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House Resolution 29

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By: Representatives Hugley of the 136<sup>th</sup> and Smyre of the 135<sup>th</sup>

## **A RESOLUTION**

1 Compensating Mr. Jakeith Bendray Robinson, Sr.; and for other purposes.

2 WHEREAS, in June, 1998, Mr. Jakeith Bendray Robinson, Sr., the alleged get-away driver

3 in the robbery of an armored car driver, was indicted and tried for murder, felony murder,

4 armed robbery, two counts of aggravated assault, possession of a firearm by a convicted

5 felon, and possession of a firearm during the commission of a felony. At the conclusion of

6 the trial, the jury returned not guilty verdicts as to the murder, felony murder, and both

7 aggravated assault charges, but could not reach a verdict on the charges of armed robbery and

8 possession of a firearm during the commission of a felony; and

9 WHEREAS, in September, 1999, Mr. Robinson was tried as a codefendant for armed

robbery and the weapons charge. Mr. Robinson unsuccessfully moved for severance of the

11 trials, arguing that based on the state's arguments that he was a co-conspirator and/or party

to the armed robbery, the issue was precluded from retrial. During the trial, codefendant

13 Xavier Womack was tried for murder, felony murder, armed robbery, two counts of

14 aggravated assault, possession of a firearm during the commission of a felony, and

possession of a firearm by a convicted felon, while Mr. Robinson was retried on armed

16 robbery and possession of a firearm during the commission of a felony. The jury found

17 Mr. Robinson guilty of armed robbery and acquitted him of possession of a firearm during

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18 a felony and possession of a firearm by a convicted felon. Mr. Robinson was sentenced to

- 19 life imprisonment; and
- 20 WHEREAS, Mr. Robinson filed a motion for new trial and two amended motions for new
- 21 trial, which motions ultimately were denied by the trial court in September, 2001.
- 22 Mr. Robinson filed his notice of appeal in 2001. After an unexplained 14 year delay for his
- 23 appeal to be heard, the Court of Appeals found that the only rational conclusion from the first
- 24 trial of Mr. Robinson was that the jury determined that Mr. Robinson was not a party to the
- 25 crimes and, therefore, should have been acquitted of all charges and the state should not have
- 26 tried him a second time for the armed robbery; and
- 27 WHEREAS, during the unexplained delay in his appeal following his conviction and until
- 28 the Court of Appeals finally reversed his convictions and he was released, Mr. Robinson
- 29 served 19 years, 11 months, and 29 days in prison; and
- 30 WHEREAS, Mr. Robinson has suffered loss of liberty, personal injury, lost wages, injury to
- 31 reputation, emotional distress, loss of consortium, loss of familial association, and other
- 32 damages as a result of his almost 20 years of incarceration and expenses in trying to prove
- 33 his innocence; and
- 34 WHEREAS, the conviction, incarceration, and subsequent loss of liberty and other damages
- 35 occurred through no fault or negligence on the part of Mr. Robinson, and it is only fitting and
- 36 proper that he be compensated for his loss.
- 37 NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF
- 38 GEORGIA that the Department of Administrative Services is authorized and directed to pay
- 39 the sum of \$560,000.00 to Mr. Jakeith Bendray Robinson, Sr., as compensation as provided

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40 above. Said sum shall be paid from funds appropriated to or available to the Department of
41 Administrative Services and shall be in full and complete satisfaction of all claims against
42 the state arising out of said occurrence. Said sum shall not be subject to state income taxes
43 and shall be paid in the form of an annuity over a 20 year period with an initial lump sum
44 payment of \$50,000.00 and monthly payments thereafter. None of the funds provided by this
45 resolution shall be used to pay attorney's fees if such fees are calculated on a contingency fee
46 basis.