## A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

To amend Part 3 of Article 4 of Chapter 11 of Title 16 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to carrying and possession of firearms, so as to provide that persons convicted of certain family violence offenses cannot possess or carry firearms; to provide a definition; to provide exceptions; to provide for related matters; to repeal conflicting laws; and for other purposes.

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

7 SECTION 1.

Part 3 of Article 4 of Chapter 11 of Title 16 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to carrying and possession of firearms, is amended by revising Code Section 16-11-131, relating to possession of firearms by convicted felons and first offender probationers, as follows:

"16-11-131.

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- 13 (a) As used in this Code section, the term:
- (1) 'Family violence' shall have the same meaning as provided in Code Section 19-13-1.
   (1)(2) 'Felony' means any offense punishable by imprisonment for a term of one year or
   more and includes conviction by a court-martial under the Uniform Code of Military

Justice for an offense which would constitute a felony under the laws of the United States.

- (2)(3) 'Firearm' includes any handgun, rifle, shotgun, or other weapon which will or can be converted to expel a projectile by the action of an explosive or electrical charge.
- (4) 'Forcible felony' means any felony which involves the use or threat of physical force or violence against any person and further includes, without limitation, murder; murder in the second degree; burglary in any degree; robbery; armed robbery; home invasion in any degree; kidnapping; hijacking of an aircraft or hijacking a motor vehicle in the first degree; aggravated stalking; rape; aggravated child molestation; aggravated sexual battery; arson in the first degree; the manufacturing, transporting, distribution, or possession of explosives with intent to kill, injure, or intimidate individuals or destroy a public building; terroristic threats; or acts of treason or insurrection.
- (b) Any person who is on probation as a felony first offender pursuant to Article 3 of Chapter 8 of Title 42, who is on probation and was sentenced for a felony under subsection (a) or (c) of Code Section 16-13-2, or who has been convicted of a felony by a court of this state or any other state; by a court of the United States including its territories, possessions, and dominions; or by a court of any foreign nation and who receives, possesses, or transports any firearm commits a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be imprisoned for not less than one year nor more than ten years; provided, however, that upon a second or subsequent conviction, such person shall be imprisoned for not less than five nor more than ten years; provided, further, that if the felony for which the person is on probation or has been previously convicted is a forcible felony, then upon conviction of receiving, possessing, or transporting a firearm, such person shall be imprisoned for a period of five years.
- (b.1) Any person who is prohibited by this Code section from possessing a firearm because of conviction of a forcible felony or because of being on probation as a first offender or under conditional discharge for a forcible felony and who attempts to purchase or obtain

44 transfer of a firearm shall be guilty of a felony and upon conviction shall be punished by 45 imprisonment for not less than one year nor more than five years; provided, however, that 46 upon a second or subsequent conviction, such person shall be punished by imprisonment 47 for not less than five nor more than ten years. 48 (b.2) Any person who is on probation as a first offender pursuant to Article 3 of Chapter 8 of Title 42 as a result of having committed an act of family violence which involved an 49 injury to another person or a forcible felony or who has been convicted of a crime of family 50 51 violence which involved an injury to another person or a forcible felony by a court of this 52 state or any other state; by a court of the United States including its territories, possessions, 53 and dominions; or by a court of any foreign nation and who receives, possesses, or 54 transports any firearm commits a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be imprisoned 55 for not less than one year nor more than ten years; provided, however, that upon a second or subsequent conviction, such person shall be imprisoned for not less than five nor more 56 57 than ten years. 58 (b.3) Any person who is on probation as a first offender pursuant to Article 3 of Chapter 8 59 of Title 42 as a result of having committed an act of family violence which did not involve 60 injury to another person or a forcible felony or who has been convicted of a crime of family 61 violence which did not include injury to another person or a forcible felony by a court of 62 this state or any other state; by a court of the United States including its territories, possessions, and dominions; or by a court of any foreign nation and who receives, 63 64 possesses, or transports any firearm commits a misdemeanor of a high and aggravated 65 nature; provided, however, that upon a second or subsequent conviction, such person shall 66 be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be imprisoned for not less than one 67 year nor more than ten years. (b.4) Any person who is prohibited by this Code section from possessing a firearm because 68 of conviction of a crime of family violence which involved an injury to another person or 69

a forcible felony or because of being on probation as a first offender or under conditional

discharge for a crime of family violence which involved an injury to another person or a forcible felony and who attempts to purchase or obtain transfer of a firearm shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by imprisonment for not less than one year nor more than five years; provided, however, that upon a second or subsequent conviction, such person shall be punished by imprisonment for not less than five nor more than ten years.

- (b.5) Any person who is prohibited by this Code section from possessing a firearm because of conviction of a crime of family violence which did not involve an injury to another person or a forcible felony or because of being on probation as a first offender or under conditional discharge for a crime of family violence which did not involve an injury to another person or a forcible felony and who attempts to purchase or obtain transfer of a firearm shall be guilty of a misdemeanor of a high and aggravated nature; provided, however, that upon a second or subsequent conviction, such person shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by imprisonment for not less than one year nor more than five years.
- (c) This Code section shall not apply to any person who has been pardoned for the felony by the President of the United States, the State Board of Pardons and Paroles, or the person or agency empowered to grant pardons under the constitutions or laws of the several states or of a foreign nation and, by the terms of the pardon, has expressly been authorized to receive, possess, or transport a firearm.
- (d) A person who has been convicted of a felony, but who has been granted relief from the disabilities imposed by the laws of the United States with respect to the acquisition, receipt, transfer, shipment, or possession of firearms by the secretary of the United States Department of the Treasury pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 925, shall, upon presenting to the Board of Public Safety proof that the relief has been granted and it being established from proof submitted by the applicant to the satisfaction of the Board of Public Safety that the circumstances regarding the conviction and the applicant's record and reputation are

such that the acquisition, receipt, transfer, shipment, or possession of firearms by the person would not present a threat to the safety of the citizens of Georgia and that the granting of the relief sought would not be contrary to the public interest, be granted relief from the disabilities imposed by this Code section. A person who has been convicted under federal or state law of a felony pertaining to antitrust violations, unfair trade practices, or restraint of trade shall, upon presenting to the Board of Public Safety proof. and it being established from said proof, submitted by the applicant to the satisfaction of the Board of Public Safety that the circumstances regarding the conviction and the applicant's record and reputation are such that the acquisition, receipt, transfer, shipment, or possession of firearms by the person would not present a threat to the safety of the citizens of Georgia and that the granting of the relief sought would not be contrary to the public interest, be granted relief from the disabilities imposed by this Code section. A record that the relief has been granted by the board shall be entered upon the criminal history of the person maintained by the Georgia Crime Information Center and the board shall maintain a list of the names of such persons which shall be open for public inspection. (e) As used in this Code section, the term 'forcible felony' means any felony which involves the use or threat of physical force or violence against any person and further includes, without limitation, murder, murder in the second degree; burglary in any degree; robbery; armed robbery; home invasion in any degree; kidnapping; hijacking of an aircraft or hijacking a motor vehicle in the first degree; aggravated stalking; rape; aggravated child molestation; aggravated sexual battery; arson in the first degree; the manufacturing, transporting, distribution, or possession of explosives with intent to kill, injure, or intimidate individuals or destroy a public building; terroristic threats; or acts of treason or insurrection.

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(f)(e) Any person sentenced as a first offender pursuant to Article 3 of Chapter 8 of Title 42 or sentenced pursuant to subsection (a) or (c) of Code Section 16-13-2 and subsequently discharged without court adjudication of guilt as a matter of law pursuant to

125	Code Section 42-8-60 or 16-13-2, as applicable, shall, upon such discharge, be relieved
126	from the disabilities imposed by this Code section."

127 **SECTION 2.** 

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All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.