House Bill 927

By: Representatives Hutchinson of the 107th, Nguyen of the 89th, Park of the 101st, Scott of the 76th, and Schofield of the 60th

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

- 1 To amend Article 5 of Chapter 11 of Title 16, Chapter 5 of Title 17, Chapter 1 of Title 35,
- 2 and Chapter 4 of Title 42 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to offenses
- 3 involving illegal aliens, searches and seizures, general provisions regarding law enforcement
- 4 officers and agencies, and jails, respectively, so as to revise terminology referring to persons
- 5 who are noncitizens and present in the United States without official documentation; to
- 6 provide for related matters; to repeal conflicting laws; and for other purposes.

7 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

8 SECTION 1.

- 9 Article 5 of Chapter 11 of Title 16 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to
- offenses involving illegal aliens, is amended by revising Code Section 16-11-200, relating
- 11 to definitions and offenses of transporting or moving illegal aliens, as follows:
- 12 "16-11-200.
- 13 (a) As used in this Code section, the term:
- 14 (1) 'Illegal alien' means a person who is verified by the federal government to be present
- in the United States in violation of federal immigration law.
- 16 $\frac{(2)(1)}{(2)}$ 'Motor vehicle' shall have the same meaning as provided in Code Section 40-1-1.

17 (2) 'Undocumented person' means a person who is verified by the federal government 18 to be present in the United States in violation of federal immigration law.

- (b) A person who, while committing another criminal offense, knowingly and intentionally
 transports or moves an illegal alien undocumented person in a motor vehicle for the
 purpose of furthering the illegal undocumented presence of the alien person in the United
- 22 States shall be guilty of the offense of transporting or moving an illegal alien
- 23 <u>undocumented person</u>.
- 24 (c) Except as provided in this subsection, a person convicted for a first offense of 25 transporting or moving an illegal alien undocumented person who moves seven or fewer 26 illegal aliens undocumented persons at the same time shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, 27 upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by imprisonment not to exceed 12 months, a 28 fine not to exceed \$1,000.00, or both. A person convicted for a second or subsequent 29 offense of transporting or moving an illegal alien undocumented person, and a person 30 convicted on a first offense of transporting or moving an illegal alien undocumented person 31 who moves eight or more illegal aliens undocumented persons at the same time, shall be 32 guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by imprisonment of not 33 less than one or more than five years, a fine of not less than \$5,000.00 or more than
- \$20,000.00, or both. A person who commits the offense of transporting or moving an illegal alien undocumented person who does so with the intent of making a profit or
- receiving anything of value shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by imprisonment of not less than one or more than five years, a fine of not less
- 38 than \$5,000.00 or more than \$20,000.00, or both.
- 39 (d) This Code section shall not apply to:
- 40 (1) A government employee transporting or moving an illegal alien undocumented
- 41 <u>person</u> as a part of his or her official duties or to any person acting at the direction of such
- 42 employee;

43 (2) A person who transports an illegal alien undocumented person to or from a judicial

- or administrative proceeding when such illegal alien undocumented person is required
- to appear pursuant to a summons, subpoena, court order, or other legal process;
- 46 (3) A person who transports an illegal alien <u>undocumented person</u> to a law enforcement
- agency or a judicial officer for official government purposes;
- 48 (4) An employer transporting an employee who was lawfully hired; or
- 49 (5) A person providing privately funded social services."

SECTION 2.

- 51 Said article is further amended by revising Code Section 16-11-201, relating to definitions
- 52 regarding offenses of concealing, harboring, or shielding an illegal alien, as follows:
- 53 "16-11-201.
- 54 (a) As used in this Code section, the term:
- (1) 'Harboring' or 'harbors' means any conduct that tends to substantially help an illegal
- alien undocumented person to remain in the United States in violation of federal law but
- shall not include a person providing services to infants, children, or victims of a crime;
- a person providing privately funded social services; a person providing emergency
- 59 medical service; or an attorney or his or her employees for the purpose of representing
- a criminal defendant.
- 61 (2) 'Hlegal alien' 'Undocumented person' means a person who is verified by the federal
- government to be present in the United States in violation of federal immigration law.
- (b) A person who is acting in violation of another criminal offense and who knowingly
- conceals, harbors, or shields an illegal alien undocumented person from detection in any
- place in this state, including any building or means of transportation, when such person
- knows that the person being concealed, harbored, or shielded is an illegal alien
- undocumented person, shall be guilty of the offense of concealing or harboring an illegal
- 68 alien undocumented person.

(c) Except as provided in this subsection, a person convicted of concealing or harboring an illegal alien undocumented person who conceals or harbors seven or fewer illegal aliens undocumented persons at the same time in the same location shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by imprisonment not to exceed 12 months, a fine not to exceed \$1,000.00, or both. A person convicted of concealing or harboring an illegal alien undocumented persons who conceals or harbors eight or more illegal aliens undocumented persons at the same time in the same location, or who conceals or harbors an illegal alien undocumented person with the intent of making a profit or receiving anything of value, shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by imprisonment of not less than one or more than five years, a fine of not less than \$5,000.00 or more than \$20,000.00, or both.

(d) This Code section shall not apply to a government employee or any person acting at the express direction of a government employee who conceals harbors or shelters an

(d) This Code section shall not apply to a government employee or any person acting at the express direction of a government employee who conceals, harbors, or shelters an illegal alien undocumented person when such illegal alien undocumented person is or has been the victim of a criminal offense or is a witness in any civil or criminal proceeding or who holds an illegal alien undocumented person in a jail, prison, or other detention facility."

SECTION 3.

Said article is further amended by revising Code Section 16-11-202, relating to offense of inducing an illegal alien to enter state and penalties, as follows:

89 "16-11-202.

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- 90 (a) As used in this Code section, the term 'illegal alien' 'undocumented person' means a
- 91 person who is verified by the federal government to be present in the United States in
- violation of federal immigration law.
- 93 (b) A person who is acting in violation of another criminal offense and who knowingly
- 94 induces, entices, or assists an illegal alien undocumented person to enter into this state,

when such person knows that the person being induced, enticed, or assisted to enter into this state is an illegal alien undocumented person, shall be guilty of the offense of inducing an illegal alien undocumented person to enter into this state.

(c) Except as provided in subsection (d) of this Code section, for a first offense, a person convicted of inducing an illegal alien undocumented person to enter into this state shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by imprisonment not to exceed 12 months, a fine not to exceed \$1,000.00, or both. For a second or subsequent conviction of inducing an illegal alien undocumented person to enter into this state, a person shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by imprisonment of not less than one or more than five years, a fine of not less than \$5,000.00 or more than \$20,000.00, or both.

(d) A person who commits the offense of inducing an illegal alien undocumented person to enter into this state who does so with the intent of making a profit or receiving any thing of value shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by imprisonment of not less than one or more than five years, a fine of not less than \$5,000.00 or more than \$20,000.00, or both."

111 SECTION 4.

Said article is further amended by revising Code Section 16-11-203, relating to authority of law enforcement officers to enforce federal immigration laws and documentation, as follows:

114 "16-11-203.

The testimony of any officer, employee, or agent of the federal government having confirmed that a person is an illegal alien <u>undocumented person</u> shall be admissible to prove that the federal government has verified such person to be present in the United States in violation of federal immigration law. Verification that a person is present in the United States in violation of federal immigration law may also be established by any

document authorized by law to be recorded or filed and in fact recorded or filed in a public

- office where items of this nature are kept."
- SECTION 5.
- 123 Chapter 5 of Title 17 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to searches and
- seizures, is amended by revising Code Section 17-5-100, relating to investigation of illegal
- alien status, as follows:
- 126 "17-5-100.
- 127 (a) As used in this Code section, the term:
- (1) 'Criminal violation' means a violation of state or federal criminal law but shall not
- include a violation of a county or municipal law, regulation, or ordinance.
- (2) 'Hlegal alien' 'Undocumented person' means a person who is verified by the federal
- government to be present in the United States in violation of federal immigration law.
- (b) Except as provided in subsection (f) of this Code section, during any investigation of
- a criminal suspect by a peace officer, when such officer has probable cause to believe that
- a suspect has committed a criminal violation, the officer shall be authorized to seek to
- verify such suspect's immigration status when the suspect is unable to provide one of the
- 136 following:
- (1) A secure and verifiable document as defined in Code Section 50-36-2;
- 138 (2) A valid Georgia driver's license;
- (3) A valid Georgia identification card issued by the Department of Driver Services;
- (4) If the entity requires proof of legal presence in the United States before issuance, any
- valid driver's license from a state or district of the United States or any valid
- identification document issued by the United States federal government;
- 143 (5) A document used in compliance with paragraph (2) of subsection (a) of Code
- 144 Section 40-5-21; or

145 (6) Other information as to the suspect's identity that is sufficient to allow the peace officer to independently identify the suspect.

- 147 (c) When attempting to determine the immigration status of a suspect pursuant to
- subsection (b) of this Code section, a peace officer shall be authorized to use any
- reasonable means available to determine the immigration status of the suspect, including:
- 150 (1) Use of any authorized federal identification data base;
- 151 (2) Identification methods authorized by federal law, including those authorized by 8
- U.S.C.A. Section 1373(c) and 8 U.S.C.A. Section 1644;
- 153 (3) Use of electronic fingerprint readers or similar devices; or
- (4) Contacting an appropriate federal agency.
- 155 (d) A peace officer shall not consider race, color, or national origin in implementing the
- requirements of this Code section except to the extent permitted by the Constitutions of
- 157 Georgia and of the United States.
- (e) If during the course of the investigation into such suspect's identity, a peace officer
- receives verification that such suspect is an illegal alien undocumented person, then such
- peace officer may take any action authorized by state and federal law, including, but not
- limited to, detaining such suspected illegal alien undocumented person, securely
- transporting such suspect to any authorized federal or state detention facility, or notifying
- the United States Department of Homeland Security or successor agency. Nothing in this
- 164 Code section shall be construed to hinder or prevent a peace officer or law enforcement
- agency from arresting or detaining any criminal suspect on other criminal charges.
- 166 (f) No person who in good faith contacts or has contact with a state or local peace officer
- or prosecuting attorney or member of the staff of a prosecuting attorney for the purpose of
- acting as a witness to a crime, to report criminal activity, or to seek assistance as a victim
- to a crime shall have his or her immigration status investigated based on such contact or
- based on information arising from such contact.

171 (g) A peace officer, prosecuting attorney, or government official or employee, acting in 172 good faith to carry out any provision of this Code section, shall have immunity from

damages or liability from such actions."

174 SECTION 6.

- 175 Chapter 1 of Title 35 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to general
- provisions regarding law enforcement officers and agencies, is amended by revising Code
- 177 Section 35-1-17, relating to local law enforcement agencies to enter into agreements with
- 178 federal agencies for the enforcement of immigration laws, as follows:
- 179 "35-1-17.
- (a) **Legislative intent.** It is the intent of the General Assembly to encourage Georgia law
- enforcement officials to work in conjunction with federal immigration authorities and to
- utilize all resources made available by the federal government to assist state and local law
- enforcement officers in the enforcement of the immigration laws of this state and of the
- 184 United States.
- (b) Cooperation with federal authorities.
- 186 (1) To the extent authorized by federal law, state and local government employees,
- including law enforcement officers and prosecuting attorneys, shall be authorized to send,
- receive, and maintain information relating to the immigration status of any individual as
- reasonably needed for public safety purposes. Except as provided by federal law, such
- employees shall not be prohibited from receiving or maintaining information relating to
- the immigration status of any individual or sending or exchanging such information with
- other federal, state, or local governmental entities or employees for official public safety
- 193 purposes.
- 194 (2) State and local agencies shall be authorized to enter into memorandums of
- understanding and agreements with the United States Department of Justice, the
- Department of Homeland Security, or any other federal agency for the purpose of

enforcing federal immigration and customs laws and the detention, removal, and investigation of illegal aliens undocumented persons and the immigration status of any person in this state. A peace officer acting within the scope of his or her authority under any such memorandum of understanding, agreement, or other authorization from the federal government shall have the power to arrest, with probable cause, any person suspected of being an illegal alien undocumented person.

- (3) Except as provided by federal law, no state or local agency or department shall be prohibited from utilizing available federal resources, including data bases, equipment, grant funds, training, or participation in incentive programs for any public safety purpose related to the enforcement of state and federal immigration laws.
- (4) When reasonably possible, applicable state agencies shall consider incentive programs and grant funding for the purpose of assisting and encouraging state and local agencies and departments to enter into agreements with federal entities and to utilize federal resources consistent with the provisions of this Code section.
- (c) Authority to transport illegal aliens <u>undocumented persons</u>. If a state or local law enforcement officer has verification that a person is an illegal alien <u>undocumented person</u>, then such officer shall be authorized to securely transport such illegal alien <u>undocumented person</u> to a federal facility in this state or to any other temporary point of detention and to reasonably detain such illegal alien <u>undocumented person</u> when authorized by federal law. Nothing in this Code section shall be construed to hinder or prevent a peace officer or law enforcement agency from arresting or detaining any criminal suspect on other criminal charges.
- 219 (d) **Authority to arrest illegal aliens undocumented persons.** When authorized by federal law, a state or local law enforcement officer shall be authorized to arrest any person based on such person's status as an illegal alien undocumented person or for a violation of any federal immigration law.

223 (e) **Immunity.** A law enforcement officer or government official or employee, acting in good faith to enforce immigration laws pursuant to an agreement with federal authorities to collect or share immigration status information, or to carry out any provision of this Code section, shall have immunity from damages or liability from such actions."

227 **SECTION 7.**

- 228 Chapter 4 of Title 42 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to jails, is amended
- by revising Code Section 42-4-14, relating to "illegal alien" defined and determination of
- 230 nationality of person charged with felony and confined in jail facility, as follows:
- 231 "42-4-14.
- 232 (a) As used in this Code section, the term 'illegal alien' 'undocumented person' means a
- person who is verified by the federal government to be present in the United States in
- violation of federal immigration law.
- 235 (b) When any person is confined, for any period, in the jail of a county or municipality or
- a jail operated by a regional jail authority in compliance with Article 36 of the Vienna
- 237 Convention on Consular Relations, a reasonable effort shall be made to determine the
- 238 nationality of the person so confined.
- (c) When any foreign national is confined, for any period, in a county or municipal jail,
- a reasonable effort shall be made to verify that such foreign national has been lawfully
- admitted to the United States and if lawfully admitted, that such lawful status has not
- expired. If verification of lawful status cannot be made from documents in the possession
- of the foreign national, verification shall be made within 48 hours through a query to the
- Law Enforcement Support Center (LESC) of the United States Department of Homeland
- Security or other office or agency designated by the federal government. If the foreign
- 246 national is determined to be an illegal alien undocumented person, the keeper of the jail or
- other officer shall notify the United States Department of Homeland Security, or other
- office or agency designated for notification by the federal government.

249 (d) Nothing in this Code section shall be construed to deny a person bond or from being 250 released from confinement when such person is otherwise eligible for release; provided, 251 however, that upon verification that any person confined in a jail is an illegal alien 252 undocumented person, such person may be detained, arrested, and transported as 253 authorized by state and federal law.

254 (e) The Georgia Sheriffs Association shall prepare and issue guidelines and procedures

(e) The Georgia Sheriffs Association shall prepare and issue guidelines and procedures used to comply with the provisions of this Code section."

256 SECTION 8.

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257 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.