The Senate Committee on Judiciary offered the following substitute to SB 150:

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

To amend Part 3 of Article 4 of Chapter 11 of Title 16 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to carrying and possession of firearms, so as to provide that persons convicted of family violence offenses or subject to family violence temporary protective orders cannot receive, possess, transport, purchase, or transfer firearms; to provide for definitions; to provide for related matters; to provide for an effective date and applicability; to repeal conflicting laws; and for other purposes.

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BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

SECTION 1.

9 Part 3 of Article 4 of Chapter 11 of Title 16 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated,
10 relating to carrying and possession of firearms, is amended by revising Code
11 Section 16-11-131, relating to possession of firearms by convicted felons and first offender
12 probationers, as follows:

13 "16-11-131.

14 (a) As used in this Code section, the term:

15 <u>(1) 'Antique firearm' means:</u>

- 16 (A) Any firearm, including, but not limited to, any firearm with a matchlock, flintlock,
- 17 percussion cap, or similar type of ignition system, manufactured in or before 1898;
- 18 (B) Any replica of any firearm described in subparagraph (A) of this paragraph if such
- 19 <u>replica:</u>
- 20 (i) Is not designed or redesigned for using rimfire or conventional centerfire fixed
 21 ammunition, or
- 22 (ii) Uses rimfire or conventional centerfire fixed ammunition which is no longer
- 23 <u>manufactured in the United States and which is not readily available in the ordinary</u>
 24 channels of commercial trade; or
- 25 (C) Any muzzle loading rifle, muzzle loading shotgun, or muzzle loading pistol, which
- 26 <u>is designed to use black powder, or a black powder substitute, and which cannot use</u>

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27	fixed ammunition. Such term shall not include any weapon which incorporates a
28	firearm frame or receiver, any firearm which is converted into a muzzle loading
29	weapon, or any muzzle loading weapon which can be readily converted to fire fixed
30	ammunition by replacing the barrel, bolt, breechblock, or any combination thereof.
31	(2) 'Family violence offense' shall include the offenses listed in paragraph (2) of Code
32	Section 19-13-1 when committed against past or present spouses, persons who are parents
33	of the same child, parents and children, stepparents and stepchildren, foster parents and
34	foster children, or other persons living or formerly living in the same household.
35	(3) 'Family violence protective order' means:
36	(A) An order issued pursuant to either Code Section 19-13-3 or 19-13-4;
37	(B) Which was issued after a hearing in which the responding party received actual
38	notice and had an opportunity to participate;
39	(C) Which restrains the responding party from harassing, stalking, or threatening the
40	petitioning party; and
41	(D) Includes a finding that the responding party presents a credible threat to the
42	physical safety of the petitioning party or by its terms explicitly prohibits the use,
43	attempted use, or threatened use of physical force against the petitioning party that
44	would be reasonably expected to cause bodily injury.
45	(1)(4) 'Felony' means any offense punishable by imprisonment for a term of one year or
46	more and includes conviction by a court-martial under the Uniform Code of Military
47	Justice for an offense which would constitute a felony under the laws of the United
48	States.
49	(2)(5) 'Firearm' includes any handgun, rifle, shotgun, or other weapon which will or can
50	be converted to expel a projectile by the action of an explosive or electrical charge. Such
51	term shall not include an antique firearm.
52	(b) Any person who is on probation as a felony first offender pursuant to Article 3 of
53	Chapter 8 of Title 42, who is on probation and was sentenced for a felony under
54	subsection (a) or (c) of Code Section 16-13-2, or who has been convicted of a felony by a
55	court of this state or any other state; by a court of the United States including its territories,
56	possessions, and dominions; or by a court of any foreign nation and who receives,
57	possesses, or transports any firearm commits a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall
58	be imprisoned for not less than one year nor more than ten years; provided, however, that
59	upon a second or subsequent conviction, such person shall be imprisoned for not less than
60	five nor more than ten years; provided, further, that if the felony for which the person is on
61	probation or has been previously convicted is a forcible felony, then upon conviction of
62	receiving, possessing, or transporting a firearm, such person shall be imprisoned for a
63	period of five years.

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(b.1) Any person who is prohibited by this Code section from possessing a firearm because of conviction of a forcible felony or because of being on probation as a first offender or under conditional discharge for a forcible felony and who attempts to purchase or obtain transfer of a firearm shall be guilty of a felony and upon conviction shall be punished by imprisonment for not less than one year nor more than five years; provided, however, that upon a second or subsequent conviction, such person shall be punished by imprisonment for not less than five nor more than ten years.

71 (b.2) Any person who is on probation as a first offender pursuant to Article 3 of Chapter 8

72 of Title 42 for a family violence offense or who has been convicted of a family violence

73 offense by a court of this state or any other state; by a court of the United States including

74 <u>its territories, possessions, and dominions; or by a court of any foreign nation and who</u>

75 receives, possesses, or transports any firearm or attempts to purchase or obtain transfer of

a firearm commits a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be imprisoned for not less
 than one year nor more than five years; provided, however, that, if the family violence as

78 to which the person is on probation or has been previously convicted is a forcible felony,

79 then upon conviction of receiving, possessing, transporting, or attempting to purchase or

80 <u>obtain transfer of a firearm, such person shall be imprisoned for a period of five years.</u>

(b.3) Any person who is subject to a family violence protective order and who, during the
 pendency of such protective order, receives, possesses, transports, or attempts to purchase
 or obtain transfer of any firearm commits a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be
 imprisoned for not less than one year nor more than five years.

85 (c) This Code section shall not apply to any person who has been pardoned for the felony by the President of the United States, the State Board of Pardons and Paroles, or the person 86 or agency empowered to grant pardons under the constitutions or laws of the several states 87 88 or of a foreign nation and, by the terms of the pardon, has expressly been authorized to 89 receive, possess, or transport a firearm. Any person suffering from a disability pursuant 90 to this Code section may seek to have his or her rights restored by the superior court or by 91 the State Board of Pardons and Paroles after five years have passed from the completion 92 of the sentence if the offender has no pending charges and has paid all fines and any 93 restitution ordered.

(d) A person who has been convicted of a felony or of a family violence offense, but who
has been granted relief from the disabilities imposed by the laws of the United States with
respect to the acquisition, receipt, transfer, shipment, or possession of firearms by the
secretary of the United States Department of the Treasury pursuant to 18 U.S.C.
Section 925, shall, upon presenting to the Board of Public Safety proof that the relief has
been granted and it being established from proof submitted by the applicant to the
satisfaction of the Board of Public Safety that the circumstances regarding the conviction

and the applicant's record and reputation are such that the acquisition, receipt, transfer, 101 102 shipment, or possession of firearms by the person would not present a threat to the safety of the citizens of Georgia and that the granting of the relief sought would not be contrary 103 to the public interest, be granted relief from the disabilities imposed by this Code section. 104 A person who has been convicted under federal or state law of a felony pertaining to 105 antitrust violations, unfair trade practices, or restraint of trade shall, upon presenting to the 106 Board of Public Safety proof, and it being established from said proof, submitted by the 107 108 applicant to the satisfaction of the Board of Public Safety that the circumstances regarding the conviction and the applicant's record and reputation are such that the acquisition, 109 receipt, transfer, shipment, or possession of firearms by the person would not present a 110 threat to the safety of the citizens of Georgia and that the granting of the relief sought 111 would not be contrary to the public interest, be granted relief from the disabilities imposed 112 by this Code section. A record that the relief has been granted by the board shall be entered 113 114 upon the criminal history of the person maintained by the Georgia Crime Information Center and the board shall maintain a list of the names of such persons which shall be open 115 116 for public inspection.

117 (e) As used in this Code section, the term 'forcible felony' means any felony which 118 involves the use or threat of physical force or violence against any person and further 119 includes, without limitation, murder; murder in the second degree; burglary in any degree; 120 robbery; armed robbery; home invasion in any degree; kidnapping; hijacking of an aircraft 121 or hijacking a motor vehicle in the first degree; aggravated stalking; rape; aggravated child 122 molestation; aggravated sexual battery; arson in the first degree; the manufacturing, transporting, distribution, or possession of explosives with intent to kill, injure, or 123 intimidate individuals or destroy a public building; terroristic threats; or acts of treason or 124 125 insurrection.

(f) Any person sentenced as a first offender pursuant to Article 3 of Chapter 8 of Title 42
or sentenced pursuant to subsection (a) or (c) of Code Section 16-13-2 and subsequently
discharged without court adjudication of guilt as a matter of law pursuant to Code
Section 42-8-60 or 16-13-2, as applicable, shall, upon such discharge, be relieved from the
disabilities imposed by this Code section.
(g) Any person subject to a family violence protective order shall, upon the expiration or

132 <u>dismissal of such family violence protective order, be relieved from the disabilities</u>

- 133 imposed by this Code section."
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SECTION 2.

135 This Act shall become effective on July 1, 2019, and shall apply to any family violence

136 conviction or family violence protective order issued on or after such date.

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SECTION 3.

138 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.