The House Committee on Education offers the following substitute to HB 430:

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

- 1 To amend Title 20 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to education, so as to
- 2 implement various recommendations from the Governor's Education Reform Commission
- 3 with respect to charter schools; to provide for the establishment of a code of principles and
- 4 standards of charter school authorizing; to provide for a facilities grant program for charter
- 5 schools; to define "unused facilities" for purposes of charter schools; to provide for related
- 6 matters; to repeal conflicting laws; and for other purposes.

7 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

8 SECTION 1.

- 9 Title 20 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to education, is amended by
- adding a new Code section to Article 31 of Chapter 2, relating to charter schools, to read as
- 11 follows:
- 12 "<u>20-2-2063.3.</u>
- 13 (a) The State Board of Education and the State Charter Schools Commission shall jointly
- establish a code of principles and standards of charter school authorizing to guide local
- boards of education, the state board, and the State Charter Schools Commission in meeting
- high-quality authorizing practices. The principles and standards established by the state
- board shall include:
- (1) Maintaining high standards for approving charter petitions;
- 19 (2) Establishing challenging academic, financial, and operational performance standards
- 20 <u>for charter schools</u>;
- 21 (3) Annually monitoring, evaluating, and reporting charter school progress in meeting
- 22 <u>academic, financial, and operational performance standards;</u>
- 23 (4) Upholding charter school autonomy in school governance, instructional program
- 24 <u>implementation, personnel, and budgeting;</u>
- 25 (5) Protecting students and holding charter schools accountable for their obligations to
- all students; and

27 (6) Protecting the public interest and holding charter schools accountable for their obligations of governance, management, and oversight of public funds. 28 29 (b)(1) The State Board of Education shall provide for the annual review of local boards 30 of education by an independent party for adherence to the principles and standards of 31 charter school authorizing practices adopted by the state board pursuant to subsection (a) 32 of this Code section. The State Board of Education shall ensure that any independent 33 party reviewing local boards of education pursuant to this paragraph has a demonstrated 34 history of evaluating charter school authorizers for quality authorizing practices. (2) A charter school authorized by a local board of education that fails to meet the 35 36 principles and standards of charter school authorizing on its annual evaluation for two 37 consecutive years may petition to transfer its charter authorization to the State Charter 38 Schools Commission. 39 (3) In its discretion, the State Charter Schools Commission may approve a charter school petitioning for authorization pursuant to paragraph (2) of this subsection for an initial 40 41 charter term of up to five years if, based on the charter school's prior performance, it is 42 likely to meet the commission's comprehensive performance framework if approved. If 43 the State Charter Schools Commission approves the transfer of a petitioning charter 44 school to its jurisdiction, the local board shall terminate the existing charter pursuant to 45 the terms of the charter and a new charter shall be established between the charter school and the State Charter Schools Commission. If the State Charter Schools Commission 46 47 declines to authorize the charter school, the charter school shall continue to operate under 48 the terms of its charter with the local board of education. The requirements of Code Section 20-2-2085 shall not apply to local charter schools petitioning for authorization 49 50 to the State Charter Schools Commission pursuant to paragraph (2) of this subsection. 51 On and after July 1, 2017, the terms of any charter entered into or renewed between a local board and a local charter school shall include a provision for termination if the local 52 53 board fails to meet the principles and standards of charter school authorizing on its annual 54 evaluation for two consecutive years. (c) The State Charter Schools Commission shall ensure that its adherence to the principles 55 56 and standards of charter school authorizing practices is annually reviewed by an 57 independent body that has a demonstrated history of evaluating charter school authorizers 58 for quality authorizing practices. 59 (d) The State Board of Education shall provide for or approve training for its staff and 60 local board of education members on the principles and standards of charter school 61 authorizers. The State Board of Education may incorporate training on the principles and 62 standards into the training programs for staff and local board of education members 63 adopted pursuant to Code Section 20-2-230. The annual evaluation of local boards of

education for adherence to the principles and standards of charter school authorizing conducted pursuant to this Code section shall detail the participation of the local board of education in training on the principles and standards of charter school authorizers."

67 SECTION 2.

Said title is further amended by revising subsection (b) of Code Section 20-2-2067.1, relating to amendment of terms of charter for charter schools, initial term of charter, and annual report, as follows:

"(b) The initial term of a charter, except for a charter system or a local charter school that has transferred its authorization to the State Charter Schools Commission pursuant to subsection (b) of Code Section 20-2-2063.3, shall be for a minimum of five years, unless the petitioner shall request a shorter period of time, and shall not exceed ten years. The local board and the state board, in accordance with Code Section 20-2-2064.1 and subject to the provisions of Code Section 20-2-2068.3, may renew a local charter, upon the request of the charter school, for the period of time specified in the request, not to exceed ten years. The state board may renew a state chartered special school, upon the request of the school, for the period of time specified in the request, not to exceed ten years. The initial term of a charter for a charter system shall not exceed five years. The state board may renew the charter of a charter system, upon the request of the local board, for the period of time specified in the request, not to exceed ten years."

SECTION 3.

Said title is further amended by revising subsections (b) and (c) and by adding a new subsection to Code Section 20-2-2068.1, relating to charter school funding, as follows:

"(b) QBE formula earnings, applicable QBE grants, applicable non-QBE state grants, and applicable federal grants earned by a local charter school shall be distributed to the local charter school by the local board; provided, however, that state equalization grant earnings shall be distributed as provided in subsection (c) of this Code section. QBE formula earnings shall include the salary portion of direct instructional costs, the adjustment for training and experience, the nonsalary portion of direct instructional costs, and earnings for psychologists and school social workers, school administration, facility maintenance and operation, media centers, additional days of instruction in accordance with Code Section 20-2-184.1, and staff development. The local charter school shall report enrolled students in a manner consistent with Code Section 20-2-160; provided, however, that a local charter school shall approve all data, including enrollment data and certified personnel information, prior to a local board of education submitting any such data to the state board for purposes of funding.

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(c) In addition to the earnings set out in subsection (b) of this Code section, local revenue shall be allocated to a local charter school on the same basis as for any local school in the local school system. In the case of a start-up charter school, local revenue earnings shall be calculated as follows:

- (1) Determine the total amount of state and local five mill share funds earned by students enrolled in the local start-up charter school as calculated by the Quality Basic Education Formula pursuant to Part 4 of Article 6 of this chapter including any funds for psychologists and school social workers but excluding 5 percent of system-wide funds for central administration and excluding any categorical grants not applicable to the charter school;
- 109 (2) Determine the total amount of state and local five mill share funds earned by all students in the public schools of the local school system, including any charter schools that receive local revenue, as calculated by the Quality Basic Education Formula but excluding categorical grants and other non-QBE formula grants;
- 113 (3) Divide the amount obtained in paragraph (1) of this subsection by the amount 114 obtained in paragraph (2) of this subsection; and
- 115 (4) Multiply the quotient obtained in paragraph (3) of this subsection by the school system's local revenue.

117 The product obtained in paragraph (4) of this subsection shall be the amount of local funds to be distributed to the local start-up charter school by the local board; provided, however, 118 119 that nothing in this subsection shall preclude a charter petitioner and a local board of 120 education from specifying in the charter a greater amount of local funds to be provided by 121 the local board to the local start-up charter school if agreed upon by all parties to the charter. Local funds so earned shall be distributed to the local start-up charter school by 122 123 the local board. Where feasible and where services are provided, funds for construction 124 projects shall also be distributed to the local start-up charter school as earned. In all other 125 fiscal matters, including applicable federal allotments, the local board shall treat the local start-up charter school no less favorably than other local schools located within the 126 applicable school system and shall calculate and distribute the funding for the start-up 127 charter school on the basis of its actual or projected enrollment in the current school year 128 according to an enrollment counting procedure or projection method stipulated in the terms 129 130 of the charter. A proportional share of federal funds, including but not limited to funds earned pursuant to Title I of the federal Elementary and Secondary Education Act and 131 pursuant to the federal Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, shall be distributed by 132 the local board to a local start-up charter school; provided, however, that by agreement 133 134 between the local board and local start-up charter school, a proportional share may be provided through the provision of in-kind services by the local board for the local start-up 135

136 charter school. Further, the state board shall ensure that local start-up charter schools receive an equitable share of federal funds pursuant to Title II of the federal Elementary 137 138 and Secondary Education Act and have the same access to state training and state guidance 139 regarding availability and eligibility for federal funds that local school systems have." "(c.3) Each local board of education that has one or more local charter schools shall 140 141 publish in a prominent location on its website the calculation of earnings to each local 142 charter school made pursuant to subsections (a), (b), and (c) of this Code section, including but not limited to detailed accounting of federal funds earned and actually received by each 143 144 local charter school. Such calculations shall be published as soon as practicable prior to 145 the distribution of earnings to the local charter school by the local board. Such calculations may be published in conjunction with the financial and transparency information required 146 147 to be published by local boards of education pursuant to Part 3A of Article 2 of Chapter 14 of Title 20." 148

149 **SECTION 4.**

- 150 Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 20-2-2068.2, relating to facilities fund
- 151 for charter schools, purposes for which funds may be used, upkeep of charter school
- property, and availability of unused facilities, as follows:
- 153 "20-2-2068.2.
- 154 (a) From moneys specifically appropriated for such purpose, the state board shall create
- a disburse facilities fund grants for local charter schools, state chartered special schools,
- and state charter schools as defined in Code Section 20-2-2081 for the purpose of
- establishing a per pupil, need based facilities aid program providing facility funding more
- comparable to traditional public schools in this state.
- (b) A charter school or state charter school may receive moneys from the facilities fund
- grants if the charter school or state charter school has received final approval from the State
- 161 Charter Schools Commission or from the state board for operation during that fiscal year.
- 162 (c) A charter school's or state charter school's governing body may use moneys from the
- facilities fund grants for the following purposes:
- 164 (1) Purchase of real property;
- 165 (2) Construction of school facilities, including initial and additional equipment and
- furnishings;
- 167 (3) Purchase, lease-purchase, or lease of permanent or relocatable school facilities;
- 168 (4) Purchase of vehicles to transport students to and from the charter school or state
- 169 charter school; and
- 170 (5) Renovation, repair, and maintenance of school facilities that the school owns or is
- purchasing through a lease-purchase or long-term lease of three years or longer.

(d) The Department of Education shall specify procedures for submitting and approving
 grant requests for funding under this Code section and for documenting expenditures.

- (e) Local boards are required to renovate, repair, and maintain the school facilities of charter schools in the district local school system to the same extent as other public schools in the district local school system if the local board owns the charter school facility, unless otherwise agreed upon by the petitioner and the local board in the charter. Subject to appropriations by the General Assembly, the state board shall disburse annual facilities grants to eligible applicants in an amount of \$100,000.00 or such other amount as determined by the state board. In the event that in any fiscal year, sufficient funds are not appropriated or available to make the full amount of grants to all eligible applicants, the grant award to each eligible applicant shall be reduced pro rata. Eligible applicants may receive one or more annual grants.
- (f)(1) Prior to releasing moneys from the disbursing facilities fund grants, the Department of Education shall ensure that the governing board of the local charter school and the local board shall enter into a written agreement that includes a provision for the reversion of any unencumbered funds and all equipment and property purchased with public education funds to the ownership of the local board in the event the local charter school terminates operations.
 - (2) Prior to releasing moneys from the disbursing facilities fund grants, the Department of Education shall ensure that the governing board of the state chartered special school and the state board shall enter into a written agreement that includes a provision for the reversion of any unencumbered funds and all equipment and property purchased with public education funds to the ownership of the state board in the event the state chartered special school terminates operations.
 - (3) Prior to releasing moneys from the disbursing facilities fund grants, the Department of Education shall ensure that the governing board of the state charter school and the State Charter Schools Commission shall enter into a written agreement that includes a provision for the reversion of any unencumbered funds and all equipment and property purchased with public education funds to the ownership of the State Charter Schools Commission in the event the state charter school terminates operations.
- 202 (g) The reversion of property in accordance with subsection (f) of this Code section is 203 subject to the complete satisfaction of all lawful liens or encumbrances.
- 204 (h)(1) As used in this subsection, the term 'unused facilities' means educational facilities, 205 as defined in Code Section 20-2-260, for which the local board of education has not 206 housed students for the previous two consecutive school years.
- 207 (2) Each local board of education shall make its unused facilities available to local charter schools. The terms of the use of such a facility by the charter school shall be

subject to negotiation between the board and the local charter school and shall be memorialized as a separate agreement. A local charter school that is allowed to use such a facility under such an agreement shall not sell or dispose of any interest in such property without the written permission of the local board. A local charter school may not be charged a rental or leasing fee for the existing facility or for property normally used by the public school which became the local charter school. A local charter school that receives property from a local board may not sell or dispose of such property without the written permission of the local board.

(3) Prior to denying the use by a local charter school of an unused facility, the local

- (3) Prior to denying the use by a local charter school of an unused facility, the local charter school shall have the right to a hearing before the local board of education in accordance with Code Section 20-2-1160, including the right to appeal an adverse local board decision.
- (i) No municipality, county, or other local political subdivision of this state may require the nonprofit corporation that holds the charter for a charter school that has passed the Department of Education facility inspection and holds a valid certificate of occupancy to obtain any other licensure to operate the school, including, but not limited to, a business license, professional license, or occupational tax certificate; provided, however, that any for profit vendor of the charter school shall be subject to any applicable local requirements relating to doing business in this state. Charter schools shall <u>only</u> be subject to <u>all applicable the</u> zoning, planning, and building permitting requirements <u>that apply to traditional public schools</u> when constructing or renovating a facility."

SECTION 5.

All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.