that an individual of a particular race or sex, 134 consciously or subconsciously, and by virtue of his or her race or sex, is inherently racist, 135 inherently sexist, or is inherently inclined to oppress others. 136 137 (3) 'Race or sex stereotyping' means ascribing character traits, values, moral and ethical codes, privileges, status, or beliefs to a race or sex, or to an individual because of his or 138 139 her race or sex. 140 (b) The governing authority of each county and municipal corporation shall prohibit 141 employees from discriminating against other employees based on race, sex, or any 142 characteristic protected by federal or state law. 143 (c)(1) The governing authority of each county and municipal corporation shall ensure 144 that all diversity and inclusion efforts directed to their respective employees shall encourage such employees not to judge each other based on race, sex, or any 145 146 characteristic protected by federal or state law. 147 (2) Counties and municipal corporations may provide for employee training programs 148 that foster a workplace environment where all employees are respected and that promote

diversity and inclusiveness; provided, however, that any mandatory employee training

program, whether facilitated by an employee of the county or the municipal corporation

149

151

152

153

154

155

156

157

158

159

160

161

162

163

164

165

166

167

168

169

170

171

172

173

174

175

176

177

or a third party engaged by the county or municipal corporation, may not act upon, promote, or encourage divisive concepts, race or sex scapegoating, or race or sex stereotyping; and provided, further, that this subsection shall not be construed to prohibit an individual who facilitates employee training programs from responding in an objective manner and without endorsement to questions regarding specific divisive concepts raised by participants in the training program. (d)(1) Any contract for goods or services entered into or renewed by or on behalf of a county or municipal corporation on or after January 1, 2023, must contain a provision that allows for the termination of the contract at the option of the awarding entity if the contractor has during the previous year provided a workforce training program to its employees or subcontractors which acted upon, promoted, or encouraged divisive concepts, race or sex scapegoating, or race or sex stereotyping. (2) At the time a contractor submits a bid or proposal for a contract or before the contractor enters into or renews a contract for goods or services with a county or municipal corporation, the contractor must certify that the contractor will not provide workforce training programs that act upon, promote, or encourage divisive concepts, race or sex scapegoating, or race or sex stereotyping for the duration of the contract. (e) Nothing in this Code section shall be construed to do any of the following: (1) Inhibit or violate the rights protected by the Constitutions of Georgia and the United States of America or undermine intellectual freedom and free expression; (2) Infringe upon the intellectual vitality of employees of counties and municipal corporations; (3) Prevent a county or municipal corporation from promoting diversity or inclusiveness: provided, however, that such efforts do not conflict with the requirements of this Code section and other applicable laws; (4) Prohibit the discussion of divisive concepts, as part of a larger course of instruction,

in an objective manner and without endorsement;

178 (5) Create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity 179 by any party against a county or municipal corporation, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person; or 180 181 (6) Prohibit a state or federal court or agency of competent jurisdiction from ordering 182 training or other remedial action that discusses divisive concepts due to a finding of discrimination, including discrimination based on race or sex." 183 **SECTION 3.** 184 185 Title 50 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to state government, is amended 186 by adding a new Code section to read as follows: "50-1-11. 187 (a) As used in this Code section, the term: 188 189 (1) 'Divisive concepts' means any of the following concepts, including views espousing 190 such concepts: 191 (A) One race or sex is inherently superior to another race or sex; 192 (B) The United States of America is fundamentally racist or sexist; 193 (C) An individual, by virtue of his or her race or sex, is inherently racist, sexist, or 194 oppressive, whether consciously or subconsciously: 195 (D) An individual should be discriminated against or receive adverse treatment solely 196 or partly because of his or her race or sex; 197 (E) Members of one race or sex cannot and should not attempt to treat others without 198 respect to race or sex; 199 (F) An individual's moral character is inherently determined by his or her race or sex: 200 (G) An individual, by virtue of his or her race or sex, bears responsibility for actions 201 committed in the past by other individuals of the same race or sex;

psychological distress because of his or her race or sex;

(H) An individual should feel discomfort, guilt, anguish, or any other form of

202

204 (I) Meritocracy or traits such as a hard work ethic are racist or sexist or were created 205 by individuals of a particular race to oppress individuals of another race; or 206 (J) Any other form of race or sex scapegoating or race or sex stereotyping. 207 (2) 'Race or sex scapegoating' means assigning fault, blame, or bias to a race or sex, or 208 to an individual of a particular race or sex because of his or her race or sex. The term 209 includes, but is not limited to, any claim that an individual of a particular race or sex, 210 consciously or subconsciously, and by virtue of his or her race or sex, is inherently racist, 211 inherently sexist, or is inherently inclined to oppress others. 212 (3) 'Race or sex stereotyping' means ascribing character traits, values, moral and ethical codes, privileges, status, or beliefs to a race or sex, or to an individual because of his or 213 214 her race or sex. 215 (4) 'State agency' or 'agency' means any department, division, board, bureau, 216 commission, or other agency of the state government or any state authority. 217 (b) Each state agency shall prohibit its employees from discriminating against other 218 employees based on race, sex, or any characteristic protected by federal or state law. 219 (c) The head of each state agency shall: 220 (1) Ensure that his or her respective agency, agency employees while acting within the 221 scope of their employment, and any contractors hired by the agency to provide training 222 programs to agency employees do not act upon, promote, or encourage divisive concepts, 223 race or sex scapegoating, or race or sex stereotyping in any training program for agency 224 employees; provided, however, that this paragraph shall not be construed to prohibit an 225 individual who facilitates employee training programs from responding in an objective 226 manner and without endorsement to questions regarding specific divisive concepts raised 227 by participants in the training program; (2) Ensure that all agency diversity and inclusion training, workshops, programs, and 228 229 other efforts encourage agency employees not to judge each other based on race, sex, or

any other characteristic protected by federal or state law;

231 (3) Ensure that a review of his or her agency's compliance with the requirements of this 232 Code section is conducted each calendar year, and, by no later than February 1 each year, 233 submit a report to the inspector general of this state detailing the findings of such review for the preceding calendar year; 234 235 (4) Designate responsibility for ensuring compliance with the requirements of this Code 236 section to at least one agency official; and 237 (5) Take appropriate disciplinary action against any agency employee or contractor 238 engaged by the agency who is responsible for promoting diversity and inclusion if such 239 employee or contractor either authorizes or approves a training program that acts upon, 240 promotes, or encourages divisive concepts, race or sex scapegoating, or race or sex 241 stereotyping. (d) All employee training programs relating to diversity or inclusion must be reviewed by 242 243 the Department of Administrative Services to ensure compliance with the requirements 244 provided in paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (c) of this Code section. 245 (e) By October 1, 2022, each agency shall report to the Office of Planning and Budget all 246 expenditures in the 2021-2022 fiscal year on employee training programs relating to 247 diversity or inclusion and whether such training programs were conducted internally or by 248 contractors. In addition to providing aggregate expenditure totals, the report must delineate 249 awards to each individual contractor. 250 (f)(1) Any contract for goods or services entered into or renewed by or on behalf of a 251 state agency on or after January 1, 2023, must contain a provision that allows for the 252 termination of the contract at the option of the awarding entity if the contractor has during 253 the previous year provided a workforce training program that acts upon, promotes, or 254 encourages divisive concepts, race or sex scapegoating, or race or sex stereotyping. 255 (2)(A) At the time a contractor submits a bid or proposal for a contract or before the 256 contractor enters into or renews a contract for goods or services with a state agency, the 257 contractor must certify that the contractor will not provide workforce training programs

258	that act upon, promote, or encourage divisive concepts, race or sex scapegoating, or
259	race or sex stereotyping for the duration of the contract.
260	(B) If a contractor submits a false certification or violates the term of the contract by
261	providing a workforce training program that acts upon, promotes, or encourages
262	divisive concepts, race or sex scapegoating, or race or sex stereotyping, the state agency
263	may terminate the contract in accordance with contract terms and conditions and shall
264	report any such violation to the Department of Administrative Services for
265	investigation. In addition to possible termination of the contract, the contractor may be
266	considered for placement on the Department of Administrative Services list of
267	suspended or debarred vendors.
268	(g)(1) This Code section shall not be construed to prohibit any state agency from
269	promoting diversity or inclusiveness, so long as such efforts do not conflict with the
270	requirements of this Code section.
271	(2) This Code section shall not be construed to prohibit the discussion of divisive
272	concepts, as part of a larger course of instruction, in an objective manner and without
273	endorsement."

**SECTION 4.** 

275 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.