

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
AN ACT

1 To amend Title 33 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to insurance, so as to
2 increase consumer access to health care by improving network adequacy; to provide for a
3 short title; to provide for definitions; to provide for confidentiality; to provide for the
4 inclusion of a consumer "hold harmless" provision; to provide that under certain
5 circumstances, health carriers shall charge for out-of-network services at in-network rates;
6 to provide for a requirement that carriers file network adequacy plans with the department;
7 to provide for a requirement that health carriers notify providers on an ongoing basis of the
8 specific covered health care services for which the provider is responsible; to provide for a
9 standard continuity of care authorization form proscribed by the Commissioner; to provide
10 for an advisory committee for advising on standard continuity of care; to provide for notice
11 of contract termination requirements between health insurers and providers; to provide for
12 establishment of a mediation process; to provide for effective dates; to provide for
13 applicability; to repeal conflicting laws; and for other purposes.

14 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

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SECTION 1.

Title 33 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to insurance, is amended by adding a new chapter to read as follows:

"CHAPTER 20F

33-20F-1.

This Act shall be known and may be cited as the 'Health Benefit Plan Network Access and Adequacy Act.'

33-20F-2.

As used in this chapter, the term:

(a) 'Authorized representative' means:

(1) A person who represents a covered person by his or her express written consent;

(2) A person authorized by law to provide substituted consent for a covered person; or

(3) A treating health care professional who represents a covered person only when he or she is unable to provide consent, or a family member of the covered person.

(b) 'Balance billing' means the practice of a health care provider billing for the difference between the provider's charge and the health carrier's allowed amount.

(c) 'Commissioner' means the Commissioner of Insurance of the State of Georgia.

(d) 'Covered benefit' or 'benefit' means those health care services to which a covered person is entitled under the terms of a health benefit plan.

(e) 'Covered person' means a policyholder, subscriber, enrollee, or other individual participating in a health benefit plan.

(f) 'Emergency medical condition' means a physical, mental, or behavioral health condition that manifests itself by acute symptoms of sufficient severity, including severe pain that

38 would lead a prudent layperson possessing an average knowledge of medicine and health
39 to reasonably expect, in the absence of immediate medical attention, to result in:

40 (1) Placing the individual's physical, mental, or behavioral health or, with respect to a
41 pregnant woman, the health of the woman or the fetus in serious jeopardy;

42 (2) Serious impairment to a bodily function;

43 (3) Serious impairment of any bodily organ or part; or

44 (4) With respect to a pregnant woman who is having contractions:

45 (A) Inadequate time to effect a safe transfer to another hospital before delivery; or

46 (B) Transfer to another hospital, which may pose a threat to the health or safety of the
47 woman or the fetus.

48 (g) 'Emergency medical services' means medical services after the recent onset of a
49 medical or traumatic condition, manifesting itself by acute symptoms of sufficient severity,
50 including, but not limited to, severe pain, that would lead a prudent layperson possessing
51 an average knowledge of medicine and health to believe that his or her condition, sickness,
52 or injury is of such a nature that failure to obtain immediate medical care could result in
53 placing his or her health in serious jeopardy or causing serious impairment to bodily
54 functions or serious dysfunction of any bodily organ or part, and services for the first 24
55 hours after the covered person's emergency condition has stabilized, as determined by the
56 treating health care provider, regardless of whether the emergency services and services
57 after stabilization occur in an emergency department. Such term shall include care for an
58 emergency condition that continues once a patient is admitted to the hospital from its
59 emergency department and could include other specialists and providers.

60 (h) 'Essential community provider' or 'ECP' means a provider that:

61 (1) Serves predominantly low-income, medically underserved individuals, including a
62 health care provider defined in Section 340B(a)(4) of the Public Health Service Act
63 (PHSA); or

64 (2) Is described in Section 1927(c)(1)(D)(i)(IV) of the Social Security Act, as set forth
65 by Section 221 of Pub. L. 111-8.

66 (i) 'Facility' means an institution providing physical, mental, or behavioral health care
67 services, or a health care setting, including, but not limited to, hospitals and other licensed
68 inpatient centers; ambulatory surgical or treatment centers; skilled nursing centers;
69 residential treatment centers; urgent care centers; diagnostic, laboratory, and imaging
70 centers; and rehabilitation and other therapeutic health settings.

71 (j) 'Health benefit plan' means a policy, contract, certificate, or agreement entered into,
72 offered, or issued by a health carrier to provide, deliver, arrange for, pay for, or reimburse
73 any of the costs of physical, mental, or behavioral health care services.

74 (k) 'Health care professional' means a physician or other health care practitioner licensed,
75 accredited, or certified to perform specified physical, mental, or behavioral health care
76 services consistent with their scope of practice under state law.

77 (l) 'Health care provider' or 'provider' means a health care professional, a pharmacy, or a
78 facility.

79 (m) 'Health care services' means services for the diagnosis, prevention, treatment, cure, or
80 relief of a physical, mental, or behavioral health condition, illness, injury, or disease,
81 including mental health and substance use disorders.

82 (n) 'Health carrier' or 'carrier' means an entity subject to the insurance laws and regulations
83 of this state, or subject to the jurisdiction of the Commissioner, that contracts or offers to
84 contract, or enters into an agreement to provide, deliver, arrange for, pay for, or reimburse
85 any of the costs of health care services, including a health insurance company, a health
86 maintenance organization, a hospital and health care corporation, or any other entity
87 providing a plan of health insurance, health benefits, or health care services.

88 (o) 'Intermediary' means a person authorized to negotiate and execute provider contracts
89 with health carriers on behalf of health care providers or on behalf of a network.

90 (p) 'Limited scope dental plan' means a plan that provides coverage, substantially all of
91 which is for treatment of the mouth, including any organ or structure within the mouth, and
92 which is provided under a separate policy, certificate, or contract of insurance or is
93 otherwise not an integral part of a group benefit plan.

94 (q) 'Limited scope vision plan' means a plan that provides coverage, substantially all of
95 which is for treatment of the eye, and which is provided under a separate policy, certificate,
96 or contract of insurance, or is otherwise not an integral part of a group benefit plan.

97 (r) 'Network plan' means a health benefit plan that either requires a covered person to use,
98 or creates incentives, including financial incentives, for a covered person to use health care
99 providers managed, owned, under contract with, or employed by the health carrier.

100 (s) 'Participating provider' means a provider who, under a contract with the health carrier
101 or with its contractor or subcontractor, has agreed to provide health care services to covered
102 persons with an expectation of receiving payment, other than coinsurance, copayments, or
103 deductibles, directly or indirectly from the health carrier.

104 (t) 'Person' means an individual, a corporation, a partnership, an association, a joint
105 venture, a joint stock company, a trust, an unincorporated organization, any similar entity,
106 or any combination of the foregoing.

107 (u) 'Primary care' means health care services for a range of common physical, mental, or
108 behavioral health conditions provided by a physician or nonphysician primary care
109 professional.

110 (v) 'Primary care professional' means a participating health care professional designated
111 by the health carrier to supervise, coordinate, or provide initial care or continuing care to
112 a covered person, and who may be required by the health carrier to initiate a referral for
113 specialty care and maintain supervision of health care services rendered to the covered
114 person.

115 (w)(1) 'Specialist' means a physician or nonphysician health care professional who:

- 116 (A) Focuses on a specific area of physical, mental, or behavioral health or a group of
117 patients; and
- 118 (B) Has successfully completed required training and is recognized by the state in
119 which he or she practices to provide specialty care.
- 120 (2) Such term includes a subspecialist who has additional training and recognition above
121 and beyond his or her specialty training.
- 122 (x) 'Specialty care' means advanced medically necessary care and treatment of specific
123 physical, mental, or behavioral health conditions or those health conditions which may
124 manifest in particular ages or subpopulations that are provided by a specialist, preferably
125 in coordination with a primary care professional or other health care professional.
- 126 (y) 'Telemedicine' means health care services provided through telecommunications
127 technology by a health care professional who is at a location other than where the covered
128 person is located.
- 129 (z) 'Tiered network' means a network that identifies and groups some or all types of
130 providers and facilities into specific groups to which different provider reimbursement,
131 covered person cost-sharing, or provider access requirements, or any combination thereof,
132 apply for the same services.
- 133 (aa) 'To stabilize' means with respect to an emergency medical condition, as defined in
134 subsection (f), to provide such medical treatment of the condition as may be necessary to
135 assure, within a reasonable medical probability, that no material deterioration of the
136 condition is likely to result from or occur during the transfer of the individual to or from
137 a facility, or, with respect to an emergency birth with no complications resulting in a
138 continued emergency, to deliver the child and the placenta.
- 139 (bb) 'Transfer' means, for purposes of this Code section, the movement, including the
140 discharge, of an individual outside a hospital's facilities at the direction of any person
141 employed by, or affiliated or associated, directly or indirectly, with the hospital, but does
142 not include the movement of an individual who:

- 143 (1) Has been declared dead; or
144 (2) Leaves the facility without the permission of any such person.

145 33-20F-3.

146 (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), this chapter applies to all health carriers that offer
147 network plans.

148 (b) The following provisions of this chapter shall not apply to health carriers that offer
149 network plans that consist solely of limited scope dental plans or limited scope vision
150 plans, as in the following:

151 (1) Paragraph (2) of subsection (a) of Code Section 33-20F-4;

152 (2) Subparagraphs (f)(7)(E) and (f)(8)(B) and paragraph (11) of subsection (f) of Code
153 Section 33-20F-4;

154 (3) Subdivisions (2)(A)(i)(I), (2)(A)(i)(III), and (2)(C)(iii)(III) of subsection (I) of Code
155 Section 33-20F-5; and

156 (4) Code Section 33-20F-7.

157 33-20F-4.

158 (a)(1) A health carrier providing a network plan shall maintain a network that is
159 sufficient in numbers and appropriate types of providers, including those that serve
160 predominantly low-income, medically underserved individuals, to assure that all covered
161 services to covered persons, including children and adults, will be accessible without
162 unreasonable travel or delay.

163 (2) Covered persons shall have access to emergency services 24 hours per day, seven
164 days per week.

165 (b) The Commissioner shall determine sufficiency in accordance with the requirements of
166 this Code section and may establish sufficiency by reference to any reasonable criteria,
167 which may include, but shall not be limited to:

- 168 (1) Provider covered person ratios by specialty;
169 (2) Primary care professional covered person ratios;
170 (3) Geographic accessibility of providers;
171 (4) Geographic variation and population dispersion;
172 (5) Waiting times for an appointment with participating providers;
173 (6) Hours of operation;
174 (7) The ability of the network to meet the needs of covered persons, which may include
175 low-income persons; children and adults with serious, chronic, or complex health
176 conditions or physical or mental disabilities; or persons with limited English proficiency;
177 (8) Other health care service delivery system options, such as telehealth, mobile clinics,
178 centers of excellence, and other ways of delivering care; and
179 (9) The volume of technological and specialty care services available to serve the needs
180 of covered persons requiring technologically advanced or specialty care services.
- 181 (c) Notwithstanding subsection (b) of this Code section, the Commissioner shall adopt
182 following specific criteria for patient wait times:
- 183 (1) For nonemergency primary care, patient wait times shall be no longer than ten
184 business days;
185 (2) For nonemergency specialist care, patient wait times shall be no longer than 15
186 business days;
187 (3) For nonemergency mental health care by a health care provider other than a
188 physician, patient wait times shall be no longer than 15 business days; and
189 (4) For other nonemergency care, patient wait times shall be no longer than 15 business
190 days.
- 191 (d) Notwithstanding subsection (b) of this Code section, the Commissioner shall adopt
192 following specific criteria for patient travel:
- 193 (1) For primary care, OB-GYN, and general hospital care in urban settings, patients shall
194 not have to travel greater than 30 minutes or 30 miles;

195 (2) For primary care, OB-GYN, and general hospital care in rural settings, patients shall
196 not have to travel greater than 45 minutes or 45 miles;

197 (3) For specialist care in urban settings, patients shall not have to travel greater than
198 45 minutes or 45 miles; and

199 (4) For specialist care in rural settings, patients shall not have to travel greater than
200 60 minutes or 60 miles.

201 (e)(1) A health carrier shall have a process to assure that a covered person obtains a
202 covered benefit at an in-network level of benefits, including an in-network level of
203 cost-sharing, from a nonparticipating provider, or shall make other arrangements
204 acceptable to the Commissioner when:

205 (A) The health carrier has a sufficient network, but does not have a type of
206 participating provider available to provide the covered benefit to the covered person or
207 it does not have a participating provider available to provide the covered benefit to the
208 covered person without unreasonable travel or delay; or

209 (B) The health carrier has an insufficient number or type of participating provider
210 available to provide the covered benefit to the covered person without unreasonable
211 travel or delay.

212 (2) The health carrier shall specify and inform covered persons of the process a covered
213 person may use to request access to obtain a covered benefit from a nonparticipating
214 provider as provided in paragraph (1) of this subsection when:

215 (A) The covered person is diagnosed with a condition or disease that requires
216 specialized health care services or medical services; and

217 (B) The health carrier:

218 (i) Does not have a participating provider of the required specialty with the
219 professional training and expertise to treat or provide health care services for the
220 condition or disease; or

221 (ii) Cannot provide reasonable access to a participating provider with the required
222 specialty with the professional training and expertise to treat or provide health care
223 services for the condition or disease without unreasonable travel or delay.

224 (3) The health carrier shall treat the health care services the covered person receives from
225 a nonparticipating provider pursuant to paragraph (2) of this subsection as if the services
226 were provided by a participating provider, including applying cost-sharing no greater than
227 the covered person's in-network cost-sharing and counting the covered person's
228 cost-sharing for such services toward the maximum out-of-pocket limit applicable to
229 services obtained from participating providers under the health benefit plan.

230 (4) The process described under paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subsection shall ensure
231 that requests to obtain a covered benefit from a nonparticipating provider are addressed
232 in a timely fashion appropriate to the covered person's condition.

233 (5) The health carrier shall have a system in place that documents all requests to obtain
234 a covered benefit from a nonparticipating provider under this subsection and shall provide
235 this information to the Commissioner upon request.

236 (6) The process established in this subsection is not intended to be used by health carriers
237 as a substitute for establishing and maintaining a sufficient provider network in
238 accordance with the provisions of this chapter, nor is it intended to be used by covered
239 persons to circumvent the use of covered benefits available through a health carrier's
240 network delivery system options.

241 (7) Nothing in this subsection prevents a covered person from exercising the rights and
242 remedies available under applicable state or federal law relating to internal and external
243 claims grievance and appeals processes.

244 (d)(1) A health carrier shall establish and maintain adequate arrangements to ensure that
245 covered persons have reasonable access to participating providers located near their home
246 or business address. In determining whether the health carrier has complied with this
247 provision, the Commissioner shall give due consideration to the relative availability of

248 health care providers with the requisite expertise and training in the service area under
249 consideration.

250 (2) A health carrier shall monitor, on an ongoing basis, the ability, clinical capacity, and
251 legal authority of its participating providers to furnish all contracted covered benefits to
252 covered persons.

253 (e)(1) Beginning July 1, 2021, a health carrier shall file with the Commissioner for
254 approval prior to or at the time it files a newly offered network, in a manner and form
255 defined by rule of the Commissioner, an access plan meeting the requirements of this Act.

256 (2)(A) The health carrier may request the Commissioner to deem sections of the access
257 plan as trade secret information that shall not be made public. The health carrier shall
258 make the access plans, absent trade secret information, available online at its business
259 premises and to any person upon request.

260 (B) For the purposes of this subsection, information is considered trade secret if the
261 information qualifies as a trade secret pursuant to paragraph (4) of Code
262 Section 10-1-761.

263 (3) The health carrier shall prepare an access plan prior to offering a new network plan
264 and shall notify the Commissioner of any material change to any existing network plan
265 within 15 business days after the change occurs. The carrier shall include in the notice
266 to the Commissioner a reasonable timeframe within which it will submit to the
267 Commissioner for approval or file with the Commissioner, as appropriate, an update to
268 an existing access plan.

269 (f) The access plan shall describe or contain at least the following:

270 (1) The health carrier's network, including how the use of telemedicine or telehealth or
271 other technology may be used to meet network access standards, if applicable;

272 (2) The health carrier's procedures for making and authorizing referrals within and
273 outside its network, if applicable;

- 274 (3) The health carrier's process for monitoring and assuring on an ongoing basis the
275 sufficiency of the network to meet the health care needs of populations that enroll in
276 network plans;
- 277 (4) The factors used by the health carrier to build its provider network, including a
278 description of the network and the criteria used to select providers;
- 279 (5) The health carrier's efforts to address the needs of covered persons, including, but not
280 limited to, children and adults, including those with limited English proficiency or
281 illiteracy, diverse cultural or ethnic backgrounds, diverse gender identities and sexual
282 orientation, physical or mental disabilities, and serious, chronic, or complex medical
283 conditions. This includes the carrier's efforts, when appropriate, to include various types
284 of ECPs in its network;
- 285 (6) The health carrier's methods for assessing the health care needs of covered persons
286 and their satisfaction with the services;
- 287 (7) The health carrier's method of informing covered persons of the plan's covered
288 services and features, including, but not limited to:
- 289 (A) The plan's grievance and appeals procedures;
290 (B) Its process for choosing and changing providers;
291 (C) Its process for updating its provider directories for each of its network plans;
292 (D) A statement of health care services offered, including those services offered
293 through the preventive care benefit, if applicable; and
294 (E) Its procedures for covering and approving emergency, urgent, and specialty care,
295 if applicable.
- 296 (8) The health carrier's system for ensuring the coordination and continuity of care:
297 (A) For covered persons referred to specialty physicians; and
298 (B) For covered persons using ancillary services, including social services and other
299 community resources, and for ensuring appropriate discharge planning;

300 (9) The health carrier's process for enabling covered persons to change primary care
301 professionals, if applicable;

302 (10) The health carrier's proposed plan for providing continuity of care in the event of
303 contract termination between the health carrier and any of its participating providers, or
304 in the event of the health carrier's insolvency or other inability to continue operations.
305 The description shall explain how covered persons will be notified of the contract
306 termination, or the health carrier's insolvency or other cessation of operations, and
307 transitioned to other providers in a timely manner. Such plan shall provide that covered
308 persons who have been approved for continuity of care will be responsible for
309 cost-sharing at no greater amount than that for which they would be responsible when
310 receiving service from an in-network provider;

311 (11) The health carrier's process for monitoring access to physician specialist services
312 in emergency room care, anesthesiology, radiology, hospitality care, and pathology and
313 laboratory services at the carrier's participating hospitals; and

314 (12) Any other information required by the Commissioner to determine compliance with
315 the provisions of this chapter.

316 (g) The department shall certify or disapprove of network adequacy of all health carriers
317 on an annual basis.

318 33-20F-5.

319 (a) A health carrier shall establish a mechanism by which the participating provider will
320 be notified on an ongoing basis of the specific covered health care services for which the
321 provider will be responsible, including any limitations or conditions on services.

322 (b) Every contract between a health carrier and a participating provider shall set forth a
323 'hold harmless' provision specifying protection for covered persons. This requirement shall
324 be met by including a provision substantially similar to the following:

325 Provider agrees that in no event, including, but not limited to, nonpayment by the health
326 carrier or intermediary, insolvency of the health carrier or intermediary, or breach of this
327 agreement, shall the provider bill; charge; collect a deposit from; seek compensation,
328 remuneration, or reimbursement from; or have any recourse against a covered person or
329 a person (other than the health carrier or intermediary) acting on behalf of the covered
330 person for services provided pursuant to this agreement. This agreement does not
331 prohibit the provider from collecting coinsurance, deductibles, or copayments, as
332 specifically provided in the evidence of coverage, or fees for uncovered services
333 delivered on a fee-for-service basis to covered persons. Further, this agreement does not
334 prohibit a provider (except for a health care professional who is employed full time on
335 the staff of a health carrier and has agreed to provide services exclusively to that health
336 carrier's covered persons and no others) and a covered person from agreeing to continue
337 services solely at the expense of the covered person. Such agreement shall:

338 (1) Be documented through the covered person's written and oral consent;
339 (2) Be documented at least 48 hours in advance of services received by the covered
340 person from the provider; and
341 (3) Take place after such covered person has been provided with an estimate of the
342 potential charges. Such covered person may waive protections against balanced billing
343 from the provider only if an in-network provider is available. Except as provided
344 herein, this agreement does not prohibit the provider from pursuing any available legal
345 remedy.'

346 (c) Every contract between a health carrier and a participating provider shall set forth that
347 in the event of a health carrier or intermediary insolvency or other cessation of operations,
348 the provider's obligation to deliver covered services to covered persons without balance
349 billing will continue until the earlier of:

- 350 (1) The termination of the covered person's coverage under the network plan, including
351 any extension of coverage provided under the contract terms or applicable state or federal
352 law for covered persons who are in an active course of treatment or totally disabled; or
353 (2) The date, the contract between the carrier and the provider, including any required
354 extension for covered persons in an active course of treatment, would have terminated if
355 the carrier or intermediary had remained in operation.
- 356 (d) The contract provisions that satisfy the requirements of subsections (b) and (c) shall
357 be construed in favor of the covered person; shall survive the termination of the contract
358 regardless of the reason for termination, including the insolvency of the health carrier; and
359 shall supersede any oral or written contrary agreement between a provider and a covered
360 person or the representative of a covered person if the contrary agreement is inconsistent
361 with the 'hold harmless' provision and continuation of covered services provisions required
362 by subsections (b) and (c) of this Code section.
- 363 (e) In no event shall a participating provider collect or attempt to collect from a covered
364 person any money owed to the provider by the health carrier.
- 365 (f)(1) Health carrier selection standards for selecting and tiering, as applicable, of
366 participating providers shall be developed for providers and each health care professional
367 specialty.
- 368 (2)(A) The standards shall be used in determining the selection and tiering of
369 participating providers by the health carrier and its intermediaries with which it
370 contracts.
- 371 (B) The standards shall meet the requirements of the Georgia Composite Medical
372 Board or other appropriate governing authority.
- 373 (3)(A) Selection and tiering criteria shall not be established in a manner:
374 (i) That would allow a health carrier to discriminate against high-risk populations by
375 excluding providers because they are located in geographic areas that contain

376 populations or providers presenting a risk of higher than average claims, losses, or
377 health care services utilization; or

378 (ii) That would exclude providers because they treat or specialize in treating
379 populations presenting a risk of higher than average claims, losses, or health care
380 services utilization.

381 (B)(i) In addition to subparagraph (A) of this paragraph, a health carrier's selection
382 criteria may not discriminate with respect to participation under the health benefit
383 plan against any provider who is acting within the scope of the provider's license or
384 certification under applicable state law or regulations.

385 (ii) The provisions of subparagraph (B)(i) of this paragraph may not be construed to
386 require a health carrier to contract with any provider willing to abide by the terms and
387 conditions for participation established by the carrier.

388 (4) Paragraph (3) shall not be construed to prohibit a carrier from declining to select a
389 provider who fails to meet the other legitimate selection criteria of the carrier developed
390 in compliance with this chapter.

391 (5) The provisions of this chapter do not require a health carrier, or its intermediaries or
392 the provider networks with which they contract, to employ specific providers acting
393 within the scope of their license or certification under applicable state law that may meet
394 their selection criteria, or to contract with or retain more providers acting within the scope
395 of their license or certification under applicable state law than are necessary to maintain
396 a sufficient provider network, as required under Section 4 of this Act.

397 (g) A health carrier shall make its standards for selecting and tiering, as applicable,
398 participating providers available for review and approval by the Commissioner. A
399 description in plain language of the standards the health carrier uses for selecting and
400 tiering, as applicable, shall be easily available to the public on the carrier's website and
401 shall be provided in writing to anyone requesting such information.

402 (h) A health carrier shall notify participating providers of the providers' responsibilities
403 with respect to the health carrier's applicable administrative policies and programs,
404 including, but not limited to, payment terms; utilization review; quality assessment and
405 improvement programs; credentialing; grievance and appeals procedures; data reporting
406 requirements; reporting requirements for timely notice of changes in practice, such as
407 discontinuance of accepting new patients; confidentiality requirements; and any applicable
408 federal or state programs.

409 (i) A health carrier shall not offer an inducement to a provider that would encourage or
410 otherwise incent the provider to deliver less than medically necessary services to a covered
411 person.

412 (j) A health carrier shall not prohibit a participating provider from discussing any specific
413 or all treatment options with covered persons irrespective of the health carrier's position on
414 the treatment options, or from advocating on behalf of covered persons within the
415 utilization review or grievance or appeals processes established by the carrier or a person
416 contracting with the carrier or in accordance with any rights or remedies available under
417 applicable state or federal law.

418 (k) Every contract between a health carrier and a participating provider shall require the
419 provider to make health records available to appropriate state and federal authorities
420 involved in assessing the quality of care or investigating the grievances or complaints of
421 covered persons and to comply with the applicable state and federal laws related to the
422 confidentiality of medical and health records and the covered person's right to see, obtain
423 copies of, or amend his or her medical and health records.

424 (l)(1)(A) A health carrier and participating provider shall provide at least sixty (60)
425 days written notice to each other before the provider is removed or leaves the network
426 without cause.

427 (B) The health carrier shall make a good faith effort to provide verbal and written
428 notice of a provider's removal or leaving the network within thirty (30) days of receipt

429 or issuance of a notice provided in accordance with subparagraph (A) of this paragraph
430 to all covered persons who are patients seen on a regular basis by the provider being
431 removed or leaving the network, irrespective of whether it is for cause or without cause.
432 (C) When the provider being removed or leaving the network is a primary care
433 professional, all covered persons who are patients of that primary care professional
434 shall also be notified verbally and in writing. When the provider either gives or
435 receives the notice in accordance with subparagraph (1)(1)(A) of this Code section, the
436 provider shall supply the health carrier with a list of those patients of the provider that
437 are covered by a plan of the health carrier within 30 days.

438 (2)(A) As used in this paragraph, the term:

439 (i) 'Active course of treatment' means:

440 (I) An ongoing course of treatment for a life-threatening condition;

441 (II) An ongoing course of treatment for a serious acute condition;

442 (III) The second or third trimester of pregnancy; or

443 (IV) An ongoing course of treatment for a health condition for which a treating
444 physician or health care provider attests that discontinuing care by that physician or
445 health care provider would worsen the condition or interfere with anticipated
446 outcomes.

447 (ii) 'Life-threatening health condition' means a disease or condition for which
448 likelihood of death is probable unless the course of the disease or condition is
449 interrupted.

450 (iii) 'Serious acute condition' means a disease or condition requiring complex
451 ongoing care which the covered person is currently receiving, such as chemotherapy,
452 postoperative visits, or radiation therapy.

453 (B) For purposes of subparagraph (A) of this paragraph, a covered person shall have
454 been treated by the provider being removed or leaving the network on a regular basis
455 to be considered in an active course of treatment.

456 (C)(i) When a covered person's provider leaves or is removed from the network, a
457 health carrier shall establish reasonable procedures to transition the covered person
458 who is in an active course of treatment to a participating provider in a manner that
459 provides for continuity of care.

460 (ii) The health carrier shall provide the notice required under paragraph (1) of this
461 subsection and shall provide the covered person a list of available participating
462 providers in the same geographic area who are of the same provider type, as well as
463 information about how the covered person may request continuity of care, including
464 a copy of a continuity of care authorization form as provided under this paragraph.

465 (iii) The procedures shall provide that:

466 (I) Any request for continuity of care shall be made to the health carrier by the
467 covered person or the covered person's authorized representative;

468 (II) Requests for continuity of care shall be reviewed by the health carrier's medical
469 director after consultation with the treating provider for patients who meet the
470 criteria listed in paragraph (2) of this subsection and are under the care of a provider
471 who has not been removed or is leaving the network for cause. Any decisions made
472 with respect to a request for continuity of care shall be subject to the health benefit
473 plan's internal and external grievance and appeal processes in accordance with
474 applicable state or federal law or regulations;

475 (III) The continuity of care period for covered persons who are in their second or
476 third trimester of pregnancy shall extend through the postpartum period; and

477 (IV) The continuity of care period for covered persons who are undergoing an
478 active course of treatment shall extend to the earlier of:

479 (aa) The termination of the course of treatment by the covered person or the
480 treating provider;

481 (bb) Ninety days, unless the medical director determines that a longer period is
482 necessary;

483 (cc) The date that care is successfully transitioned to a participating provider; or
484 (dd) Care is not medically necessary.

485 (V) In addition to the provisions of subdivision (C)(iii)(I) of this paragraph, a
486 continuity of care request may only be granted when:

487 (aa) The provider agrees in writing to accept the same payment from and abide
488 by the same terms and conditions with respect to the health carrier for that patient
489 as provided in the original provider contract; and

490 (bb) The provider agrees in writing not to seek any payment from the covered
491 person for any amount for which the covered person would not have been
492 responsible if the physician or provider were still a participating provider.

493 (m) The rights and responsibilities under a contract between a health carrier and a
494 participating provider shall not be assigned or delegated by either party without the prior
495 written consent of the other party.

496 (n) A health carrier is responsible for ensuring that a participating provider furnishes
497 covered benefits to all covered persons without regard to the covered person's enrollment
498 in the plan as a private purchaser of the plan or as a participant in publicly financed
499 programs of health care services. This requirement does not apply to circumstances when
500 the provider should not render services due to limitations arising from lack of training,
501 experience, skill or licensing restrictions.

502 (o) A health carrier shall notify the participating providers of their obligations, if any, to
503 collect applicable coinsurance, copayments or deductibles from covered persons pursuant
504 to the evidence of coverage, or of the providers' obligations, if any, to notify covered
505 persons of their personal financial obligations for noncovered services.

506 (p) A health carrier shall not penalize a provider when the provider, in good faith, reports
507 to state or federal authorities any act or practice by the health carrier that jeopardizes
508 patient health or welfare.

509 (q) A health carrier shall establish a mechanism by which participating providers may
 510 determine in a timely manner at the time services are provided whether or not an individual
 511 is a covered person or is within a grace period for payment of a premium during which time
 512 the carrier may hold a claim for services, pending receipt of payment of the premium.

513 (r) A health carrier shall establish procedures for resolution of administrative, payment,
 514 or other disputes between providers and the health carrier.

515 (s) A contract between a health carrier and a provider shall not contain provisions that
 516 conflict with the provisions contained in the network plan or the requirements of this Act.

517 (t)(1)(A) At the time the contract is signed, a health carrier and, if appropriate, an
 518 intermediary shall timely notify a participating provider of all provisions and other
 519 documents incorporated by reference in the contract.

520 (B) While the contract is in force, the carrier shall timely notify a participating provider
 521 of any changes to those provisions or documents that would result in material changes
 522 in the contract.

523 (C) For purposes of this paragraph, the contract shall define what is to be considered
 524 timely notice and what is to be considered a material change.

525 (2) A health carrier shall timely inform a provider of the provider's network participation
 526 status on any health benefit plan in which the carrier has included the provider as a
 527 participating provider.

528 33-20F-6.

529 (a) The Commissioner shall promulgate rules and regulations by October 1, 2022, which:

530 (1) Prescribe a single, standard form for requesting continuity of care that shall not
 531 exceed two pages in length;

532 (2) Require that the department and all carriers make such form available electronically
 533 on the websites of:

534 (A) The department; and

- 535 (B) The carriers;
- 536 (3) Require that all carriers accept the standard continuity of care authorization form; and
- 537 (4) Require that all carriers deem a fully populated, standard continuity of care
- 538 authorization form as a complete continuity of care request, for which no additional or
- 539 supplemental information shall be required.
- 540 (b) The Commissioner shall:
- 541 (1) Appoint an advisory committee for advice on technical, operational, and practical
- 542 aspects of developing the required single, standard continuity of care authorization form;
- 543 (2) Develop the form proscribed in subsection (a) of this Code section with input from
- 544 the advisory committee; and
- 545 (3) Take into consideration:
- 546 (A) Any form for requesting continuity of care that is widely used in this state; and
- 547 (B) National standards, or draft standards, pertaining to electronic continuity of care
- 548 authorization.
- 549 (c) The advisory committee shall be composed of the Commissioner or the
- 550 Commissioner's designee and an equal number of members from each of the following
- 551 groups:
- 552 (1) Physicians;
- 553 (2) Consumers or consumer representatives experienced with continuity of care requests;
- 554 and
- 555 (3) Insurers.
- 556 (d) Members of the committee shall serve without compensation. The committee shall
- 557 recommend to the Commissioner a single, standard form for requesting continuity of care.
- 558 (e) Within two days of receiving the standard continuity of care authorization form,
- 559 carriers shall communicate and acknowledge receipt of such form to the covered person
- 560 or his or her authorized representative.

561 (f) No later than 10 days after notification that the form has been received, carriers shall
562 communicate to the covered person and the provider a status of either approved, denied,
563 or incomplete.

564 (g) Each violation of this Code section by a carrier shall constitute a tort under the laws
565 of this state. Any individual who has been injured by such carrier's failure to comply with
566 any portion of this Code section shall have the right to bring a private action for damages.

567 33-20F-7.

568 (a) A contract between a health carrier and an intermediary shall satisfy all the
569 requirements contained in this Code section. Intermediaries and participating providers
570 with whom they contract shall comply with all the applicable requirements of Code
571 Section 33-20F-5.

572 (b) A health carrier's statutory responsibility to monitor the offering of covered benefits
573 to covered persons shall not be delegated or assigned to the intermediary.

574 (c) A health carrier shall have the right to approve or disapprove participation status of a
575 subcontracted provider in its own or a contracted network for the purpose of delivering
576 covered benefits to the carrier's covered persons.

577 (d) A health carrier shall maintain copies of all intermediary health care subcontracts at
578 its principal place of business in the state, or ensure that it has access to all intermediary
579 subcontracts, including the right to make copies to facilitate regulatory review, upon 20
580 days prior written notice from the health carrier.

581 (e) If applicable, an intermediary shall transmit utilization documentation and claims paid
582 documentation to the health carrier. The carrier shall monitor the timeliness and
583 appropriateness of payments made to providers and health care services received by
584 covered persons.

585 (f) If applicable, an intermediary shall maintain the books, records, financial information
586 and documentation of services provided to covered persons at its principal place of

587 business in the state and preserve them for at least ten years in a manner that facilitates
588 regulatory review.

589 (g) An intermediary shall allow the Commissioner access to the intermediary's books,
590 records, financial information, and any documentation of services provided to covered
591 persons, as necessary to determine compliance with this chapter.

592 (h) A health carrier shall have the right, in the event of the intermediary's insolvency, to
593 require the assignment to the health carrier of the provisions of a provider's contract
594 addressing the provider's obligation to furnish covered services. If a health carrier requires
595 assignment, the health carrier shall remain obligated to pay the provider for furnishing
596 covered services under the same terms and conditions as the intermediary prior to the
597 insolvency.

598 (i) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, to the extent the health carrier
599 delegates its responsibilities to the intermediary, the carrier shall retain full responsibility
600 for the intermediary's compliance with the requirements of this chapter.

601 33-20F-8.

602 (a) At the time a health carrier files its access plan, the health carrier shall file for approval
603 with the Commissioner sample contract forms proposed for use with its participating
604 providers and intermediaries.

605 (b) A health carrier shall submit material changes to a contract that would affect a
606 provision required under this chapter or implementing regulations to the Commissioner for
607 approval at least 60 days prior to use.

608 (c) If the Commissioner takes no action within 60 days after submission of a contract or
609 material change to a contract by a health carrier, the contract or change is deemed
610 approved.

611 (d) The health carrier shall maintain provider and intermediary contracts at its principal
612 place of business in the state, or the health carrier shall have access to all contracts and

613 provide copies to facilitate regulatory review upon 20 days prior notice from the
614 Commissioner.

615 22-20F-9.

616 (a) The execution of a contract by a health carrier shall not relieve the health carrier of its
617 liability to any person with whom it has contracted for the provision of services, nor of its
618 responsibility for compliance with the law or applicable regulations.

619 (b) All contracts shall be in writing and subject to review.

620 (c) All contracts shall comply with applicable requirements in the laws of the state and
621 applicable regulations.

622 33-20F-10.

623 (a) The Commissioner shall require a modification to the access plan or institute a
624 corrective action plan, as appropriate, if he or she determines that a health carrier:

625 (1) Has not contracted with a sufficient number of participating providers to assure that
626 covered persons have accessible health care services in a geographic area;

627 (2) Has a network access plan that does not assure reasonable access to covered benefits;

628 (3) Has entered into a contract that does not comply with this chapter; or

629 (4) Has not complied with a provision of this chapter.

630 Additionally, if there is lack of compliance with the plan, the Commissioner may use
631 other enforcement powers to obtain the health carrier's compliance with this chapter.

632 (b) The Commissioner will not act to arbitrate, mediate, or settle disputes regarding a
633 decision not to include a provider in a network plan or provider network or regarding any
634 other dispute between a health carrier, its intermediaries, or one or more providers arising
635 under or by reason of a provider contract or its termination.

636 33-20F-11.

637 All consumers may file complaints with the department with regard to such consumers'
638 access to an adequate network plan. Such complaints may appeal the department's
639 certification of such network plan. The Commissioner shall establish processes for the
640 department to address such complaints.

641 33-20F-12.

642 If any provision of this chapter or the application of any provision to any person or
643 circumstance shall be held invalid, the remainder of the chapter and the application of the
644 provision, other than to persons or circumstances to which it is held invalid, shall not be
645 affected.

646 33-20F-13.

647 (a) All provider and intermediary contracts in effect on the effective date of this chapter
648 shall comply with this chapter no later than 12 months after such effective date. The
649 Commissioner may extend the 12 months for an additional period not to exceed six months
650 if the health carrier demonstrates good cause for such extension.

651 (b) A new provider or intermediary contract that is issued on or after six months after the
652 effective date of this chapter shall comply with this chapter.

653 (c) A provider contract or intermediary contract not described in subsection (a) or (b) of
654 this Code section shall comply with this chapter no later than 18 months after the effective
655 date of this chapter.

656 (d) No later than 12 months after the effective date of this chapter, each health carrier
657 offering or renewing network plans in this state shall file access plans consistent with Code
658 Section 33-20F-4 of this chapter for all in-force network plans."

659 **SECTION 2.**
660 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.