The House Committee on Judiciary offers the following substitute to HB 920:

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

1 To amend Article 1 of Chapter 7 of Title 31 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, 2 relating to regulation of hospitals and related institutions, so as to restrict civil actions against 3 certain parties involved in nursing homes and intermediate care homes; to provide for 4 definitions; to provide for procedure; to provide for insurance or self-insurance trusts as a 5 condition precedent to obtaining or maintaining a permit to operate a nursing home or intermediate care home; to provide for related matters; to provide for an effective date and 6 7 applicability; to repeal conflicting laws; and for other purposes. 8 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA: 9 **SECTION 1.** 10 Article 1 of Chapter 7 of Title 31 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to 11 regulation of hospitals and related institutions, is amended by adding two new Code sections to read as follows: 12 ″<u>31-7-3.3.</u> 13 14 (a) As used in this Code section, the term 'excluded party' means a person or entity that neither performs, has the duty to perform, nor controls the performance of any of the 15 16 following functions at or on behalf of a nursing home or intermediate care home where 17 alleged injuries occurred: (1) Providing management, operation, or administrative services for such home; 18 19 (2) Hiring or firing of the administrator, director of nursing, or other staff working at 20 such home; 21 (3) Setting or controlling the budget of such home; 22 (4) Staffing or determining the level of staff at such home; 23 (5) Providing direct care, treatment, or services to the residents of such home; 24 (6) Making decisions regarding the care, treatment, or services provided to residents at 25 such home; or 26 (7) Adopting, implementing, or enforcing the policies and procedures for such home.

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- 27 (b) The mere ownership of an entity shall not, by itself, create the duty to perform the functions listed in subsection (a) of this Code section. This subsection shall not limit a 28 29 claim against an owner of an entity otherwise authorized by law. 30 (c) An excluded party shall not be named in a civil action that alleges their direct or 31 vicarious liability for the personal injury or death of one or more residents of a nursing 32 home or intermediate care home or a violation of residents' rights at such home under 33 Article 5 of Chapter 8 of this title. 34 (d) Any person or entity named as a defendant in a civil action or arbitration, who claims to be an excluded party, may serve a notice of such claim upon the plaintiff. Such notice 35 36 shall be sent to counsel for the plaintiff by certified mail, return receipt requested, or, if the plaintiff does not have an attorney, to the plaintiff personally via certified mail, return 37 38 receipt requested. Such notice shall be served after the discovery period begins under 39 applicable law for the case but not later than 30 days after such discovery period begins. 40 (e) If, after the expiration of 90 days from the date the notice described in subsection (d) 41 of this Code section is received, the plaintiff does not agree to a dismissal without prejudice 42 of such defendant claiming to be an excluded party, and: 43 (1) The court later determines that there is no genuine issue of material fact as to whether 44 such defendant is an excluded party, grants summary judgment to such defendant as to 45 this issue, and such order becomes final after any appeal; or 46 (2) If an arbitrator enters judgment for such defendant as to this issue and determines that 47 there was not a good faith basis in law and fact for the plaintiff's claim that such 48 defendant was not an excluded party and such order becomes final after any appeal, then such finding by an arbitrator or final judgment by a court shall be deemed a finding 49 50 that the plaintiff's claim against such defendant was substantially frivolous, substantially 51 groundless, or substantially vexatious. Upon such a final judgment or finding, such 52 excluded party shall be entitled to an award of reasonable and necessary attorneys' fees and expenses of litigation upon the filing of a motion. The court or arbitrator shall award only 53 54 such reasonable and necessary attorneys' fees and expenses of litigation as the court or arbitrator determines were related to the defense of only such excluded party and not to the 55 56 defense of other defendants in such action, unless otherwise authorized by law. Such 57 attorneys' fees and expenses so awarded shall be assessed against the party asserting such 58 claim, or against such party's attorney, or against both in such manner as is just. 59 (f) In the event that the plaintiff prevails on any claim against a defendant claiming to be 60 an excluded party, such judgment by a court or arbitrator shall be deemed a finding that the 61 contention by such defendant that it was an excluded party was substantially frivolous, 62 substantially groundless, or substantially vexatious. Upon such a final judgment or finding,
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the plaintiff shall be entitled to an award of reasonable and necessary attorneys' fees and

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64	expenses of litigation upon the filing of a motion. The court or arbitrator shall award only
65	such reasonable and necessary attorneys' fees and expenses of litigation that were incurred
66	in the pursuit of the action against the defendant claiming to be an excluded party, and the
67	plaintiff shall not be entitled to an award of reasonable and necessary attorneys' fees and
68	expenses of litigation that were incurred in the pursuit of the action against other
69	defendants, unless otherwise authorized by law. Such attorneys' fees and expenses so
70	awarded shall be assessed against the party asserting such claim, or against such party's
71	attorney, or against both in such manner as is just.
72	(g) The time period set forth in subsection (e) of this Code section may be extended by
73	agreement of the parties or by order of the court; provided, however, that if during such
74	time period any party files a motion to stay the case or a motion to compel arbitration, such
75	time period shall be extended for 30 days following the date the court rules on such motion;
76	and provided, further, that if any party files a motion to compel discovery, such period shall
77	be extended until 30 days following the date that the party complies with the court's order
78	to produce discovery, whichever is later.
79	(h) A defendant which is a licensee shall not identify an excluded party as a potentially
80	at-fault nonparty for purposes of apportionment under Code Section 51-12-33, unless such
81	nonparty has entered into a settlement agreement with the plaintiff or claimant.
82	<u>31-7-3.4.</u>
83	(a) As used in this Code section, the term 'nursing home claim' means a claim alleging
84	direct or vicarious liability for the personal injury or death of one or more residents of a
84 85	direct or vicarious liability for the personal injury or death of one or more residents of a nursing home or intermediate care home or a violation of residents' rights at such home
85	nursing home or intermediate care home or a violation of residents' rights at such home
85 86	nursing home or intermediate care home or a violation of residents' rights at such home under Article 5 of Chapter 8 of this title.
85 86 87	nursing home or intermediate care home or a violation of residents' rights at such home under Article 5 of Chapter 8 of this title. (b)(1) As a condition precedent to obtaining or maintaining a permit under this article
85 86 87 88	nursing home or intermediate care home or a violation of residents' rights at such home under Article 5 of Chapter 8 of this title. (b)(1) As a condition precedent to obtaining or maintaining a permit under this article to operate a nursing home or intermediate care home, a licensee shall carry or be covered
85 86 87 88 89	 <u>nursing home or intermediate care home or a violation of residents' rights at such home under Article 5 of Chapter 8 of this title.</u> (b)(1) As a condition precedent to obtaining or maintaining a permit under this article to operate a nursing home or intermediate care home, a licensee shall carry or be covered by liability insurance coverages or establish or have established for its benefit a
85 86 87 88 89 90	 nursing home or intermediate care home or a violation of residents' rights at such home under Article 5 of Chapter 8 of this title. (b)(1) As a condition precedent to obtaining or maintaining a permit under this article to operate a nursing home or intermediate care home, a licensee shall carry or be covered by liability insurance coverages or establish or have established for its benefit a self-insurance trust for a nursing home claim.
85 86 87 88 89 90 91	 nursing home or intermediate care home or a violation of residents' rights at such home under Article 5 of Chapter 8 of this title. (b)(1) As a condition precedent to obtaining or maintaining a permit under this article to operate a nursing home or intermediate care home, a licensee shall carry or be covered by liability insurance coverages or establish or have established for its benefit a self-insurance trust for a nursing home claim. (2) Failure to maintain such coverage shall result in the department:
85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92	 nursing home or intermediate care home or a violation of residents' rights at such home under Article 5 of Chapter 8 of this title. (b)(1) As a condition precedent to obtaining or maintaining a permit under this article to operate a nursing home or intermediate care home, a licensee shall carry or be covered by liability insurance coverages or establish or have established for its benefit a self-insurance trust for a nursing home claim. (2) Failure to maintain such coverage shall result in the department: (A) Revoking such licensee's permit issued pursuant to this article to operate the
 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 	 nursing home or intermediate care home or a violation of residents' rights at such home under Article 5 of Chapter 8 of this title. (b)(1) As a condition precedent to obtaining or maintaining a permit under this article to operate a nursing home or intermediate care home, a licensee shall carry or be covered by liability insurance coverages or establish or have established for its benefit a self-insurance trust for a nursing home claim. (2) Failure to maintain such coverage shall result in the department: (A) Revoking such licensee's permit issued pursuant to this article to operate the nursing home or intermediate care home;
 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 	 nursing home or intermediate care home or a violation of residents' rights at such home under Article 5 of Chapter 8 of this title. (b)(1) As a condition precedent to obtaining or maintaining a permit under this article to operate a nursing home or intermediate care home, a licensee shall carry or be covered by liability insurance coverages or establish or have established for its benefit a self-insurance trust for a nursing home claim. (2) Failure to maintain such coverage shall result in the department: (A) Revoking such licensee's permit issued pursuant to this article to operate the nursing home or intermediate care home; (B) Denying any application to renew such permit; and

SECTION 2.

- 98 This Act shall become effective on July 1, 2016, and shall apply to any claim filed on or after
- 99 July 1, 2016.
- 100 SECTION 3.
- 101 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.