A RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution so as to provide that legislative and congressional reapportionment be done by an independent, nonpartisan commission instead of the General Assembly; to provide for the establishment of such commission; to provide for the qualifications and appointment of members of such commission; to provide for the filling of vacancies on the commission; to provide for powers, duties, responsibilities, and resources for such commission; to provide for guidelines for reapportionment; to provide for related matters; to provide for submission of this amendment for ratification or rejection; and for other purposes.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

SECTION 1.

Article II of the Constitution is amended by adding a new Section IV to read as follows:

12 "SECTION IV.

LEGISLATIVE AND CONGRESSIONAL REAPPORTIONMENT

- Paragraph I. *Citizens' Redistricting Commission*. (a) In each year following a year in which a United States decennial census is conducted or when congressional or legislative redistricting is required by court order, a Citizens' Redistricting Commission shall be established as provided in this Paragraph.
 - (b)(1) The commission shall consist of 14 members appointed as provided in this Paragraph.
 - (2) The commission shall include five members who are identified with the political party whose candidate for Governor in the last general election to fill the office of Governor received the highest number of votes, five members who are identified with the political party whose candidate for Governor in the last general election to fill the office of Governor received the next highest number of votes, and four members who are not identified with any political party. Identification with a political party shall mean that a

26	
27	

28 29

30

32 33

31

34 35

36 37

38 39

40 41

42 43

44

46

45

47 48

50

51

52

49

53 54

56

57

55

58 59

60

61

person voted in the general primary of such political party in each of the immediately preceding three general primaries. Not being identified with a political party shall mean that the person did not vote in the general primary of any political party in any of the immediately preceding three general primaries.

- (3) Each commission member shall be a registered voter who, at the time of his or her selection to serve on the commission, has been continuously registered to vote in Georgia for the immediately preceding five-year period or longer and has voted in each of the three immediately preceding state-wide general elections.
- (4) No person shall be eligible to serve on the commission who has, within the immediately preceding ten-year period prior to his or her selection to serve on the commission, or whose immediate family member has, within the immediately preceding ten-year period prior to such perso n's selection to serve on the commission:
 - (A) Been appointed or elected to or been a candidate for federal or state office;
 - (B) Served as an officer, employee, or paid consultant of a political party or body or of the campaign or campaign committee of a candidate for elective federal or state office;
 - (C) Served as an elected or appointed officer of a political party or body on a state or county executive committee;
 - (D) Served as a registered federal, state, or local lobbyist;
 - (E) Served as a paid congressional or legislative staff member; or
 - (F) Contributed \$2,000.00 or more to any federal, state, or local candidate for elective public office in any year; such amount shall be adjusted every ten years by the Secretary of State by calculating the cumulative percentage increase in the consumer price index for Georgia or its successor over the preceding ten-year period.
- <u>Immediate family member includes spouse, parents, siblings, and children.</u>
- (5) Not later than January 1, 2020, and in each year ending in the number zero thereafter, the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court shall initiate an application process for service on the commission, which shall be open to all registered electors in Georgia in a manner that promotes a diverse and qualified applicant pool. Such applications shall be received through June 30 of such year and in each year ending in the number zero thereafter. Not later than July 1 of such year and in each year ending in the number zero thereafter, the Chief Justice shall establish a review panel consisting of three retired appellate or superior court judges to screen applicants for the commission. Not later than August 1 of such year and in each year ending in the number zero thereafter, the Chief Justice shall publicize the names of the applicants and deliver copies of their applications to the review panel.

- (6) The review panel shall review and verify the qualifications of the applicants and shall select 20 of the most qualified applicants who are identified with the political party whose candidate for Governor in the last general election to fill the office of Governor received the highest number of votes, 20 of the most qualified applicants who are identified with the political party whose candidate for Governor in the last general election to fill the office of Governor received the next highest number of votes, and 20 of the most qualified applicants who are not identified with any political party. These subpools shall be created on the basis of relevant analytical skills, ability to be impartial, and appreciation of the diverse demographics and geography of the state. The members of the review panel shall not communicate with any member of the Georgia congressional delegation, any member of the General Assembly, or any representative of any such member prior to the selection of the three subpools of applicants.
- (7) Not later than October 1, 2020, and in each year ending in the number zero thereafter, the review panel shall submit the three subpools of applicants to the Secretary of the Senate and the Clerk of the House of Representatives. Not later than November 15, 2020, and in each year ending in the number zero thereafter, the President Pro Tempore of the Senate, the minority leader of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the minority leader of the House of Representatives may each strike up to two of the applicants from each subpool for a total of up to eight strikes from each subpool. After removing the names of those persons stricken from the subpools, the Secretary of the Senate and the Clerk of the House of Representatives shall deliver the pool of remaining names to the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court.
- (8) Not later than November 20, 2020, and in each year ending in the number zero thereafter, the Chief Justice shall randomly draw eight names from the applicants remaining. Three names shall be drawn from the subpool of applicants who identify with the political party whose candidate for Governor in the last general election to fill the office of Governor received the highest number of votes, three names shall be drawn from the subpool of applicants who identify with the political party whose candidate for Governor in the last general election to fill the office of Governor received the next highest number of votes, and two names shall be drawn from the subpool of applicants who do not identify with any political party. These persons shall serve on the commission.
- (9) Not later than December 31, 2020, and in each year ending in the number zero thereafter, the initial eight members of the commission selected as provided in Paragraph (8) of this subsection shall review the names remaining in the pool of applicants following their selection and shall appoint an additional six persons from such remaining applicants. Two names shall be selected from the subpool of applicants who

identify with the political party whose candidate for Governor in the last general election to fill the office of Governor received the highest number of votes, two names shall be selected from the subpool of applicants who identify with the political party whose candidate for Governor in the last general election to fill the office of Governor received the next highest number of votes, and two names shall be selected from the subpool of applicants who do not identify with any political party. The six appointees must receive the affirmative vote of at least five of the eight commissioners, which shall include at least two votes by commissioners who identify with one of the political parties and one vote by a commissioner who does not identify with any political party. The additional six commissioners shall be chosen to represent the state's diversity to include, but not be limited to, racial, ethnic, geographic, and gender diversity, provided that no formula or specific ratio shall be used for such purpose. Such commissioners shall also be chosen for their analytical skills and ability to be impartial.

- (c)(1) In the event of substantial neglect of duty, gross misconduct in office, or inability to discharge the duties of the office, a member of the commission may be removed by the Governor with the concurrence of two-thirds of the members of the Senate after having been served with written notice and provided with an opportunity for responding.
- (2) Vacancies on the commission shall be filled within 30 days following the occurrence of such vacancy by the remaining members of the commission by selecting a person from the same subpool of applicants from which the vacating member was selected as such subpool existed on November 20 of the year in which that pool was established. In the event that none of the remaining applicants are available for service, the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court shall create a new subpool following the general methodology of subsection (b) of this Paragraph.
- (d) The members of the commission shall select from among their number a chairperson to preside over meetings of the commission and a vice chairperson to act in the absence of the chairperson. The commission may also select a secretary to keep the records of the commission and minutes of its meetings. Such person need not be a member of the commission.
- (e) Members of the commission shall be reimbursed for expenses incurred in the performance of their duties on the commission in the same manner as members of the General Assembly. The General Assembly is authorized to provide for the payment of reasonable compensation to the members of the commission. The General Assembly shall provide adequate funding to the commission, including the employment of a competent staff, in order for the commission to carry out its duties. The General Assembly shall

135	provide adequate funding for the representation of the commission in any litigation, and
136	the Department of Law shall have the responsibility for such representation.
137	(f) The commission shall have the following duties:
138	(1) To create proposed congressional and House of Representatives and Senate
139	legislative districts for submission to the General Assembly for approval or rejection;
140	(2) Prior to developing a proposed plan or making any recommendations, to conduct
141	public hearings throughout all areas of this state, including at least one hearing in each
142	congressional district in this state, after providing adequate advance notice to the public
143	so that all interested citizens have a reasonable opportunity to express their views with
144	regard to redistricting plans; and
145	(3) To conduct meetings, discussions, and deliberations in public and to provide ample
146	notice of the meetings of the commission to facilitate public participation and attendance.
147	(g) In developing proposed redistricting plans for submission to the General Assembly
148	for approval or rejection, the commission shall adhere to the following criteria:
149	(1) The plan shall be in compliance with the Constitutions of this state and the United
150	States;
151	(2) The plan shall be in compliance with the federal Voting Rights Act of 1965, as
152	amended;
153	(3) The plan shall contain only contiguous districts;
154	(4) The plan shall contain districts that are as compact as possible or practicable for
155	which the commission may use, but shall not be limited to, a general appearance test
156	regarding compactness, and may also consider functional compactness in terms of travel
157	and transportation, communication, and geography;
158	(5) The plan shall maintain communities of interest, as determined by the commission
159	from time to time, to the extent that it is reasonably possible to do so, including, but not
160	limited to, urban interests, suburban interests, rural interests, neighborhoods, trade areas,
161	geographic location, communication and transportation networks, media markets, social
162	and cultural interests, economic interests, and occupations and lifestyles;
163	(6) The plan shall follow the lines of political subdivisions and geographic boundaries
164	whenever possible, and the commission shall consider boundary lines of counties,
165	municipalities, school districts, and other political units in developing its plans; and
166	(7) The plan, if for congressional redistricting, shall provide for zero deviation among
167	the districts and, if for legislative redistricting, shall provide for as close as practicable
168	to zero deviation among the districts.
169	(h) The commission shall, no later than July 1 of the year following the year in which a
170	United States decennial census is conducted or as soon as practicable following a court
171	ordered congressional or legislative redistricting, submit its report with a proposed

congressional redistricting plan, a proposed redistricting plan for the House of Representatives, and a proposed redistricting plan for the Senate to the General Assembly for approval. Such plans shall be voted upon by both houses of the General Assembly without amendment. If either house of the General Assembly declines to approve a plan, the plan and report shall be returned to the commission with such specific suggestions as the Senate or House of Representatives, as applicable, believes would eliminate the basis for disapproval of the plan. The commission shall then meet, revise the plan, and submit a new report and proposed plan to the General Assembly within 15 days following the disapproval of the plan. Such revised plan shall be voted upon by the General Assembly without amendment. If either house of the General Assembly declines to approve the revised plan, the General Assembly shall proceed to formulate and enact a redistricting plan on its own.

(i) Upon the approval or final rejection of each of the proposed plans by the General Assembly, the commission shall be dissolved."

186 SECTION 2.

Article III, Section II of the Constitution is amended by revising Paragraph II as follows:

"Paragraph II. *Apportionment of General Assembly*. The General Assembly shall apportion the Senate and House districts. Such districts shall be composed of contiguous territory. The apportionment of the Senate and of the House of Representatives shall be changed by the General Assembly as necessary after each United States decennial census as provided in Article II, Section IV of this Constitution."

SECTION 3.

The above proposed amendment to the Constitution shall be published and submitted as provided in Article X, Section I, Paragraph II of the Constitution. The ballot submitting the above proposed amendment shall have written or printed thereon the following:

- "() YES Shall the Constitution of Georgia be amended so as to provide that
- () NO legislative and congressional redistricting be done by an independent, nonpartisan commission?"

All persons desiring to vote in favor of ratifying the proposed amendment shall vote "Yes." All persons desiring to vote against ratifying the proposed amendment shall vote "No." If such amendment shall be ratified as provided in said Paragraph of the Constitution, it shall become a part of the Constitution of this state.