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House Resolution 1695

By: Representative Hatchett of the 150th

## A RESOLUTION

- 1 Commending the Lower Muscogee Creek Tribe and the Cherokee Nation; and for other
- 2 purposes.
- 3 WHEREAS, the ancestors of today's southeastern tribes and other native peoples have for
- 4 millennia inhabited the lands of the present-day State of Georgia, honoring, protecting, and
- 5 stewarding the land of this beautiful state that we hold so dear; and
- 6 WHEREAS, the arrival and settlement of General James Oglethorpe, founder of the colony
- 7 of Georgia, opened a new chapter in the histories of the native peoples of said territory; and
- 8 WHEREAS, the State of Georgia acknowledges the significant role that Native American
- 9 tribes played in permitting the birth of this colony to take root, such as Tomochichi, a local
- 10 Yamacraw Creek chief, who welcomed the new arrivals and gifted tribal land to General
- 11 James Oglethorpe for the establishing of Savannah where the stirring for Georgia statehood
- would commence. Because of his diplomatic role, Chief Tomochichi established peaceful
- 13 relations between the native population and the new English settlers and also the ultimate
- 14 success of Georgia; and
- 15 WHEREAS, in 1801, the first mission school to the Cherokee and the Lower Muscogee
- 16 Creek was established at Spring Place, Georgia. The Moravian mission became a model for
- 17 ministry, education, and farming techniques and, in subsequent years, a friend and ally to the
- 18 chiefs and tribal heads at New Echota, capital of the Cherokee Nation; and
- 19 WHEREAS, on November 12, 1825, New Echota was officially designated as the capital of
- 20 the Cherokee Nation. The tribal council also began a building program that included
- 21 construction of a two-story council house, a supreme court, and, later, the office of the first
- 22 Indian language newspaper, the *Cherokee Phoenix*, which used the new syllabary created by
- 23 the Cherokee scholar, Sequoyah; and

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24 WHEREAS, the Cherokees' sovereign right to their land and nation was confirmed by the

- 25 United States Supreme Court in the case of *Worcester v. Georgia*, in which Chief Justice
- 26 John Marshall opined that the relationship between the Indian nations and the United States
- 27 is that of nations and that the federal government had the sole right to deal with the Indian
- 28 nations in North America. Justice Marshall also clearly stated that neither the states nor the
- 29 federal government had the right of possession to native lands nor political dominion over
- 30 the laws enacted by native peoples; and
- 31 WHEREAS, the removal and loss of land of the native peoples from Georgia began with the
- 32 Lower Muscogee Creek, initiated by state government policy, and in 1832, after
- 33 Congressional passage of the Indian Removal Act, Georgia included Cherokee territory in
- 34 its Sixth Land Lottery, allocating Cherokee land to white settlers, although the Cherokee
- Nation had never ceded the land to the state; and over the next six years, the Georgia Guard
- operated against the Cherokees, evicting them from their properties; by 1834, New Echota
- 37 was becoming a ghost town, and council meetings were moved to Red Clay, Cherokee
- 38 Nation, now in Tennessee; and
- 39 WHEREAS, as the General Assembly recalled in a 1997 resolution dedicating the Trail of
- 40 Tears Highway: "New Echota was converted from the capital of a nation to a holding pen
- 41 for the human inhabitants of that nation as they were rounded up and corralled like cattle to
- 42 embark on one of the most sordid chapters in our state's history, the forced migration of the
- 43 Cherokee people from their native Southeastern foothills and mountains to Oklahoma, an
- event that lives in infamy as the Trail of Tears"; and
- WHEREAS, the Constitution of the United States is the supreme law of the land, which we
- are sworn to protect and uphold; and
- 47 WHEREAS, it is abundantly fitting and proper for the members of this body to recognize the
- 48 importance of the Lower Muscogee Creek Tribe and the Cherokee Nation to the rich history
- 49 of this state and our nation.
- 50 NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES that
- 51 the members of this body commend the Lower Muscogee Creek Tribe and the Cherokee
- 52 Nation.

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53 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Clerk of the House of Representatives is authorized

- 54 and directed to make appropriate copies of this resolution available for distribution to the
- 55 Lower Muscogee Creek Tribe and the Cherokee Nation.