## House Resolution 1364

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By: Representatives Dempsey of the 13<sup>th</sup>, Cooper of the 43<sup>rd</sup>, Newton of the 123<sup>rd</sup>, Tankersley of the 160<sup>th</sup>, and Jackson of the 128<sup>th</sup>

## A RESOLUTION

1 Encouraging the Georgia Legislature to broaden eligibility and increase funding for the

2 Breast and Cervical Cancer Prevention Program; and for other purposes.

WHEREAS, uninsured women aged 40 to 64 have the lowest rate of mammography use in
the past two years at only 31 percent compared to 68 percent for women with health
insurance; and

6 WHEREAS, the five-year survival for breast cancer is much higher when diagnosed at an
7 early stage and regular screening with mammography has resulted in 30 percent fewer breast

- 8 cancer deaths; and
- 9 WHEREAS, the costs of treating advanced stage breast cancer are significantly higher than
- 10 those for treating early stage disease, average costs allowed per patient in the two years
- 11 following a breast cancer diagnosis can reach up to \$182,655.00 for stage 4 breast cancer,
- 12 which is 2.5 times the cost of treating stage 0 breast cancer; and

WHEREAS, the American Cancer Society reports that breast cancer stage at diagnosis is more advanced among racial and ethnic minority, lower income, and uninsured women, and the mortality rate for African American women with breast cancer is higher than that of white women; and

WHEREAS, the Breast and Cervical Cancer Prevention Program within the Department of Public Health receives funding from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's (CDC) National Breast and Cervical Cancer Early Detection Program (NBCCEDP), a program that provides low-income, uninsured, and underinsured women access to breast and cervical cancer screening and early detection services along with patient navigation, case management, and educational information; and 18

- 23 WHEREAS, the Breast and Cervical Cancer Prevention Program is meeting an unmet need
- 24 in providing recommended breast cancer screening services to low-income, uninsured, and
- underinsured women who can be up to half as likely to have a mammogram in the last yearcompared to the general population; and
- WHEREAS, in the last five years, the Breast and Cervical Cancer Prevention Program hasserved 35,789 women; and

WHEREAS, from 2011 to 2016, the Breast and Cervical Cancer Prevention Program
screened 34,989 women for breast cancer with mammography and diagnosed 517 breast
cancers; and

- WHEREAS, despite its track record of success, the program remains woefully underfunded as decreased investment at the federal and state levels has left low-income, uninsured, and underinsured women without access to services, resulting in less than one in ten eligible women currently receiving screenings through NBCCEDP; and
- WHEREAS, the Breast and Cervical Cancer Prevention Program raises awareness about the
   importance of breast cancer screening and provides low-income, uninsured, and underinsured
   women access to critical cancer control and prevention services that they may otherwise not
   have; and
- WHEREAS, access to these potentially lifesaving screening and early detection services provided by the Breast and Cervical Cancer Prevention Program should be available to all eligible women, including those women under age 40, who are at high risk due to personal or family history, genetic mutation, previous radiation therapy, or certain other medical syndromes, consistent with American Cancer Society recommendations; and
- WHEREAS, increased investment for the Breast and Cervical Cancer Prevention Program
  will help Georgia reduce breast cancer incidence and mortality, save costs through increasing
  access to screening, diagnostic, and treatment services, and reduce expensive treatment for
  late-stage diagnosis.

## 49 NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES that 50 the members of this body encourage the Georgia Legislature to broaden eligibility and 51 increase funding for the Breast and Cervical Cancer Prevention Program in an effort to

- 52 further reduce barriers to breast screening, early detection, and treatment for underserved
- 53 women so that health outcomes are improved.
- 54 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Clerk of the House of Representatives is authorized
- and directed to make appropriate copies of this resolution available for distribution to the
- 56 public and the press.