The House Committee on Governmental Affairs offers the following substitute to HB 514:

## A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

To amend Chapter 66 of Title 36 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to zoning procedures, so as to provide for the length and renewal of certain moratoriums related to zoning decisions; to provide for legislative findings; to provide procedures for the levy, collection, use, and waiver of fees related to zoning decisions and related permits; to revise notice and hearing requirements for certain zoning decisions; to provide a short title; to provide for related matters; to repeal conflicting laws; and for other purposes.

- BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:
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## **SECTION 1.**

9 This Act shall be known and may be cited as the "Housing Regulation Transparency Act."

10SECTION 2.11Chapter 66 of Title 36 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to zoning12procedures, is amended in Code Section 36-66-4, relating to hearings on proposed zoning13decisions, notice of hearing, nongovernmental initiated actions, reconsideration of defeated14actions, and procedure on zoning, by adding new subsections to read as follows:

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15	''(i)(1) An ordinance or resolution that would result in the enactment of a temporary
16	moratorium on one or more types of zoning decisions associated with property proposed
17	to be used or developed for single-family residential purposes or on the issuance or
18	approval of one or more types of permits associated with property proposed to be used
19	or developed for single-family residential purposes shall only be valid for a period of 180
20	days or less. No such moratorium shall be continued or renewed beyond 180 days, and
21	a new moratorium over the same type or types of zoning decisions or permits may only
22	be enacted if more than 180 days have elapsed from the termination date of an earlier
23	moratorium.
24	(2) The limitation on temporary moratoriums set forth in this subsection shall not apply
25	to any temporary moratorium that is adopted after the local government adopting the
26	ordinance or resolution finds the adoption thereof is a necessary and proper response to
27	any of the following:
28	(A) A state of emergency declared by any federal, state, or local emergency
29	management agency, official, or authority;
30	(B) A natural disaster;
31	(C) Any set of conditions or circumstances that poses a danger to the health or safety
32	of any person or property;
33	(D) The order of any federal, state, or local agency or court with jurisdiction over the
34	local government; or
35	(E) The local government has engaged a professional third-party contractor to conduct
36	specific engineering, infrastructure, utility, future land use plans, or environmental
37	studies relating to public utilities, works, or services to be supplied in whole or in part
38	by the local government and such studies cannot be completed in the time provided in
39	the temporary moratorium; provided, however, that any extension of such moratorium
40	shall lapse upon the completion of such studies and any recommendations of such
41	studies.

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42	(j)(1) The General Assembly finds that an equitable program for financing the
43	development and enforcement of local planning, land use, and zoning ordinances is
44	necessary in order to promote and accommodate orderly growth and development and to
45	protect the public health, safety, and general welfare of the citizens of the State of
46	Georgia.
47	(2) Local governments are authorized to levy and collect application, review, and other
48	fees associated with the exercise of their zoning powers and the issuance of permits
49	related to the exercise of such powers. All such fees for a local government shall be
50	provided for in the local government's zoning ordinances. The proceeds of such fees
51	shall be used to fund the administration and enforcement of zoning ordinances and not
52	the general operations of the local government, provided that the local government shall
53	not be required to establish separate accounts for such proceeds.
54	(3) Local governments are authorized to abate, exempt, or waive any fees authorized
55	pursuant to this subsection that relate to zoning decisions and related permits for
56	single-family housing developments or projects when the residential units associated with
57	such development or project consist of single-family houses with less than 2,500 square
58	feet of conditioned space per unit, provided that such development or project is consistent
59	with the local government's comprehensive plan."

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## **SECTION 3.**

Said chapter is further amended by revising subsection (c) of Code Section 36-66-5, relating
to adoption of hearing policies and procedures and standards for exercise of zoning power,
as follows:

64 "(c) The policies and procedures required by subsection (a) of this Code section and the
65 adoption of standards required by subsection (b) and permitted by subsection (b.1) of this
66 Code section shall be included in and adopted as part of the zoning ordinance. Prior to the
67 adoption of any zoning ordinance decision under subparagraphs (A) or (B) of paragraph (4)

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68 of Code Section 36-66-3 enacted on or after July 1, 2022 2023, a local government shall 69 conduct a public hearing on a proposed action which may be advertised and held 70 concurrent with the hearing required by subsection (a) of Code Section 36-66-4 for the 71 adoption of a zoning ordinance. The provisions of subsection (a) of Code Section 36-66-4 72 relating to notices of public hearings for the purposes of that subsection shall also apply to 73 public hearings required by this subsection."

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## **SECTION 4.**

75 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.