House Bill 830

By: Representatives Silcox of the 53<sup>rd</sup>, Evans of the 57<sup>th</sup>, Daniel of the 117<sup>th</sup>, Drenner of the 85<sup>th</sup>, Reeves of the 99<sup>th</sup>, and others

# A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

1 To provide comprehensive state civil rights law protecting individuals from discrimination 2 in housing, public accommodations, and employment; to provide for legislative findings and 3 intent; to amend Article 4 of Chapter 3 of Title 8 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, 4 relating to fair housing, so as to prohibit discrimination in housing; to amend Title 10 of the 5 Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to commerce and trade, so as to protect the right to equal enjoyment of and privileges to public accommodations; to amend Chapter 1 6 7 of Title 34 and Title 45 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to labor and 8 industrial relations generally and public officers and employees, respectively, so as to 9 prohibit discrimination in private and public employment; to provide for construction; to 10 provide for related matters; to provide for an effective date; to repeal conflicting laws; and 11 for other purposes.

GIA:

15 (a) The General Assembly finds and declares that:

(1) Unlike almost all other states, Georgia does not have comprehensive state civil rights
 laws protecting individuals from discrimination in employment, housing, and public
 accommodations;

(2) The General Assembly has considered legislation in recent years adding specific
 protections against discrimination for people based on religious beliefs in separate contexts;

21 (3) The Georgia Constitution guarantees equal protection under the law for all citizens;

(4) The Georgia Constitution guarantees the natural and inalienable right to worship God,
 according to the dictates of a person's own conscience; and no human authority should, in
 any case, control or interfere with such right of conscience;

(5) The Georgia Constitution holds that no one should be molested in person or property
on account of religious opinions; but the right of freedom of religion shall not be construed
as to excuse acts of licentiousness or justify practices inconsistent with the peace and safety
of the state; and

29 (6) It is the duty of the General Assembly to enact such laws as will protect all citizens in

30 the full enjoyment of the rights, privileges, and immunities due to such citizenship.

31 (b) It is the intent of the General Assembly:

32 (1) To expand and clarify civil rights laws in this state addressing discrimination in
 33 employment, housing, and public accommodations; and

34 (2) That this Act is liberally construed to safeguard against the discrimination prohibited
35 herein and shall be construed in light of federal judicial and administrative interpretations
36 of similar federal civil rights laws.

37 **PART II** 

38

## SECTION 2-1.

Article 4 of Chapter 3 of Title 8 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to fair
housing, is amended by revising Code Section 8-3-200, relating to state policy, as follows:

41 "8-3-200.

42 (a) It is the policy of the State of Georgia to provide, within constitutional limitations, for43 fair housing throughout this state.

44 (b) The general purposes of this article are:

45 (1) To provide for execution in the this state of policies embodied in Title VIII of the
46 Civil Rights Act of 1968, as amended by the Fair Housing Amendments Act of 1988;

47 (2) To safeguard all individuals from discrimination in any aspect relating to the sale,
48 rental, or financing of dwellings or in the provision of brokerage services or facilities in
49 connection with the sale or rental of a dwelling because of that individual's race, color,
50 religion, sex, age, disability or handicap, familial status, or national origin;

(3) To promote the elimination of discrimination in any aspect relating to the sale, rental,
or financing of dwellings or in the provision of brokerage services or facilities in
connection with the sale or rental of a dwelling because of a person's race, color, religion,
sex, age, disability or handicap, familial status, or national origin; and

(4) To promote the protection of each individual's interest in personal dignity and freedom from humiliation and the individual's freedom to take up residence wherever such individual chooses; to secure the state against domestic strife and unrest which would menace its democratic institutions; to preserve the public safety, health, and general welfare; and to further the interests, rights, and privileges of individuals within this state.

61 (c) This article shall be broadly construed to further the general purposes stated in this
62 Code section and the special purposes of the particular provision involved."

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## **SECTION 2-2.**

Said article is further amended by revising paragraphs (1) through (5) of subsection (a) of
Code Section 8-3-202, relating to unlawful practices in selling or renting dwellings, as
follows:

67 "(1) To refuse to sell or rent after the making of a bona fide offer, or to refuse to
68 negotiate for the sale or rental of, or otherwise make unavailable or deny, a dwelling to
69 any person because of race, color, religion, sex, <u>age</u>, disability, familial status, or national
70 origin;

(2) To discriminate against any person in the terms, conditions, or privileges of sale or
rental of a dwelling, or in the provision of services or facilities in connection therewith,
because of race, color, religion, sex, <u>age</u>, disability, familial status, or national origin;

74 (3) To make, print, or publish or cause to be made, printed, or published any notice,
75 statement, or advertisement, with respect to the sale or rental of a dwelling, that indicates
76 any preference, limitation, or discrimination based on race, color, religion, sex, <u>age</u>,
77 disability, familial status, or national origin, or an intention to make any such preference,
78 limitation, or discrimination;

(4) To represent to any person because of race, color, religion, sex, <u>age</u>, disability,
familial status, or national origin that any dwelling is not available for inspection, sale,
or rental when such dwelling is in fact so available;

(5) For profit, to induce or attempt to induce any person to sell or rent any dwelling by
representations regarding the entry or prospective entry into the neighborhood of a person
or persons of a particular race, color, religion, sex, <u>age</u>, familial status, or national origin
or with a disability;"

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## **SECTION 2-3.**

Said article is further amended by revising Code Section 8-3-203, relating to unlawful denial
of or discrimination in membership or participation in service or organization relating to
selling or renting dwellings, as follows:

90 "8-3-203.

It shall be unlawful to deny any person access to or membership or participation in any multiple-listing service, real estate brokers' organization, or other service, organization, or facility relating to the business of selling or renting dwellings or to discriminate against such person in the terms or conditions of such access, membership, or participation on account of race, color, religion, sex, <u>age</u>, disability, familial status, or national origin."

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#### **SECTION 2-4.**

Said article is further amended by revising subsections (b) and (c) of Code Section 8-3-204,
relating to discrimination in residential real estate related transactions, as follows:

99 "(b) It shall be unlawful for any person or other entity whose business includes engaging
100 in residential real estate related transactions to discriminate against any person in making
101 available such a transaction or in the terms or conditions of such a transaction because of

102 race, color, religion, sex, <u>age, disability</u>, <del>handicap</del>, familial status, or national origin.

(c) Nothing in this article shall be construed to prohibit a person engaged in the business
 of furnishing appraisals of real property from taking into consideration factors other than

105 race, color, religion, national origin, sex, <u>age, disability</u>, <u>handicap</u>, or familial status."

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#### **SECTION 2-5.**

Said article is further amended by revising subsection (a) of Code Section 8-3-205, relating
to permissible limitations in sale, rental, or occupancy of dwellings by religious organizations
or private clubs, as follows:

110 "(a) Nothing in this article shall prohibit a religious organization, association, or society, 111 or any nonprofit institution or organization operated, supervised, or controlled by or in 112 conjunction with a religious organization, association, or society, from limiting the sale, 113 rental, or occupancy of dwellings which it owns or operates for other than a commercial 114 purpose to persons of the same religion or from giving preference to such persons unless

115	membership in such religion is restricted on account of race, color, sex, age, disability,
116	handicap, familial status, or national origin. Nothing in this article shall prohibit a private
117	club not in fact open to the public, which as an incident to its primary purpose or purposes
118	provides lodgings which it owns or operates for other than a commercial purpose, from
119	limiting the rental or occupancy of such lodgings to its members or from giving preference
120	to its members."
121	PART III
122	SECTION 3-1.
123	Title 10 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to commerce and trade, is
124	amended by adding a new chapter to read as follows:
125	" <u>CHAPTER 16</u>
126	<u>10-16-1.</u>
127	(a) It is the policy of the State of Georgia to provide, within constitutional limitations, for
128	equal enjoyment of public accommodations throughout this state.
129	(b) The general purpose of this chapter is to provide for execution in this state of the
130	policies embodied in 42 U.S.C. Section 2000a, et seq.
131	(c) This chapter shall be broadly construed to further the general purposes stated in this
132	Code section and the special purposes of the particular provision involved.
133	<u>10-16-2.</u>
134	As used in this chapter, the term 'place of public accommodation' means:
135	(1) Any inn, hotel, motel, or other establishment which provides lodging to transient
136	guests other than an establishment located within a building which contains not more than
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137	five rooms for rent or hire and which is actually occupied by the proprietor or owner of	
138	such establishment as his or her residence;	
139	(2) Any restaurant, cafeteria, lunchroom, lunch counter, soda fountain, or other facility	
140	principally engaged in selling food for consumption on the premises, including, but not	
141	limited to, any such facility located on the premises of any retail establishment;	
142	(3) Any motion picture house, theater, concert hall, sports arena, stadium, or other place	
143	of exhibition, entertainment, recreation, exercise, amusement, gathering, or display;	
144	(4) Any establishment, including any online establishment, that provides a good, service,	
145	or program, including, but not limited to, stores, shopping centers, gas and motor vehicle	
146	service stations, salons, banks or other financial institutions, food banks, service or care	
147	centers, shelters, travel agencies, funeral parlors, and providers of legal, healthcare,	
148	accounting, or other professional services;	
149	(5) Any train, bus, motor vehicle, taxi, ride share, airline service, station, depot, or other	
150	place or establishment that provides transportation services; and	
151	(6) Any establishment:	
152	(A)(i) Which is physically located within the premises of any establishment otherwise	
153	covered by this Code section; or	
154	(ii) Within the premises of which is physically located any such covered establishment;	
155	and	
156	(B) Which holds itself out as serving patrons of such covered establishment.	

157 <u>10-16-3.</u>

- 158 (a) All persons shall be entitled to the full and equal enjoyment of the goods, services,
- 159 facilities, privileges, advantages, and accommodations of any place of public

160	accommodation without discrimination or segregation on the basis of race, color, religion,	
161	sex, age, disability, or national origin.	
162	(b) No person shall:	
163	(1) Withhold, deny, or attempt to withhold or deny, or deprive or attempt to deprive an	
164	person of any right or privilege secured by subsection (a) of this Code section;	
165	(2) Intimidate, threaten, or coerce, or attempt to intimidate, threaten, or coerce any	
166	person with the purpose of interfering with any right or privilege secured by	
167	subsection (a) of this Code section; or	
168	(3) Punish or attempt to punish any person for exercising or attempting to exercise any	
169	right or privilege secured by subsection (a) of this Code section.	
170	<u>10-16-4.</u>	
171	Whenever any person has engaged or there are reasonable grounds to believe that any	
172	person is about to engage in any act or practice prohibited by Code Section 10-16-3, a civil	
173	action for preventive relief, including an application for a permanent or temporary	
174	injunction, restraining order, or other order, may be instituted by the person aggrieved, and	
175	the court may grant such relief as it deems appropriate. In any action commenced pursuant	
176	to this chapter, the court, in its discretion, may allow the prevailing party reasonable	
177	attorneys' fees as part of the costs.	
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178 <u>10-16-5.</u>

- 179 <u>This chapter shall be broadly construed to safeguard against the discrimination prohibited</u>
- 180 by this chapter and shall be construed in light of federal judicial decisions interpreting 42
- 181 <u>U.S.C. Section 2000a, et seq., and 42 U.S.C. Section 1981.</u>"

	23 LC 49 1459		
182	PART IV		
183	SECTION 4-1.		
184	Chapter 1 of Title 34 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to general		
185	provisions regarding labor and industrial relations, is amended by adding a new Code section		
186	to read as follows:		
187	″ <u>34-1-11.</u>		
188	(a)(1) It is the policy of the State of Georgia to provide, within constitutional limitations,		
189	for equal employment opportunities throughout this state.		
190	(2) The general purpose of this Code section is to provide for execution in this state of		
191	policies embodied in 42 U.S.C. Section 2000e, et seq.;		
192	(b) As used in this Code section, the term 'employer' means a person engaged in an		
193	industry affecting commerce, as defined in 42 U.S.C. Section 2000e as of January 1, 2023,		
194	who has 15 or more employees for each working day in each of 20 or more calendar weeks		
195	in the current or preceding calendar year, and any agent of such a person, but such term		
196	does not include:		
197	(1) The United States, a corporation wholly owned by the government of the United		
198	States, or an Indian tribe;		
199	(2) A bona fide private membership club, other than a labor organization, as defined in		
200	42 U.S.C. Section 2000e as of January 1, 2023, which is exempt from taxation under		
201	Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986; or		
202	(3) A public employer, as defined in Code Section 45-19-22.		
203	(c) It shall be unlawful for an employer to:		
204	(1) Fail or refuse to hire or to discharge any individual, or otherwise to discriminate		
205	against any individual with respect to such individual's compensation, terms, conditions,		
206	or privileges of employment, because of such individual's race, disability, religion, sex,		
207	age, or national origin; or		

200	(2) Limit sogragete or closefy its amplexies or explicents for employment in severes		
208	(2) Limit, segregate, or classify its employees or applicants for employment in any way		
209	which would deprive or tend to deprive any individual of employment opportunities or		
210	otherwise adversely affect such individual's status as an employee, because of such		
211	individual's race, disability, religion, sex, age, or national origin.		
212	(d) An employee in this state shall have a private right of action for a claim against his or		
213	her employer on the basis of discrimination for a violation of subsection (c) of this Code		
214	section.		
215	(e)(1) If the court finds that a respondent has intentionally engaged in or is intentionally		
216	engaging in an unlawful employment practice charged in the complaint, the court may		
217	enjoin the respondent from engaging in such unlawful employment practice and order		
218	such affirmative action as may be appropriate, which may include, but is not limited to,		
219	reinstatement or hiring of employees, with or without back pay, or any other equitable		
220	relief as the court deems appropriate. Back pay liability shall not accrue from a date		
221	more than two years prior to the filing of a claim. Interim earnings or amounts earnable		
222	with reasonable diligence by the person or persons discriminated against shall operate to		
223	reduce the back pay otherwise allowable.		
224	(2) No order of the court shall require the hiring, reinstatement, or promotion of an		
225	individual as an employee, or the payment to such individual of any back pay, if such		
226	individual was refused admission, suspended, or expelled, or was refused employment		
227	or advancement or was suspended or discharged for any reason other than such		
228	individual's race, disability, religion, sex, age, or national origin in violation of this Code		
229	section.		
230	(f) This Code section shall be broadly construed to safeguard against the discrimination		
231	prohibited in this Code section and shall be construed in light of federal judicial decisions		
222	intermeting 12 U.S.C. Section 2000s, at and "		

232 <u>interpreting 42 U.S.C. Section 2000e, et seq.</u>"

233	SECTION 4-2.
234	Title 45 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to public officers and employees,
235	is amended by revising paragraph (4) of Code Section 45-19-22, relating to definitions
236	relative to the "Fair Employment Practices Act of 1978," as follows:
237	"(4) 'Discrimination' means any direct or indirect act or practice of exclusion, distinction,
238	restriction, segregation, limitation, refusal, denial, or any other act or practice of
239	differentiation or preference in the treatment of a person or persons because of race,
240	color, religion, national origin, sex, disability, handicap, or age or the aiding, abetting,
241	inciting, coercing, or compelling of such an act or practice. This term shall not include
242	any direct or indirect act or practice of exclusion, distinction, restriction, segregation,
243	limitation, refusal, denial, or any other act or practice of differentiation or preference in
244	the treatment of a person or persons because of religion if an employer demonstrates that
245	the employer is unable to accommodate reasonably an employee's or prospective
246	employee's religious observance or practice without undue hardship on the conduct of the
247	employer's operation."

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### **SECTION 4-3.**

Said title is further amended by revising paragraph (1) of subsection (b) of Code Section
45-20-1, relating to purposes and principles relative to personnel administration, as follows:
"(1) Assuring fair treatment of applicants and employees in all aspects of personnel
administration without regard to race, color, national origin, sex, age, disability, religious
creed religion, or political affiliations. This 'fair treatment' principle includes compliance
with all state and federal equal employment opportunity and nondiscrimination laws;"

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#### **SECTION 4-4.**

Said title is further amended by revising paragraph (2) of Code Section 45-20-4, relating to
the duties and responsibilities of the commissioner in the administration of this chapter, as
follows:

259 ''(2) To submit to the Governor the rules and regulations adopted by the board. Such 260 rules and regulations when approved by the Governor shall have the force and effect of 261 law and shall be binding upon the state departments covered by this article and shall 262 include provisions for the establishment and maintenance of classification and 263 compensation plans, the conduct of examinations, appointments, promotions, transfers, 264 demotions, appeals of classified employees, reports of performance, payroll certification, 265 and other phases of personnel administration. Such rules and regulations shall define and 266 prohibit improper political activity by any departmental employee of the State Personnel 267 Board or any employee covered under the terms of this article and shall provide that there shall be no discrimination for or against any person or employee in any manner, to 268 269 include, but not be limited to, hiring, discharge, compensation, benefits, terms or 270 conditions of employment, promotion, job classification, transfer, privileges, or demotion 271 because of political affiliation, religion, religious affiliation, race, creed, national origin, 272 sex, age between 40 and 70 years, or physical disability. Such rules and regulations shall 273 conform to the minimum standards for merit systems of personnel administration as specified by those federal departments from which federal funds are obtained for use by 274 275 the several state departments covered by this article. Compensation plans and 276 modifications thereto promulgated under the rules and regulations of the commissioner 277 shall become effective as adopted upon approval of by the director of the Office of 278 Planning and Budget;"

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279	PART V	
280	SECTION 5-1.	
281	This Act shall become effective on January 1, 2024.	
282	SECTION 5-2.	

283 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.