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House Bill 381

By: Representatives Shannon of the 84th, Hugley of the 136th, Cannon of the 58th, Hutchinson of the 107th, and Schofield of the 60th

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

- 1 To amend Title 49 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to social services, so
- 2 as to require the Department of Community Health to allow mothers giving birth to newborns
- 3 to retain Medicaid eligibility for one year following such birth; to provide for amendments
- 4 to the state plan if necessary; to provide for a short title; to provide for legislative findings;
- 5 to provide for related matters; to repeal conflicting laws; and for other purposes.

6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

7 SECTION 1.

- 8 This Act shall be known and may be cited as the "Expanding Medicaid to Improve Health
- 9 Outcomes for New Mothers Act."
- SECTION 2.
- 11 The General Assembly finds:
- 12 (1) The maternal mortality rate in the United States is the highest in the developed world
- and continues to rise;
- 14 (2) Georgia ranks among the worst states in maternal mortality in the nation;

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15 (3) Estimates show that almost half of all maternal mortalities in the United States are

- 16 preventable;
- 17 (4) Georgia's Maternal Mortality Review Committee found that 60 percent of maternal
- deaths in this state in 2014 were preventable;
- 19 (5) According to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, black mothers in the
- 20 United States die at three to four times the rate of white mothers, and black women are
- 21 twice as likely as white women to experience severe maternal morbidity;
- 22 (6) Socioeconomic status plays an important role in shaping access to health information
- and health care services, including access to reproductive and maternal health care; and
- 24 the intersection of race, gender, and poverty further exacerbates inequities in health care
- service and delivery;
- 26 (7) The lack of health insurance and regular access to health care directly impacts timely
- 27 diagnosis and treatment of medical conditions and is at the root of disproportionately
- 28 negative health outcomes;
- 29 (8) Access to safe and respectful health care is a human right and is essential to
- 30 improving maternal health and saving lives;
- 31 (9) Medicaid provides coverage for more than half of births in Georgia;
- 32 (10) Medicaid coverage for women who are eligible only during pregnancy lapses at 60
- days post-partum while related maternal deaths may occur up to one year post-partum;
- 34 and
- 35 (11) More than half of maternal deaths in Georgia occur between 43 and 364 days
- post-partum, and the Georgia Maternal Mortality Review Committee recommends in its
- latest annual report to "extend insurance coverage into the months after delivery to treat
- and manage high-risk co-morbidities."

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39	SECTION 3.
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- 40 Title 49 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to social services, is amended
- 41 in Article 7 of Chapter 4, relating to medical assistance generally, by adding a new Code
- 42 section to read as follows:
- 43 "49-4-159.1.
- 44 (a) The department shall allow women giving birth to newborns to retain Medicaid
- 45 <u>eligibility for one year following such birth.</u>
- 46 (b) The department shall submit any necessary modifications, if applicable, to the state
- plan for medical assistance filed pursuant to Code Section 49-4-142 in order to fulfill the
- 48 requirements of this Code section."

49 **SECTION 4.**

All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.