House Bill 818

By: Representatives Lim of the 99th, Scott of the 76th, Park of the 101st, Lopez of the 86th, and Mainor of the 56th

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

- 1 To amend Chapter 7 of Title 44 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to
- 2 landlord and tenant, so as to provide for residential eviction diversion programs; to provide
- 3 for dispossessory procedures under certain circumstances; to provide for certain notices to
- 4 tenants for dispossessory proceedings; to provide for mediation; to provide for rules and
- 5 regulations; to require landlord participation; to provide for defenses; to provide for related
- 6 matters; to provide for an effective date and applicability; to repeal conflicting laws; and for
- 7 other purposes.

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BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

9 SECTION 1.

- 10 Chapter 7 of Title 44 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to landlord and
- tenant, is amended by revising subsection (a) of Code Section 44-7-50, relating to demand
- 12 for possession, procedure upon a tenant's refusal, and concurrent issuance of federal lease
- 13 termination notice, as follows:
- 14 "(a) Except as provided in Code Section 44-7-50.1, in In all cases when a tenant holds
- possession of lands or tenements over and beyond the term for which they were rented or
- leased to such tenant or fails to pay the rent when it becomes due and in all cases when

lands or tenements are held and occupied by any tenant at will or sufferance, whether under contract of rent or not, when the owner of such lands or tenements desires possession of such lands or tenements, such owner may, individually or by an agent, attorney in fact, or attorney at law, demand the possession of the property so rented, leased, held, or occupied. If the tenant refuses or fails to deliver possession when so demanded, the owner or the agent, attorney at law, or attorney in fact of such owner may immediately go before the judge of the superior court, the judge of the state court, or the clerk or deputy clerk of either court, or the judge or the clerk or deputy clerk of any other court with jurisdiction over the subject matter, or a magistrate in the district where the land lies and make an affidavit under oath to the facts. The affidavit may likewise be made before a notary public."

27 SECTION 2.

28 Said chapter is further amended by adding a new Code section to read as follows:

29 "<u>44-7-50.1.</u>

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- 30 (a) This Code section shall apply to all cases, except when eviction is necessary to cease
- or prevent an imminent and direct threat of harm by a tenant, including physical harm or
- 32 <u>harassment, when:</u>
- 33 (1) A residential tenant holds possession of lands or tenements over and beyond the term
- for which they were rented or leased to such tenant or fails to pay the rent when it
- becomes due and in all cases when lands or tenements are held and occupied by any
- tenant at will or sufferance, whether under contract of rent or not; and
- 37 (2) The court with jurisdiction over a dispossessory proceeding under this article for such
- land or tenement has established a residential eviction diversion program under Code
- 39 Section 44-7-130.
- 40 (b) When the owner of lands or tenements described in paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of
- 41 this Code section desires possession of such lands or tenements, such owner may,

42 individually or by an agent, attorney in fact, or attorney at law, demand the possession of 43 the property so rented, leased, held, or occupied, provided that such demand shall: 44 (1) Be in writing; 45 (2) Notify the tenant that he or she has a right to request to participate in a residential eviction diversion program within seven days following receipt of such notice; and 46 (3) Include the contact information for such program and instructions on how the tenant 47 48 may request to participate. 49 (c) If a tenant desires to participate in a residential eviction diversion program, the tenant

shall request to schedule a mediation with the program no later than seven days after receiving the demand for possession in the manner required by such program.

(d) If the tenant does not choose to participate in the residential eviction program within seven days as provided in subsection (c) of this Code section or if the tenant chooses to participate in the residential eviction program but the program is unable to offer a date to schedule the mediation within 30 days of such request or if the tenant and landlord participate in mediation but are unable to come to an agreement and the tenant refuses or fails to deliver possession, the owner or the agent, attorney at law, or attorney in fact of such owner may immediately go before the judge of the superior court, the judge of the state court, or the clerk or deputy clerk of either court, or the judge or the clerk or deputy clerk of any other court with jurisdiction over the subject matter, or a magistrate in the district where the land lies and make an affidavit under oath to the facts. The affidavit may likewise be made before a notary public."

63 SECTION 3.

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64 Said chapter is further amended by adding a new article to read as follows:

65 "ARTICLE 7

- 66 44-7-130.
- 67 (a) Any court with jurisdiction over dispossessory proceedings under Article 3 of this
- 68 chapter may establish a residential eviction diversion program that provides for mediation
- 69 between a landlord and tenant to assist in resolving an asserted residential lease violation.
- 70 (b) Such court shall publish and make available to the public contact information for such
- 71 program.
- 72 (c) Such program shall comply with the Supreme Court of Georgia Alternative Dispute
- 73 Resolution Rules and appendices.
- 74 (d) The Supreme Court of Georgia may adopt such additional rules and regulations as may
- be necessary to provide for such programs.
- 76 <u>44-7-131</u>.
- 77 (a) A landlord shall participate in any mediation scheduled pursuant to this article.
- 78 (b) A landlord's failure to comply with the notice requirement provided in Code Section
- 79 <u>44-7-50.1 or failure to participate in a scheduled mediation may be asserted as a defense</u>
- 80 by a tenant and may not be waived."
- SECTION 4.
- 82 This Act shall become effective on January 1, 2023, and shall apply to residential lease
- agreements that are entered into or renewed on or after July 1, 2021.
- SECTION 5.
- 85 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.