Senate Bill 112

By: Senator McKoon of the 29th

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

- 1 To amend Title 21 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to elections, so as to
- 2 remove the requirement that independent and political body candidates file nomination
- 3 petitions for ballot access; to provide for related matters; to repeal conflicting laws; and for
- 4 other purposes.

5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

6 SECTION 1.

- 7 Title 21 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to elections, is amended by
- 8 revising subsection (a) of Code Section 21-2-50, relating to powers and duties of the
- 9 Secretary of State and prohibition against serving in fiduciary capacity, as follows:
- 10 "(a) The Secretary of State shall exercise all the powers granted to the Secretary of State
- by this chapter and shall perform all the duties imposed by this chapter, which shall include
- the following:
- 13 (1) To determine the forms of nomination petitions, ballots, and other forms the
- Secretary of State is required to determine under this chapter;
- 15 (2) To receive registration statements from political parties and bodies and to determine
- their sufficiency prior to filing, in accordance with this chapter, and to settle any disputes
- 17 concerning such statements;
- 18 (3) To receive and determine the sufficiency of nomination petitions of candidates filing
- 19 notice of their candidacy with the Secretary of State in accordance with this chapter
- 20 <u>Reserved</u>;
- 21 (4) To certify to the proper superintendent official lists of all the political party
- candidates who have been certified to the Secretary of State as qualified candidates for
- 23 the succeeding primary and to certify to the proper superintendent official lists of all the
- candidates who have filed their notices of candidacy with the Secretary of State, both
- such certifications to be in substantially the form of the ballots to be used in the primary
- or election. The Secretary of State shall add to such form the language to be used in

submitting any proposed constitutional amendment or other question to be voted upon at such election;

- 29 (5) To furnish to the proper superintendent all blank forms, including tally and return
- 30 sheets, numbered lists of voters, cards of instructions, notices of penalties, instructions
- for marking ballots, tally sheets, precinct returns, recap sheets, consolidated returns, oaths
- of managers and clerks, oaths of assisted electors, voters certificates and binders,
- applications for absentee ballots, envelopes and instruction sheets for absentee ballots,
- and such other supplies as the Secretary of State shall deem necessary and advisable from
- 35 time to time, for use in all elections and primaries. Such forms shall have printed thereon
- appropriate instructions for their use;
- 37 (6) To receive from the superintendent the returns of primaries and elections and to
- canvass and compute the votes cast for candidates and upon questions, as required by this
- 39 chapter;
- 40 (7) To furnish upon request a certified copy of any document in the Secretary of State's
- 41 custody by virtue of this chapter and to fix and charge a fee to cover the cost of furnishing
- 42 same;
- 43 (8) To perform such other duties as may be prescribed by law;
- 44 (9) To determine and approve the form of ballots for use in special elections;
- 45 (10) To prepare and provide a notice to all candidates for federal or state office advising
- such candidates of such information, to include requirements of this chapter, as may, in
- 47 the discretion of the Secretary of State, be conducive to the fair, legal, and orderly
- conduct of primaries and elections. A copy of such notice shall be provided to each
- 49 superintendent for further distribution to candidates for county and militia district offices;
- 50 (11) To conduct training sessions at such places as the Secretary of State deems
- appropriate in each year, for the training of registrars and superintendents of elections;
- 52 (12) To prepare and publish, in the manner provided in this chapter, all notices and
- advertisements in connection with the conduct of elections which may be required by
- 54 law;
- 55 (13) To prepare and furnish information for citizens on voter registration and voting;
- 56 (14) To maintain the official list of registered voters for this state and the list of inactive
- voters required by this chapter; and
- 58 (15) To develop, program, build, and review ballots for use by counties and
- 59 municipalities on direct recording electronic (DRE) voting systems in use in the this
- 60 state."

SECTION 2.

62 Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 21-2-70, relating to powers and duties

- 63 of election superintendents, as follows:
- 64 "21-2-70.
- Each superintendent within his or her county or municipality shall exercise all the powers
- granted to him or her by this chapter and shall perform all the duties imposed upon him or
- her by this chapter, which shall include the following:
- (1) To receive and act upon all petitions presented by electors, the board of registrars, or
- the county executive committee of a political party for the division, redivision, alteration,
- 70 change, or consolidation of precincts;
- 71 (2) To receive and determine the sufficiency of nomination petitions of candidates filing
- 72 notice of their candidacy with him or her in accordance with this chapter Reserved;
- 73 (3) To prepare and publish, in the manner provided by this chapter, all notices and
- advertisements, in connection with the conduct of elections, which may be required by
- law, and to transmit immediately to the Secretary of State a copy of any publication in
- which a call for a special primary, election, or runoff is issued;
- 77 (4) To select and equip polling places for use in primaries and elections in accordance
- with this chapter;
- 79 (5) To purchase, except voting machines, preserve, store, and maintain election
- equipment of all kinds, including voting booths and ballot boxes and to procure ballots
- and all other supplies for primaries and elections;
- 82 (6) To appoint poll officers and other officers to serve in primaries and elections in
- accordance with this chapter;
- 84 (7) To make and issue such rules, regulations, and instructions, consistent with law,
- including the rules and regulations promulgated by the State Election Board, as he or she
- may deem necessary for the guidance of poll officers, custodians, and electors in
- primaries and elections;
- 88 (8) To instruct poll officers and others in their duties, calling them together in meetings
- whenever deemed advisable, and to inspect systematically and thoroughly the conduct
- of primaries and elections in the several precincts of his or her county to the end that
- primaries and elections may be honestly, efficiently, and uniformly conducted;
- 92 (9) To receive from poll officers the returns of all primaries and elections, to canvass and
- compute the same, and to certify the results thereof to such authorities as may be
- 94 prescribed by law;
- 95 (10) To announce publicly, by posting in his or her office, the results of all primaries and
- 96 elections held in his or her county or municipality;

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(11) In any general election at which a proposal to amend the Constitution or to provide 98 for a new Constitution is submitted to the electors for ratification, the election 99 superintendent shall provide copies of the summary of such proposal prepared pursuant to Article X, Section I, Paragraph II of the Constitution as provided in this paragraph. A 100 reasonable number of copies of such summary shall be conspicuously available in each 101 102 polling place; (12) To prepare annually a budget estimate of his or her expenses under this chapter, in 103 which shall be set forth an itemized list of expenditures for the preceding two years and 104 105 an itemized estimate of the amount of money necessary to be appropriated for the ensuing year and to submit the same at the time and in the manner and form other budget 106 estimates of his or her county or municipality are now or may hereafter be required to be 107 108 filed; (13) To conduct all elections in such manner as to guarantee the secrecy of the ballot and 109 to perform such other duties as may be prescribed by law; 110 (14) To become certified by satisfactorily completing a certification program as set forth 111 in Code Section 21-2-101; and 112 (15)(A) In the case of a judge of the probate court serving as the election 113 114 superintendent, such person shall take an oath in the following form upon assuming the 115 duties of election superintendent which shall apply to all primaries and elections conducted by such person throughout such person's tenure as election superintendent: 116 I, _____, do swear (or affirm) that I will as 117 118 superintendent duly attend all ensuing primaries and elections during the continuance thereof, that I will to the best of my ability prevent any fraud, deceit, or abuse in 119 carrying on the same, that I will make a true and perfect return of such primaries and 120 121 elections, and that I will at all times truly, impartially, and faithfully perform my 122 duties in accordance with Georgia laws to the best of my judgment and ability. (B) In the case of a board of elections, each member of the board shall take an oath in 123 the following form upon becoming a member of the board which shall apply to all 124 primaries and elections conducted by the board throughout such person's tenure on the 125 board: 126 do swear (or affirm) that I will as a member of 127 I, __ the board of elections duly attend all ensuing primaries and elections during the 128 continuance thereof, that I will to the best of my ability prevent any fraud, deceit, or 129 abuse in carrying on the same, that I will make a true and perfect return of such 130 primaries and elections, and that I will at all times truly, impartially, and faithfully 131 perform my duties in accordance with Georgia laws to the best of my judgment and 132 ability. 133

(C) In the case of an election supervisor or designee for a board of elections or board of elections and registration, the election supervisor or designee shall take an oath in the following form upon being appointed as an election supervisor or designee of the board which shall apply to all primaries and elections conducted by the board throughout such person's tenure:

(D) Each judge of the probate court serving as an election superintendent, each member of a board of elections or board of elections and registration, and each election supervisor or designee for a board of elections or board of elections and registration serving on July 1, 2011, shall take the appropriate oath as set forth in this Code section which shall apply to all primaries and elections conducted throughout such person's tenure in that position."

151 SECTION 3.

Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 21-2-72, relating to primary and election records to be open to public, as follows:

154 "21-2-72.

Except when otherwise provided by law or court order, the primary and election records of each superintendent, registrar, municipal governing authority, and committee of a political party or body, including registration statements, nomination petitions, affidavits, certificates, tally papers, returns, accounts, contracts, reports, and other documents in official custody, except the contents of voting machines, shall be open to public inspection and may be inspected and copied by any elector of the county or municipality during usual business hours at any time when they are not necessarily being used by the custodian or his or her employees having duties to perform in reference thereto; provided, however, that such public inspection shall only be in the presence of the custodian or his or her employee and shall be subject to proper regulation for the safekeeping of such documents and subject to the further provisions of this chapter. The custodian shall also, upon request, if photocopying equipment is available in the building in which the records are housed, make and furnish to any member of the public copies of any of such records upon payment of the actual cost of copying the records requested."

169 **SECTION 4.**

170 Said title is further amended by revising subsection (f) of Code Section 21-2-110, relating

- to filing of registration statements by political parties or bodies with the Secretary of State,
- 172 contents of registration statements, amendments, filing fees, and failure to file statement, as
- 173 follows:
- 174 "(f) A political party, body, or municipal executive committee failing to file a registration
- statement as required by subsection (a) or (b) of this Code section at least 60 days before
- any primary or election at which it shall seek to have candidates on the ballot shall not have
- its name or the names of its candidates placed on any nomination petition, ballot, or ballot
- 178 label."
- 179 **SECTION 5.**
- 180 Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 21-2-130, relating to procedures for
- 181 qualification of candidates generally, as follows:
- 182 "21-2-130.
- 183 Candidates may qualify for an election by virtue of:
- 184 (1) Nomination in a primary conducted by a political party;
- 185 (2) Filing a nomination petition notice of candidacy either as an independent candidate
- or as a nominee of a political body, if duly certified by the chairperson and the secretary
- of the political body as having been nominated in a duly constituted political body
- convention as prescribed in Code Section 21-2-172;
- 189 (3) Nomination for a state-wide office by a duly constituted political body convention
- as prescribed in Code Section 21-2-172 if the political body making the nomination has
- qualified to nominate candidates for state-wide public office under the provisions of Code
- 192 Section 21-2-180;
- 193 (4) In the case of an election for presidential electors, nomination as prescribed by rules
- of a political party;
- 195 (5) Substitute nomination by a political party or body as prescribed in Code Sections
- 196 21-2-134 and 21-2-155, respectively;
- 197 (6) Candidacy in a special election as prescribed in subsection (e) of Code
- 198 Section 21-2-132; or
- 199 (7) Being an incumbent qualifying as a candidate to succeed such incumbent as
- 200 prescribed in subsection (e) of Code Section 21-2-132."
- **SECTION 6.**
- 202 Said title is further amended by revising subsections (e) and (h) of Code Section 21-2-132,
- 203 relating to filing notice of candidacy, nomination petition, and affidavit, payment of

qualifying fee, pauper's affidavit and qualifying petition for exemption from qualifying fee,and military service, as follows:

- "(e) Each candidate required to file a notice of candidacy by this Code section shall, no earlier than 9:00 A.M. on the fourth Monday in June immediately prior to the election and no later than 12:00 Noon on the second Tuesday in July immediately prior to the election, file with the same official with whom he or she filed his or her notice of candidacy a nomination petition in the form prescribed in Code Section 21-2-170, except that such petition shall not be required if such candidate is:
- 212 (1) A nominee of a political party for the office of presidential elector when such party
 213 has held a national convention and therein nominated candidates for President and Vice
- 214 President of the United States;
- 215 (2) Seeking office in a special election;
- 216 (3) An incumbent qualifying as a candidate to succeed himself or herself;
- 217 (4) A candidate seeking election in a nonpartisan election; or
- 218 (5) A nominee for a state-wide office by a duly constituted political body convention,
- 219 provided that the political body making the nomination has qualified to nominate
- 220 candidates for state-wide public office under the provisions of Code Section 21-2-180
- 221 <u>Reserved.</u>"

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- "(h) No candidate shall be authorized to file a pauper's affidavit in lieu of paying the qualifying fee otherwise required by this Code section and Code Section 21-2-138 unless such candidate has filed a qualifying pauper's petition which complies with the following
- requirements:
- 226 (1) A qualifying pauper's petition of a candidate seeking an office which is voted upon state wide shall be signed by a number of voters equal to one-fourth of 1 percent of the 227 228 total number of registered voters eligible to vote in the last election for the filling of the 229 office the candidate is seeking and the signers of such petition shall be registered and 230 eligible to vote in the election at which such candidate seeks to be elected. A qualifying pauper's petition of a candidate for any other office shall be signed by a number of voters 231 232 equal to 1 percent of the total number of registered voters eligible to vote in the last election for the filling of the office the candidate is seeking and the signers of such 233 petition shall be registered and eligible to vote in the election at which such candidate 234 235 seeks to be elected. However, in the case of a candidate seeking an office for which there has never been an election or seeking an office in a newly constituted constituency, the 236 percentage figure shall be computed on the total number of registered voters in the 237 238 constituency who would have been qualified to vote for such office had the election been 239 held at the last general election and the signers of such petition shall be registered and eligible to vote in the election at which such candidate seeks to be elected; 240

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(2) Each person signing a qualifying pauper's petition shall declare therein that he or she is a duly qualified and registered elector of the state entitled to vote in the next election for the filling of the office sought by the candidate supported by the such petition and shall add to his or her signature his or her residence address, giving municipality, if any, and county, with street and number, if any. No person shall sign the same pauper's petition more than once. Each pauper's petition shall support the candidacy of only a single candidate. A signature shall be stricken from the pauper's petition when the signer so requests prior to the presentation of the such petition to the appropriate officer for filing, but such a request shall be disregarded if made after such presentation. Each sheet shall bear on the bottom or back thereof the affidavit of the circulator of such sheet, which shall be subscribed and sworn to by such circulator before a notary public and shall set forth:

- 253 (A) His or her residence address, giving municipality with street and number, if any;
- 254 (B) That each signer manually signed his or her own name with full knowledge of the contents of the qualifying pauper's petition;
- 256 (C) That each signature on such sheet was signed within 180 days of the last day on which such pauper's petition may be filed; and
- 258 (D) That, to the best of the affiant's knowledge and belief, the signers are registered 259 electors of the state qualified to sign the <u>such</u> petition, that their respective residences 260 are correctly stated in the <u>such</u> petition, and that they all reside in the county named in 261 the affidavit;
 - (3) A qualifying pauper's petition shall be in the form and manner determined by the Secretary of State and approved by the State Elections Board;
 - (4) No qualifying pauper's petition shall be circulated prior to 180 days before the last day on which such petition may be filed, and no signature shall be counted unless it was signed within 180 days of the last day for filing the same; and
- 267 (5) A qualifying pauper's petition shall not be amended or supplemented after its presentation to the appropriate officer for filing.
- No notary public may sign the <u>a pauper's</u> petition as an elector or serve as a circulator of any petition which he or she notarized. Any and all sheets of a petition that have the circulator's affidavit notarized by a notary public who also served as a circulator of one or more sheets of the petition or who signed one of the sheets of the petition as an elector shall be disqualified and rejected."

274 **SECTION 7.**

275 Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 21-2-138, relating to nonpartisan elections for judicial offices, as follows:

277 "21-2-138.

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The names of all candidates who have qualified with the Secretary of State for the office of judge of a superior court, Judge of the Court of Appeals, or Justice of the Supreme Court of this state and the names of all candidates who have qualified with the election superintendent for the office of judge of a state court shall be placed on the ballot in a nonpartisan election to be held and conducted jointly with the general primary in each even-numbered year. No candidates for any such office shall be nominated by a political party or by a petition as a candidate of a political body or as an independent candidate. Candidates for any such office shall have their names placed on the nonpartisan portion of each ballot by complying with the requirements prescribed in Code Section 21-2-132 specifically related to such nonpartisan candidates and by paying the requisite qualifying fees as prescribed in Code Section 21-2-131. Candidates shall be listed on the official ballot in a nonpartisan election as provided in Code Sections 21-2-284.1 and 21-2-285.1, respectively. Except as otherwise specified in this chapter, the procedures to be employed in conducting the nonpartisan election of judges of state courts, judges of superior courts, Judges of the Court of Appeals, and Justices of the Supreme Court shall conform as nearly as practicable to the procedures governing general elections; and such general election procedures as are necessary to complete this nonpartisan election process shall be adopted in a manner consistent with such nonpartisan elections."

SECTION 8.

Said title is further amended by revising subsections (a) and (a.1) of Code Section 21-2-153, relating to qualification of candidates for party nomination in a state or county primary, posting of list of all qualified candidates, filing of affidavit with political party by each qualifying candidate, and performance of military service does not create vacancy, as follows:

"(a) A candidate for any party nomination in a state or county primary may qualify by either of the two following methods:

(1) Payment of a qualifying fee pursuant to Code Section 21-2-131; or

(2)(A) The submission of a pauper's affidavit by any candidate who has filed a qualifying pauper's petition as provided for in subsection (a.1) of this Code section, by which the candidate under oath affirms his or her poverty and his or her resulting inability to pay the qualifying fee otherwise required. The form of the affidavit shall be prescribed by the Secretary of State and shall include a financial statement which

lists the total income, assets, liabilities, and other relevant financial information of the candidate and shall indicate on its face that the candidate has neither the assets nor the income to pay the qualifying fee otherwise required. The affidavit shall contain an oath that such candidate has neither the assets nor the income to pay the qualifying fee otherwise required. The following warning shall be printed on the affidavit form prepared by the Secretary of State, to wit: 'WARNING: Any person knowingly making any false statement on this affidavit commits the offense of false swearing and shall be guilty of a felony.' The name of any candidate who subscribes and swears to an oath that such candidate has neither the assets nor the income to pay the qualifying fee otherwise required shall be placed on the ballot by the Secretary of State or election superintendent, as the case may be.

- (B) If a candidate seeks to qualify for a county or militia district office, the pauper's affidavit and financial statement shall be presented to the county political party; otherwise, the candidate shall file his or her pauper's affidavit and financial statement with the state political party.
- (a.1) No candidate shall be authorized to file a pauper's affidavit in lieu of paying the qualifying fee otherwise required by this Code section and Code Section 21-2-131 unless such candidate has filed a qualifying pauper's petition which complies with the following requirements:
 - (1) A qualifying pauper's petition of a candidate seeking an office which is voted upon state wide shall be signed by a number of voters equal to one-fourth of 1 percent of the total number of registered voters eligible to vote in the last election for the filling of the office the candidate is seeking and the signers of such petition shall be registered and eligible to vote in the election at which such candidate seeks to be elected. A qualifying pauper's petition of a candidate for any other office shall be signed by a number of voters equal to 1 percent of the total number of registered voters eligible to vote in the last election for the filling of the office the candidate is seeking and the signers of such petition shall be registered and eligible to vote in the election at which such candidate seeks to be elected. However, in the case of a candidate seeking an office for which there has never been an election or seeking an office in a newly constituted constituency, the percentage figure shall be computed on the total number of registered voters in the constituency who would have been qualified to vote for such office had the election been held at the last general election and the signers of such petition shall be registered and eligible to vote in the election at which such candidate seeks to be elected;
 - (2) Each person signing a qualifying pauper's petition shall declare therein that he or she is a duly qualified and registered elector of the state entitled to vote in the next election for the filling of the office sought by the candidate supported by the such petition and

shall add to his or her signature his or her residence address, giving municipality, if any, and county, with street and number, if any. No person shall sign the same <u>pauper's</u> petition more than once. Each <u>pauper's</u> petition shall support the candidacy of only a single candidate. A signature shall be stricken from the <u>pauper's</u> petition when the signer so requests prior to the presentation of <u>the such</u> petition to appropriate officer for filing, but such a request shall be disregarded if made after such presentation. Each sheet shall bear on the bottom or back thereof the affidavit of the circulator of such sheet, setting forth:

- (A) His or her residence address, giving municipality with street and number, if any;
- 356 (B) That each signer manually signed his or her own name with full knowledge of the contents of the qualifying pauper's petition;
- 358 (C) That each signature on such sheet was signed within 180 days of the last day on which such <u>pauper's</u> petition may be filed; and
 - (D) That, to the best of the affiant's knowledge and belief, the signers are registered electors of this state qualified to sign the <u>such</u> petition, that their respective residences are correctly stated in the <u>such</u> petition, and that they all reside in the county named in the affidavit;
- 364 (3) A qualifying pauper's petition shall be in the form and manner determined by the Secretary of State and approved by the State Elections Board;
- 366 (4) No qualifying pauper's petition shall be circulated prior to 180 days before the last day on which such petition may be filed, and no signature shall be counted unless it was signed within 180 days of the last day for filing the same; and
- (5) A <u>pauper's</u> petition shall not be amended or supplemented after its presentation to theappropriate officer for filing."

SECTION 9.

Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 21-2-170, relating to nomination of candidates by petition, form of petition, signatures, limitations as to circulation and amendment of petitions, listing of such candidates on ballots, and charter or ordinance authorization, as follows:

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(a) In addition to the party nominations made at primaries, nominations of candidates for public office other than municipal office may be made by nomination petitions signed by electors and filed in the manner provided in this Code section, and such nomination by petition may also be made for municipal public office if provided for by the municipality's charter or by municipal ordinance. Such petition shall be in the form prescribed by the officers with whom they are filed, and no forms other than the ones so prescribed shall be

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used for such purposes, but such petitions shall provide sufficient space for the printing of 384 the elector's name as well as for his or her signature. In addition to the other requirements 385 provided for in this Code section, each elector signing a nomination petition shall also print 386 his or her name thereon. 387 (b) A nomination petition of a candidate seeking an office which is voted upon state wide shall be signed by a number of voters equal to 1 percent of the total number of registered 388 389 voters eligible to vote in the last election for the filling of the office the candidate is seeking 390 and the signers of such petition shall be registered and eligible to vote in the election at 391 which such candidate seeks to be elected. A nomination petition of a candidate for any 392 other office shall be signed by a number of voters equal to 5 percent of the total number of 393 registered voters eligible to vote in the last election for the filling of the office the candidate 394 is seeking and the signers of such petition shall be registered and eligible to vote in the 395 election at which such candidate seeks to be elected. However, in the case of a candidate 396 seeking an office for which there has never been an election or seeking an office in a newly 397 constituted constituency, the percentage figure shall be computed on the total number of 398 registered voters in the constituency who would have been qualified to vote for such office 399 had the election been held at the last general election and the signers of such petition shall 400 be registered and eligible to vote in the election at which such candidate seeks to be 401 elected. 402 (c) Each person signing a nomination petition shall declare therein that he or she is a duly 403 qualified and registered elector of the state, county, or municipality entitled to vote in the 404 next election for the filling of the office sought by the candidate supported by the petition 405 and shall add to his or her signature his or her residence address, giving municipality, if 406 any, and county, with street and number, if any, and be urged to add the person's date of 407 birth which shall be used for verification purposes. No person shall sign the same petition 408 more than once. Each petition shall support the candidacy of only a single candidate, 409 except any political body seeking to have the names of its candidates for the offices of 410 presidential electors placed upon the ballot through nomination petitions shall not compile 411 a separate petition for each candidate for such office, but such political body shall compile 412 its petitions so that the entire slate of candidates of such body for such office shall be listed 413 together on the same petition. A signature shall be stricken from the petition when the 414 signer so requests prior to the presentation of the petition to the appropriate officer for 415 filing, but such a request shall be disregarded if made after such presentation. (d) A nomination petition shall be on one or more sheets of uniform size and different 416 417 sheets must be used by signers resident in different counties or municipalities. The upper portion of each sheet, prior to being signed by any petitioner, shall bear the name and title 418 419 of the officer with whom the petition will be filed, the name of the candidate to be

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supported by the petition, his or her profession, business, or occupation, if any, his or her place of residence with street and number, if any, the name of the office he or she is seeking, his or her political body affiliation, if any, and the name and date of the election in which the candidate is seeking election. If more than one sheet is used, they shall be bound together when offered for filing if they are intended to constitute one nomination petition, and each sheet shall be numbered consecutively, beginning with number one, at the foot of each page. Each sheet shall bear on the bottom or back thereof the affidavit of the circulator of such sheet, which affidavit must be subscribed and sworn to by such circulator before a notary public and shall set forth: (1) His or her residence address, giving municipality with street and number, if any; (2) That each signer manually signed his or her own name with full knowledge of the

- 430 431 contents of the nomination petition;
- (3) That each signature on such sheet was signed within 180 days of the last day on 432 433 which such petition may be filed; and
- (4) That, to the best of the affiant's knowledge and belief, the signers are registered 434 electors of the state qualified to sign the petition, that their respective residences are 435 436 correctly stated in the petition, and that they all reside in the county or municipality 437 named in the affidavit.
- 438 No notary public may sign the petition as an elector or serve as a circulator of any petition which he or she notarized. Any and all sheets of a petition that have the circulator's 439 440 affidavit notarized by a notary public who also served as a circulator of one or more sheets 441 of the petition or who signed one of the sheets of the petition as an elector shall be 442 disqualified and rejected.
- 443 (e) No nomination petition shall be circulated prior to 180 days before the last day on 444 which such petition may be filed, and no signature shall be counted unless it was signed 445 within 180 days of the last day for filing the same.
- 446 (f) A nomination petition shall not be amended or supplemented after its presentation to the appropriate officer for filing. 447
 - (g) Only those candidates whose petitions are accompanied by a certificate sworn to by the chairperson and secretary of a political body duly registered with the Secretary of State as required by Code Section 21-2-110, stating that the named candidate is the nominee of that political body by virtue of being nominated in a convention, as prescribed in Code Section 21-2-172, shall be listed on the ballot under the name of the political body. All petition candidates not so designated as the nominee of a political body shall be listed on the ballot in the independent column.

(h) Notwithstanding the provisions of this Code section, candidates for municipal offices may be nominated by petitions as provided for in this Code section only if the municipality authorizes such nominations by petitions in its charter or by ordinance Reserved."

SECTION 10.

- Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 21-2-171, relating to examination of petitions, basis for grant or denial of filing, and review and appeal of denial, as follows:
- 461 "21-2-171.

- 462 (a) When any nomination petition is presented in the office of the Secretary of State or of
 463 any superintendent for filing within the period limited by this chapter, it shall be the duty
 464 of such officer to examine the same to the extent necessary to determine if it complies with
 465 the law. No candidate shall be qualified if such nomination petition:
- 466 (1) Contains material errors or defects apparent on the face thereof;
- 467 (2) Contains material alterations made after signing without the consent of the signers;
 468 or
- 469 (3) Does not contain a sufficient number of signatures of registered voters as required by law.

The Secretary of State or any superintendent shall review the petition for compliance with the provisions of Code Section 21-2-170 and shall disregard any pages or signatures that are not in conformance with the provisions of that Code section. The Secretary of State or any superintendent may question the genuineness of any signature appearing on a petition or the qualification of any signer whose signature appears thereon and, if he or she shall thereupon find that any such signature is improper, such signature shall be disregarded in determining whether the petition contains a sufficient number of signatures as required by law. The invalidity of any sheet of a nomination petition shall not affect the validity of such petition if a sufficient petition remains after eliminating such invalid sheet.

(b) Upon the filing of a nomination petition, the officer with whom it is filed shall begin expeditiously to examine the petition to determine if it complies with the law. During such examination the officer shall have the right to summon by subpoena on two days' notice and interrogate under oath the candidate named in the petition, any person who signed the petition, any person who executed or witnessed any affidavit or certificate accompanying the petition, or any other person who may have knowledge of any matter relevant to the examination. Such officer shall also have the right to subpoena on two days' notice any record relevant to the examination. No witness shall be compelled to attend if he or she should reside more than 100 miles from the place of hearing by the nearest practical route; provided, however, that the officer may compel the taking of his or her testimony by deposition in the county of the residence of the witness. The sheriff of any county, or his

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or her deputy, or agent of the officer shall serve all processes issued by the officer, or the same may be served by United States registered or certified mail or statutory overnight delivery; and the production of an appropriate return receipt issued by the United States post office or commercial delivery firm shall constitute prima-facie evidence of such service. In case of the refusal of any person subpoenaed to attend or testify, such fact shall be reported forthwith by the officer to the appropriate superior court, or to a judge thereof, and such court or judge shall order such witness to attend and testify; and, on failure or refusal to obey such order, such witness shall be dealt with as for contempt. Any witness so subpoenaed, and after attending, shall be allowed and paid the same mileage and fee as now allowed and paid witnesses in civil actions in the superior court. The officer shall not be bound by technical rules of evidence in hearing such testimony. The testimony presented shall be stenographically recorded and made a part of the record of the examination. If the petition complies with the law, it shall be granted and the candidate named therein shall be notified in writing. If the petition fails to comply with the law, it shall be denied and the candidate named therein shall be notified of the cause for such denial by letter directed to his or her last known address. In neither case shall the petition be returned to the candidate. (c) The decision of the officer denying a nomination petition may be reviewed by the superior court of the county containing the office of such officer upon an application for a writ of mandamus to compel the granting of such petition. The application for such writ of mandamus shall be made within five days of the time when the petitioner is notified of such decision. Upon the application being made, a judge of such court shall fix a time and place for hearing the matter in dispute as soon as practicable; and notice thereof shall be served with a copy of such application upon the officer with whom the nomination petition was filed and upon the petitioner. At the time so fixed the court, or any judge thereof assigned for the purpose, shall hear the case. If after such hearing the said court shall find that the decision of the officer was erroneous, it shall issue its mandate to the officer to correct his or her decision and to grant the nomination petition. From any decision of the superior court an appeal may be taken within five days after the entry thereof. It shall be the duty of the appellate court to fix the hearing and to announce its decision within such period of time as will permit the name of the candidate affected by the court's decision to

523 **SECTION 11.**

Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 21-2-180, relating to manner of qualification of political bodies to nominate candidates for state-wide public office by convention, as follows:

be printed on the ballot if the court should so determine Reserved."

527 "21-2-180.

Any political body which is duly registered as provided for in Code Section 21-2-110 is

qualified to nominate candidates for state-wide public office by convention if:

(1) The political body files with the Secretary of State a petition signed by voters equal in number to 1 percent of the registered voters who were registered and eligible to vote in the preceding general election; or

(2) At , at the preceding general election, the political body nominated a candidate for state-wide office and such candidate received a number of votes equal to 1 percent of the total number of registered voters who were registered and eligible to vote in such general election."

SECTION 12.

Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 21-2-181, relating to filing of petitionsgenerally, as follows:

540 "21-2-181.

Petitions to qualify political bodies to nominate candidates for state-wide public office by convention shall be filed with the Secretary of State and shall be signed by voters in the manner provided in this part. Such petitions shall provide sufficient space for the printing of the voter's name and for the voter's signature. No forms other than those prescribed in this part shall be used for qualifying a political body to nominate candidates for public office Reserved."

SECTION 13.

Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 21-2-182, relating to contents of petitions and signatures, as follows:

550 "21-2-182.

Each person signing a political body qualifying petition shall declare therein that such person is a duly qualified and registered voter of the state, entitled to vote in the next election for members of the General Assembly, and shall provide with such person's signature such person's residence address and county and the date of such person's signature. No person shall sign the same petition more than once. Each petition shall support the qualification of only one political body. No signature shall be valid if made more than 15 months prior to the submission of the petitions to the Secretary of State. A signature shall be stricken from the petition when the signer so requests prior to the presentation of the petitions to the Secretary of State for filing, but such request shall be disregarded if made after such presentation Reserved."

561	SECTION 14.
562	Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 21-2-183, relating to form of petitions
563	and affidavits of circulators, as follows:
564	"21-2-183.
565	(a) A petition to qualify a political body to nominate candidates for public office by
566	convention shall be on one or more sheets of uniform size, and different sheets must be
567	used by signers residing in different counties. The upper portion of each sheet, prior to
568	being signed by any petitioner, shall bear the name and title of the Secretary of State and
569	the political body to be formed by the petition. If more than one sheet is used, they shall
570	be bound together when offered for filing and each sheet shall be numbered consecutively,
571	beginning with number one, at the foot of each page.
572	(b) Each sheet shall bear on the bottom or back thereof the affidavit of the circulator of
573	such sheet setting forth:
574	(1) The residence address of the circulator;
575	(2) That each signer manually signed such signer's own name with full knowledge of the
576	contents of the political body qualifying petitions;
577	(3) That, to the best of the affiant's knowledge and belief, the signers are registered
578	voters of the State of Georgia, qualified to sign the petition;
579	(4) That their respective residences are correctly stated in the petition; and
580	(5) That they all reside in the county named in the affidavit Reserved."
581	SECTION 15.
582	Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 21-2-184, relating to restriction on
583	amendment or supplementation, as follows:
584	"21-2-184.
585	A petition to qualify a political body to nominate candidates for state-wide public office
586	by convention shall not be amended or supplemented after its presentation to the Secretary
587	of State for filing Reserved."
588	SECTION 16.
589	Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 21-2-185, relating to filing deadline,
590	as follows:
591	"21-2-185.
592	No petition to qualify a political body shall be submitted to the Secretary of State for
593	verification after 12:00 Noon on the second Tuesday in July Reserved."

17 LC 28 8256 594 **SECTION 17.** 595 Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 21-2-186, relating to examination of 596 petitions and judicial review, as follows: 597 "21-2-186. 598 Petitions to qualify a political body to nominate candidates for state-wide public office by 599 convention shall be examined and shall be subject to judicial review in the same manner 600 as provided for candidates nominated by petition pursuant to Code Section 21-2-171 Reserved." 601 602 **SECTION 18.** 603 Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 21-2-187, relating to holding of 604 conventions and filing notice of candidacy, as follows: "21-2-187. 605 Political bodies shall hold their conventions in accordance with Code Section 21-2-172, 606 607 and candidates nominated for state-wide public office in convention shall file a notice of 608 candidacy no earlier than 9:00 A.M. on the fourth Monday in June immediately prior to the 609 election and no later than 12:00 Noon on the Friday following the fourth Monday in June 610 as prescribed in Code Section 21-2-132; provided, however, that the political body must 611 file its qualifying petition no later than 12:00 Noon on the second Tuesday in July 612 following the convention as prescribed in Code Section 21-2-172 in order to qualify its 613 candidates to be listed on the general election ballot." 614 **SECTION 19.** 615 Said title is further amended by revising subsection (g) of Code Section 21-2-285, relating 616 to form of official election ballot, attestation on receipt of benefit in exchange for vote, and 617 when an election is not required, as follows: "(d) Unless a candidate has filed with his or her nominating petition a certificate from a 618 619 political party or body attesting that such candidate is the nominee of such party by virtue 620 of having been nominated in a duly constituted party convention, the candidate's name shall appear on the ballot under the independent column." 621 **SECTION 20.** 622

Said title is further amended by revising subsection (d) of Code Section 21-2-379.5, relating 623

624 to ballot information, as follows:

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"(d) Unless a candidate has filed with his or her nominating petition a certificate from a

political party or body attesting that such candidate is the nominee of such party or body

by virtue of having been nominated in a duly constituted party or body convention, the candidate's name shall appear on the ballot as an independent."

629 **SECTION 21.**

- 630 Said title is further amended by revising subsection (f) of Code Section 21-2-480, relating
- 631 to caption for ballots, party designations, and form and arrangement, as follows:
- 632 "(f) Unless a candidate has filed with his or her nominating petition a certificate from a
- political party or body attesting that such candidate is the nominee of such party or body
- by virtue of having been nominated in a duly constituted party or body convention, the
- candidate's name shall appear on the ballot as an independent."
- 636 **SECTION 22.**
- 637 Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 21-2-563, relating to improper signing
- or alteration of nomination petitions or affidavits, as follows:
- 639 "21-2-563.
- Any person who knowingly and willfully:
- (1) Signs any nomination pauper's petition without having the qualifications prescribed
- by this chapter;
- 643 (2) Sets any false statement opposite the signature on a nomination pauper's petition;
- (3) Signs more nomination pauper's petitions than permitted by this chapter;
- 645 (4) Makes a false statement in any affidavit required by this chapter to be appended to
- or to accompany a nomination pauper's petition;
- (5) Signs any name not his or her own to any nomination pauper's petition; or
- (6) Materially alters any nomination pauper's petition without the consent of the signers
- shall be guilty of a felony."
- **SECTION 23.**
- 651 Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 21-2-564, relating to willful
- destruction, fraudulent filing, or suppression of nomination materials, as follows:
- 653 "21-2-564.
- Any person who willfully makes any false nomination certificate or defaces or destroys any
- 655 nomination pauper's petition, nomination certificate, or nomination paper, or letter of
- withdrawal, knowing the same, or any part thereof, to be made falsely, or suppresses any
- 657 nomination pauper's petition, nomination certificate, or nomination paper, or any part
- thereof, which has been duly filed shall be guilty of a felony."

SECTION 24.

Said title is further amended by revising paragraph (1) of subsection (c) of Code Section 21-5-50, relating to filing by public officers, filing by candidates for public office, filing by elected officials and members of the General Assembly, electronic filing, and transfer of filings from the Secretary of State to the commission, as follows:

- "(c)(1) Each person who qualifies with a political party as a candidate for party nomination to a public office elected state wide (including an incumbent public officer elected state wide qualifying to succeed himself or herself) shall file with the commission, not later than seven days after so qualifying, a financial disclosure statement. Each person who qualifies as a candidate for election to a public office elected state wide through a nomination petition or convention shall likewise file a financial disclosure statement not later than seven days after filing his or her notice of candidacy. Such financial disclosure statement shall comply with the requirements of subsections (a) and (b) of this Code section and shall in addition identify, for the preceding five calendar years:
 - (A) Each transaction or transactions which aggregate \$9,000.00 or more in a calendar year in which the candidate (whether for himself or herself or on behalf of any business) or any business in which such candidate or any member of his or her family has a substantial interest or is an officer of such business has transacted business with the government of the State of Georgia, the government of any political subdivision of the State of Georgia, or any agency of any such government; and
 - (B) Each transaction or transactions which aggregate \$9,000.00 or more in a calendar year in which the candidate or any business in which such candidate or any member of his or her family has a substantial interest or is an officer of such business received any income of any nature from any person who was at the time of such receipt of income represented by a lobbyist registered with the commission pursuant to Article 4 of this chapter."

SECTION 25.

All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.