Senate Bill 173

By: Senators Stone of the 23rd, Cowsert of the 46th, Hill of the 4th, Millar of the 40th, Unterman of the 45th and others

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

- 1 To amend Article 1 of Chapter 11 of Title 4 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated,
- 2 relating to general provisions for animal protection, so as to create provisions relating to the
- 3 payment of expenses while an animal is impounded; to provide for procedure; to provide for
- 4 related matters; to provide for an effective date; to repeal conflicting laws; and for other
- 5 purposes.

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BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

7 SECTION 1.

- 8 Article 1 of Chapter 11 of Title 4 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to
- 9 general provisions for animal protection, is amended by revising Code Section 4-11-9.3,
- 10 relating to caring for an impounded animal, as follows:
- 11 "4-11-9.3.
- 12 (a) It shall be the duty of any person impounding an animal under Code Section 4-11-9.2
- to make reasonable and proper arrangements to provide the impounded animal with
- 14 humane care and adequate and necessary veterinary services. Such arrangements may
- include, but shall not be limited to, providing shelter and care for the animal at any state,
- 16 federal, county, municipal, or governmental facility or shelter; contracting with a private
- individual, partnership, corporation, association, or other entity to provide humane care and
- 18 adequate and necessary veterinary services for a reasonable fee; or allowing a private
- individual, partnership, corporation, association, or other entity to provide humane care and
- 20 adequate and necessary veterinary services as a volunteer and at no cost.
- 21 (b) Any person impounding an animal under this article or <u>otherwise</u> providing <u>humane</u>
- care for an impounded animal shall have:
- 23 (1) Have a lien on such animal for the reasonable costs of caring for such animal. Such
- lien may be foreclosed in any court that is competent to hear civil cases, including, but
- 25 not limited to, magistrate courts. Liens shall be foreclosed in magistrate courts only when
- the amount of the lien does not exceed the jurisdictional limits established by law for
- such courts; and

28 (2) Have the right to file a cost of animal care petition with any court that is competent

- 29 <u>to hear civil cases, including, but not limited to, magistrate courts, provided that the court</u>
- 30 <u>has personal jurisdiction over the animal's owner or if the animal's owner is not</u>
- 31 <u>reasonably ascertainable, the court has personal jurisdiction over the person from whom</u>
- 32 the animal was seized, and provided further that the amount sought does not exceed the
- jurisdictional limits established by law for such courts.
- 34 (c) A cost of animal care petition shall contain:
- 35 (1) The authority for and purpose of the impoundment, including the time, place, and
- 36 circumstances of the impoundment, and the facts regarding any animal cruelty or
- 37 <u>fighting</u>;
- 38 (2) A description of each animal seized, including its current condition and any facts
- demonstrating the animal's disease, injury, or suffering; and
- 40 (3) If the person from whom the animal is impounded is not the animal's owner, the
- 41 <u>name and address of the owner, if such information is available to the petitioner upon</u>
- reasonable investigation. If the owner's name and address is not available to the
- 43 petitioner upon reasonable investigation, then the petition shall include the name and
- 44 <u>address of the person from whom the animal was seized.</u>
- 45 (d) A petitioner shall personally serve a true and correct copy of the cost of animal care
- 46 petition upon the animal's owner. If, after reasonable investigation, the owner cannot be
- 47 <u>ascertained or the name and address of the owner cannot be determined, then the petition</u>
- 48 shall be served on the person from whom the animal was seized and posted in a
- 49 <u>conspicuous place at the location where the animal was seized and published once in a</u>
- 50 newspaper of general circulation in the county where the animal was seized.
- 51 (e) The court shall set the cost of animal care petition for hearing at the earliest practicable
- 52 <u>time, but not more 21 days after such petition was filed. The court shall, not less than five</u>
- 53 days prior to the hearing, notify the animal's owner, or if the owner is not reasonably
- 54 <u>ascertainable, the person from whom the animal was seized, in writing by first-class mail</u>
- of the date and location of the hearing. If the owner's name and address is not set forth in
- 56 <u>such petition, then such notice shall be posted in a conspicuous place at the location where</u>
- 57 <u>the animal was seized.</u>
- (f) At the hearing held pursuant to subsection (e) of this Code section, the petitioner shall
- 59 <u>present evidence that demonstrates:</u>
- 60 (1) That the impoundment was authorized pursuant to subsection (c) of Code Section
- 61 <u>4-11-9.2;</u>
- 62 (2) The amount of reasonable costs of care for the impounded animal for 30 days; and
- 63 (3) Proof of service of the petition on:
- 64 (A) The animal's owner;

65 (B) The person from whom the animal was seized; or 66 (C) If the owner's name and address is not available to the petitioner upon reasonable 67 investigation and service cannot be made on the person from whom the animal was 68 seized, then proof that the petition was posted and published in accordance with 69 subsection (d) of this Code section. 70 (g)(1) When a petitioner has sufficiently proven his or her case by a preponderance of 71 the evidence, the court shall issue a cost of care order that requires setting aside funds in 72 an amount sufficient to cover the reasonable costs of providing humane care to the 73 impounded animal for a period of 30 days. Such funds shall be paid by the animal's 74 owner to the municipal or county treasurer or as otherwise directed by the court. 75 (2) The animal's owner shall be required to post the same amount set in the cost of care 76 order every 30 days until the final disposition of the related criminal matter for violations 77 of Code Section 16-12-4 or 16-12-37 or the civil impoundment pursuant to paragraph (1) 78 or (4) of subsection (c) of Code Section 4-11-9.2, unless such owner requests a hearing 79 within five business days prior to the expiration of each 30 day period. If the funds are 80 not deposited or contested within five business days of the issuance of the cost of care 81 order, or within five business days after the expiration of a 30 day period, then such 82 animal shall be forfeited to the petitioner by operation of law. 83 (3) The court may correct, alter, or otherwise adjust the amount of funds under the cost 84 of care order upon a motion by either party made at least five days before the expiration 85 date of the previous 30 day period. A hearing for an adjustment of funds required to be 86 set aside shall be held within ten days of the motion, and the payment of such funds will 87 be due five days after the court orders, or refuses to order, an adjustment. 88 (4) If funds have been posted in accordance with this subsection, then upon affidavit 89 filed with the court the person caring for the impounded animal may draw from the funds 90 periodically the actual costs incurred in keeping and caring for the animal from the date 91 of the order granting the cost of care petition through the date of the final disposition of 92 the animal in the related criminal matter, such draw to be made in the manner prescribed 93 by the court. 94 (h)(1) If charges for violations of Code Section 16-12-4 or 16-12-37 do not result in any 95 conviction or if the civil impoundment is dismissed or not upheld and if all costs ordered 96 to be paid under subsection (g) of this Code section have been timely paid, the animal's 97 owner shall have the right to repossession of the animal.

(2) Upon final disposition of the related civil or criminal matter, any remaining funds deposited with the municipal or county treasurer or other repository directed by the court shall be returned to the animal's owner.

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(c)(i) Any person impounding an animal under this article shall be authorized to return such animal to its owner, upon payment by the owner of all costs of impoundment and care and upon the entry of a consent order, unless such owner, in a prior administrative or legal action in this state or any other state, was found to have failed to provide humane care to an animal, committed cruelty to animals, or committed an act prohibited under Code Section 16-12-37 in violation of the laws of this state or of the United States or any of the several states. Such consent order shall provide conditions relating to the care and treatment of such animal, including, but not limited to, the following, that:

- (1) Such animal shall be given humane care and adequate and necessary veterinary services;
- 111 (2) Such animal shall not be subjected to cruelty; and
- 112 (3) The owner shall comply with this article.

(d)(j) The provisions of subsection (c) (i) of this Code section shall not apply to an animal that was an object or instrumentality of a crime nor shall any such animal be returned to the owner without the approval of the prosecuting attorney. A person An agency having custody of an animal that was seized and impounded as an object or instrumentality of a crime may, with the consent of the prosecuting attorney, apply to the court having jurisdiction over the offense for an order authorizing such agency person to dispose of the animal prior to trial of the criminal case as provided by law."

SECTION 2.

- This Act shall become effective upon its approval by the Governor or upon its becoming law without such approval.
- **SECTION 3.**

124 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.