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House Resolution 607

By: Representatives Cooper of the 43<sup>rd</sup>, Smith of the 70<sup>th</sup>, Jones of the 53<sup>rd</sup>, Mathiak of the 73<sup>rd</sup>, and Hagan of the 156<sup>th</sup>

## A RESOLUTION

- 1 Recognizing January 2022 as Cervical Health Awareness Month, acknowledging that
- 2 cervical cancer is preventable through regular screening, and encouraging all women to
- 3 schedule well-woman exams and Pap+HPV (co-testing) cervical cancer screening; and for
- 4 other purposes.
- 5 WHEREAS, since the introduction of the life-saving Pap test in the 1940s, cervical cancer
- 6 rates have steadily declined in the United States; and
- 7 WHEREAS, however, cervical cancer continues to affect women at an alarming rate. Every
- 8 hour, a woman is diagnosed with cervical cancer, and every two hours a woman will die of
- 9 this disease; and
- 10 WHEREAS, in 2021, there were an estimated 14,480 new cases and 4,290 deaths from
- 11 cervical cancer; and
- 12 WHEREAS, cervical cancer is not only treatable but can be preventable through regular
- 13 screening; and

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14 WHEREAS, Pap+HPV (co-testing) is the most widely adopted and preferred method for

- 15 cervical cancer screening in the United States, and recent publications representative of
- 16 clinical practice in the United States have shown that co-testing misses the fewest
- 17 cancer/precursors to cancer and also indicate that 95 percent of cervical cancers have been
- 18 detected by co-testing; and
- 19 WHEREAS, racial, ethnic, and socioeconomic inequalities still exist, exacerbating the impact
- 20 of cervical cancer on Black and Hispanic women; and
- 21 WHEREAS, Black women in the United States are twice as likely to die of cervical cancer
- than are white women and are more likely to be diagnosed with advanced cervical cancer
- 23 than any other racial group, and Hispanic women are 30 percent more likely to die of cervical
- 24 cancer than are white women; and
- 25 WHEREAS, COVID-19 has widened health disparities. In a recent report, 46 percent of
- 26 women indicated they put off preventative care and 32 percent skipped recommended
- 27 medical tests and screenings.
- 28 NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES that
- 29 the members of this body recognize January 2022 as Cervical Health Awareness Month,
- 30 acknowledge that cervical cancer is preventable through regular screening, and encourage
- 31 all women to schedule well-woman exams and Pap+HPV (co-testing) cervical cancer
- 32 screening.
- 33 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Clerk of the House of Representatives is authorized
- 34 and directed to make appropriate copies of this resolution available for distribution to the
- 35 public and the press.