The House Committee on Motor Vehicles offers the following substitute to SB 122:

## A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

1	To amend Article 22 of Chapter 1 of Title 10 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated
2	relating to motor vehicle franchise practices, so as to provide for protection of certain
3	consumer data in motor vehicle sales or lease transactions; to provide for definitions; to
4	impose certain requirements and restrictions on the use and disclosure of consumer data by
5	franchisors, manufacturers, distributors, and third parties; to provide for indemnification of
6	motor vehicle dealers for certain claims and damages related to disclosure of consumer data
7	to change certain provisions for purposes of conformity; to change certain provisions relating
8	to uniform warranty reimbursement policies amongst dealers; to provide for performance
9	criteria and survey requirements; to specify certain requirements as to signs and other image
10	elements; to modify certain provisions related to unlawful activities by franchisors; to
11	provide for related matters; to repeal conflicting laws; and for other purposes.

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

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13 **SECTION 1.** 14 Article 22 of Chapter 1 of Title 10 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to 15 motor vehicle franchise practices, is amended in Code Section 10-1-622, relating to definitions relative to motor vehicle franchise practices, by adding two new paragraphs to 16 17 read as follows: 18 "(.1) 'Consumer data' means 'nonpublic personal information' as such term is defined in 19 15 U.S.C. s. 6809(4) as it existed on January 1, 2019, that is: 20 (A) Collected by a dealer; and 21 (B) Provided by the dealer directly to a manufacturer or third party acting on behalf of 22 a manufacturer. Such term shall not include the same or similar data obtained by a 23 manufacturer from any source other than the dealer or dealer's data management 24 system. 25 (.2) 'Data management system' means a computer hardware or software system that:

26 (A) Is owned, leased, or licensed by a dealer, including a system of web based

- 27 <u>applications, computer software, or computer hardware;</u>
- 28 (B) Is located at the dealership or hosted remotely; and
- 29 (C) Stores and provides access to consumer data collected or stored by a dealer.
- 30 Such term shall include, but shall not be limited to, dealership management systems and
- 31 <u>customer relations management systems."</u>

32 SECTION 2.

- 33 Said article is further amended by adding a new Code section to read as follows:
- 34 "<u>10-1-632.</u>
- 35 (a) With respect to consumer data, a franchisor, manufacturer, distributor, or a third party
- 36 <u>acting on behalf of a franchisor, manufacturer, or distributor:</u>
- 37 (1) Shall comply with and shall not cause a dealer to violate any applicable restrictions
- on reuse or disclosure of the consumer data established by federal or state law;
- 39 (2) Shall provide a written statement to the dealer upon request describing the established
- 40 procedures adopted by such franchisor, manufacturer, distributor, or third party acting on
- behalf of the franchisor, manufacturer, or distributor which meet or exceed any federal
- or state requirements to safeguard the consumer data, including, but not limited to, those
- 43 <u>established in the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act, 15 U.S.C. 6801, et seq.</u>;
- 44 (3) Shall, upon the written request of the dealer, provide a written list of the consumer
- data obtained from the dealer and all persons to whom any consumer data has been
- 46 provided by the franchisor, manufacturer, distributor, or a third party acting on behalf of
- 47 <u>a franchisor, manufacturer, or distributor during the preceding six months. The dealer</u>
- 48 <u>may make such a request no more than once every six months. The list must indicate the</u>
- 49 <u>specific fields of consumer data which were provided to each person. Notwithstanding</u>
- 50 <u>the foregoing, such a list shall not be required to include:</u>
- 51 (A) A person to whom consumer data was provided, or the specific consumer data
- 52 provided to such person, if the person was, at the time such consumer data was
- 53 provided, a service provider, subcontractor, or consultant acting in the course of
- 54 performance of services on behalf of or for the benefit of the franchisor, manufacturer,
- distributor, third party, or dealer, provided that the franchisor, manufacturer, distributor,

third party, or dealer has entered into an agreement with such person requiring that such

- 57 person comply with the safeguard requirements of applicable state and federal law,
- 58 including, but not limited to, those established in the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act, 15
- 59 <u>U.S.C. 6801, et seq.; and</u>

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- 60 (B) A person to whom consumer data was provided, or the specific consumer data
- provided to such person, if the dealer has previously consented in writing to such

62 person receiving such consumer data and the dealer has not withdrawn such consent in 63 writing; 64 (4) May not require that a dealer grant the franchisor, manufacturer, distributor or a third 65 party acting on behalf of a franchisor, manufacturer, or distributor direct or indirect access to such dealer's data management system to obtain consumer data. A franchisor, 66 67 manufacturer, distributor, or a third party acting on behalf of a franchisor, manufacturer, 68 or distributor must permit a dealer to furnish consumer data in a widely accepted file 69 format, such as comma delimited, and through a third-party vendor selected by the dealer. 70 However, a franchisor, manufacturer, or distributor, or a third party acting on behalf of 71 a franchisor, manufacturer, or distributor may access or obtain consumer data directly 72 from a dealer's data management system with the express consent of the dealer. The 73 consent must be in the form of a written document that is separate from the parties' 74 franchise agreement, is executed by the dealer, and may be withdrawn by the dealer upon 75 30 days' written notice to the franchisor, manufacturer, or distributor as applicable. For 76 incentive programs beginning on or after July 1, 2019, such consent shall not be required 77 as a condition to a motor vehicle dealer's participation in an incentive program unless 78 such consent is necessary to obtain consumer data to implement the program; and 79 (5) Shall indemnify the dealer for any third-party claims asserted against or damages 80 incurred by the dealer to the extent caused by access to, use of, or disclosure of consumer 81 data in violation of this section by the franchisor, manufacturer, distributor or a third 82 party to whom the franchisor, manufacturer or distributor has provided consumer data. (b) Nothing contained in this Code section shall limit the ability of the franchisor, the 83 84 manufacturer, or distributor, to require that the dealer provide, or use in accordance with 85 the law, such customer information related solely to such manufacturer's or distributor's 86 own vehicle makes to the extent necessary to do any of the following: 87 (1) Satisfy any safety or recall notice obligations or other legal notice obligations on the 88 part of the manufacturer; 89 (2) Complete the sale and delivery of a new motor vehicle to a customer; (3) Validate and pay customer or dealer incentives;

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- 91 (4) Submit to the franchisor, manufacturer, or distributor claims for any services supplied
- 92 by the dealer for any claim for warranty parts or repairs;
- 93 (5) Market analysis;
- 94 (6) Evaluate sales and service customer satisfaction with the dealer, including surveys;
- 95 <u>or</u>
- 96 (7) Reasonable marketing purposes that benefit the dealer.
- 97 (c) In any cause of action against a franchisor, manufacturer, or distributor for a violation
- 98 of this Code section, the party bringing the action shall have the burden of proof."

99 SECTION 3.

Said article is further amended in Code Section 10-1-641, relating to dealer's predelivery preparation, warranty service, and recall work obligations to be provided in writing, recovery of costs, and 'stop-sale' defined, by revising subparagraph (a)(1)(B) and subsection (c) as follows:

- "(B) Shall, at the election of the dealer, reasonably compensate the dealer for parts and labor provided for such warranty service work as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection;"
- "(c) Subject to subsection (c) of Code Section 10-1-645, a franchisor, manufacturer, or distributor shall not otherwise recover its costs from dealers within this state, including a surcharge imposed on a dealer solely intended to recover the cost of reimbursing the dealer for parts and labor pursuant to this Code section, provided that a franchisor, manufacturer, or distributor shall not be prohibited from increasing prices for vehicles or parts in the normal course of business."

113 **SECTION 4.** 

- Said article is further amended by revising Code Section 10-1-645, relating to the uniform warranty reimbursement policy amongst dealers, as follows:
- 116 "10-1-645.

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- 117 (a) Any motor vehicle manufacturer or franchisor and at least a majority of its dealers of 118 the same line make may agree to a uniform warranty reimbursement agreement in an 119 express written contract, citing this Code section, upon a uniform warranty reimbursement 120 policy used by contracting dealers to perform warranty repairs executed by a dealer 121 principal or authorized designee of the dealer principal that specifically cites this Code 122 section. The policy agreement shall only involve either reimbursement for parts used in 123 warranty repairs or the use of a uniform time standards manual, or both. Reimbursement for parts under the agreement shall be used instead of the dealers' prevailing retail price rate 124 125 charged by that dealer for the same parts as defined in Code Section 10-1-644 10-1-641 to calculate compensation due from the franchisor for parts used in warranty repairs. This 126 127 Code section does not authorize a franchisor and its dealers to establish a uniform hourly 128 labor reimbursement.
- (b) A manufacturer or franchisor that proposes a uniform reimbursement agreement must
   provide all of its line make dealers a minimum of 30 days to consider such proposal which
   shall be in writing and provided to the dealer principal or authorized designee of the dealer
   principal via certified mail or other trackable delivery method, including electronic
   transmission, to which a notice containing the following language in all capital letters shall
- be affixed:

GEORGIA LAW ALLOWS TWO ALTERNATIVE METHODS OF WARRANTY

- 136 <u>REIMBURSEMENT:</u>
- 137 <u>1. DEALERS MAY SUBMIT A REQUEST TO RECEIVE RETAIL RATE</u>
- 138 PURSUANT TO O.C.G.A. SECTION 10-1-641; OR
- 139 2. A MAJORITY OF LINE MAKE DEALERS MAY AGREE TO A UNIFORM
- 140 <u>WARRANTY REIMBURSEMENT AGREEMENT, AS PROPOSED WITH THIS</u>
- 141 <u>NOTICE.</u>
- 142 <u>IN THE EVENT A MAJORITY OF THE SAME LINE MAKE DEALERS AGREE TO</u>
- 143 THE ATTACHED UNIFORM WARRANTY REIMBURSEMENT AGREEMENT,
- DEALERS THAT OPT TO SEEK RETAIL RATE PURSUANT TO O.C.G.A.
- 145 <u>SECTION 10-1-641 MAY BE SUBJECT TO A COST RECOVERY SURCHARGE ON</u>
- 146 <u>ALL NEW VEHICLE INVOICES.</u>
- 147 (b)(c) Each franchisor shall only have one such agreement with each line make. Any such
- agreement shall:
- (1) Establish a uniform parts reimbursement rate. The uniform parts reimbursement rate
- shall be greater than not less than the greater of the nationally established rate set forth
- in the franchisor's sales and service agreement or other warranty manual or policy or the
- franchisor's nationally established national average warranty parts reimbursement rate in
- effect at the time the first such agreement becomes effective;
- 154 (2) Apply to all warranty repair orders written during the period that the agreement is
- effective;
- 156 (3) Be available, during the period it is effective, to any motor vehicle dealer of the same
- line make at any time and on the same terms; and
- 158 (4) Be for a term not to exceed three years so long as any party to the agreement may
- terminate the agreement upon the annual anniversary of the agreement and with 30 days'
- prior written notice; however, the agreement shall remain in effect for the term of the
- agreement regardless of the number of dealers of the same line make that may terminate
- the agreement.
- $\frac{(c)(d)}{(1)}$  As used in this subsection, the term 'costs' means the difference between the
- uniform reimbursement rate set forth in an agreement entered into pursuant to
- subsection (b) of this Code section and the prevailing retail price charged by that dealer
- received by those dealers of the same line make retail rate received by an individual
- dealer pursuant to Code Section 10-1-641.
- 168 (2) A manufacturer or franchisor that enters into a uniform warranty reimbursement
- agreement as provided in this Code section may seek to recover its costs from only those
- dealers that are receiving their retail rate pursuant to Code Section 10-1-641 A franchisor
- that enters into an agreement with its dealers may seek to recover its costs from only

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those dealers that are receiving their prevailing retail price charged by that dealer under Code Section 10-1-644 as follows:

(A) The costs shall be recovered only by increasing the invoice price on new vehicles received by those dealers not a party to an agreement under this Code section; and

(B) Price increases imposed for the purpose of recovering costs under this Code section may vary from time to time and from model to model but shall apply uniformly to all dealers of the same line make in the State of Georgia that have requested reimbursement for warranty repairs at their prevailing retail price charged by that dealer, except that a franchisor may make an exception for vehicles that are titled in the name of a consumer in another state rate.

(d)(e) If a manufacturer or franchisor enters into a uniform reimbursement agreement with its dealers, the manufacturer or franchisor shall, within 60 days of entering into such agreement, certify under oath to the Department of Revenue that a majority of the dealers of that line make have entered into such an agreement and shall file a sample copy of the agreement, the required notice, a list of the line make dealers that have agreed to the uniform warranty reimbursement, and the date upon which such agreement was made. On an annual basis, the manufacturer shall certify under oath to the department that the parts warranty reimbursement in the agreement is no less than the greater of the franchisor's nationally established rate or the national average parts reimbursement rate and that the reimbursement costs it recovers under subsection (d) of this Code section do not exceed the amounts authorized by subsection (d) of this Code section. The manufacturer or franchisor shall maintain for a period of three years a file that contains the information upon which its certification is based. If a franchisor contracts with its dealers, the franchisor shall certify under oath to the Department of Revenue that a majority of the dealers of that line make did agree to such an agreement and file a sample copy of the agreement. On an annual basis, each dealer shall certify under oath to the department that the reimbursement costs it recovers under subparagraph (c)(2)(A) of this Code section do not exceed the amounts authorized by subparagraph (c)(2)(A) of this Code section. The franchisor shall maintain for a period of three years a file that contains the information upon which its certification is based.

(e)(f) If a manufacturer or franchisor and its dealers do not enter into an agreement pursuant to this Code section, and for any matter that is not the subject of an agreement, this Code section shall have no effect whatsoever.

(f)(g) For purposes of this Code section, a uniform time standard manual is a document created by a franchisor that establishes the time allowances for the diagnosis and performance of warranty work and service. The allowances shall be reasonable and adequate for the work and service to be performed. Each franchisor shall have a reasonable

and fair process that allows a dealer to request a modification or adjustment of a standard or standards included in such a manual."

211	SECTION 5.
212	Said article is further amended in Code Section 10-1-651, relating to termination of
213	franchise, grounds, notice, dealer costs reimbursed by franchisor, applicability to distributors,
214	by revising subsection (c) as follows:
215	"(c) If the failure by the dealer, as defined described in subsection (b) of this Code section,
216	relates to the performance of the dealer in sales or service, then good cause shall be defined
217	as in this Code section the term 'good cause' means the failure of the dealer to comply with
218	reasonable performance criteria established by the franchisor in light of existing
219	circumstances, including, but not limited to, current and forecasted economic conditions,
220	provided the following conditions are satisfied:
221	(1) The dealer was notified by the franchisor in writing of such failure;
222	(2) Said notification stated that notice was provided of failure of performance pursuant
223	to this Code section; and
224	(3) The performance criteria established by the franchisor was:
225	(A) Reasonable, fair, and equitable;
226	(B) Based on accurate information;
227	(C) Inclusive of relevant and material local and regional data considered by the
228	franchisor that was provided by the dealer that was beyond the control of the dealer and
229	that adversely affected the dealer's performance; and
230	(D) Based on a statistically significant and valid random sample, if such performance
231	criteria included a survey; and
232	(3)(4) The dealer was afforded a reasonable opportunity, for a period of not less than six
233	months, to comply with such criteria."
234	SECTION 6.
235	Said article is further amended in Code Section 10-1-661, relating to the delivery of motor
236	vehicles, modification of facilities, transfer of sales contracts, and warranties, by revising
237	paragraphs (7) and (8) of subsection (b) and adding new paragraphs to read as follows:
238	"(7) To acquire any line-make of motor vehicle or to give up, sell, or transfer any
239	line-make of motor vehicle which has been acquired in accordance with this article once
240	such dealer has notified the franchisor that it does not desire to acquire, give up, sell, or

transfer such line-make or to retaliate or take any adverse action against a dealer based

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(8) To construct, renovate, or maintain exclusive facilities, personnel, or showroom area dedicated to a particular line-make if the imposition of such a requirement would be unreasonable in light of the existing circumstances, including the franchisor's reasonable business considerations, present economic and market conditions, and forecasts for future economic and market conditions in the dealer's retail territory. The franchisor shall have the burden of proof to demonstrate that its demand for exclusivity is justified by reasonable business considerations and reasonable in light of the dealer's circumstances, but this provision shall not apply to a voluntary agreement when separate and adequate consideration was offered and accepted, provided that the renewal of a franchise agreement shall not by itself constitute separate and adequate consideration. The franchisor shall have the burden of proof to show that the dealer has entered into a voluntary, noncoerced agreement regarding exclusivity::

(9)(A) To substantially change, alter, or remodel its dealership or to install new signs

(9)(A) To substantially change, alter, or remodel its dealership or to install new signs or other franchisor image elements that replace or substantially alter those improvements, signs, or franchisor image elements completed within the preceding ten years that were required and approved by the franchisor, factory branch, distributor, or distributor branch or one of its affiliates as part of a program, standard, or policy.

(B) If, during such ten-year period, the manufacturer revises or discontinues an existing program, standard, or policy or establishes a new program, standard, or policy or other benefit relating to construction or substantial alteration of a dealership, a motor vehicle dealer that completed construction or substantial alteration of a dealership as part of a prior program, standard, or policy and elects not to participate in the new or revised program, standard, or policy, shall not be entitled to bonus, incentive, benefit, or otherwise under the new or revised program but shall remain entitled to all benefits under the prior program, standard, or policy according to the terms of such prior program, standard, or policy. If the prior program, standard, or policy under which the dealer completed a construction or substantial alteration does not contain a specific time period during which the manufacturer or distributor must provide payments or benefits to a dealer, then the manufacturer or distributor may not deny the dealer payment or benefits under the terms of that prior program, as it existed when the dealer began to perform under the prior program, for the balance of the ten-year term, regardless of whether the manufacturer's or distributor's program, standard, or policy has been revised or discontinued.

- (C) The provisions of this paragraph shall not prohibit a franchisor from:
- 277 (i) Continuing any facility improvement program in effect on July 1, 2019, with more than one franchised dealer in the state;

279 (ii) Providing lump sum or regularly scheduled payments to assist a franchised dealer in making a facility improvement, including construction, alteration or remodeling, 280 281 or installing signage or a franchisor image element; or 282 (iii) Providing compensation or reimbursement to a franchised dealer on reasonable, written terms for a portion of such franchised dealer's costs of making a facility 283 284 improvement, including construction; alteration or remodeling; the purchase of goods, 285 building materials or services; or installing signage or a franchisor image element which are not paid on a per vehicle basis. 286 287 (D) Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to permit a dealer to erect or maintain 288 signs that do not conform to the manufacturer's intellectual property rights, trademarks, 289 or trade dress usage guidelines. 290 (E) As used in this paragraph, the term 'to substantially change, alter, or remodel' 291 means to make an alteration that has a major impact on the architectural features, characteristics, or integrity of the structure or lot. Such term shall include the relocation 292 293 or erection of freestanding signs, but shall not include routine maintenance, such as 294 interior painting, reasonably necessary to keep a dealership facility in attractive 295 condition; 296 (10)(A) To purchase goods or services to make improvements to the dealer's facilities 297 from a vendor selected, identified, or designated by a manufacturer or one of its affiliates by program, incentive provision, or otherwise without making available to the 298 299 dealer the option to obtain the goods or services of comparable grade, quality, and 300 overall design, and the same or substantially the same materials and characteristics from 301 a vendor chosen by the dealer and approved by the manufacturer; provided, however, 302 that such approval by the manufacturer shall not be unreasonably withheld, and the 303 dealer's option to select a vendor shall not be available if the manufacturer provides 304 substantial reimbursement for the goods or services offered. (B) If signs, other than signs containing the manufacturer's brand or logo or 305 306 freestanding signs that are not directly attached to a building, or other franchisor image 307 or design elements or trade dress are to be leased to the dealer by a vendor selected, identified, or designated by the manufacturer, such dealer has the right to purchase the 308 309 signs or other franchisor image or design elements or trade dress of comparable grade, 310 quality, and overall design, and the same or substantially the same materials and characteristics from a vendor selected by the dealer if such signs, franchisor image or 311 312 design elements, or trade dress are approved by the manufacturer. Approval by the 313 manufacturer shall not be unreasonably withheld. 314 (C) Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to allow a dealer or vendor to impair, 315 infringe upon, or eliminate, directly or indirectly, the intellectual property rights of the

manufacturer including, but not limited to, the manufacturer's intellectual property rights in any trademarks or trade dress, or other intellectual property interests owned or controlled by the manufacturer.

(D) As used in this paragraph, the term:

- (i) 'Goods' shall not include movable displays, brochures, and promotional materials containing material subject to the intellectual property rights of a manufacturer, including copyright, trademark, or trade dress rights or any manufacturer's design or architectural review service.
- (ii) 'Substantial reimbursement' means an amount equal to or greater than the cost savings that would result if the dealer were to utilize a vendor of the dealer's own selection instead of using the vendor identified by the manufacturer; or
- (11) Whether by agreement, program, incentive, or otherwise, to sell, lease, offer to sell or lease, solicit, or advertise the sale or lease of new motor vehicles in a manner that violates a law or any properly promulgated rule or regulation of this state."

**SECTION 7.** 

Said article is further amended in Code Section 10-1-662, relating to unlawful activities by franchisors, by revising paragraphs (13), (14), (18), and (19) of subsection (a) and by adding new paragraphs to read as follows:

"(13) To conduct an audit, investigation, or inquiry of any dealer or dealership as to any activity, transaction, conduct, or other occurrence which took place or as to any promotion or special event which ends more than one year prior to such audit, investigation, or inquiry or to base any decision adverse to the dealer or dealership on any activity, transaction, conduct, or other occurrence which took place or as to any promotion or special event which ends more than one year prior to such decision or which took place any time more than one year prior to the period of time covered by such audit, investigation, or inquiry or to apply the results of an audit, investigation, or inquiry to any activity, transaction, conduct, or other occurrence which took place any time prior to the time covered by such audit, investigation, or inquiry more than one year prior to such audit, investigation, or inquiry. If the franchisor has reason to believe that fraudulent or intentionally false claims have been submitted, the franchisor may extend the audit, investigation, or inquiry period beyond the time periods provided in this paragraph; provided, however, that in no event shall the time period be extended beyond four years prior to such audit, investigation, or inquiry;

(14) To charge back to, deduct from, or reduce any account of a dealer or any amount of money owed to a dealer by a franchisor any amount of money the franchisor alleges is owed to such franchisor by such dealer as a result of an audit, investigation, or inquiry

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of such dealer or based upon information obtained by the franchisor through other resources which relates to any transaction that occurred more than 12 months one year 354 prior to notice to the dealer of the charge back or deduction, but rather if a franchisor 355 alleges that a dealer owes such franchisor any amount of money as a result of an audit, 356 investigation, or inquiry, such franchisor shall send a notice to such dealer for such 357 amount and the dealer shall have not less than 30 days to contest such amount or remit 358 payment and only if the franchisor can show by a preponderance of evidence that the transaction was fraudulent, intentionally and materially false, not reasonably 359 360 substantiated, or did not follow the franchisor's written repair or claim submission requirements. A franchisor shall not charge back to, deduct from, or reduce any account of a dealer or any amount owed to a dealer based solely on such dealer's clerical error that 363 does not put into question the legitimacy of the claim. If a claim is rejected for a clerical error, then the dealer may resubmit a corrected claim within 30 days. If a franchisor alleges that a dealer owes such franchisor any amount of money as a result of an audit, 366 investigation, or inquiry, such franchisor shall send a notice to such dealer for such 367 amount and the dealer shall have not less than 30 days to contest such amount or remit payment. If the dealer contests such amount, the charge shall be stayed pending a final 368 369 resolution as provided in this Code section. Upon the dealer contesting the charge, the parties shall attempt to resolve the dispute through an internal dispute resolution 370 procedure of the franchisor, if available, provided that such procedure occurs within a 372 reasonable amount of time. If the internal dispute resolution procedure is unavailable, 373 unsuccessful, or does not occur in a timely manner, such dealer may file a petition with the commissioner not later than 60 days after receipt of such notice from the franchisor or not later than 30 days after conclusion of the internal dispute resolution procedure, 375 376 whichever is later. If such a petition is filed, the commissioner shall inform the franchisor, manufacturer, or distributor that a timely petition has been filed and that a 377 hearing shall be held on such issue. In any hearing held pursuant to this paragraph, the 378 burden of proof shall be upon the franchisor to demonstrate by a preponderance of 379 380 evidence the transaction was fraudulent, intentionally and materially false, not reasonably substantiated or did not follow the franchisor's written repair or claim submission requirements;" 383 "(18) To directly or indirectly condition a franchise agreement or renewal of a franchise agreement, addition of a line-make, approval of relocation, or approval of a sale or 384 transfer on the dealer's or prospective dealer's willingness to enter into a site control agreement; provided, however, that this paragraph shall not apply to a voluntary 386

agreement when separate and adequate consideration is paid to the dealer. The franchisor

388 shall have the burden of proof to show the voluntary, noncoerced acceptance of the site 389 control agreement by the dealer; or 390 (19) To charge back, withhold payment, deny vehicle allocation, or take other adverse action against a dealer when a new vehicle sold by the dealer has been exported to a 391 foreign country unless the franchisor can demonstrate that the dealer knew or reasonably 392 should have known that the customer intended to export or resell the new vehicle. There 393 394 shall be a rebuttable presumption that the dealer had no such knowledge if the vehicle is 395 titled or registered in any state in this country: 396 (20) To take any materially adverse action against a dealer, including a dealer's ability 397 to participate in or receive a benefit or payment owed from any incentive or reimbursement program, based on criteria it has established, implemented, or enforced 398 for measuring the performance, including, but not limited to, sales or service 399 performance, of a dealer unless such criteria: 400 401 (A) Is fair, reasonable, and equitable; and (B) Is based on accurate and relevant information; or 402 (21) To deny, delay payment for, restrict, or bill back a claim by a dealer for payment 403 404 or reimbursement for incentives, hold-backs, sales or service promotion or other special 405 program money, or any other amount owed to such dealer by the franchisor, if based 406 solely on the dealer's compliance with a specific program requirement of the franchisor that would cause the dealer to violate a law or any properly promulgated rule or 407 408 regulation of this state."

**SECTION 8.** 

410 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.