The House Committee on Judiciary Non-civil offers the following substitute to HB 310:

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

1 To amend Title 42 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to penal institutions, 2 so as to create the Board of Community Supervision, the Department of Community 3 Supervision, and the Governor's Office of Transition, Support, and Reentry; to provide for 4 the responsibilities of DCS with respect to supervision of adult and certain juvenile probationers and adult parolees; to enact reforms recommended by the Georgia Council on 5 Criminal Justice Reform; to reassign responsibilities of the Advisory Council for Probation 6 and the County and Municipal Probation Advisory Council to the Board of Community 7 8 Supervision and repeal provisions relating to such councils; to transfer responsibility of 9 certain functions of probation and parole supervision to DCS and make corresponding 10 changes with respect to the jurisdiction and authority of the Department of Corrections, Department of Juvenile Justice, and the State Board of Pardons and Paroles; to provide for 11 12 the selection, service, and powers and duties of the commissioner and employees of DCS; to provide for rules and regulations and forms; to provide for administration; to provide for 13 14 transfer of prior appropriations; to provide for transfer of personnel, equipment, and 15 facilities; to provide for defined terms; to provide for the revocation, modification, and tolling of sentences under certain circumstances; to provide for the conditions of probation; 16 to provide for the assessment and collection of costs of probation; to revise certain standards 17 18 for private corporations, private enterprises, and private agencies that enter into written 19 contracts for probation services; to change provisions relating to confidentiality of records; 20 to revise certain standards for counties, municipalities, or consolidated governments who 21 enter into written agreements to provide probation services; to provide for management of 22 probated sentences when a defendant wants to enter an accountability court as a condition 23 of a probation revocation; to change provisions relating to informing a defendant regarding 24 the first offender laws; to provide for retroactive first offender treatment under certain 25 circumstances; to provide for the filing of a petition for retroactive first offender treatment; 26 to amend Titles 15, 16, 17, 19, 20, 21, 34, 35, 37, 40, 42, 43, 45, 48, and 49 of the Official 27 Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to courts, crimes and offenses, criminal procedure, 28 domestic relations, education, elections, labor and industrial relations, law enforcement

29 officers and agencies, mental health, motor vehicles and traffic, penal institutions, 30 professions and businesses, public officers and employees, revenue and taxation, and social 31 services, respectively, so as to so as to conform provisions to the new Chapter 3 of Title 42; 32 to provide for certain changes in the administrative organization of the Department of Corrections, Department of Juvenile Justice, and the State Board of Pardons and Paroles and 33 34 provide for conforming amendments; to correct cross-references and remove obsolete or 35 improper references; to provide for legislative findings and intent; to provide for related 36 matters; to provide for an effective date and applicability; to repeal conflicting laws; and for 37 other purposes.

38

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

39 PART I **BOARD OF COMMUNITY SUPERVISION,** 40 DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY SUPERVISION, AND 41 **GOVERNOR'S OFFICE OF TRANSITION, SUPPORT, AND REENTRY** 42 43 **SECTION 1-1.** 44 Title 42 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to penal institutions, is amended by revising Chapter 3, which was previously reserved, as follows: 45 46 "CHAPTER 3 47 ARTICLE 1 48 42-3-1. 49 Reserved.

- 50 <u>As used in this chapter, the term:</u>
- 51 (1) 'Board' means the Board of Community Supervision.
- 52 (2) 'Commissioner' means the commissioner of community supervision.
- 53 (3) 'Community supervision officer' means an individual employed by DCS who
- 54 <u>supervises probationers or parolees.</u>
- 55 (4) 'DCS' means the Department of Community Supervision.
- 56 (5) 'Split sentence' means any felony sentence that includes a term of imprisonment
- 57 <u>followed by a term of probation.</u>

58	<u>42-3-2.</u>
59	(a) There is created the Board of Community Supervision which shall establish the general
60	policy to be followed by the Department of Community Supervision and the Governor's
61	Office of Transition, Support, and Reentry. The powers, functions, and duties of the Board
62	of Corrections as they exist on June 30, 2015, with regard to the probation division of the
63	Department of Corrections and supervision of probationers unless otherwise provided in
64	this chapter are transferred to the Board of Community Supervision effective July 1, 2015.
65	The powers, functions, and duties of the State Board of Pardons and Paroles as they exist
66	on June 30, 2015, with regard to the supervision of parolees, unless otherwise provided in
67	this chapter are transferred to the Board of Community Supervision effective July 1, 2015.
68	The powers, functions, and duties of the Board of Juvenile Justice and the Department of
69	Juvenile Justice as they exist on June 30, 2016, with regard to the probation supervision of
70	children who have been released from restrictive custody and who were adjudicated for a
71	Class A designated felony act or Class B designated felony act, as such terms are defined
72	in Code Section 15-11-2, are transferred to the Board of Community Supervision effective
73	July 1, 2016. The powers, functions, and duties of the County and Municipal Probation
74	Advisory Council as they exist on June 30, 2015, are transferred to the Board of
75	Community Supervision effective July 1, 2015.
76	(b) The board shall consist of nine members. The commissioner of corrections,
77	commissioner of juvenile justice, chairperson and vice chairperson of the State Board of
78	Pardons and Paroles, director of the Division of Family and Children Services of the
79	Department of Human Services, and commissioner of behavioral health and developmental
80	disabilities shall be members of the board and shall serve on the board so long as they
81	remain in their appointed positions. The Governor shall appoint:
82	(1) A sheriff who shall serve an initial term ending June 30, 2019, each subsequent term
83	being four years;
84	(2) A mayor or city manager who shall serve an initial term ending June 30, 2018, each
85	subsequent term being four years; and
86	(3) A county commissioner or county manager who shall serve an initial term ending
87	June 30, 2017, each subsequent term being four years.
88	(c) Vacancies in office shall be filled by appointment by the Governor in the same manner
89	as the appointment to the position on the board which becomes vacant. An appointment
90	to fill a vacancy, other than by expiration of a term of office, shall be for the balance of the
91	unexpired term.
92	(d) Members of the board may be removed from office under the same conditions for
93	removal from office of members of professional licensing boards provided in Code Section
94	<u>43-1-17.</u>

95 (e) There shall be a chairperson of the board, elected by and from the membership of the board, who shall be the presiding officer of the board. 96 97 (f) The members of the board shall receive per diem and expenses as shall be set and 98 approved by the Office of Planning and Budget and in conformance with rates and 99 allowances set for members of other state boards. 100 (g)(1) As used in this subsection, the term: 101 (A) 'Evidence based practices' means supervision policies, procedures, programs, and 102 practices that scientific research demonstrates reduce recidivism among individuals 103 who are under some form of correctional supervision. 104 (B) 'Recidivism' means returning to prison or jail within three years of being placed on 105 probation or being discharged or released from a Department of Corrections or jail 106 facility. 107 (2) The board shall adopt rules and regulations governing the management and treatment 108 of probationers and parolees to ensure that evidence based practices, including the use of 109 a risk and needs assessment and any other method the board deems appropriate, guide 110 decisions related to managing probationers and parolees in the community. The board 111 shall require DCS to collect and analyze data and performance outcomes relevant to the 112 level and type of treatment given to a probationer or parolee and the outcome of the 113 treatment on his or her recidivism and prepare an annual report regarding such 114 information which shall be submitted to the Governor, the Lieutenant Governor, the 115 Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the chairpersons of the House Committee 116 on State Properties and the Senate State Institutions and Property Committee. 117 (h) The board shall adopt rules and regulations and such rules and regulations shall be 118 adopted, established, promulgated, amended, repealed, filed, and published in accordance 119 with the applicable provisions and procedure as set forth in Chapter 13 of Title 50, the 'Georgia Administrative Procedure Act.' The courts shall take judicial notice of any such 120 121 rules or regulations. 122 (i) As used in this Code section, the term 'rules and regulations' shall have the same meaning as the word 'rule' as defined in paragraph (6) of Code Section 50-13-2. 123 (j) The board shall perform duties required of it by law and shall, in addition thereto, be 124 125 responsible for promulgation of all rules and regulations not in conflict with this chapter 126 that may be necessary and appropriate to the administration of DCS and the Governor's 127 Office of Transition, Support, and Reentry, to the accomplishment of the purposes of this 128 chapter and Chapters 8 and 9 of this title, and to the performance of the duties and 129 functions of DCS and the Governor's Office of Transition, Support, and Reentry as set forth 130 in this chapter and Chapters 8 and 9 of this title.

131	<u>42-3-3.</u>
132	(a) There is created the Department of Community Supervision. DCS shall be the agency
133	primarily responsible for:
134	(1) Supervision of all defendants who receive a felony sentence of straight probation;
135	(2) Supervision of all defendants who receive a split sentence;
136	(3) Supervision of all defendants placed on parole or other conditional release from
137	imprisonment by the State Board of Pardons and Paroles;
138	(4) Supervision of juvenile offenders when such offender had been placed in restrictive
139	custody due to an adjudication for a Class A designated felony act or Class B designated
140	felony act, as such terms are defined in Code Section 15-11-2, and is released from such
141	<u>custody;</u>
142	(5) Administration of laws, rules, and regulations relating to probation and parole
143	supervision, as provided for by law;
144	(6) Enforcement of laws, rules, and regulations relating to probation and parole
145	supervision, as provided for by law; and
146	(7) Administration of laws as provided in this chapter.
147	(b) DCS shall ensure that community supervision officers who supervise juvenile
148	offenders receive the same training to work specifically with children and adolescents as
149	is provided for Department of Juvenile Justice probation officers. DCS shall offer the same
150	array of services to juvenile offenders as are available to offenders who are committed to
151	the Department of Juvenile Justice who are not placed in restrictive custody. With respect
152	to the supervision of children, DCS shall be mindful of the purpose of Chapter 11 of
153	Title 15 as set forth in Code Section 15-11-1.
154	<u>42-3-4.</u>
155	(a) There shall be a commissioner of community supervision who shall be both appointed
156	by and serve at the pleasure of the Governor. Subject to the policies, rules, and regulations
157	established by the board, the commissioner shall supervise, direct, account for, organize,
158	plan, administer, and execute the functions of DCS.
159	(b) The commissioner shall receive an annual salary to be set by the Governor which shall
160	be his or her total compensation for services as commissioner. The commissioner shall be
161	reimbursed for all actual and necessary expenses incurred by him or her in carrying out his
162	or her official duties.
163	(c) The position of commissioner shall be a separate and distinct position from any other
164	position in state government. The duties of the commissioner shall be performed by the
165	commissioner and not by any other officer of state government, and the commissioner shall
166	not perform the duties of any other officer of state government.

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167 42-3-5. 168 (a) The commissioner, with the approval of the board, may establish units within DCS as 169 he or she deems proper for its administration and shall designate persons to be assistant 170 commissioners of each unit and to exercise authority as he or she may delegate to them in 171 writing. The commissioner shall establish a victim services unit within DCS to coordinate: (1) Payment of court ordered restitution; and 172 173 (2) Victim services, including, but not limited to, payments available to victims as 174 provided by law and assisting victims with support services. 175 (b) The commissioner shall have the authority to employ as many individuals as he or she 176 deems necessary for the administration of DCS and for the discharge of the duties of his 177 or her office. The commissioner shall issue all necessary directions, instructions, orders, 178 and rules applicable to employees of DCS. The commissioner shall have authority, as the 179 commissioner deems proper, to employ, assign, compensate, and discharge employees of 180 DCS within the limitations of DCS's appropriation and the restrictions set forth by law. 181 (c) No employee of DCS shall be compensated for services to DCS on a commission or 182 contingent fee basis. 183 (d) Neither the commissioner nor any community supervision officer or employee of DCS 184 shall be given or receive any fee, compensation, loan, gift, or other thing of value in 185 addition to the compensation and expense allowance provided by law for any service or 186 pretended service either rendered or to be rendered as commissioner or as a community 187 supervision officer or employee of DCS. 188 <u>42-3-6.</u> 189 (a) The commissioner, with the approval of the board, shall have the power to make and 190 publish reasonable rules and regulations not inconsistent with this title or other laws or with 191 the Constitution of this state or of the United States for the administration of this chapter 192 or any law which it is his or her duty to administer. 193 (b) The commissioner may prescribe forms as he or she deems necessary for the 194 administration and enforcement of this chapter and Chapters 8 and 9 of this title or any law 195 which it is his or her duty to administer. 196 (c) The commissioner may confer all powers of a police officer of this state, including, but 197 not limited to, the power to make summary arrests for violations of any of the criminal laws 198 of this state and the power to carry weapons, upon persons in the commissioner's 199 employment as the commissioner deems necessary, provided that individuals so designated 200 meet the requirements specified in all applicable laws. 201 (d) The commissioner or his or her designee may authorize certain persons in the 202 commissioner's employment to assist law enforcement officers or correctional officers of H. B. 310 (SUB)

203	local governments in preserving order and peace when so requested by such local
204	authorities.
205	(e) The following rules and regulations shall remain in full force and effect as rules and
206	regulations of DCS until amended, repealed, or superseded by rules or regulations adopted
207	by the board:
208	(1) All rules and regulations previously adopted by the Advisory Council for Probation
209	which relate to functions transferred under this chapter from the state-wide probation
210	system to DCS;
211	(2) All rules and regulations previously adopted by the Department of Corrections or the
212	Board of Corrections which relate to functions transferred under this chapter from the
213	Department of Corrections to DCS;
214	(3) All rules and regulations previously adopted by the State Board of Pardons and
215	Paroles which relate to functions transferred under this chapter from the State Board of
216	Pardons and Paroles to DCS;
217	(4) All rules and regulations previously adopted by the Department of Juvenile Justice
218	or the Board of Juvenile Justice which relate to functions transferred under this chapter
219	from the Department of Juvenile Justice to DCS; and
220	(5) All rules and regulations previously adopted by the County and Municipal Probation
221	Advisory Council which relate to functions transferred under this chapter from the
222	County and Municipal Probation Advisory Council to DCS.

<u>42-3-7.</u>

224 (a) Appropriations to the Department of Corrections, the Department of Juvenile Justice, 225 the County and Municipal Probation Advisory Council, and the State Board of Pardons and 226 Paroles for functions transferred to DCS pursuant to this chapter shall be transferred to DCS as provided for in Code Section 45-12-90. Personnel, equipment, and facilities 227 228 previously employed by the Department of Corrections, the Department of Juvenile Justice, 229 the County and Municipal Probation Advisory Council, and the State Board of Pardons and Paroles for functions transferred to DCS pursuant to this chapter shall likewise be 230 transferred to DCS. Any disagreement as to any of such transfers shall be resolved by the 231 232 Governor. Any individual who is employed by the Department of Corrections as a 233 probation officer or probation supervisor or by the Board of Pardons and Paroles as a 234 parole officer on or before July 1, 2016, and who is required by the terms of his or her 235 employment to comply with the requirements of Chapter 8 of Title 35, the 'Georgia Peace Officer Standards and Training Act,' may remain in the employment of the employing 236 237 agency but shall be transferred for administrative purposes only to DCS on July 1, 2015.

- 238 (b) The enactment of this chapter and the Act by which it is enacted shall not affect or
- 239 <u>abate the status of probation, parole, a probation revocation, or a parole revocation which</u>
- 240 <u>occurred prior to July 1, 2015.</u>
- <u>42-3-8.</u>
- 242 (a) As used in this Code section, the term:
- 243 (1) 'Employee' means a full-time or part-time employee of DCS or an employee serving
 244 under contract with DCS.
- 245 (2) 'Employee benefit fund' means an account containing the facility's profits generated
 246 from vending services maintained by a local facility.
- 247 (3) 'Executive director of the facility' means the chief community supervision officer or
 248 such other head of a facility.
- (4) 'Facility' means a community supervision office or such other similar property under
 the jurisdiction or operation of DCS.
- (5) 'Vending services' means one or more vending machines in a location easily
 accessible by employees, which services may also be accessible by members of the
 general public, but which vending machines do not require a manager or attendant for the
 purpose of purchasing food or drink items. Vending services shall be for the provision
 of snack or food items or nonalcoholic beverages and shall not include any tobacco
 products or alcoholic beverages.
- 257 (b) It is the intent of the General Assembly to provide an employee benefit as set forth in
- 258 this Code section, which benefit shall be of de minimis cost to the state and which shall in
- 259 <u>turn benefit the state through the retention of dedicated and experienced employees.</u>
- 260 (c) Any other provision of the law notwithstanding, a facility is authorized to purchase
- 261 <u>vending machines or enter into vending service agreements by contract, sublease, or license</u>
- 262 for the purpose of providing vending services to each facility under the jurisdiction of the
- 263 Department of Corrections. Vending services shall be provided in any facility where the
- 264 <u>operation of such vending services is capable of generating a profit for that facility. The</u>
- 265 <u>facility's profits generated from the vending services shall be maintained by the local</u>
- 266 <u>facility under the authority of the executive director of the facility in an interest-bearing</u>
- 267 <u>account, and the account shall be designated the employee benefit fund.</u>
- (d) The employee benefit fund shall be administered by a committee of five representatives of the facility to be selected by the chief community supervision officer for such facility. Funds from the account may be spent as determined by a majority vote of the committee. Funds may be expended on an individual employee of the facility for the purpose of recognizing a death, birth, marriage, or prolonged illness or to provide assistance in the event of a natural disaster or devastation adversely affecting an employee

274	or an employee's immediate family member. Funds may also be expended on an item or
275	activity which shall benefit all employees of the facility equally for the purposes of
276	developing camaraderie or otherwise fostering loyalty to DCS or bringing together the
277	employees of the facility for a meeting, training session, or similar gathering. Funds spent
278	for an individual employee shall not exceed \$250.00 per person per event, and funds
279	expended for employee gatherings or items shall not exceed \$1,000.00 per event or single
280	item; provided, however, that events conducted for the benefit of employees of an entire
281	institution shall not exceed \$4,500.00 per event.
282	(e) The employee benefit fund account of each facility shall be reviewed and audited by
283	the administrative office of the local facility and by DCS in accordance with standards and
284	procedures established by DCS. No account shall maintain funds in excess of \$5,000.00.
285	Any funds collected which cause the fund balance to exceed \$5,000.00 shall be remitted
286	to DCS's general operating budget.
287	(f) Nothing in this Code section shall prohibit a facility from purchasing vending machines

288 <u>or providing or maintaining vending services which do not generate a profit, provided that</u>

289 such services are of no cost to DCS, nor shall this Code section be construed so as to

- 290 prohibit a private provider of vending services from making or retaining a profit pursuant
- 291 to any agreement for such services.

<u>42-3-9.</u>

293 (a) An employee leaving the service of DCS under honorable conditions who has

294 <u>accumulated 20 or more years of service with DCS as a community supervision officer, or</u>

295 <u>20 or more years of combined service as a parole officer with the State Board of Pardons</u>

and Paroles, a probation officer or supervisor with the Department of Corrections, and

297 <u>community supervision officer, shall be entitled as part of such employee's compensation</u>

298 to retain his or her DCS issued weapon and badge.

299 (b) As used in this subsection, the term 'disability' means a disability that prevents an

300 <u>individual from working as a community supervision officer.</u> When a community

301 <u>supervision officer leaves DCS as a result of a disability arising in the line of duty, such</u>

302 officer shall be entitled as part of such officer's compensation to retain his or her weapon

- 303 <u>and badge in accordance with regulations promulgated by the commissioner.</u>
- 304 (c) A community supervision officer who is killed in the line of duty shall be entitled to
- 305 <u>have his or her DCS issued badge given to a surviving family member.</u>
- 306 (d) The board is authorized to promulgate rules and regulations for the implementation of

307 <u>this Code section.</u>

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<u>ARTICLE 2</u>
<u>42-3-30.</u>
The General Assembly finds that there is a need for a coordinated strategy for transition,
support, and reentry of offenders in this state. The General Assembly, therefore, declares
it to be the public policy of this state to provide the necessary leadership to coordinate
successful offender reentry in this state, reduce recidivism, enhance public safety through
collaboration among stakeholders, and assist in ensuring the appropriate and responsible
use of cost savings realized by justice reforms through reinvestment in evidence based,
community centered services.
<u>42-3-31.</u>
There is created the Governor's Office of Transition, Support, and Reentry, which is
assigned to DCS for administrative purposes only, as prescribed in Code Section 50-4-3.
<u>42-3-32.</u>
The board is authorized to do all things and take any action necessary to accomplish the
legislative intent of the creation of the Governor's Office of Transition, Support, and
Reentry, including, but not limited to, the promulgation of rules and regulations relative
thereto. The board is authorized to solicit and accept gifts, grants, donations, property, both
real and personal, and services for the purpose of carrying out this article.
<u>42-3-33.</u>
(a) The powers, functions, and duties of the Board of Corrections as they exist on June 30,
2015, with regard to reentry services for the Department of Corrections are transferred to
the Governor's Office of Transition, Support, and Reentry effective July 1, 2015. The
powers, functions, and duties of the State Board of Pardons and Paroles as they exist on
June 30, 2015, with regard to reentry services are transferred to the Governor's Office of
Transition, Support, and Reentry effective July 1, 2015. The powers, functions, and duties
of the Board of Juvenile Justice and the Department of Juvenile Justice as they exist on
June 30, 2016, with regard to reentry services for children who have been placed in
restrictive custody and who were adjudicated for a Class A designated felony act or Class
B designated felony act, as such terms are defined in Code Section 15-11-2, are transferred
to the Governor's Office of Transition, Support, and Reentry effective July 1, 2016.
(b) Appropriations to the Department of Corrections, the State Board of Pardons and
Paroles, and the Department of Juvenile Justice for functions transferred to DCS pursuant
to this article shall be transferred to the Governor's Office of Transition, Support, and

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- Reentry as provided for in Code Section 45-12-90. Personnel, equipment, and facilities
 previously employed by the Department of Corrections, the State Board of Pardons and
 Paroles, and the Department of Juvenile Justice for functions transferred to the Governor's
 Office of Transition, Support, and Reentry pursuant to this article shall likewise be
 transferred to Governor's Office of Transition, Support, and Reentry. Any disagreement
- 346 <u>as to any of such transfers shall be resolved by the Governor.</u>

<u>42-3-34.</u>

348 There shall be a director of the Governor's Office of Transition, Support, and Reentry who 349 shall be both appointed by and serve at the pleasure of the Governor. Subject to the 350 policies, rules, and regulations established by the board for such office, the director shall 351 supervise, direct, account for, organize, plan, administer, and execute the functions of such 352 office. The director shall receive an annual salary to be set by the Governor which shall be his or her total compensation for services as director. The director shall be reimbursed 353 354 for all actual and necessary expenses incurred by him or her in carrying out his or her 355 official duties. The position of director shall be a separate and distinct position from any other position in state government. The duties of the director shall be performed by the 356 357 director and not by any other officer of state government, and the director shall not perform 358 the duties of any other officer of state government.

<u>42-3-35.</u>

360 (a) The director may establish units within the Governor's Office of Transition, Support,

361 and Reentry as he or she deems proper for its administration and shall designate persons

- 362 to be assistant directors of each unit and to exercise authority as he or she may delegate to
- 363 them in writing as approved by the board.
- 364 (b) No person shall be compensated for services to the Governor's Office of Transition,
- 365 <u>Support, and Reentry on a commission or contingent fee basis.</u>
- 366 (c) Neither the director nor any employee of the Governor's Office of Transition, Support,
- 367 <u>and Reentry shall be given or receive any fee, compensation, loan, gift, or other thing of</u>
- 368 <u>value in addition to the compensation and expense allowance provided by law for any</u>
- 369 service or pretended service either rendered or to be rendered as director or employee of
- 370 the Governor's Office of Transition, Support, and Reentry.
- 371

ARTICLE 3

<u>42-3-50.</u>

373 (a) As used in this article, the term:

374 (1) 'Agency' means any private or public agency or organization approved by the court 375 to participate in a community service program. 376 (2) 'Community service' means uncompensated work by an offender with an agency for 377 the benefit of the community pursuant to an order by a court as a condition of probation. 378 Such term includes uncompensated service by an offender who lives in the household of 379 a disabled person and provides aid and services to such disabled person, including, but 380 not limited to, cooking, housecleaning, shopping, driving, bathing, and dressing. (3) 'Community service officer' means an individual appointed by the court to place and 381 382 supervise offenders sentenced to community service. Such term may mean a paid 383 professional or a volunteer. 384 (b) Except as provided in subsection (c) of this Code section, it shall be unlawful for an 385 agency or community service officer to use or allow an offender to be used for any purpose 386 resulting in private gain to any individual. (c) Subsection (b) of this Code section shall not apply to: 387 388 (1) Services provided by an offender to a disabled person in accordance with paragraph 389 (1) of subsection (c) of Code Section 42-3-52; 390 (2) Work on private property because of a natural disaster; or 391 (3) An order or direction by the sentencing court. 392 (d) Any person who violates subsection (b) of this Code section shall be guilty of a 393 misdemeanor. 394 <u>42-3-51.</u> 395 (a) Agencies desiring to participate in a community service program shall file with the 396 court a letter of application showing: 397 (1) Eligibility; 398 (2) Number of offenders who may be placed with the agency; 399 (3) Work to be performed by the offender; and 400 (4) Provisions for supervising the offender. 401 (b) An agency selected for the community service program shall work offenders who are 402 assigned to the agency by the court. If an offender violates a court order, the agency shall 403 report such violation to the community service officer. 404 (c) If an agency violates any court order or provision of this article, the offender shall be 405 removed from the agency and the agency shall no longer be eligible to participate in the 406 community service program. (d) No agency or community service officer shall be liable at law as a result of any of such 407 408 agency's or community service officer's acts performed while participating in a community 409 service program. This limitation of liability shall not apply to actions on the part of any

410	agency or community service officer which constitute gross negligence, recklessness, or
411	willful misconduct.
412	<u>42-3-52.</u>
413	(a) Community service may be considered as a condition of probation with primary
414	consideration given to the following categories of offenders:
415	(1) Traffic violations;
416	(2) Ordinance violations;
417	(3) Noninjurious or nondestructive, nonviolent misdemeanors;
418	(4) Noninjurious or nondestructive, nonviolent felonies; and
419	(5) Other offenders considered upon the discretion of the court.
420	(b) The court may confer with the prosecuting attorney, the offender or his or her attorney
421	if the offender is represented by an attorney, a community supervision officer, a community
422	service officer, or other interested persons to determine if the community service program
423	is appropriate for an offender. If community service is ordered as a condition of probation,
424	the court shall order:
425	(1) Not less than 20 hours nor more than 250 hours in cases involving traffic or
426	ordinance violations or misdemeanors, such service to be completed within one year; or
427	(2) Not less than 20 hours nor more than 500 hours in felony cases, such service to be
428	completed within three years.
429	(c)(1) Any agency may recommend to the court that certain disabled persons are in need
430	of a live-in attendant. The court shall confer with the prosecuting attorney, the offender
431	or his or her attorney if the offender is represented by an attorney, a community
432	supervision officer, a community service officer, or other interested persons to determine
433	if a community service program involving a disabled person is appropriate for an
434	offender. If community service as a live-in attendant for a disabled person is deemed
435	appropriate and if both the offender and the disabled person consent to such service, the
436	court may order such live-in community service as a condition of probation but for no
437	longer than two years.
438	(2) The agency shall be responsible for coordinating the provisions of the cost of food
439	or other necessities for the offender which the disabled person is not able to provide. The
440	agency, with the approval of the court, shall determine a schedule which will provide the
441	offender with certain free hours each week.
442	(3) Such live-in arrangement shall be terminated by the court upon the request of the
443	offender or the disabled person. Upon termination of such arrangement, the court shall
444	determine if the offender has met the conditions of probation.

- (4) The appropriate agency shall make personal contact with the disabled person on a
 frequent basis to ensure the safety and welfare of the disabled person.
 (d) The court may order an offender to perform community service hours in a 40 hour per
 week work detail in lieu of incarceration.
 (e) Community service hours may be added to original court ordered hours as a
 disciplinary action by the court, as an additional requirement of any program in lieu of
- 451 incarceration, or as part of the sentencing options system as set forth in Article 6 of this
- 452 <u>chapter.</u>

453 <u>42-3-53.</u>

The community service officer shall place an offender sentenced to community service as 454 455 a condition of probation with an appropriate agency. The agency and work schedule shall 456 be approved by the court. If the offender is employed at the time of sentencing or if the offender becomes employed after sentencing, the community service officer shall consider 457 458 the offender's work schedule and, to the extent practicable, shall schedule the community 459 service so that it will not conflict with the offender's work schedule. This shall not be 460 construed as requiring the community service officer to alter scheduled community service 461 based on changes in an offender's work schedule. The community service officer shall 462 supervise the offender for the duration of the community service sentence. Upon completion of the community service sentence, the community service officer shall prepare 463 464 a written report evaluating the offender's performance which shall be used to determine if the conditions of probation have been satisfied. 465

466 <u>42-3-54.</u>

- 467 (a) The provisions of Article 2 of Chapter 8 of this title shall be applicable to offenders
- 468 sentenced to community service as a condition of probation pursuant to this article. The
- 469 provisions of Article 3 of Chapter 8 of this title shall be applicable to first offenders
- 470 sentenced pursuant to this article. The provisions of Article 6 of Chapter 8 of this title shall
- 471 <u>be applicable to misdemeanor or ordinance violator offenders sentenced to community</u>
- 472 <u>service as a condition of probation pursuant to this article.</u>
- 473 (b) Any offender who provides live-in community service but who is later incarcerated for
- 474 <u>breaking the conditions of probation or for any other cause may be awarded good time for</u>
- 475 <u>each day of live-in community service the same as if such offender were in prison for such</u>
- 476 <u>number of days.</u>

ARTICLE 4

478 42-3-70.

15

479	DCS shall be authorized to establish and operate pretrial release and diversion programs
480	as rehabilitative measures for persons charged with felonies for which bond is permissible
481	under the law in the courts of this state prior to conviction; provided, however, that no such
482	program shall be established in a county without the unanimous approval of the superior
483	court judges, the district attorney, and the sheriff of such county. The board shall
484	promulgate rules and regulations governing any pretrial release and diversion programs
485	established and operated by DCS and shall grant authorization for the establishment of such
486	programs based on the availability of sufficient staff and resources.

487 <u>42-3-71.</u>

488 The court in which a person is charged with a felony for which bond is permissible under 489 the law may, upon the application by the person so charged, at its discretion release the 490 person prior to conviction and upon recognizance to the supervision of a pretrial release or 491 diversion program established and operated by DCS after an investigation and upon 492 recommendation of the staff of the pretrial release or diversion program. In no case, 493 however, shall any person be so released unless after consultation with his or her attorney 494 or an attorney made available to the person if he or she is indigent that person has 495 voluntarily agreed to participate in the pretrial release or diversion program and knowingly 496 and intelligently has waived his or her right to a speedy trial for the period of pretrial 497 release or diversion.

498 <u>42-3-72.</u>

- 499 DCS may contract with the various counties of this state for the services and facilities
- 500 necessary to operate pretrial release and diversion programs established under this article,
- 501 and both DCS and the counties are authorized to enter into such contracts as are appropriate
- 502 <u>to carry out the purpose of this article.</u>
- 503 <u>42-3-73.</u>
- 504 The authority to establish and operate pretrial release and diversion programs granted to
 505 DCS under this article shall not affect the authority of the Georgia Department of Labor
- 506 to enter into agreements with district attorneys of the several judicial circuits of this state
- 507 <u>for the purpose of establishing and operating pretrial intervention programs in such judicial</u>
- 508 <u>circuits.</u>

- 509 <u>42-3-74.</u>
 510 No person shall be released on his or her own recognizance or approved for a pretrial
 511 release and diversion program without first having the approval in writing of the judge of
- 512 the court having jurisdiction of the case.
- 513

ARTICLE 5

514 <u>42-3-90.</u>

515 A county shall be authorized to establish a diversion center under the direction of the 516 sheriff of the county in which the diversion center is located and a diversion program for 517 the confinement of certain persons who have been found in contempt of court for violation 518 of orders granting temporary or permanent alimony or child support and sentenced 519 pursuant to subsection (c) of Code Section 15-1-4. While in such diversion program, the 520 respondent shall be authorized to travel to and from his or her place of employment and to 521 continue his or her occupation. The official in charge of the diversion program or his or 522 her designee shall prescribe the routes, manner of travel, and periods of travel to be used by the respondent in attending to his or her occupation. If the respondent's occupation 523 524 requires the respondent to travel away from his or her place of employment, the amount 525 and conditions of such travel shall be approved by the official in charge of the diversion center or his or her designee. When the respondent is not traveling to or from his or her 526 527 place of employment or engaging in his or her occupation, such person shall be confined 528 in the diversion center during the term of the sentence. With the approval of the sheriff or 529 his or her designee, the respondent may participate in educational or counseling programs offered at the diversion center. While participating in the diversion program, the 530 531 respondent shall be liable for alimony or child support as previously ordered, including 532 arrears, and his or her income shall be subject to the provisions of Code Sections 19-6-30 through 19-6-33 and Chapter 11 of Title 19. In addition, should any funds remain after 533 534 payment of child support or alimony, the respondent may be charged and a fee payable to the county operating the diversion program to cover the costs of his or her incarceration 535 536 and the administration of the diversion program which fee shall be not more than \$30.00 537 per day or the actual per diem cost of maintaining the respondent, whichever is less, for the 538 entire period of time the person is confined to the center and participating in the program. 539 If the respondent fails to comply with any of the requirements imposed upon him or her in 540 accordance with this Code section, nothing shall prevent the sentencing judge from 541 revoking such assignment to a diversion program and providing for alternative methods of 542 incarceration.

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543	<u>ARTICLE 6</u>
544	42-3-110.
545	This article shall be known and may be cited as the 'Probation Management Act.'
546	<u>42-3-111.</u>
547	For purposes of this article, the term:
548	(1) 'Chief community supervision officer' means the highest ranking field community
549	supervision officer in each judicial circuit.
550	(2) 'Electronic monitoring' means supervising, mapping, or tracking the location of a
551	probationer by means including electronic surveillance, voice recognition, facial
552	recognition, fingerprinting or biometric scan, automated kiosk, automobile ignition
553	interlock device, or global positioning systems which may coordinate data with crime
554	scene information.
555	(3) 'Hearing officer' means an impartial DCS employee or representative who has been
556	selected and appointed to hear alleged cases regarding violations of probation for
557	administrative sanctioning.
558	(4) 'Initial sanction' means the sanction set by the judge upon initial sentencing.
559	(5) 'Options system day reporting center' means a state facility providing supervision of
560	probationers which includes, but is not limited to, mandatory reporting, program
561	participation, drug testing, community service, all special conditions of probation, and
562	general conditions of probation as set forth in Code Section 42-8-35.
563	(6) 'Options system probationer' means a probationer who has been sentenced to the
564	sentencing options system.
565	(7) 'Probation supervision' means a level of probation supervision which includes, but
566	is not limited to, general conditions of probation as set forth in Code Section 42-8-35 and
567	all special conditions of probation.
568	(8) 'Residential substance abuse treatment facility' means a state correctional facility that
569	provides inpatient treatment for alcohol and drug abuse.
570	(9) 'Sentencing options system' means a continuum of sanctions for probationers that
571	includes the sanctions set forth in subsection (c) of Code Section 42-3-113.
572	<u>42-3-112.</u>
573	(a) In addition to any other terms or conditions of probation provided for under this
574	chapter, the sentencing judge may require that defendants who are sentenced to probation
575	pursuant to subsection (c) of Code Section 42-8-34 be ordered to the sentencing options
576	system.

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- 577 (b) When a defendant has been ordered to the sentencing options system, the court shall
- 578 retain jurisdiction throughout the period of the probated sentence as provided in
- 579 <u>subsection (g) of Code Section 42-8-34 and may modify or revoke any part of a probated</u>
- 580 sentence as provided in Code Section 42-8-34.1 and subsection (c) of Code Section
 581 42-8-38.

<u>582</u> <u>42-3-113.</u>

- 583 (a) DCS shall be authorized to establish by rules and regulations a system of administrative
- 584 sanctions as an alternative to judicial modifications or revocations for probationers who
- 585 violate the terms and conditions of the sentencing options system established under this
- 586 <u>article. DCS may not, however, sanction probationers for violations of special conditions</u>
- 587 of probation or general conditions of probation for which the sentencing judge has
- 588 expressed an intention that such violations be heard by the court pursuant to Code Section
- <u>589</u> <u>42-8-34.1.</u>
- 590 (b) DCS shall only impose restrictions which are equal to or less restrictive than the
 591 sanction cap set by the sentencing judge.
- 592 (c) The administrative sanctions which may be imposed by DCS are as follows, from most
 593 restrictive to least restrictive:
- 594 (1) Probation detention center or residential substance abuse treatment facility;
- 595 (2) Probation boot camp;
- 596 (3) DCS day reporting center;
- 597 (4) Electronic monitoring:
- 598 (5) Community service; or
- 599 (6) Probation supervision.
- 600 (d) DCS may order offenders sanctioned pursuant to paragraphs (1) through (3) of
- 601 subsection (c) of this Code section to be held in the local jail until transported to a
- 602 <u>designated facility.</u>
- 603 <u>42-3-114.</u>
- 604 (a) Whenever an options system probationer is arrested on a warrant for an alleged
- 605 violation of probation, an informal preliminary hearing shall be held within a reasonable
- 606 time not to exceed 15 days.
- 607 (b) A preliminary hearing shall not be required when:
- 608 (1) The probationer is not under arrest on a warrant;
- 609 (2) The probationer signed a waiver of a preliminary hearing; or
- 610 (3) The administrative hearing referred to in Code Section 42-3-115 will be held within
- 611 <u>15 days of arrest.</u>

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612 42-3-115. 613 (a) If an options system probationer violates the conditions of probation, DCS may impose 614 administrative sanctions as an alternative to judicial modification or revocation of 615 probation. (b) Upon issuance of a petition outlining the alleged probation violations, the chief 616 617 community supervision officer, or his or her designee, may conduct a hearing to determine 618 whether an options system probationer has violated a condition of probation. If the chief 619 community supervision officer determines that the probationer has violated a condition of 620 probation, the chief community supervision officer shall be authorized to impose sanctions 621 consistent with paragraphs (4) through (7) of subsection (c) of Code Section 42-3-113. The 622 failure of an options system probationer to comply with a sanction imposed by the chief 623 community supervision officer shall constitute a violation of probation. 624 (c)(1) Upon issuance of a petition outlining the alleged probation violations, the hearing 625 officer may initiate an administrative proceeding to determine whether an options system 626 probationer has violated a condition of probation. If the hearing officer determines by 627 a preponderance of the evidence that the probationer has violated a condition of 628 probation, the hearing officer may impose sanctions consistent with Code Section 629 <u>42-3-113.</u> 630 (2) The administrative proceeding provided for under this subsection shall be commenced within 15 days but not less than 48 hours after notice of the administrative 631 632 proceeding has been served on the probationer. The administrative proceeding may be 633 conducted electronically. 634 (d) The failure of a probationer to comply with the sanction or sanctions imposed by the 635 chief community supervision officer or hearing officer shall constitute a violation of 636 probation. 637 (e) An options system probationer may at any time waive a hearing and voluntarily accept 638 the sanctions proposed by DCS. 639 <u>42-3-116.</u> 640 (a) The hearing officer's decision shall be final unless the options system probationer files

641 <u>a request for review with the senior hearing officer. A request for review must be filed</u>

642 within 15 days of the issuance of DCS's decision. Such request shall not stay DCS's

643 <u>decision</u>. The senior hearing officer shall issue a response within seven days of receipt of

- 644 <u>the review request.</u>
- 645 (b) The senior hearing officer's decision shall be final unless the options system 646 probationer files an appeal in the sentencing court. Such appeal shall name the

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647	commissioner as defendant and shall be filed within 30 days of the issuance of the decision
648	by the senior hearing officer.
649	(c) This appeal shall first be reviewed by the judge upon the record. At the judge's
650	discretion, a de novo hearing may be held on the decision. The filing of the appeal shall
651	not stay DCS's decision.
652	(d) Where the sentencing judge does not act on the appeal within 30 days of the date of the
653	filing of the appeal, DCS's decision shall be affirmed by operation of law.
654	<u>42-3-117.</u>
655	Nothing contained in this article shall be construed as repealing any power given to any
656	court of this state to place offenders on probation or to provide conditions of supervision
657	for offenders.
658	<u>42-3-118.</u>
659	This article shall only apply in judicial circuits where DCS has allocated certified hearing
660	officers.
661	<u>42-3-119.</u>
662	This article shall be liberally construed so that its purposes may be achieved."
663	PART II
664	ADVISORY COUNCIL FOR PROBATION
665	SECTION 2-1.
666	Said title is further amended by repealing in its entirety Article 1 of Chapter 8, relating to the
667	Advisory Council for Probation, and designating said article as reserved.
668	PART III
669	COUNTY AND MUNICIPAL
670	PROBATION ADVISORY COUNCIL
671	SECTION 3-1.
672	(a) The General Assembly finds that:
673	(1) The authorization for county and municipal probation offices and private probation
674	services was enacted to provide cost savings to the state by using state probation services
675	for felony offenders and utilizing county and municipal probation offices and private

probation entities which contract with courts for the supervision of misdemeanor and 676 county and city ordinance offenders; 677 (2) In enacting such legislation, the General Assembly intended to authorize judges to 678 use county and municipal probation offices and private probation services providers to 679 supervise misdemeanor and county and city ordinance offenders in the same manner as 680 681 the judges of the superior courts use state probation services as a means of supervising 682 felony offenders; (3) The General Assembly did not intend to restrict the powers of judges to impose, 683 684 suspend, toll, revoke, or otherwise manage the probation of misdemeanor and county and city ordinance offenders sentenced in such courts when utilizing county and municipal 685 probation offices and private probation services providers; and 686 (4) The General Assembly intended that county and municipal probation officers and 687 private probation officers, when acting in performance of their official duties in 688 supervising probationers in accordance with law and the orders of a court, would have 689 the same rights, authority, and protections as state probation supervisors. 690 (b) It is the intention of the General Assembly to improve the use and provision of probation 691 692 services by courts for misdemeanor and ordinance violations by enacting this part. 693 **SECTION 3-2.** Title 42 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to penal institutions, is amended 694 695 by revising Article 6 of Chapter 8, relating to agreements for probation services, as follows: "ARTICLE 6 696 697 42-8-100. 698 (a) As used in this article, the term: 699 (1) 'Board' means the Board of Community Supervision. 'Council' means the County and Municipal Probation Advisory Council created under Code Section 42-8-101. 700 701 (2) 'Private probation officer' means a probation officer an individual employed by a 702 private corporation, private enterprise, private agency, or other private entity that provides probation services to supervise defendants placed on probation by a court for 703 704 committing an ordinance violation or misdemeanor. 705 (3) 'Probation officer' means a person an individual employed by a governing authority of a county, municipality, or consolidated government to supervise defendants placed on 706 707 probation by a county or municipal court for committing an ordinance violation or 708 misdemeanor.

(b) Any county or municipal court which has original jurisdiction of ordinance violations
 or misdemeanors and in which the defendant in such a case has been found guilty upon
 verdict or any plea may, at a time to be determined by the court, hear and determine the

712 question of the probation of such defendant.

713 (c) If it appears to the court upon a hearing of the matter that the defendant is not likely to 714 engage in an unlawful course of conduct and that the ends of justice and the welfare of society do not require that the defendant shall presently suffer the penalty imposed by law, 715 716 the court in its discretion shall impose sentence upon the defendant but may stay and suspend the execution of the sentence or any portion thereof or may place him or her on 717 718 probation under the supervision and control of a probation officer for the duration of such 719 probation, subject to the provisions of this Code section. The period of probation or 720 suspension shall not exceed the maximum sentence of confinement which could be 721 imposed on the defendant.

(d) The court may, in its discretion, require the payment of a fine or costs, or both, as a
 condition precedent to probation.

724 (e) The sentencing judge shall not lose jurisdiction over any person placed on probation

during the term of his or her probated sentence. The judge is empowered to revoke any or
 all of the probated sentence, rescind any or all of the sentence, or, in any manner deemed
 advisable by the judge, modify or change the probated sentence at any time during the
 period of time originally prescribed for the probated sentence to run.

(f) If a defendant is placed on probation pursuant to this Code section by a county or
 municipal court other than one for the county or municipality in which he or she resides for
 committing any ordinance violation or misdemeanor, such defendant may, when
 specifically ordered by the court, have his or her probation supervision transferred to the

733 county or municipality in which he or she resides.

734 <u>42-8-101.</u>

735 $(\underline{g})(\underline{a})(1)$ The chief judge of any court within the <u>a</u> county, with the approval of the governing authority of that such county, is shall be authorized to enter into written 736 737 contracts with corporations, enterprises, or agencies to provide probation supervision, counseling, collection services for all moneys to be paid by a defendant according to the 738 739 terms of the sentence imposed on the defendant as well as any moneys which by 740 operation of law are to be paid by the defendant in consequence of the conviction, and other probation services for persons convicted in that such court and placed on probation 741 in the such county. In no case shall a private probation corporation or enterprise be 742 743 charged with the responsibility for supervising a felony sentence. The final contract 744 negotiated by the chief judge with the private probation entity shall be attached to the 745 approval by the governing authority of the county to privatize probation services as an exhibit thereto. The termination of a contract for probation services as provided for in 746 747 this subsection entered into on or after July 1, 2001, shall be initiated by the chief judge of the court which entered into the contract, and subject to approval by the governing 748 authority of the county which entered into the contract and in accordance with the agreed 749 750 upon, written provisions of such contract. The termination of a contract for probation 751 services as provided for in this subsection in existence on July 1, 2001, and which contains no provisions relating to termination of such contract shall be initiated by the 752 chief judge of the court which entered into the contract, and subject to approval by the 753 754 governing authority of the county which entered into the contract and in accordance with 755 the agreed upon, written provisions of such contract.

(2) The chief judge of any court within the <u>a</u> county, with the approval of the governing
authority of that <u>such</u> county, is authorized to establish a county probation system to
provide probation supervision, counseling, collection services for all moneys to be paid
by a defendant according to the terms of the sentence imposed on the defendant as well
as any moneys which by operation of law are to be paid by the defendant in consequence
of the conviction, and other probation services for persons convicted in that <u>such</u> court
and placed on probation in the <u>such</u> county.

763 (h)(b)(1) The judge of the municipal court of any municipality or consolidated government of a municipality and county of this state, with the approval of the governing 764 765 authority of that such municipality or consolidated government, is authorized to enter into 766 written contracts with private corporations, enterprises, or agencies to provide probation 767 supervision, counseling, collection services for all moneys to be paid by a defendant according to the terms of the sentence imposed and on the defendant as well as any 768 769 moneys which by operation of law are to be paid by the defendant in consequence of the 770 conviction, and other probation services for persons convicted in such court and placed 771 on probation. The final contract negotiated by the judge with the private probation entity shall be attached to the approval by the governing authority of the municipality or 772 773 consolidated government to privatize probation services as an exhibit thereto. The 774 termination of a contract for probation services as provided for in this subsection shall be initiated by the chief judge of the court which entered into the contract and shall be 775 subject to approval by the governing authority of the municipality or consolidated 776 777 government which entered into the contract and in accordance with the agreed upon, 778 written provisions of such contract.

(2) The judge of the municipal court of any municipality or consolidated government of
 a municipality and county of this state, with the approval of the governing authority of
 that such municipality or consolidated government, is authorized to establish a probation

system to provide probation supervision, counseling, collection services for all moneys
to be paid by a defendant according to the terms of the sentence imposed and on the
<u>defendant as well as</u> any moneys which by operation of law are to be paid by the
defendant in consequence of the conviction, and other probation services for persons
convicted in such court and placed on probation.

787 <u>42-8-102.</u>

788 (a) Any court which has original jurisdiction of ordinance violations or misdemeanors and

in which the defendant in such a case has been found guilty upon verdict or has pled guilty

790 <u>or nolo contendere may, at a time to be determined by the court, hear and determine the</u>

791 <u>question of the probation of such defendant.</u>

792 (b) If it appears to the court upon a hearing of the matter that the defendant is not likely

to engage in an unlawful course of conduct and that the ends of justice and the welfare of

society do not require that the defendant shall presently suffer the penalty imposed by law,

795 the court in its discretion may place the defendant on probation under the supervision and

796 control of a probation officer or private probation officer for all or a portion of the sentence

797 <u>or may impose a sentence upon the defendant but stay and suspend the execution of such</u>

798sentence or any portion thereof. The period of probation or suspension shall not exceed the

799 <u>maximum sentence of confinement which could be imposed on the defendant; provided,</u>

800 however, that nothing in this chapter shall be construed to limit the ability of a court to toll
801 a sentence as provided in this article.

802 (c) The court may, in its discretion, require the payment of a fine, fees, or restitution as a
 803 condition of probation. The provisions of Chapter 14 of Title 17 shall control in
 804 determining the amount of restitution. When probation supervision is required, the court
 805 may require the payment of a probation supervision fee as a condition of probation. In

indy require the payment of a probation supervision fee as a condition of probation. In

806 determining the financial obligations, other than restitution, to impose on the defendant,
 807 the court may consider:

808 (1) The defendant's financial resources and other assets, including whether any such asset 809 is jointly controlled;

810 (2) The defendant's earnings and other income;

811 (3) The defendant's financial obligations, including obligations to dependents;

812 (4) The period of time during which the probation order will be in effect;

813 (5) The goal of the punishment being imposed; and

814 (6) Any other factor the court deems appropriate.

815 (d) The court may convert fines, statutory surcharges, and probation supervision fees to

816 community service on the same basis as it allows a defendant to pay a fine through

817 <u>community service as set forth in subsection (d) of Code Section 17-10-1.</u>

818	(e)(1) As used in this subsection, the term:
819	(A) 'Developmental disability' shall have the same meaning as set forth in Code
820	<u>Section 37-1-1.</u>
821	(B) 'Indigent' means an individual who earns less than 100 percent of the federal
822	poverty guidelines unless there is evidence that the individual has other resources that
823	might reasonably be used without undue hardship for such individual or his or her
824	dependents.
825	(C) 'Significant financial hardship' means a reasonable probability that an individual
826	will be unable to satisfy his or her financial obligations for two or more consecutive
827	months.
828	(D) 'Totally and permanently disabled' shall have the same meaning as set forth in
829	<u>Code Section 49-4-80.</u>
830	(2) The court shall waive, modify, or convert fines, statutory surcharges, probation
831	supervision fees, and any other moneys assessed by the court or a provider of probation
832	services upon a determination by the court prior to or subsequent to sentencing that a
833	defendant has a significant financial hardship or inability to pay or that there are any
834	other extenuating factors which prohibit payment or collection; provided, however, that
835	the imposition of sanctions for failure to pay such sums shall be within the discretion of
836	the court through judicial process or hearings.
837	(3) Unless rebutted by a preponderance of the evidence that a defendant will be able to
838	satisfy his or her financial obligations without undue hardship to the defendant or his or
839	her dependents, a defendant shall be presumed to have a significant financial hardship if
840	he or she:
841	(A) Has a developmental disability;
842	(B) Is totally and permanently disabled:
843	(C) Is indigent; or
844	(D) Has been released from confinement within the preceding 12 months and was
845	incarcerated for more than 30 days before his or her release.
846	(f)(1) The sentencing judge shall not lose jurisdiction over any person placed on
847	probation during the term of his or her probated sentence. As further set forth in this
848	subsection, the judge may revoke any or all of the probated sentence, rescind any or all
849	of the sentence, or, in any manner deemed advisable by the judge, modify or change the
850	probated sentence, including tolling the sentence as provided in this article, at any time
851	during the period of time originally prescribed for the probated sentence to run.
852	(2) Absent a waiver, the court shall not revoke a probationary sentence for failure to pay
853	fines, statutory surcharges, or probation supervision fees without holding a hearing,
854	inquiring into the reasons for the probationer's failure to pay, and, if a probationary

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- 855 sentence is revoked, making an express written determination that the probationer has not made sufficient bona fide efforts to pay and the probationer's failure to pay was willful 856 857 or that adequate alternative types of punishment do not exist. Should the probationer fail 858 to appear at such hearing, the court may, in its discretion, revoke the probated sentence. 859 (3) A person otherwise found eligible to have his or her probation modified or terminated 860 pursuant to paragraph (1) of this subsection shall not be deemed ineligible for 861 modification or termination of probation solely due to his or her failure to pay fines, 862 statutory surcharges, or probation supervision fees.
- (4) At any revocation hearing, upon proof that the probationer has violated probation:
 (A) For failure to report to probation or failure to pay fines, statutory surcharges, or
 probation supervision fees, the court shall consider the use of alternatives to
 confinement, including community service, modification of the terms of probation, or
 any other alternative deemed appropriate by the court. The court shall consider whether
 a failure to pay court imposed financial obligations was willful. In the event an
 alternative is not warranted, the court shall revoke the balance of probation or a period
- 870 not to exceed 120 days in confinement, whichever is less; and
- (B) For failure to comply with any other general provision of probation or suspension,
 the court shall consider the use of alternatives to confinement, including community
 service or any other alternative deemed appropriate by the court. In the event an
 alternative is not warranted, the court shall revoke the balance of probation or a period
 not to exceed two years in confinement, whichever is less.
- 876 (g) If a defendant is placed on probation pursuant to this Code section by a court other than
 877 one for the county or municipality in which he or she resides for committing any ordinance
 878 violation or misdemeanor, such defendant may, when specifically ordered by the court,
- 879 <u>have his or her probation supervision transferred to the county or municipality in which he</u>
- 880 <u>or she resides.</u>
- 881 <u>42-8-103.</u>
- (a) As used in this Code section, the term 'pay-only probation' means a defendant has been
 placed under probation supervision solely because such defendant is unable to pay the court
 imposed fines and statutory surcharges when such defendant's sentence is imposed. Such
 term shall not include circumstances when restitution has been imposed or other probation
 services are deemed appropriate by the court.
 (b) When pay-only probation is imposed, the probation supervision fees shall be capped
 so as not to exceed three months of ordinary probation supervision fees notwithstanding
- the number of cases for which a fine and statutory surcharge were imposed or that the
 defendant was sentenced to serve consecutive sentences; provided, however, that collection
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891 of any probation supervision fee shall terminate as soon as all court imposed fines and 892 statutory surcharges are paid in full. 893 (c) On petition by a probation officer or private probation officer and with the probationer 894 having an opportunity for a hearing, the court may reinstate probation supervision fees to 895 allow for monitoring of a probationer and may: 896 (1) Convert a sentence to community service; or 897 (2) Require other probation services for the probationer. 898 <u>42-8-104.</u> 899 (a) A court which utilizes the services of a probation officer or private probation officer shall determine the terms and conditions of probation under this article and may provide 900 901 such terms and conditions of probation as the court deems appropriate, including, but not 902 limited to, providing that the probationer shall: 903 (1) Avoid injurious and vicious habits; 904 (2) Avoid persons or places of disreputable or harmful character; 905 (3) Report to the probation officer or private probation officer, as the case may be, as 906 directed; 907 (4) Permit the probation officer or private probation officer, as the case may be, to visit 908 the probationer at the probationer's home or elsewhere; 909 (5) Work faithfully at suitable employment insofar as may be possible; 910 (6) Remain within a specified location; provided, however, that the court shall not banish 911 a probationer to any area within this state: 912 (A) That does not consist of at least one entire judicial circuit as described by Code 913 Section 15-6-1; or (B) In which any service or program in which the probationer must participate as a 914 915 condition of probation is not available; 916 (7) Make reparation or restitution to any aggrieved person for the damage or loss caused 917 by the probationer's offense, in an amount to be determined by the court in accordance 918 with the provisions of Article 1 of Chapter 14 of Title 17. Unless otherwise provided by 919 law, no reparation or restitution to any aggrieved person for the damage or loss caused 920 by the probationer's offense shall be made if the amount is in dispute unless the same has 921 been determined as provided in Article 1 of Chapter 14 of Title 17; 922 (8) Make reparation or restitution as reimbursement to a municipality or county for the payment for medical care furnished to the person while incarcerated pursuant to the 923 provisions of Article 3 of Chapter 4 of this title. No reparation or restitution to a local 924 925 governmental unit for the provision of medical care shall be made if the amount is in

926 dispute unless the same has been determined as provided in Article 1 of Chapter 14 of 927 Title 17; 928 (9) Repay the costs incurred by any municipality or county for wrongful actions by an 929 inmate covered under the provisions of paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of Code 930 Section 42-4-71; 931 (10) Support the probationer's legal dependents to the best of the probationer's ability; 932 (11) Violate no local, state, or federal laws and be of general good behavior; (12) If permitted to move or travel to another state, agree to waive extradition from any 933 934 jurisdiction where the probationer may be found and not contest any effort by any 935 jurisdiction to return the probationer to this state; (13) Submit to evaluations and testing relating to rehabilitation and participate in and 936 937 successfully complete rehabilitative programming as directed by the court, including 938 periodic screening for drugs and alcohol as ordered by the court and mental health 939 evaluations as ordered by the court. The court may assess and the probation officer or 940 private probation officer, as the case may be, shall be authorized to collect the costs or 941 a portion of the costs, as determined by the court, of such evaluations, testing, rehabilitation programs, and screenings from the probationer; 942 943 (14) Wear a device capable of tracking the location of the probationer by means 944 including electronic surveillance or global positioning satellite systems. The court may 945 assess and the probation officer or private probation officer, as the case may be, shall 946 collect fees from the probationer for such monitoring at a rate not to exceed the rate set 947 forth in the contract between the probation office and the provider of services; 948 (15) Wear a device capable of detecting drug or alcohol use by the probationer. The 949 court may assess and the probation officer or private probation officer, as the case may 950 be, shall collect fees from the probationer for such monitoring at a rate not to exceed the 951 amount charged for such monitoring by the Department of Community Supervision; and (16) Complete a residential or nonresidential program for substance abuse or mental 952 health treatment as indicated by a risk and needs assessment for which the court may 953 954 assess, and the probation officer or private probation officer, as the case may be, shall be 955 authorized to collect the costs of or a portion of the costs, as determined by the court, of 956 such program from the probationer. 957 (b) Nothing in this Code section shall be construed as prohibiting a court in appropriate 958 circumstances from imposing additional special conditions of probation unless otherwise 959 prohibited by law.

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960	<u>42-8-105.</u>
961	(a) It shall be the duty of a probationer, as a condition of probation, to keep his or her
962	probation officer or private probation officer, as the case may be, informed as to his or her
963	contact information, including residence and mailing address, telephone number, and
964	e-mail address. The court may also require, as a condition of probation and under such
965	terms as the court deems advisable, that the probationer keep his or her probation officer
966	or private probation officer, as the case may be, informed as to his or her whereabouts.
967	(b)(1) The running of a probated sentence may be tolled upon the failure of a probationer
968	to appear in court for a probation revocation hearing or to report as directed to his or her
969	probation officer or private probation officer, as the case may be; either of such failures
970	shall be evidenced by an affidavit from the probation officer or private probation officer,
971	as the case may be, setting forth such failure and stating efforts made by such officer to
972	contact the probationer. When the allegation is for failure to report, such affidavit shall
973	include, at a minimum, an averment by the probation officer or private probation officer
974	that:
975	(A) The probationer has failed to report to his or her probation officer or private
976	probation officer, as the case may be, on at least two occasions;
977	(B) The officer has attempted to contact the probationer at least two times by telephone
978	or e-mail at the probationer's last known telephone number or e-mail address, which
979	information shall be listed in the affidavit;
980	(C) The officer has checked the local jail rosters and determined that the probationer
981	is not incarcerated;
982	(D) The officer has sent a letter by first-class mail to the probationer's last known
983	address, which shall be listed in the affidavit, advising the probationer that the officer
984	will seek a tolling order if the probationer does not report to such officer, either by
985	telephone or in person, within ten days of the date on which the letter was mailed; and
986	(E) The probationer has failed to report to the probation officer or private probation
987	
988	officer, as the case may be, as directed in the letter set forth in subparagraph (D) of this
	officer, as the case may be, as directed in the letter set forth in subparagraph (D) of this paragraph and ten days have passed since the date on which the letter was mailed.
989	
989 990	paragraph and ten days have passed since the date on which the letter was mailed.
	paragraph and ten days have passed since the date on which the letter was mailed. (2) In the event the probationer reports to his or her probation officer or private probation
990	paragraph and ten days have passed since the date on which the letter was mailed. (2) In the event the probationer reports to his or her probation officer or private probation officer, as the case may be, within the period prescribed in subparagraph (D) of paragraph
990 991	paragraph and ten days have passed since the date on which the letter was mailed. (2) In the event the probationer reports to his or her probation officer or private probation officer, as the case may be, within the period prescribed in subparagraph (D) of paragraph (1) of this subsection, the probationer shall be scheduled to appear on the next available
990 991 992	 paragraph and ten days have passed since the date on which the letter was mailed. (2) In the event the probationer reports to his or her probation officer or private probation officer, as the case may be, within the period prescribed in subparagraph (D) of paragraph (1) of this subsection, the probationer shall be scheduled to appear on the next available court calendar for a hearing to consider whether the probation sentence should be tolled.
990 991 992 993	paragraph and ten days have passed since the date on which the letter was mailed. (2) In the event the probationer reports to his or her probation officer or private probation officer, as the case may be, within the period prescribed in subparagraph (D) of paragraph (1) of this subsection, the probationer shall be scheduled to appear on the next available court calendar for a hearing to consider whether the probation sentence should be tolled. (c) Upon receipt of the affidavit required by subsection (b) of this Code section, the court

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997	officer or private probation officer, as the case may be, is taken into custody in this state,
998	or is otherwise available to the court, whichever event first occurs.
999	(e) Any tolled period of time shall not be included in computing creditable time served on
1000	probation or as any part of the time that the probationer was sentenced to serve.
1001	(f) Any unpaid fines, restitution, or other moneys owed as a condition of probation shall
1002	be due when the probationer is arrested; provided, however, that if the entire balance of his
1003	or her probation is revoked, all the conditions of probation, including moneys owed, shall
1004	be negated by his or her imprisonment. If only part of the balance of the probation is
1005	revoked, the court shall determine the probationer's responsibility for the amount of the
1006	unpaid fines, restitution, and other moneys owed that shall be imposed upon his or her
1007	return to probation after release from imprisonment and may reduce arrearages under the
1008	same circumstances and conditions as set forth in subsection (f) of Code Section 42-8-102.

1009 <u>42-8-101.</u> <u>42-8-106.</u>

1010 (a) There is created the County and Municipal Probation Advisory Council, to be an 1011 advisory council with respect to the provisions of this article composed of one superior 1012 court judge designated by The Council of Superior Court Judges of Georgia, one state court 1013 judge designated by The Council of State Court Judges of Georgia, one municipal court 1014 judge designated by the Council of Municipal Court Judges of Georgia, one sheriff 1015 appointed by the Governor, one probate court judge designated by The Council of Probate 1016 Court Judges of Georgia, one magistrate designated by the Council of Magistrate Court 1017 Judges, the commissioner of corrections or his or her designee one attorney who specializes 1018 in criminal defense appointed by the Governor, one public probation officer appointed by 1019 the Governor, and one private probation officer or individual with expertise in private 1020 probation services by virtue of his or her training or employment appointed by the 1021 Governor, one mayor or member of a municipal governing authority appointed by the 1022 Governor, and one county commissioner appointed by the Governor. The appointing authority shall determine the length of its appointee's term serving on such council. The 1023 advisory council shall elect a chairperson from among its membership and such other 1024 1025 officers as it deems necessary. Members of the council appointed by the Governor shall 1026 be appointed for terms of office of four years. With the exceptions of the public probation 1027 officer, the county commissioner, the sheriff, the mayor or member of a municipal 1028 governing authority, and the commissioner of corrections, each designee or representative 1029 shall be employed in their representative capacity in a judicial circuit operating under a 1030 contract with a private corporation, enterprise, or agency as provided under Code Section 1031 42-8-100. No person shall serve beyond the time he or she holds the office or employment 1032 by reason of which he or she was initially eligible for appointment. In the event of death,

resignation, disqualification, or removal for any reason of any member of the council, the
 vacancy shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointment and any successor
 shall serve for the unexpired term. Such council shall promulgate rules and regulations
 regarding contracts or agreements for the provision of probation services and the conduct
 of business by private entities providing probation services and county, municipal, or
 consolidated governments establishing probation systems as authorized by this article.

1039 (b) The business of the council shall be conducted in the following manner:

(1) The council shall annually elect a chairperson and a vice chairperson from among its
 membership. The offices of chairperson and vice chairperson shall be filled in such a
 manner that they are not held in succeeding years by representatives of the same
 component (law enforcement, courts, corrections) of the criminal justice system;

1044 (2) The council shall meet at such times and places as it shall determine necessary or
 1045 convenient to perform its duties. The council shall also meet on the call of the
 1046 chairperson or at the written request of three of its members;

1047 (3) The council shall maintain minutes of its meetings and such other records as it deems
 1048 necessary; and

- (4) The council shall adopt such rules for the transaction of its business as it shall desire
 and may appoint such committees as it considers necessary to carry out its business and
 duties.
- 1052 (c) Members of the council shall serve without compensation but shall receive the same 1053 expense allowance per day as that received by a member of the General Assembly for each 1054 day such member of the council is in attendance at a meeting of such council, plus either 1055 reimbursement for actual transportation costs while traveling by public carrier or the same 1056 mileage allowance for use of a personal motor vehicle in connection with such attendance 1057 as members of the General Assembly receive. Payment of such expense and travel 1058 allowance shall be subject to availability of funds and shall be in lieu of any per diem, 1059 allowance, or other remuneration now received by any such member for such attendance. 1060 (d) The council is assigned to the Administrative Office of the Courts for administrative 1061 purposes only in accordance with Code Section 50-4-3. The funds necessary to carry out 1062 the provisions of this article shall come from funds appropriated to the Administrative 1063 Office of the Courts or otherwise available to the council. The council is authorized to 1064 accept and use grants of funds for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this article. 1065 (e)(b) The council board shall have the following powers and duties; provided that, with 1066 respect to promulgating the rules, regulations, and standards set forth in this subsection, the 1067 board shall act only upon consultation with and approval by the advisory board:
- 1068 (1) To promulgate rules and regulations for the administration of the council, including
 1069 rules of procedure for its internal management and control;

1070 (2)(1) To review the uniform professional standards for private probation officers and
 1071 uniform contract standards for private probation contracts established in Code Section
 1072 42-8-102 42-8-107 and submit a report with its recommendations to the General
 1073 Assembly;

1074 (3)(2) To promulgate rules and regulations to implement those uniform professional 1075 standards for probation officers employed by a governing authority of a county, 1076 municipality, or consolidated government that has established probation services and 1077 uniform agreement standards for the establishment of probation services by a county, 1078 municipality, or consolidated government established in Code Section 42-8-102 1079 42-8-107;

1080 (4)(3) To promulgate rules and regulations establishing a 40 hour initial orientation for newly hired private probation officers and for 20 hours per annum of continuing 1081 1082 education for private probation officers, provided that the 40 hour initial orientation shall 1083 not be required of any person who has successfully completed a probation or parole officer basic course of training for supervision of probationers or parolees certified by the 1084 Georgia Peace Officer Standards and Training Council or any private probation officer 1085 1086 who has been employed by a private probation corporation, enterprise, or agency for at 1087 least six months as of July 1, 1996;

1088 (5)(4) To promulgate rules and regulations establishing a 40 hour initial orientation for probation officers employed by a county, municipality, or consolidated government that 1089 1090 has established probation services and for 20 hours per annum of continuing education 1091 for such probation officers, provided that the 40 hour initial orientation shall not be 1092 required of any person who has successfully completed a probation or parole officer basic 1093 course of training for supervision of probationers or parolees certified by the Georgia 1094 Peace Officer Standards and Training Council or any probation officer who has been 1095 employed by a county, municipality, or consolidated government as of March 1, 2006; 1096 (6)(5) To promulgate rules and regulations relative to compliance with the provisions of this article, and enforcement mechanisms that may include, but are not limited to, the 1097 1098 imposition of sanctions and fines and the voiding of contracts or agreements;

1099 (7)(6) To promulgate rules and regulations establishing registration for any private 1100 corporation, private enterprise, private agency, county, municipality, or consolidated 1101 government providing probation services under the provisions of this article, subject to 1102 the provisions of Code Section 42-8-107 42-8-109.3;

1103 (8)(7) To produce an annual summary report. Such report shall not contain information
 1104 identifying individual private corporations, nonprofit corporations, or enterprises or their
 1105 contracts; and

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1106 To promulgate rules and regulations requiring criminal record checks of (9)(8) individuals seeking to become private probation officers registered under this Code 1107 1108 section and establishing procedures for such criminal record checks. The Administrative 1109 Office of the Courts Department of Community Supervision on behalf of the council 1110 board shall conduct a criminal records check for individuals seeking to become probation 1111 officers as provided in Code Section 35-3-34. No applicant shall be registered who has 1112 previously been convicted of a felony. The council board shall promulgate rules and regulations regarding registration requirements, including relating to restrictions 1113 1114 regarding misdemeanor convictions. An agency or private entity shall also be authorized to conduct a criminal history background check of a person employed as a probation 1115 officer or an applicant for a probation officer position private probation officer or 1116 individuals seeking such positions. The criminal history check may be conducted in 1117 accordance with Code Section 35-3-34 and may be based upon the submission of 1118 1119 fingerprints of the person individual whose records are requested. The Georgia Bureau of Investigation shall submit the fingerprints to the Federal Bureau of Investigation under 1120 the rules established by the United States Department of Justice for processing and 1121 1122 identification of records. The federal record, if any, shall be obtained and returned to the 1123 requesting entity or agency;

(9) To create committees from among the membership of the board as well as appoint
 other persons to serve in an advisory capacity to the board in implementing this article;
 and

(10) To promulgate rules and regulations requiring probation officers and private
 probation officers to be registered with the board, pay a fee for such registration, and

1129 provide for the imposition of sanctions and fines on such officers for misconduct.

1130 42-8-102. <u>42-8-107.</u>

1131 (a) The uniform professional standards contained in this subsection shall be met by any person employed as and using the title of a private probation officer or probation officer. 1132 1133 Any such person shall be at least 21 years of age at the time of appointment to the position 1134 of private probation officer or probation officer and must shall have completed a standard two-year college course or have four years of law enforcement experience; provided, 1135 however, that any person employed as a private probation officer as of July 1, 1996, and 1136 1137 who had at least six months of experience as a private probation officer or any person employed as a probation officer by a county, municipality, or consolidated government as 1138 1139 of March 1, 2006, shall be exempt from such college requirements. Every private 1140 probation officer shall receive an initial 40 hours of orientation upon employment and shall 1141 receive 20 hours of continuing education per annum as approved by the council board,

- 1142 provided that the 40 hour initial orientation shall not be required of any person who has 1143 successfully completed a probation or parole officer basic course of training for supervision 1144 of probationers or parolees certified by the Peace Officer Standards and Training Council 1145 or any private probation officer who has been employed by a private probation corporation, enterprise, or agency for at least six months as of July 1, 1996, or any person employed as 1146 1147 a probation officer by a county, municipality, or consolidated government as of March 1, 1148 2006. In no event shall any person convicted of a felony be employed as a probation 1149 officer or utilize the title of private probation officer.
- (b) The uniform contract standards contained in this subsection shall apply to all private probation contracts executed under the authority of Code Section 42-8-100 42-8-101. The terms of any such contract shall state, at a minimum:
- (1) The extent of the services to be rendered by the private corporation or enterpriseproviding probation supervision;
- (2) Any requirements for staff qualifications, to include including those contained in this
 Code section as well as any surpassing those contained in this Code section;
- (3) Requirements for criminal record checks of staff in accordance with the rules and
 regulations established by the council board;
- (4) Policies and procedures for the training of staff that comply with rules andregulations promulgated by the council board;
- 1161 (5) Bonding of staff and liability insurance coverage;
- (6) Staffing levels and standards for offender supervision, including frequency and typeof contacts with offenders;
- 1164 (7) Procedures for handling the collection of all court ordered fines, fees, and restitution;
- (8) Procedures for handling indigent offenders to ensure placement of such indigentoffenders irrespective of the ability to pay;
- 1167 (9) Circumstances under which revocation of an offender's probation may be 1168 recommended;
- 1169 (10) Reporting and record-keeping requirements; and
- 1170 (11) Default and contract termination procedures.
- 1171 (c) The uniform contract standards contained in this subsection shall apply to all counties,
- 1172 municipalities, and consolidated governments that enter into agreements with a judge to
- 1173 provide probation services under the authority of Code Section 42-8-100 42-8-101. The
- 1174 terms of any such agreement shall state at a minimum:
- (1) The extent of the services to be rendered by the local governing authority providingprobation services;
- (2) Any requirements for staff qualifications, to include including those contained in this
 Code section;

- (3) Requirements for criminal record checks of staff in compliance with the rules and regulations established by the council board;
 (4) Policies and procedures for the training of staff that comply with the rules and
- regulations established by the council <u>board</u>;
- (5) Staffing levels and standards for offender supervision, including frequency and typeof contacts with offenders;
- 1185 (6) Procedures for handling the collection of all court ordered fines, fees, and restitution;
- (7) Circumstances under which revocation of an offender's probation may berecommended;
- 1188 (8) Reporting and record-keeping requirements; and
- 1189 (9) Default and agreement termination procedures.

1190 (d) The council board shall review the uniform professional standards and uniform 1191 contract and agreement standards contained in subsections (a), (b), and (c) of this Code 1192 section and shall submit a report on its findings to the General Assembly. The council 1193 board shall submit its initial report on or before January 1, 2007 2017, and shall continue such reviews every two years thereafter. Nothing contained in such report shall be 1194 1195 considered to authorize or require a change in the such standards without action by the 1196 General Assembly having the force and effect of law. Such This report shall provide 1197 information which will allow the General Assembly to review the effectiveness of the 1198 minimum professional standards and, if necessary, to revise these such standards. This 1199 subsection shall not be interpreted to prevent the council board from making 1200 recommendations to the General Assembly prior to its required review and report.

1201 <u>42-8-103.</u> <u>42-8-108.</u>

1202 (a) Any private corporation, private enterprise, or private agency contracting to provide 1203 probation services or any county, municipality or consolidated government entering into 1204 an agreement under the provisions of this article shall provide to the judge with whom the contract or agreement was made and the council board a quarterly report summarizing the 1205 1206 number of offenders under supervision; the amount of fines, statutory surcharges, and 1207 restitution collected; the amount of fees collected and the nature of such fees, including probation supervision fees, rehabilitation programming fees, electronic monitoring fees, 1208 1209 drug or alcohol detection device fees, substance abuse or mental health evaluation or 1210 treatment fees, and drug testing fees; the number of community service hours performed by probationers under supervision; a listing of any other service for which a probationer 1211 was required to pay to attend; the number of offenders for whom supervision or 1212 1213 rehabilitation has been terminated and the reason for the termination; and the number of 1214 warrants issued during the quarter, in such detail as the council board may require.

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Information reported pursuant to this subsection shall be annually submitted to the governing authority that entered into such contract and thereafter be subject to disclosure pursuant to Article 4 of Chapter 18 of Title 50. Local governments are encouraged to post electronic copies of the annual report on the local government's website, if such website exists.

(b) All records of any private corporation, private enterprise, or private agency contracting 1220 1221 to provide services or of any county, municipality, or consolidated government entering 1222 into an agreement under the provisions of this article shall be open to inspection upon the 1223 request of the affected county, municipality, consolidated government, court, the 1224 Department of Audits and Accounts, an auditor appointed by the affected county, 1225 municipality, or consolidated government, Department of Corrections, Department of 1226 Community Supervision, State Board of Pardons and Paroles, or the council or its designee 1227 board.

1228 42-8-104. <u>42-8-109.</u>

(a) No private corporation, private enterprise, or private agency contracting to provide
probation services under the provisions of this article nor any employees of such entities
shall engage in any other employment, business, or activity which interferes or conflicts
with the duties and responsibilities under contracts authorized in this article.

(b) No private corporation, private enterprise, or private agency contracting to provide
probation services under the provisions of this article nor its employees shall have personal
or business dealings, including the lending of money, with probationers under their
supervision.

(c)(1) No private corporation, private enterprise, or private agency contracting to provide
probation services under the provisions of this article nor any employees of such entities,
shall own, operate, have any financial interest in, be an instructor at, or be employed by
any private entity which provides drug or alcohol education services or offers a DUI
Alcohol or Drug Use Risk Reduction Program certified by the Department of Driver
Services.

(2) No private corporation, private enterprise, or private agency contracting to provide
probation services under the provisions of this article nor any employees of such entities
shall specify, directly or indirectly, a particular DUI Alcohol or Drug Use Risk Reduction
Program which a probationer may or shall attend. This paragraph shall not prohibit
furnishing any probationer, upon request, with the names of certified DUI Alcohol or
Drug Use Risk Reduction Programs. Any person violating this paragraph shall be guilty
of a misdemeanor.
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1250 42-8-105. <u>42-8-109.1.</u>

(a) No county, municipality, or consolidated government probation officer or other
probation office employee shall engage in any other employment, business, or activity
which interferes or conflicts with the officer's or employee's duties and responsibilities
under agreements authorized in this article.

(b) No county, municipality, or consolidated government probation officer or other
probation office employee shall have personal or business dealings, including the lending
of money, with probationers under the supervision of such probation office.

(c)(1) No county, municipality, or consolidated government probation officer or other
probation office employee shall own, operate, have any financial interest in, be an
instructor at, or be employed by any private entity which provides drug or alcohol
education services or offers a DUI Alcohol or Drug Use Risk Reduction Program
certified by the Department of Driver Services.

(2) No county, municipality, or consolidated government that provides probation
services through agreement under the provisions of this article nor any employees of such
shall specify, directly or indirectly, a particular DUI Alcohol or Drug Use Risk Reduction
Program which a probationer may or shall attend. This paragraph shall not prohibit
furnishing any probationer, upon request, with the names of certified DUI Alcohol or
Drug Use Risk Reduction Programs. Any person violating this paragraph shall be guilty
of a misdemeanor.

1270 42-8-106. <u>42-8-109.2.</u>

1271 (a) Except as provided in subsection (a) of Code Section 42-8-108 and subsection (b) of

1272 this Code section, all All reports, files, records, and papers of whatever kind relative to the 1273 supervision of probationers by a private corporation, private enterprise, or private agency 1274 contracting under the provisions of this article or by a county, municipality, or consolidated 1275 government providing probation services under this article are declared to be confidential 1276 and shall be available only to the affected county, municipality, or consolidated 1277 government, or an auditor appointed by such county, municipality, or consolidated 1278 government, the judge handling a particular case, the Department of Audits and Accounts, 1279 Department of Corrections, Department of Community Supervision, State Board of

1280 <u>Pardons and Paroles</u>, or the council or its designee board.

- 1281 (b)(1) Any probationer under supervision under this article shall:
- 1282 (A) Be provided with a written receipt and a balance statement each time he or she
 1283 makes a payment;
- 1284 (B) Be permitted, upon written request, to have a copy of correspondence, payment
- 1285 records, and reporting history from his or her probation file, one time, and thereafter,

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1286 he or she shall be required to pay a fee as set by the board; provided, however, that the board shall promulgate rules and regulations clarifying what confidential information 1287 1288 may be withheld from such disclosure; and 1289 (C) Be permitted, upon written request to the board, to have a copy of the supervision 1290 case notes from his or her probation file when the commissioner of community 1291 supervision authorizes the release of such information in a written order; provided, 1292 however, that the board shall promulgate rules and regulations clarifying what 1293 confidential information may be withheld from such disclosure. 1294 (2) When a probationer claims that information is being improperly withheld from his 1295 or her file, the probationer may file a motion with the sentencing court seeking an in camera inspection of such file. The probationer shall serve such motion on the 1296 1297 prosecuting attorney and probation officer or private probation officer as appropriate. 1298 (3) The following shall be subject to disclosure pursuant to Article 4 of Chapter 18 of 1299 Title 50: 1300 (A) The board's rules and regulations regarding contracts or agreements for the 1301 provision of probation services; 1302 (B) The board's rules and regulations regarding the conduct of business by private 1303 entities providing probation services as authorized by this article; 1304 (C) The board's rules and regulations regarding county, municipal, or consolidated 1305 governments establishing probation systems as authorized by this article; and 1306 (D) The rules, regulations, operating procedures, and guidelines of any private 1307 corporation, private enterprise, or private agency providing probation services under the 1308 provisions of this article. 1309 (b)(c) In the event of a transfer of the supervision of a probationer from a private 1310 corporation, private enterprise, or private agency or county, municipality, or consolidated 1311 government providing probation services under this article to the Department of 1312 Corrections Community Supervision, the Department of Corrections Community 1313 Supervision shall have access to any relevant reports, files, records, and papers of the 1314 transferring entity. All reports, files, records, and papers of whatever kind relative to the 1315 supervision of probationers by private corporations, private enterprises, or private agencies 1316 under contracts authorized by this article or by a county, municipality, or consolidated 1317 government providing probation services under this article shall not be subject to process 1318 of subpoena.

1319 42-8-107. <u>42-8-109.3.</u>

(a)(1) All private corporations, private enterprises, and private agencies contracting or
 offering to contract for probation services shall register with the council board before

1322 entering into any contract to provide services. Any private corporation, private enterprise, or private agency registered with the County and Municipal Probation 1323 1324 Advisory Council on or before June 30, 2015, shall be deemed registered with the board; 1325 provided, however, that the board shall be authorized to review such contract and shall be responsible for subsequent renewals or changes to such contract. The information 1326 1327 included in such registration shall include the name of the corporation, enterprise, or 1328 agency, its principal business address and telephone number, the name of its agent for communication, and other information in such detail as the council board may require. 1329 1330 No registration fee shall be required.

(2) Any private corporation, private enterprise, or private agency required to register
under the provisions of paragraph (1) of this subsection which fails or refuses to do so
shall be subject to revocation of any existing contracts, in addition to any other fines or
sanctions imposed by the council board.

(b)(1) All counties, municipalities, and consolidated governments agreeing or offering 1335 1336 to agree to establish a probation system shall register with the council board before entering into an agreement with the court to provide services. Any county, municipality, 1337 or consolidated government that has a probation system registered with the County and 1338 1339 Municipal Probation Advisory Council on or before June 30, 2015, shall be deemed 1340 registered with the board; provided, however, that the board shall be authorized to review such systems and shall be responsible for subsequent renewals or changes to such 1341 1342 systems. The information included in such registration shall include the name of the 1343 county, municipality, or consolidated government, the principal business address and 1344 telephone number, a contact name for communication with the council board, and other 1345 information in such detail as the council board may require. No registration fee shall be 1346 required.

(2) Any county, municipality, or consolidated government required to register under the
provisions of paragraph (1) of this subsection which fails or refuses to do so shall be
subject to revocation of existing agreements, in addition to any other sanctions imposed
by the council board.

1351 42-8-108. <u>42-8-109.4.</u>

(a) The probation providers standards contained in this Code section shall be met by
private corporations, private enterprises, or private agencies who that enter into written
contracts for probation services under the authority of Code Section 42-8-100 on or after
July 1, 2006 42-8-101. Any private corporation, private enterprise, or private agency
which fails to meet the standards established in this subsection on or after July 1, 2006,
shall not be eligible to provide probation services in this state. All private corporations,

- private enterprises, or private agencies who that enter into written contracts for probation
 services under the authority of Code Section 42-8-100 on or after July 1, 2006, 42-8-101
 shall:
- 1361 (1) Register with the board;
- (1)(2) Meet all requirements as outlined in subsection (b) of Code Section 42-8-102
 42-8-107, relating to uniform contract standards;
- 1364 (2)(3) Not own or control any finance business or lending institution which makes loans
 1365 to probationers under its supervision for the payment of probation fees or fines; and
- 1366(3)(4) Employ at least one person who is responsible for the direct supervision of private1367probation officers employed by the corporation, enterprise, or agency and who shall have
- 1368 at least five years' experience in corrections, parole, or probation services.

(b) The standards contained in this subsection shall be met by all counties, municipalities, 1369 or consolidated governments entering into written agreements to provide probation services 1370 1371 to any court under the authority of Code Section 42-8-100 on or after July 1, 2006 <u>42-8-101</u>. Any county, municipality, or consolidated government which fails to meet the 1372 standards established in this subsection on or after July 1, 2006, shall not be eligible to 1373 1374 provide probation services. All counties, municipalities, or consolidated governments 1375 which enter into written agreements to provide probation services under the authority of 1376 Code Section 42-8-100 on or after July 1, 2006, 42-8-101 shall:

- 1377 (1) Register with the council <u>board</u>;
- 1378 (2) Meet the requirements of subsection (c) of Code Section 42-8-102 42-8-107; and

(3) Employ at least one person who is responsible for the direct supervision of probation

- 1380 officers employed by the governing authority and who shall have at least five years'
- experience in corrections, parole, or probation services; provided, however, that the
- 1382 five-year experience requirement shall not apply to any such supervisor employed by a
- 1383 county, municipality, or consolidated government which was engaged in the provision
- 1384 of probation services on April 15, 2006.

1385 <u>42-8-109.5.</u>

- 1386 <u>Whenever a probationer is under supervision by a community supervision officer, as such</u>
- 1387 term is defined in Code Section 42-3-1, and sentenced to misdemeanor probation, the court
- 1388 shall determine whether the continuing supervision shall be performed by a community
- 1389 <u>supervision officer, private probation officer, or probation officer.</u>"

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1390	PART IV
1391	STATE-WIDE PROBATION SYSTEM
1392	SECTION 4-1.
1393	Said title is further amended by revising Article 2 of Chapter 8, relating to the state-wide
1394	probation system, as follows:
1395	"ARTICLE 2
1396	42-8-20.
1397	This article shall be known and may be cited as the 'State-wide Probation Act.'
1200	40.0.01
1398	42-8-21.
1399	Reserved.
1400	As used in this article, the term:
1401	(1) 'DCS' means the Department of Community Supervision.
1402	(2) 'Officer' means a community supervision officer as defined in Code Section 42-3-1.
1403	42-8-22.
1403	There is created a state-wide probation system for felony offenders to be administered by
1405	the Department of Corrections. The probation system shall not be administered as part of
1406	the duties and activities of the State Board of Pardons and Paroles <u>DCS</u> . Separate files and
1400	records shall be kept with relation to the system.
1407	records shan be kept with relation to the system.
1408	42-8-23.
1409	(a) As used in this Code section, the term 'chief probation officer' means the highest
1410	ranking field probation officer in each judicial circuit who does not have direct supervision
1411	of the probationer who is the subject of the hearing.
1412	(b) <u>DCS</u> The department shall administer the supervision of felony probationers.
1413	(c) If graduated sanctions have been made a condition of probation by the court and if a
1414	probationer violates the conditions of his or her probation, other than for the commission
1415	of a new offense, the department DCS may impose graduated sanctions as an alternative
1416	to judicial modification or revocation of probation, provided that such graduated sanctions
1417	are approved by a chief probation officer.
1418	(d) The failure of a probationer to comply with the graduated sanction or sanctions
1419	imposed by the department DCS shall constitute a violation of probation.

(e) A probationer may at any time voluntarily accept the graduated sanctions proposed by
the department <u>DCS</u>.
(f)(1) <u>DCS's</u> The department's decision shall be final unless the probationer files an
appeal in the sentencing court. Such appeal shall be filed within 30 days of the issuance

1424 of the decision by the department <u>DCS</u>.

- 1425 (2) Such appeal shall first be reviewed by the judge <u>sentencing court</u> upon the record.
- At the judge's court's discretion, a de novo hearing may be held on the decision. The
 filing of the appeal shall not stay the department's DCS's decision.
- 1428 (3) When the sentencing judge <u>court</u> does not act on the appeal within 30 days of the date
- of the filing of the appeal, the department's <u>DCS's</u> decision shall be affirmed by operation
 of law.
- (g) Nothing contained in this Code section shall alter the relationship between judges and
 probation supervisors <u>officers</u> prescribed in this article nor be construed as repealing any
 power given to any court of this state to place offenders on probation or to supervise
 offenders.
- 1435 42-8-24.
- (a) As used in this Code section, the term 'split sentence' means any felony sentence that
 includes a term of imprisonment followed by a term of probation.
- (b) It shall be the duty of the department <u>DCS</u> to supervise and direct the work of the
 probation supervisors <u>officers</u> provided for in Code Section 42-8-25 and to keep accurate
 files and records on all probation cases, <u>split sentence cases</u>, <u>parole cases</u>, <u>persons released</u>
 <u>pursuant to Code Section 17-10-1</u>, and persons on probation <u>under supervision</u>. It shall be
- 1442 the duty of the board Board of Community Supervision to promulgate rules and regulations
- 1443 necessary to effectuate the purposes of this chapter.

1444 42-8-25.

DCS The department shall employ probation supervisors. The department officers. DCS 1445 may assign one supervisor officer to each judicial circuit in this state or, for purposes of 1446 1447 assignment, may consolidate two or more judicial circuits and assign one supervisor officer thereto. In the event the department DCS determines that more than one supervisor officer 1448 1449 is needed for a particular circuit, an additional supervisor or additional supervisors officers 1450 may be assigned to the circuit. DCS The department is authorized to direct any probation 1451 supervisor officer to assist any other probation supervisor officer wherever assigned. In the event that more than one supervisor officer is assigned to the same office or to the same 1452 1453 division within a particular judicial circuit, the department DCS shall designate one of the 1454 supervisors officers to be in charge.

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1455

(a)(1) In order for a person to hold the office of probation supervisor be an officer, he or 1456 1457 she must shall be at least 21 years of age at the time of appointment and must shall have completed a standard two-year college course, provided that any person who is employed 1458 1459 as a probation supervisor on or before July 1, 1972, shall not be required to meet the 1460 educational requirements specified in this Code section, nor shall he or she be prejudiced 1461 in any way for not possessing the requirements. The qualifications provided in this Code section are the minimum qualifications, and the department DCS is authorized to 1462 1463 prescribe such additional and higher educational qualifications from time to time as it 1464 deems desirable, but not to exceed a four-year standard college course.

(2) After January 1, 2016, in order for a person to be an officer, he or she shall complete 1465 the basic course of training for supervision of probations and parolees certified by the 1466 Peace Officer Standards and Training Council; provided, however, that such requirement 1467 1468 shall be waived if such person is a certified peace officer.

(b) The compensation of the probation supervisors officers shall be set pursuant to the 1469 1470 rules of the State Personnel Board. Officers Probation supervisors shall also be allowed 1471 travel and other expenses as are other state employees.

- (c)(1) No supervisor officer shall engage in any other employment, business, or activities 1472 1473 which interfere or conflict with his or her duties and responsibilities as probation 1474 supervisor an officer.
- 1475 (2) No supervisor officer shall own, operate, have any financial interest in, be an 1476 instructor at, or be employed by any private entity which provides drug or alcohol education services or offers a DUI Alcohol or Drug Use Risk Reduction Program 1477 1478 certified by the Department of Driver Services.
- 1479 (3) No supervisor officer shall specify, directly or indirectly, a particular DUI Alcohol or Drug Use Risk Reduction Program which a probationer may or shall attend. This 1480 1481 paragraph shall not prohibit any supervisor such officer from furnishing any probationer, 1482 upon request, the names of certified DUI Alcohol or Drug Use Risk Reduction Programs. Any supervisor officer violating this paragraph shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. 1483
- 1484 (d) Each probation supervisor officer shall give bond in such amount as may be fixed by the department payable to the department <u>DCS</u> for the use of the person or persons 1485 damaged by his or her misfeasance or malfeasance and conditioned on the faithful 1486 1487 performance of his or her duties. The cost of the bond shall be paid by the department 1488 <u>DCS</u>; provided, however, that the bond may be procured, either by the department <u>DCS</u> or 1489 by the Department of Administrative Services, under a master policy or on a group blanket 1490 coverage basis, where only the number of positions in each judicial circuit and the amount 1491 of coverage for each position are listed in a schedule attached to the bond; and in such case

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each individual shall be fully bonded and bound as principal, together with the surety, by
virtue of his or her holding the position or performing the duties of probation supervisor
officer in the circuit or circuits, and his or her individual signature shall not be necessary
for such bond to be valid in accordance with all the laws of this state. The bond or bonds
shall be made payable to the department DCS.

1497 42-8-27.

<u>An officer The probation supervisor shall supervise and counsel probationers and parolees</u>
 in the judicial circuit to which he <u>or she</u> is assigned. Each <u>supervisor officer</u> shall perform
 the duties prescribed in this chapter and <u>such other</u> duties as are prescribed by <u>the</u>
 department <u>DCS</u> and shall <u>make and keep such any</u> records and files and make such reports
 as are required of him <u>or her by DCS</u>, the State Board of Pardons and Paroles, or a court.

1503 42-8-28.

1504 <u>Officers</u> Probation supervisors shall be assigned among the respective judicial circuits

based generally on the relative number of persons on probation <u>and parole</u> in each circuit.

1506 42-8-29.

(a) It shall be the duty of the probation supervisor each officer to investigate all cases
referred to him or her by the court and to make his findings and report thereon in writing
to the court with his a recommendation. The superior court may require, before imposition
of sentence, a presentence investigation and written report in each felony case in which the
defendant has entered a plea of guilty or nolo contendere or has been convicted.

1512 (b) An officer The probation supervisor shall cause to be delivered to each person placed 1513 on probation under his <u>or her</u> supervision a certified copy of the terms of probation and any 1514 change or modification thereof and shall cause the person to be instructed regarding the 1515 same. An officer He shall keep informed concerning the conduct, habits, associates, employment, recreation, and whereabouts of the probationer or parolee by visits, by 1516 1517 requiring reports, or in other ways. He shall make such reports in writing or otherwise as 1518 the court may require. He An officer shall use all practicable and proper methods to aid 1519 and encourage persons on probation or parole and to bring about improvements in their 1520 conduct and condition. He shall keep records on each probationer referred to him.

1521 42-8-29.1.

(a) When a convicted person is committed to an institution under the jurisdiction of the
 department <u>Department of Corrections</u>, any presentence or post-sentence investigation or

1524 psychological evaluation compiled by a probation supervisor or other probation official an

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officer shall be forwarded to any division or office designated by the commissioner of 1525 <u>corrections</u>. Accompanying this such document or evaluation will shall be the case history 1526 1527 form and the criminal history sheets from the Federal Bureau of Investigation or the 1528 Georgia Crime Information Center, if available, unless any such information has previously 1529 been sent to the department Department of Corrections pursuant to Code Section 42-5-50. 1530 A copy of these same such documents shall be made available for the State Board of 1531 Pardons and Paroles. A copy of one or more of these such documents, based on need, may 1532 be forwarded to another institution to which the defendant may be committed.

1533 (b) The prison or institution receiving these such documents shall maintain the 1534 confidentiality of the documents and the information contained therein and shall not send 1535 them or release them, release, or reveal them to any other person, institution, or agency 1536 without the express consent of the probation unit which originated or accumulated the 1537 documents.

1538 42-8-30.

1539 In the counties where no juvenile probation system exists, juvenile offenders, upon

1540 direction of the court, shall be supervised by probation supervisors. Other than in this

1541 respect, nothing in this article shall be construed to change or modify any law relative to

1542 probation as administered by any juvenile court in this state.

1543 42-8-30.1.

In any county where the chief judge of the superior court, state court, municipal court, probate court, or magistrate court has provided for probation services for such court through agreement with a private corporation, enterprise, or agency or has established a county or municipal probation system for such court pursuant to Code Section 42-8-100 <u>Article 6 of this chapter</u>, the provisions of this article relating to probation supervision services shall not apply to defendants sentenced in any such court.

1550 42-8-31.

1551 No probation supervisor officer shall collect or disburse any funds whatsoever, except by 1552 written order of the court; and it shall be the duty of the supervisor officer to transmit a copy of the such order to the department DCS not later than 15 days after it has been issued 1553 1554 by the court. Every supervisor officer who collects or disburses any funds whatsoever shall 1555 faithfully keep the records of accounts as are required by the department DCS, which records shall be subject to inspection by the department DCS at any time. In every instance 1556 1557 where when a bank account is required, it shall be kept in the name of the 'State Probation' 1558 Office.' Department of Community Supervision.

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42-8-32.

- 1560 No probation supervisor <u>officer</u> shall be directed to collect any funds other than funds 1561 directed to be paid as the result of a criminal proceeding.
- 1562 42-8-33.

(a) <u>DCS</u> The department shall make periodic audits of each probation supervisor <u>officer</u> 1563 1564 who, by virtue of his the officer's duties, has any moneys, fines, court costs, property, or other funds coming into his the officer's control or possession or being disbursed by him. 1565 1566 The department such officer. DCS shall keep a permanent record of the audit of each probation supervisor's officer's accounts on file. It shall be the duty of the employee of the 1567 department DCS conducting the audit to notify the department DCS in writing of any 1568 1569 discrepancy of an illegal nature that might result in prosecution. DCS The department shall 1570 have the right to interview and make inquiry of certain selected payors or recipients of 1571 funds, as it may choose, without notifying the probation supervisor officer, to carry out the purposes of the audit. The employee who conducts the audit shall be required to give bond 1572 1573 in such amount as may be set by the department DCS, in the same manner and for the same 1574 purposes as provided under Code Section 42-8-26 for the bonds of probation supervisors 1575 The bond shall bind the employee and his the employee's surety in the officers. 1576 performance of his the employee's duties.

- (b) Any overpayment of fines, restitutions, or other moneys owed as a condition of
 probation shall not be refunded to the probationer if the amount of such the overpayment
 is less than \$5.00.
- 1580 42-8-34.

(a) Any court of this state which has original jurisdiction of criminal actions, except
juvenile courts, municipal courts, and probate courts, in which the defendant in a criminal
case has been found guilty upon verdict or plea or has been sentenced upon a plea of nolo
contendere, except for an offense punishable by death or life imprisonment, may, at a time
to be determined by the court, hear and determine the question of the probation of such
defendant.

(b) Prior to the <u>sentencing</u> hearing, the court may refer the case to the probation supervisor
an officer of the circuit in which the court is located for investigation and recommendation.
The court, upon such reference, shall direct the supervisor <u>an officer</u> to make an
investigation and to report to the court, in writing at a specified time, upon the
circumstances of the offense and the criminal record, social history, and present condition
of the defendant, together with the <u>supervisor's officer's</u> recommendation; and it shall be
the duty of the supervisor <u>such officer</u> to carry out the directive of the court.

1594 (c) Subject to the provisions of subsection (a) of Code Section 17-10-1 and subsection (f) 1595 of Code Section 17-10-3, if it appears to the court upon a hearing of the matter that the 1596 defendant is not likely to engage in a criminal course of conduct and that the ends of justice and the welfare of society do not require that the defendant shall presently suffer the 1597 penalty imposed by law, the court in its discretion shall impose sentence upon the 1598 1599 defendant but may stay and suspend the execution of the sentence or any portion thereof 1600 or may place him or her on probation under the supervision and control of the probation 1601 supervisor officer for the duration of such probation the sentence. The period of probation 1602 or suspension shall not exceed the maximum sentence of confinement which could be 1603 imposed on the defendant.

1604 (d)(1) In every case that a court of this state or any other state sentences a defendant to 1605 probation or any pretrial release or diversion program under the supervision of the department DCS, in addition to any fine or order of restitution imposed by the court, there 1606 1607 shall be imposed a probation fee as a condition of probation, release, or diversion in the amount equivalent to \$23.00 per each month under supervision, and in addition, a 1608 one-time fee of \$50.00 where if such defendant was convicted of any felony. The 1609 1610 probation fee may be waived or amended after administrative process by the department 1611 DCS and approval of the court, or upon determination by the court, as to the undue 1612 hardship, inability to pay, or any other extenuating factors which prohibit collection of 1613 the fee; provided, however, that the imposition of sanctions for failure to pay fees shall 1614 be within the discretion of the court through judicial process or hearings. Probation fees 1615 shall be waived on probationers incarcerated or detained in a departmental Department 1616 of Corrections or other confinement facility which prohibits employment for wages. All 1617 probation fees collected by the department DCS shall be paid into the general fund of the 1618 state treasury, except as provided in subsection (f) of Code Section 17-15-13, relating to 1619 sums to be paid into the Georgia Crime Victims Emergency Fund. Any fees collected by 1620 the court under this paragraph shall be remitted not later than the last day of the month after such fee is collected to the Georgia Superior Court Clerks' Cooperative Authority 1621 for deposit into the general fund of the state treasury. 1622

(2) In addition to any other provision of law, any person convicted of a violation of Code 1623 Section 40-6-391 or subsection (b) of Code Section 16-13-2 who is sentenced to 1624 probation or a suspended sentence by a municipal, magistrate, probate, recorder's, 1625 mayor's, state, or superior court shall also be required by the court to pay a one-time fee 1626 of \$25.00. The clerk of court, or if there is no clerk the person designated to collect fines, 1627 fees, and forfeitures for such court, shall collect such fee and remit the same not later than 1628 1629 the last day of the month after such fee is collected to the Georgia Superior Court Clerks' 1630 Cooperative Authority for deposit into the general fund of the state treasury.

1631 (3) In addition to any fine, fee, restitution, or other amount ordered, the sentencing court may also impose as a condition of probation for felony criminal defendants sentenced to 1632 1633 a day reporting center an additional charge, not to exceed \$10.00 per day for each day such defendant is required to report to a day reporting center; provided, however, that no 1634 fee shall be imposed or collected if the defendant is unemployed or has been found 1635 1636 indigent by the sentencing court. The charges required by this paragraph shall be paid 1637 by the probationer directly to the department <u>DCS</u>. Funds collected by the department DCS pursuant to this subsection shall only be used by the department DCS in the 1638 1639 maintenance and operation of the day reporting center program.

(e) The court may, in its discretion, require the payment of a fine or costs, or both, as a
condition precedent to <u>of</u> probation.

(f) During the interval between the conviction or plea and the hearing to determine the question of probation, the court may, in its discretion, either order the confinement of the defendant without bond or may permit his <u>or her</u> release on bond, which bond shall be conditioned on his appearance at the hearing and shall be subject to the same rules as govern appearance bonds. Any time served in confinement shall be considered a part of the sentence of the defendant.

1648 (g) The sentencing judge shall not lose jurisdiction over any person placed on probation 1649 during the term of the person's probated sentence. The judge is empowered to revoke any 1650 or all of the probated sentence, rescind any or all of the sentence, or, in any manner deemed 1651 advisable by the judge, modify or change the probated sentence, including ordering the 1652 probationer into the sentencing options system, as provided in Article 9 of this chapter 6 1653 of Chapter 3 of this title, at any time during the period of time prescribed for the probated 1654 sentence to run. In addition, when the judge is considering revoking a probated sentence 1655 in order to require the defendant to enter a drug court division, mental health court division, 1656 or veterans court division and the length of the original sentence is insufficient to authorize such revocation, the defendant may voluntarily agree to an extension of his or her original 1657 sentence within the maximum sentence allowed by law, notwithstanding subsection (f) of 1658 1659 Code Section 17-10-1. Such extension shall be for a period not to exceed three years, and 1660 upon completion of such specific court division program, the court may modify the terms of probation in accordance with subparagraph (a)(5)(A) of Code Section 17-10-1. 1661 (h) If Notwithstanding any provision of this Code or any rule or regulation to the contrary, 1662

(h) <u>II</u> Notwhitstanding any provision of this code of any full of regulation to the contrary,
 if a defendant is placed on probation in a county of a judicial circuit other than the one in
 which he <u>such defendant</u> resides for committing any misdemeanor offense, such defendant
 may, when specifically ordered by the court, have his probation supervision transferred to
 the judicial circuit of the county in which he <u>the defendant</u> resides.

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- 42-8-34.1.
 (a) For the purposes of this Code section, the term 'special condition of probation or
 suspension of the sentence' means a condition of a probated or suspended sentence which:
 (1) Is expressly imposed as part of the sentence in addition to general conditions of
 probation and court ordered fines and fees; and
- 1672 (2) Is identified in writing in the sentence as a condition the violation of which authorizes
 1673 the court to revoke the probation or suspension and require the defendant to serve up to
 1674 the balance of the sentence in confinement.

1675 (b) A court may not revoke any part of any probated or suspended sentence unless the 1676 defendant admits the violation as alleged or unless the evidence produced at the revocation hearing establishes by a preponderance of the evidence the violation or violations alleged. 1677 1678 (c) At any revocation hearing, upon proof that the defendant has violated any general provision of probation or suspension other than by commission of a new felony offense, 1679 the court shall consider the use of alternatives to include community service, intensive 1680 1681 probation, diversion centers, probation detention centers, special alternative incarceration, 1682 or any other alternative to confinement deemed appropriate by the court or as provided by the state or county. In the event the court determines that the defendant does not meet the 1683 1684 criteria for said such alternatives, the court may revoke the balance of probation or not 1685 more than two years in confinement, whichever is less.

(d) If the violation of probation or suspension alleged and proven by a preponderance of
the evidence or the defendant's admission is the commission of a felony offense, the court
may revoke no more than the lesser of the balance of probation or the maximum time of
the sentence authorized to be imposed for the felony offense constituting the violation of
the probation. For purposes of this Code section, the term 'felony offense' means:

1691 (1) A felony offense;

(2) A misdemeanor offense committed in another state on or after July 1, 2010, the
elements of which are proven by a preponderance of evidence showing that such offense
would constitute a felony if the act had been committed in this state; or

(3) A misdemeanor offense committed in another state on or after July 1, 2010, that is
admitted to by the defendant who also admits that such offense would be a felony if the
act had been committed in this state.

(e) If the violation of probation or suspension alleged and proven by a preponderance of
the evidence or the defendant's admission is the violation of a special condition of
probation or suspension of the sentence, the court may revoke the probation or suspension
of the sentence and require the defendant to serve the balance or portion of the balance of
the original sentence in confinement.

(f) The payment of restitution or reparation, costs, or fines ordered by the court may be payable in one lump sum or in periodic payments, as determined by the court after consideration of all the facts and circumstances of the case and of the defendant's ability to pay. Such payments shall, in the discretion of the sentencing judge, be made either to the clerk of the sentencing court or, if the sentencing court is a probate court, state court, or superior court, to the probation <u>DCS</u> office serving said such court.

1709 (g) In no event shall an offender be supervised on probation for more than a total of two

- 1710 years for any one offense or series of offenses arising out of the same transaction, whether
- before or after confinement, except as provided by paragraph (2) of subsection (a) of Code
- 1712 Section 17-10-1 and subsection (g) of Code Section 42-8-34.
- 1713 42-8-34.2.

(a) In the event that a defendant is delinquent in the payment of fines, costs, or restitution 1714 1715 or reparation, as was ordered by the court as a condition of probation, the defendant's 1716 probation officer is shall be authorized, but shall not be required, to execute a sworn 1717 affidavit wherein the amount of arrearage is set out. In addition, the affidavit shall contain 1718 a succinct statement as to what efforts the department <u>DCS</u> has made in trying to collect 1719 the delinquent amount. The affidavit shall then be submitted to the sentencing court for 1720 approval. Upon signature and approval of the court, said such arrearage shall then be 1721 collectable through issuance of a writ of fieri facias by the clerk of the sentencing court; 1722 and the department <u>DCS</u> may enforce such collection through any judicial or other process 1723 or procedure which may be used by the holder of a writ of execution arising from a civil 1724 action.

- (b) This Code section provides the state with remedies in addition to all other remedies
 provided for by law; and nothing in this Code section shall preclude the use of any other
 or additional remedy in any case.
- (c) No clerk of any court shall be authorized to require any deposit of cost or any other
 filing or service fee as a condition to the filing of a garnishment action or other action or
 proceeding authorized under this Code section. In any such action or proceeding, however,
 the clerk of the court in which the action is filed shall deduct and retain all proper court
 costs from any funds paid into the treasury of the court, prior to any other disbursement of
 such funds so paid into court.
- 1734 42-8-35.
- (a) The court shall determine the terms and conditions of probation and may provide thatthe probationer shall:
- 1737 (1) Avoid injurious and vicious habits;

- 1738 (2) Avoid persons or places of disreputable or harmful character;
- 1739 (3) Report to the probation supervisor <u>officer</u> as directed;
- (4) Permit the supervisor <u>officer</u> to visit the probationer at the probationer's home or
 elsewhere;
- 1742 (5) Work faithfully at suitable employment insofar as may be possible;
- (6) Remain within a specified location; provided, however, that the court shall not banish
 a probationer to any area within the this state:
- (A) That does not consist of at least one entire judicial circuit as described by CodeSection 15-6-1; or
- (B) In which any service or program in which the probationer must participate as acondition of probation is not available;

(7) Make reparation or restitution to any aggrieved person for the damage or loss caused
by the probationer's offense, in an amount to be determined by the court. Unless
otherwise provided by law, no reparation or restitution to any aggrieved person for the
damage or loss caused by the probationer's offense shall be made if the amount is in
dispute unless the same has been adjudicated;

- (8) Make reparation or restitution as reimbursement to a municipality or county for the
 payment for medical care furnished the person while incarcerated pursuant to the
 provisions of Article 3 of Chapter 4 of this title. No reparation or restitution to a local
 governmental unit for the provision of medical care shall be made if the amount is in
 dispute unless the same has been adjudicated;
- (9) Repay the costs incurred by any municipality or county for wrongful actions by an
 inmate covered under the provisions of paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of Code Section
 42-4-71;
- 1762 (10) Support the probationer's legal dependents to the best of the probationer's ability;
- 1763 (11) Violate no local, state, or federal laws and be of general good behavior;
- (12) If permitted to move or travel to another state, agree to waive extradition from any
 jurisdiction where the probationer may be found and not contest any effort by any
 jurisdiction to return the probationer to this state;
- 1767 (13) Submit to evaluations and testing relating to rehabilitation and participate in and
 1768 successfully complete rehabilitative programming as directed by the department <u>DCS</u>;
- (14) Wear a device capable of tracking the location of the probationer by means
 including electronic surveillance or global positioning satellite systems. <u>DCS</u> The
 department shall assess and collect fees from the probationer for such monitoring at
 levels set by regulation by the department of the Board of Community Supervision;
- (15) Complete a residential or nonresidential program for substance abuse or mentalhealth treatment as indicated by a risk and needs assessment;

- 1775 (16) Agree to the imposition of graduated sanctions when, in the discretion of the
 1776 probation supervisor <u>officer</u>, the probationer's behavior warrants a graduated sanction;
 1777 and
- (17) Pay for the cost of drug screening. <u>DCS</u> The Department of Corrections shall assess
 and collect fees from the probationer for such screening at levels set by regulation of the
 Department of Corrections Board of Community Supervision.
- (b) In determining the terms and conditions of probation for a probationer who has been
 convicted of a criminal offense against a victim who is a minor or dangerous sexual offense
 as those terms are defined in Code Section 42-1-12, the court may provide that the
 probationer shall be:
- 1785 (1) Prohibited from entering or remaining present at a victim's school, place of
 1786 employment, place of residence, or other specified place at times when a victim is present
 1787 or from loitering in areas where minors congregate, child care facilities, churches, or
 1788 schools as those terms are defined in Code Section 42-1-12;
- (2) Required, either in person or through remote monitoring, to allow viewing and
 recording of the probationer's incoming and outgoing e-mail, history of websites visited
 and content accessed, and other Internet based communication;
- (3) Required to have periodic unannounced inspections of the contents of the
 probationer's computer or any other device with Internet access, including the retrieval
 and copying of all data from the computer or device and any internal or external storage
 or portable media and the removal of such information, computer, device, or medium;
 and
- 1797 (4) Prohibited from seeking election to a local board of education.
- (c) The supervision provided for under subsection (b) of this Code section shall be
 conducted by a probation <u>an</u> officer, law enforcement officer, or computer information
 technology specialist working under the supervision of <u>a probation <u>an</u> officer or law
 enforcement agency.
 </u>
- 1802 42-8-35.1.

(a) <u>Notwithstanding In addition to any other terms or conditions of probation provided for</u>
under this chapter, the trial judge which may be imposed, a court may provide that
probationers sentenced for felony offenses committed on or after July 1, 1993, to a period
of time of not less than one year on probation as a condition of probation must <u>shall</u>
satisfactorily complete a program of confinement in a 'special alternative
incarceration—probation boot camp' unit of the department <u>Department of Corrections</u> for
a period of 120 days computed from the time of initial confinement in the unit; provided,

however, the department that the Department of Corrections may release the defendant
upon service of 90 days in recognition of excellent behavior.

1812 (b) Before a court can may place this such condition upon the sentence, an initial investigation will shall be completed by the probation officer which will indicate indicates 1813 1814 that the probationer is qualified for such treatment in that the individual does not appear 1815 to be physically or mentally disabled in a way that would prevent him or her from 1816 strenuous physical activity, that the individual has no obvious contagious diseases, that the individual is not less than 17 years of age nor more than 30 years of age at the time of 1817 1818 sentencing, and that the department Department of Corrections has granted provisional 1819 approval of the placement of the individual in the 'special alternative incarceration—probation boot camp⁻ unit. 1820

(c) In every case where when an individual is sentenced under the terms of this Code
section, the sentencing court shall, within its probation order, direct the department
Department of Corrections to arrange with the sheriff's office in the county of incarceration
to have the individual delivered to a designated unit of the department Department of
<u>Corrections</u> within a specific date not more than 15 days after the issuance of such
probation order by the court.

(d) At any time during the individual's confinement in the unit, but at least five days prior
to his <u>or her</u> expected date of release, the department will <u>Department of Corrections shall</u>
certify to the trial court as to whether the individual has satisfactorily completed this <u>the</u>
condition of probation <u>provided in subsection (a) of this Code section</u>.

(e) Upon the receipt of a satisfactory report of performance in the program from the
department <u>Department of Corrections</u>, the trial court shall release the individual from
confinement in the 'special alternative incarceration—probation boot camp' unit. However,
the receipt of an unsatisfactory report will shall be grounds for revocation of the probated
sentence as would any other violation of a condition or term of probation.

1836 (f) The satisfactory report of performance in the program from the department Department of Corrections shall, in addition to the other requirements specified in this Code section, 1837 1838 require participation of the individual confined in the unit in such adult education courses 1839 necessary to attain the equivalency of a grade five competency level as established by the State Board of Education for elementary schools. Those individuals who are mentally 1840 disabled as determined by initial testing are shall be exempt from mandatory participation. 1841 1842 After the individual is released from the unit, it shall be a special condition of probation that the individual participate in an education program in the community until grade five 1843 level competency is achieved or active probation supervision terminates. It shall be the 1844 1845 duty of the department <u>Department of Corrections</u> to certify to the trial court that such 1846 individual has satisfactorily completed this such condition of probation while on active

probation supervision. The receipt of an unsatisfactory report may be grounds for revocation of the probated sentence as would any other violation of a condition or term of probation. Under certain circumstances, the probationer may be exempt from this requirement if it is determined by the probation officer that community education resources are inaccessible to the probationer.

1852 42-8-35.2.

(a) Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, the court, when imposing a sentence of
imprisonment after a conviction of a violation of subsection (b) or (d) of Code Section
16-13-30 or after a conviction of a violation of Code Section 16-13-31, shall impose a
special term of probation of three years in addition to such term of imprisonment; provided,
however, that upon a second or subsequent conviction of a violation of the provisions of
such Code sections as stated in this subsection, the special term of probation shall be six
years in addition to any term of imprisonment.

(b) A special term of probation imposed under this Code section may be revoked if the 1860 terms and conditions of probation are violated. In such circumstances the original term of 1861 1862 imprisonment shall be increased by the period of the special term of probation and the 1863 resulting new term of imprisonment shall not be diminished by the time which was spent 1864 on special probation. A person whose special term of probation has been revoked may be 1865 required to serve all or part of the remainder of the new term of imprisonment. A special 1866 term of probation provided for in this Code section shall be in addition to, and not in lieu 1867 of, any other probation provided for by law and shall be supervised in the same manner as 1868 other probations as provided in this chapter.

(c) Upon written application by the probationer to the trial court, the court may, in its
discretion, suspend the balance of any special term of probation, provided that at least
one-half of said such special term of probation has been completed and all fines associated
with the original sentence have been paid and all other terms of the original sentence and
the terms of the special probation have been met by the probationer.

1874 42-8-35.3.

- 1875 Notwithstanding any other terms or conditions of probation which may be imposed, a court
 1876 sentencing a defendant to probation for a violation of Code Section 16-5-90 or 16-5-91
 1877 may impose one or more of the following conditions on such probation:
- 1878 (1) Prohibit the defendant from engaging in conduct in violation of Code Section 16-5-901879 or 16-5-91;
- (2) Require the defendant to undergo a mental health evaluation and, if it is determinedby the court from the results of such evaluation that the defendant is in need of treatment

- 1882or counseling, require the defendant to undergo mental health treatment or counseling by1883a court approved mental health professional, mental health facility, or facility of the1884Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Disabilities. Unless the defendant1885is indigent, the cost of any such treatment shall be borne by the defendant; or
- 1886 (3) Prohibit the defendant from entering or remaining present at the victim's school,
- 1887 place of employment, or other specified places at times when the victim is present.

1888 42-8-35.4.

1889 (a) Notwithstanding In addition to any other terms and conditions of probation provided 1890 for in this article, the trial judge which may be imposed, a court may require that a 1891 defendant convicted of a felony and sentenced to a period of not less than one year on 1892 probation or a defendant who has been previously sentenced to probation for a forcible 1893 misdemeanor as defined in paragraph (7) of Code Section 16-1-3 or a misdemeanor of a 1894 high and aggravated nature and has violated probation or other probation alternatives and 1895 is subsequently sentenced to a period of not less than one year on probation shall complete 1896 satisfactorily, as a condition of that such probation, a program of confinement, not to 1897 exceed 180 days, in a probation detention center. Probationers so sentenced shall be 1898 required to serve the period of confinement, not to exceed 180 days, specified in the court 1899 order.

(b) The court shall determine that the defendant is at least 17 years of age at the time ofsentencing.

(c) During the period of confinement, the department <u>Department of Corrections</u> may
transfer the probationer to other facilities in order to provide needed physical and mental
health care or for other reasons essential to the care and supervision of the probationer or
as necessary for the effective administration and management of its facilities.

1906 42-8-35.5.

(a) Notwithstanding In addition to any other terms and conditions of probation provided
in this article, the trial judge which may be imposed, a court may require that probationers
sentenced to a period of not less than one year on probation shall satisfactorily complete,
as a condition of that such probation, a program in a probation diversion center.
Probationers so sentenced will shall be required to serve a period of confinement as
specified in the court order, which confinement period shall be computed from the date of
initial confinement in the diversion center.

(b) The court shall determine that the defendant is at least 17 years of age at the time of
sentencing, is capable both physically and mentally of maintaining paid employment in the
community, and does not unnecessarily jeopardize the safety of the community.

- (c) The department <u>Department of Corrections</u> may assess and collect room and board fees
 from diversion center program participants at a level set by the department <u>Department of</u>
 <u>Corrections</u>.
- 1920 42-8-35.6.

(a) Notwithstanding any other terms or conditions of probation which may be imposed,
a court sentencing a defendant to probation for an offense involving family violence as
such term is defined in Code Section 19-13-10 shall require as a condition of probation that
the defendant participate in a family violence intervention program certified pursuant to
Article 1A of Chapter 13 of Title 19, unless the court determines and states on the record
why participation in such a program is not appropriate.

(b) A court, in addition to imposing any penalty provided by law, when revoking a
defendant's probation for an offense involving family violence as defined by Code Section
1929 19-13-10, or when imposing a protective order against family violence, shall order the
defendant to participate in a family violence intervention program certified pursuant to
Article 1A of Chapter 13 of Title 19, unless the court determines and states on the record
why participation in such program is not appropriate.

(c) The State Board of Pardons and Paroles, for a violation of parole for an offense
involving family violence as defined by Code Section 19-13-10, shall require the
conditional release to participate in a family violence intervention program certified
pursuant to Article 1A of Chapter 13 of Title 19, unless the State Board of Pardons and
Paroles determines why participation in such a program is not appropriate.

1938 (d) Unless the defendant is indigent, the cost of the family violence intervention program

- 1939 as provided by this Code section shall be borne by the defendant. If the defendant is
- indigent, then the cost of the program shall be determined by a sliding scale based upon thedefendant's ability to pay.

1942 42-8-35.7.

Unless the court or State Board of Pardons and Paroles has ordered more frequent such 1943 1944 screenings, it shall be the duty of each probation supervisor to administer or have 1945 administered a drug and alcohol screening not less than once every 60 days to any person 1946 who is placed on probation and who, as a condition of such probation, is required to 1947 undergo regular, random drug and alcohol screenings, provided that the drug and alcohol 1948 screenings required by this Code section shall be performed only to the extent that 1949 necessary funds therefor are appropriated in the state budget drug and alcohol screenings 1950 shall be administered in accordance with DCS rules and regulations.

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1951 42-8-36.

(a)(1) It shall be the duty of a probationer, as a condition of probation, to keep his or her
probation supervisor officer informed as to his or her residence. Upon the
recommendation of the probation supervisor officer, the court may also require, as a
condition of probation and under such terms as the court deems advisable, that the
probationer keep the probation supervisor officer informed as to his or her whereabouts.
(2) The running of a probated sentence shall be tolled upon:

(A) The failure of a probationer to report to his or her probation supervisor officer as
directed or failure to appear in court for a probation revocation hearing; either of such
failures may be evidenced by an affidavit from the probation supervisor officer setting
forth such failure; or

(B) The filing of a return of non est inventus or other return to a warrant, for the violation of the terms and conditions of probation, that the probationer cannot be found in the county that appears from the records of the probation supervisor officer to be the probationer's county of residence. Any officer authorized by law to issue or serve warrants may return the warrant for the absconded probationer showing non est inventus.

(3) The effective date of the tolling of the sentence shall be the date the court enters a
 tolling order and shall continue until the probationer shall personally report to the
 probation supervisor officer, is taken into custody in this state, or is otherwise available
 to the court.

(4) Any tolled period of time shall not be included in computing creditable time servedon probation or as any part of the time that the probationer was sentenced to serve.

(b) Any unpaid fines, restitution, or any other moneys owed as a condition of probation
shall be due when the probationer is arrested; but, if the entire balance of his <u>or her</u>
probation is revoked, all the conditions of probation, including moneys owed, shall be
negated by his the probationer's imprisonment. If only part of the balance of the probation
is revoked, the probationer shall still be responsible for the full amount of the unpaid fines,
restitution, and other moneys upon his <u>or her</u> return to probation after release from
imprisonment.

1981 42-8-37.

(a) Upon the termination of the probated portion of a sentence, the probationer shall be
released from probation and shall not be liable to sentence for the crime for which
probation was allowed; provided, however, that the foregoing shall not be construed to
prohibit the conviction and sentencing of the probationer for the subsequent commission

1986 of the same or a similar offense or for the subsequent continuation of the offense for which 1987 he or she was previously sentenced. 1988 (b) The court may at any time cause the probationer to appear before it to be admonished 1989 or commended and, when satisfied that its action would be for the best interests interest of 1990 justice and the welfare of society, may discharge the probationer from further supervision. 1991 (c) The case of each person receiving a probated sentence of more than two years shall be 1992 reviewed by the probation supervisor officer responsible for that such case after service of 1993 two years on probation, and a written report of the probationer's progress shall be submitted 1994 to the sentencing court along with the supervisor's officer's recommendation as to early termination. Each such case shall be reviewed and a written report submitted annually 1995 1996 thereafter until the termination, expiration, or other disposition of the case.

1997 42-8-38.

1998 (a) Whenever, within the period of probation, a probation supervisor an officer believes 1999 that a probationer under his or her supervision has violated his or her the terms of probation 2000 in a material respect, if graduated sanctions have been made a condition of probation by 2001 the court, the probation supervisor officer may impose graduated sanctions as set forth in 2002 Code Section 42-8-23 to address the specific conduct leading to such violation or, if the 2003 circumstances warrant, may arrest the probationer without warrant, wherever found, and 2004 return the probationer to the court granting the probation or, if under supervision in a 2005 county or judicial circuit other than that of conviction, to a court of equivalent original 2006 criminal jurisdiction within the county wherein the probationer resides for purposes of 2007 supervision. Any officer authorized by law to issue warrants may issue a warrant for the 2008 arrest of the probationer upon the affidavit of one having knowledge of the alleged 2009 violation, returnable forthwith before the court in which revocation proceedings are being 2010 brought.

(b) The court, upon the probationer being brought before it, may commit him the probationer or release him the probationer with or without bail to await further hearing, or it may dismiss the charge. If the charge is not dismissed at this time, the court shall give the probationer an opportunity to be heard fully at the earliest possible date on his <u>or her</u> own behalf, in person or by counsel, provided that, if the revocation proceeding is in a court other than the court of the original criminal conviction, the sentencing court shall be given ten days' written notice prior to a hearing on the merits.

(c) After the hearing, the court may revoke, modify, or continue the probation. If the
probation is revoked, the court may order the execution of the sentence originally imposed
or of any portion thereof. In such event, the time that the defendant has served under

2021 probation shall be considered as time served and shall be deducted from and considered a 2022 part of the time he or she was originally sentenced to serve. 2023 (d) In cases where the probation is revoked in a county other than the county of original 2024 conviction, the clerk of court in the county revoking probation may record the order of revocation in the judge's minute docket minutes of the court, which recordation shall 2025 2026 constitute sufficient permanent record of the proceedings in that such court. The clerk shall 2027 send one copy copies of the order revoking probation to the department DCS and the Department of Corrections to serve as a temporary commitment and shall send the original 2028 2029 order revoking probation and all other papers pertaining thereto to the county of original 2030 conviction to be filed with the original records. The clerk of court of the county of original conviction shall then issue a formal commitment to the department Department of 2031 2032 Corrections.

2033 42-8-39.

In all criminal cases in which the defendant is found guilty or in which a plea of guilty or

2035 of nolo contendere is entered and in which the trial judge <u>court</u> after imposing sentence

2036 further provides that the execution of the sentence shall be suspended, such provision shall

2037 not have the effect of placing the defendant on probation as provided in this article.

2038 42-8-40.

2039 (a) Except as provided in subsection (b) of this Code section, all All reports, files, records, 2040 and papers information of whatever kind relative to the state-wide probation system 2041 supervision of probationers and parolees are declared to be confidential and shall be 2042 available only to the probation system officials, and to the judge handling a particular case-2043 They, the Board of Community Supervision, DCS, the Department of Corrections, the 2044 Department of Juvenile Justice, and the State Board of Pardons and Paroles, as appropriate. 2045 Such reports, files, records, and information shall not be subject to process of subpoena-2046 However, the commissioner; provided, however, that the commissioner of community 2047 supervision may by written order declassify any such records. (b) Supervision records of the State Board of Pardons and Paroles may be made available 2048 to officials employed with the state-wide probation system, provided that the same shall 2049 2050 remain confidential and not available to any other person or subject to subpoena unless

2051 declassified by the State Board of Pardons and Paroles.

2052 42-8-41.

2053 All state and local departments, agencies, boards, bureaus, commissions, and committees

shall cooperate with the probation officials officers.

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2055 42-8-42.

- 2056 <u>DCS</u> The department may provide office space and clerical help wherever needed. The 2057 counties of this state shall cooperate in this respect and, wherever possible, shall furnish 2058 office space if needed.
- 2059 42-8-43.

Except as otherwise provided by law, any county probation system in existence on 2060 2061 February 8, 1956, shall not be affected by the passage of this article, regardless of whether the law under which the system exists is specifically repealed by this article. The personnel 2062 of the system shall continue to be appointed and employed under the same procedure as 2063 2064 used prior to February 8, 1956, and the system shall be financed under the same method as it was financed prior to February 8, 1956. However, the substantive provisions of this 2065 article relative to probation shall be followed, and to this end any probation officer of such 2066 2067 system shall be deemed to be the same as a probation supervisor, with the probation supervisor assigned by the department serving in a liaison capacity between the county 2068 probation system and the department. 2069

2070 42-8-43.1.

- 2071 (a) This Code section shall apply to county probation systems of all counties of this state 2072 having a population of 400,000 or more according to the United States decennial census 2073 of 1980 or any future such census, any provision of Code Section 42-8-43 to the contrary 2074 notwithstanding. The department shall participate in the cost of the county probation 2075 systems subject to this Code section for fiscal years 1982-83 and 1983-84. The department 2076 shall compute the state cost per probationer on a state-wide basis for each of the aforesaid 2077 fiscal years pursuant to the formula used by the Office of Planning and Budget to determine 2078 the state cost for probation for budgetary purposes. For each of the aforesaid fiscal years, 2079 the department shall pay to the governing authority of each county maintaining a county 2080 probation system subject to this Code section the percentage shown below of the state-wide 2081 cost per probationer for each probationer being supervised under the respective county 2082 probation system as of the first day of each of said fiscal years:
- 2083 (1) For fiscal year 1982-83, 10 percent; and
- 2084 (2) For fiscal year 1983-84, 10-100 percent.
- (b) The funds necessary to participate in the cost of county probation systems under
 subsection (a) of this Code section shall come from funds appropriated to the department
 for the purposes of providing state participation in the cost of county probation systems.
 The payments to counties provided for in subsection (a) of this Code section shall be made
 by, or pursuant to the order of, the department in single lump sum payment for each fiscal

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2090 year, with the payment for fiscal year 1982-83 being made by May 1, 1983, and the one for
 2091 fiscal year 1983-84 by May 1, 1984. As a condition necessary for a county to qualify for
 2092 department participation in the cost of the county's probation system, the employees of
 2093 such county probation systems shall be subject to the supervision, control, and direction
 2094 of the department.

2095 (c) Each county probation system subject to the provisions of this Code section shall 2096 become a part of the state-wide probation system provided for by this article effective on 2097 July 1, 1984, and shall be fully funded from state funds as a part of the state-wide probation system beginning with fiscal year 1984-85. The employees of said county probation 2098 2099 systems, at their option, shall become employees of the department on the date said county systems become a part of the state-wide probation system and, on or after said date, said 2100 2101 employees shall be subject to the salary schedules and other personnel policies of the 2102 department, except that the salaries of such employees shall not be reduced as a result of 2103 becoming employees of the department.

2104 (d) When an employee of a county probation system of any county of this state having a 2105 population of 550,000 or more according to the United States decennial census of 1980 or 2106 any future such census becomes an employee of the department pursuant to subsection (c) 2107 of this Code section at the same or a greater salary, the change in employment shall not 2108 constitute involuntary separation from service or termination of employment within the 2109 meaning of any local retirement or pension system of which the employee was a member 2110 at the time of such change in employment, and the change in employment shall not entitle 2111 the employee to begin receiving any retirement or pension benefit whatsoever under any 2112 such local retirement or pension system.

2113 42-8-43.2.

2114 (a) This Code section shall apply to county probation systems, including state court adult 2115 probation systems, of each county having a population of more than 100,000 in any 2116 metropolitan statistical area having a population of not less than 200,000 nor more than 2117 230,000 according to the United States decennial census of 1980 or any future such census, 2118 any provision of Code Section 42-8-43 to the contrary notwithstanding. The department 2119 shall participate in the cost of the county probation systems subject to this Code section for 2120 fiscal year 1987-88. The department shall compute the state cost per probationer on a 2121 state-wide basis for such fiscal year pursuant to the formula used by the Office of Planning 2122 and Budget to determine the state cost for probation for budgetary purposes. For said fiscal 2123 year, the department shall pay to the governing authority of each county maintaining a county probation system subject to this Code section 10 percent of the state-wide cost per 2124 2125 probationer for each probationer being supervised under the respective county probation

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2126 system as of the first day of said fiscal year. The funds necessary to participate in the cost 2127 of county probation systems under this subsection shall come from funds appropriated to the department for the purposes of providing state participation in the cost of county 2128 probation systems. The payments to counties provided for in this subsection shall be made 2129 2130 by, or pursuant to the order of, the department in single lump sum payment for fiscal year 2131 1987-88, with the payment being made by May 1, 1988. As a condition necessary for a 2132 county to qualify for department participation in the cost of the county's probation system, 2133 the county shall cause to be made an independent audit of the financial affairs and 2134 transactions of all funds and activities of the county probation system and agree to be 2135 responsible for any discrepancies, obligations, debts, or liabilities of such county probation 2136 system which may exist prior to the department's participation in the cost of the county's probation system. As a further condition necessary for a county to qualify for department 2137 participation in the cost of the county's probation system, the employees of such county 2138 2139 probation systems shall be subject to the supervision, control, and direction of the 2140 department.

2141 (b) The county probation system of any such county shall become a part of the state-wide 2142 probation system provided for by this article effective July 1, 1988, and shall be fully 2143 funded from state funds as part of the state-wide probation system beginning with fiscal 2144 year 1988-89. The employees of such county probation system, at their option, shall 2145 become employees of the department on the date said county system becomes a part of the 2146 state-wide probation system and, on or after said date, said employees shall be subject to 2147 the salary schedules and other personnel policies of the department, except that the salaries of such employees shall not be reduced as a result of becoming employees of the 2148 2149 department.

2150 (c) When an employee of a county probation system becomes an employee of the 2151 department pursuant to subsection (b) of this Code section at the same or a greater salary, 2152 the change in employment shall not constitute involuntary separation from service or 2153 termination of employment within the meaning of any local retirement or pension system 2154 of which the employee was a member at the time of such change in employment, and the 2155 change in employment shall not entitle the employee to begin receiving any retirement or 2156 pension benefit whatsoever under any such local retirement or pension system. 2157 (d) No leave time accrued by an employee of a county probation system shall be

- transferred when the employee becomes a state employee. Any leave time accrued by an
 employee of such county probation system shall be satisfied as a debt owed to the
- employee by the county.

42-8-43.3.

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(a) This Code section shall apply to county probation systems, including state court adult 2162 2163 probation systems, of each county having a population of 250,000 or more according to the 2164 United States decennial census of 1980 or any future such census, any provision of Code 2165 Section 42-8-43 to the contrary notwithstanding. The department shall participate in the cost of the county probation systems subject to this Code section for fiscal year 1988-89. 2166 For said fiscal year, the department shall pay to the governing authority of each county 2167 2168 maintaining a county probation system subject to this Code section 10 percent of the annual county probation system budget as of the first day of said fiscal year. The funds necessary 2169 2170 to participate in the cost of county probation systems under this subsection shall come from 2171 funds appropriated to the department for the purposes of providing state participation in the 2172 cost of county probation systems. The payments to counties provided for in this subsection 2173 shall be made by, or pursuant to the order of, the department in single lump sum payment 2174 for fiscal year 1988-89, with the payment being made by May 1, 1989. As a condition 2175 necessary for a county to qualify for department participation in the cost of the county's 2176 probation system, the county shall cause to be made an independent audit of the financial 2177 affairs and transactions of all funds and activities of the county probation system and agree 2178 to be responsible for any discrepancies, obligations, debts, or liabilities of such county 2179 probation system which may exist prior to the department's participation in the cost of the 2180 county's probation system. As a further condition necessary for a county to qualify for 2181 department participation in the cost of the county's probation system, the employees of 2182 such county probation systems shall be subject to the supervision, control, and direction 2183 of the department.

2184 (b) The county probation system of any such county shall become a part of the state-wide 2185 probation system provided for by this article effective July 1, 1989, and shall be fully funded from state funds as part of the state-wide probation system beginning with fiscal 2186 2187 year 1989-90. The employees of such county probation system, at their option, shall 2188 become employees of the department on the date said county system becomes a part of the 2189 state-wide probation system and, on or after said date, said employees shall be subject to 2190 the salary schedules and other personnel policies of the department, except that the salaries 2191 of such employees shall not be reduced as a result of becoming employees of the 2192 department.

(c) When an employee of a county probation system becomes an employee of the
department pursuant to subsection (b) of this Code section at the same or a greater salary,
the change in employment shall not constitute involuntary separation from service or
termination of employment within the meaning of any local retirement or pension system
of which the employee was a member at the time of such change in employment, and the

- 2198 change in employment shall not entitle the employee to begin receiving any retirement or
- 2199 pension benefit whatsoever under any such local retirement or pension system.

(d) No leave time accrued by an employee of a county probation system shall be
 transferred when the employee becomes a state employee. Any leave time accrued by an

- 2202 employee of such county probation system shall be satisfied as a debt owed to the
- 2203 employee by the county.
- 2204 <u>42-8-44.</u> <u>42-8-43.</u>
- 2205 This article shall be liberally construed so that its purposes may be achieved."

2206PART V2207CONFORMING REFERENCES2208SECTION 5-1.

2209 Title 15 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to courts, is amended by revising subsection (c) of Code Section 15-1-4, relating to the extent of contempt power, as follows: 2210 2211 "(c) When a person who is gainfully employed violates an order of the court granting 2212 temporary or permanent alimony or child support and the judge finds the person in 2213 contempt of court, the sentencing judge may sentence the respondent to a term of 2214 confinement in a diversion center and participation in a diversion program if such a 2215 program has been established by a county pursuant to the provisions of Article $\frac{8}{5}$ of 2216 Chapter 8 3 of Title 42."

2217

SECTION 5-2.

Said title is further amended by revising paragraphs (3) and (7) of subsection (a) of CodeSection 15-1-15, relating to drug court divisions, as follows:

2220 "(3) Each drug court division shall establish a planning group to develop a work plan. The planning group shall include the judges, prosecuting attorneys, public defenders, 2221 2222 probation community supervision officers, and persons having expertise in the field of 2223 substance abuse. The work plan shall address the operational, coordination, resource, information management, and evaluation needs of the drug court division. The work plan 2224 shall include drug court division policies and practices related to implementing the 2225 standards and practices developed pursuant to paragraph (4) of this subsection. The work 2226 plan shall ensure a risk and needs assessment is used to identify the likelihood of 2227 recidivating and identify the needs that, when met, reduce recidivism. The work plan 2228 2229 shall ensure that drug court division eligibility shall be focused on moderate-risk and 2230 high-risk offenders as determined by a risk and needs assessment. The drug court

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division shall combine judicial supervision, treatment of drug court division participants,and drug testing."

"(7) The court instituting the drug court division may request probation <u>community</u>
 <u>supervision</u> officers and other employees of the court to perform duties for the drug court
 division. Such employees shall perform duties as directed by the judges of the drug court
 division."

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SECTION 5-3.

Said title is further amended by revising paragraph (3) of subsection (b) of Code Section15-1-16, relating to mental health court divisions, as follows:

''(3) Each mental health court division shall establish a planning group to develop a 2240 2241 written work plan. The planning group shall include judges, prosecuting attorneys, sheriffs or their designees, public defenders, probation community supervision officers, 2242 and persons having expertise in the field of mental health. The work plan shall address 2243 2244 the operational, coordination, resource, information management, and evaluation needs 2245 of the mental health court division. The work plan shall include mental health court division policies and practices related to implementing the standards and practices 2246 2247 developed pursuant to paragraph (4) of this subsection. The work plan shall ensure a risk 2248 and needs assessment is used to identify the likelihood of recidivating and identify the 2249 needs that, when met, reduce recidivism. The work plan shall ensure that mental health 2250 court division eligibility shall be focused on moderate-risk and high-risk offenders as 2251 determined by a risk and needs assessment. The mental health court division shall 2252 combine judicial supervision, treatment of mental health court division participants, and drug and mental health testing. Defendants charged with murder, murder in the second 2253 2254 degree, armed robbery, rape, aggravated sodomy, aggravated sexual battery, aggravated 2255 child molestation, or child molestation shall not be eligible for entry into the mental health court division, except in the case of a separate court supervised reentry program 2256 2257 designed to more closely monitor mentally ill offenders returning to the community after having served a term of incarceration. Any such court supervised community reentry 2258 2259 program for mentally ill offenders shall be subject to the work plan as provided for in this paragraph." 2260

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SECTION 5-4.

Said title is further amended by revising paragraph (3) of subsection (b) of Code Section15-1-17, relating to veterans court divisions, as follows:

2264 "(3) Each veterans court division shall establish a planning group to develop a written
2265 work plan. The planning group shall include judges, prosecuting attorneys, sheriffs or

2266 their designees, public defenders, probation community supervision officers, and persons having expertise in services available to veterans. The work plan shall address the 2267 2268 operational, coordination, resource, information management, and evaluation needs of 2269 the veterans court division. The work plan shall include veterans court division policies 2270 and practices related to implementing the standards and practices developed pursuant to 2271 paragraph (4) of this subsection. The veterans court division shall combine judicial 2272 supervision, treatment of veterans court division participants, and drug and mental health 2273 testing. The work plan shall include eligibility criteria for the veterans court division. 2274 Defendants charged with murder, armed robbery, rape, aggravated sodomy, aggravated sexual battery, aggravated child molestation, or child molestation shall not be eligible for 2275 entry into the veterans court division, except in the case of a separate court supervised 2276 2277 reentry program designed to more closely monitor veterans returning to the community after having served a term of incarceration. Any such court supervised community 2278 reentry program for mentally ill offenders shall be subject to the work plan as provided 2279 2280 for in this paragraph."

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SECTION 5-5.

Said title is further amended by revising subsection (i) of Code Section 15-6-77, relating tosuperior court fees, as follows:

2284 "(i) No fees shall be charged for the following:

(1) Recording discharge certificates of veterans, as provided in Code Section 15-6-78;

2286 (2) Filing a petition as provided in Code Section 42-8-66;

2287 (2)(3) Recording and certifying documents in connection with admission to practice law;
 and

(3)(4) Costs associated with the filing of criminal charges by an alleged victim of a
violation of Code Section 16-5-90, 16-5-91, 16-6-1, 16-6-2, 16-6-3, 16-6-4, 16-6-5.1,
16-6-22.1, or 16-6-22.2 or an alleged victim of any domestic violence offense or for the
issuance or service of a warrant, protective order, or witness subpoena arising from the
violation of Code Section 16-5-90, 16-5-91, 16-6-1, 16-6-2, 16-6-3, 16-6-4, 16-6-5.1,
16-6-22.1, or 16-6-22.2 or the incident of domestic violence."

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SECTION 5-6.

Said title is further amended by revising subsection (a) of Code Section 15-5-81, relating tothe advisory council to the Georgia Courts Automation Commission, as follows:

2298 "(a) There shall be an advisory council to the Georgia Courts Automation Commission.

2299 The advisory council shall consist of: the director of the Georgia Bureau of Investigation

2300 or the director's designee, the commissioner of corrections or the commissioner's designee,

the commissioner of community supervision or the commissioner's designee, the commissioner of public safety or the commissioner's designee, the chairman chairperson of the State Board of Pardons and Paroles or the chairman's chairperson's designee, the director of the Administrative Office of the Courts or the director's designee, the director of the Criminal Justice Coordinating Council or the director's designee, the director of the Governor's Office for Children and Families or the director's designee, and the executive director of the Georgia Technology Authority or the executive director's designee."

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SECTION 5-7.

Said title is further amended by revising subsection (a) of Code Section 15-6-30, relating totravel expenses for judges of the superior courts, as follows:

2311 "(a) The judges of the superior courts of this state shall be entitled to receive, in addition 2312 to the compensation provided by law, reimbursement of travel expenses incurred when 2313 such a judge attends any court in his or her judicial circuit other than the court in the county 2314 of the residence of the judge or when the judge is required to be in any county in his or her 2315 circuit other than the county of his or her residence in the discharge of any judicial duty or 2316 function, required by law, pertaining to the superior court of such county. Judges and 2317 senior judges of the superior courts shall also be entitled to receive reimbursement under 2318 this Code section of travel expenses incurred when any such judge is designated to preside 2319 in the place of an absent Justice of the Supreme Court or attends a meeting of a judicial 2320 administrative district, The Council of Superior Court Judges of Georgia, the Judicial 2321 Council of Georgia, the Advisory Council for Probation the Board of Community 2322 Supervision, the Judicial Qualifications Commission, or any committee or subcommittee of any such body, or when any such judge attends a meeting with the personnel of any state 2323 2324 department or other state agency when such meeting is held to carry out a public purpose; 2325 provided, however, that any expenses for which reimbursement is received under this subsection shall not be eligible for reimbursement under Code Section 15-6-32." 2326

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SECTION 5-8.

Said title is further amended by adding a new paragraph to Code Section 15-11-2, relatingto definitions regarding general provisions of the Juvenile Code, to read as follows:

- 2330 "(13.1) 'Community supervision officer' means an individual employed by the
 2331 Department of Community Supervision who supervises probationers who were
- 2332 <u>adjudicated for committing a Class A designated felony act or Class B designated felony</u>
- 2333 act, placed in restrictive custody, and released from such custody."

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2334	SECTION 5-9.
2335	Said title is further amended by revising subsections (b) and (c) of Code Section 15-11-58,
2336	relating to the Council of Juvenile Court Judges, role, and director, as follows:
2337	"(b) The Council of Juvenile Court Judges:
2338	(1) Shall meet at stated times to be fixed by it or on call of the chairperson;
2339	(2) May establish general policies for the conduct of courts exercising jurisdiction over
2340	children;
2341	(3) May promulgate uniform rules and forms governing procedures and practices of the
2342	courts;
2343	(4) Shall publish in print or electronically an annual report of the work of the courts
2344	exercising jurisdiction over children, which shall include statistical and other data on the
2345	courts' work and services, research studies the council may make of the problems of
2346	children and families dealt with by the courts, and any recommendations for legislation;
2347	and
2348	(5) Shall be authorized to inspect and copy records of the courts, law enforcement
2349	agencies, the department, the Department of Community Supervision, and DJJ for the
2350	purpose of compiling statistical data on children.
2351	(c) Subject to the approval of the Council of Juvenile Court Judges, the presiding judge
2352	of the council shall appoint a chief administrative and executive officer for the council who
2353	shall have the title of director of the Council of Juvenile Court Judges. Under the general
2354	supervision of the presiding judge of the council and within the policies established by the
2355	council, the director shall:
2356	(1) Provide consultation to the courts regarding the administration of court services and
2357	the recruitment and training of personnel;
2358	(2) Make recommendations to the council for improvement in court services;
2359	(3) With the approval of the presiding judge, appoint consultants and necessary clerical
2360	personnel to perform the duties assigned to the council and the director;
2361	(4) Collect necessary statistics and prepare an annual report of the work of the courts;
2362	(5) Promulgate in cooperation with DJJ standard procedures for coordinating DJJ. the
2363	Department of Community Supervision, and county juvenile probation services
2364	throughout this state; and
2365	(6) Perform such other duties as the presiding judge of the council shall specify."
2366	SECTION 5-10.
2367	Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 15-11-67, relating to duties of

2368 probation officers, as follows:

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- "15-11-67. 2369 (a) A county juvenile probation officer or DJJ staff member serving as a juvenile probation 2370 2371 officer or community supervision officer, as appropriate: 2372 (1) Shall make investigations, reports, and recommendations to the court as directed by 2373 this chapter; 2374 (2) Shall supervise and assist a child placed on probation or under the protective 2375 supervision or care of such probation officer by order of the court or other authority of 2376 law; 2377 (3) May, unless otherwise ordered by the court, determine if a child should be placed on 2378 unsupervised probation and, if so, place a child on unsupervised probation; 2379 (4) Shall make appropriate referrals to other private or public agencies of the community 2380 if such assistance appears to be needed or desirable; 2381 (5) May take into custody and detain a child who is under the supervision or care of such 2382 probation officer if the probation such officer has reasonable cause to believe that such 2383 child's health or safety or that of another is in imminent danger or that such child may 2384 abscond or be removed from the jurisdiction of the court, or when so ordered by the court 2385 pursuant to this chapter;
- (6) May not conduct accusatory proceedings against a child who is or may be under such
 probation officer's care or supervision;
- (7) Shall perform all other functions designated by this chapter or by order of the court
 pursuant to this chapter. Any of the functions specified in this Code section may be
 performed in another state if authorized by the court located in this state and permitted
 by the laws of the other state; and
- 2392 (8) Other laws to the contrary notwithstanding, no probation <u>such</u> officer shall be liable
- for the acts of a child not detained or taken into custody when, in the judgment of suchofficer, such detention or custody is not warranted.
- (b) Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this Code section, DJJ, as the employer, shall
 maintain sole authority over the duties and responsibilities of all DJJ staff members serving
 as probation officers and the Department of Community Supervision shall maintain sole
 authority over the duties and responsibilities of all of such department's staff serving as
 community supervision officers."
- 2400

SECTION 5-11.

Said title is further amended by revising subparagraph (F) of paragraph (5) of Code Section15-11-471, relating to definitions, as follows:

2403 "(F) Electronic monitoring, as such term is defined in Code Section 42-8-151
2404 42-3-111;"

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2405	SECTION 5-12.
2406	Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 15-11-473, relating to conduct of
2407	delinquency proceedings by prosecuting attorney and access to information, as follows:
2408	"15-11-473.
2409	(a) A prosecuting attorney shall conduct delinquency proceedings on behalf of the state.
2410	(b) Except as provided in Article 9 of this chapter, in any delinquency proceeding, the
2411	prosecuting attorney shall be entitled to complete access to all court files, probation files,
2412	hearing transcripts, delinquency reports, and any other juvenile court records. It shall be
2413	the duty of the clerk, probation and intake officer, probation officers of the juvenile court,
2414	community supervision officers, and DJJ to assist a prosecuting attorney in obtaining any
2415	requested items."
2416	SECTION 5-13.
2417	Said title is further amended by revising subsection (h) of Code Section 15-11-506, relating
2418	to detention hearing and time limitations, as follows:
2419	"(h) If an alleged delinquent child cannot be returned to the custody of his or her parent,
2420	guardian, or legal custodian, a probation officer or community supervision officer, as
2421	applicable, shall provide referrals for services as soon as possible to enable such child's
2422	parent, guardian, or legal custodian to obtain any assistance that may be needed to
2423	effectively provide the care and control necessary for such child to return home."
2424	SECTION 5-14.
2425	Said title is further amended by revising subsection (b) of Code Section 15-11-562, relating
2426	to transfer criteria and probation officer written report contents regarding an alleged
2427	delinquent child, as follows:
2428	"(b) A probation officer, or community supervision officer, as applicable, shall prepare a
2429	written report developing fully all available information relevant to the transfer criteria.
2430	Such A probation officer shall submit such report to the parties and the court as soon as
2431	practicable but not later than 24 hours before the scheduled hearing. The child subject to
2432	transfer and the prosecuting attorney shall have the right to review such report and
2433	cross-examine the individual making such report."

SECTION 5-15.

Said title is further amended by revising paragraphs (2) and (3) of subsection (a) of CodeSection 15-11-601, relating to disposition of a delinquent act, as follows:

2437 "(2) An order requiring such child and his or her parent, guardian, or legal custodian to2438 participate in counseling or in counsel and advice. Such counseling and counsel and

advice may be provided by the court, court personnel, probation officers, <u>community</u>
<u>supervision officers</u>, professional counselors or social workers, psychologists, physicians,
physician assistants, qualified volunteers, or appropriate public, private, or volunteer
agencies and shall be designed to assist in deterring future delinquent acts or other
conduct or conditions which would be harmful to such child or society;

(3) An order placing such child on probation under conditions and limitations the court
prescribes and which may include the probation management program. The court may
place such child on probation under the supervision of:

2447 (A) A probation officer of the court or the court of another state <u>or a community</u>
2448 <u>supervision officer;</u>

(B) Any public agency authorized by law to receive and provide care for such child;or

(C) Any community rehabilitation center if its chief executive officer has
acknowledged in writing its willingness to accept the responsibility for the supervision
of such child;"

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SECTION 5-16.

Said title is further amended by revising subsection (b) of Code Section 15-11-710, relatingto exchange of information, as follows:

2457 "(b) Governmental entities and state, county, municipal, or consolidated government 2458 departments, boards, or agencies shall exchange with each other all information not held 2459 as confidential pursuant to federal law and relating to a child which may aid a 2460 governmental entity in the assessment, treatment, intervention, or rehabilitation of a child, 2461 notwithstanding Code Section 15-1-15, 15-11-40, 15-11-105, 15-11-170, 15-11-264, 2462 15-11-541, 15-11-542, 15-11-603, 15-11-708, 15-11-709, 15-11-744, 20-2-751.2, 20-14-40, 24-12-10, 24-12-11, 24-12-20, 26-4-5, 26-4-80, 26-5-17, 31-5-5, 31-33-6, 2463 2464 37-1-53, 37-2-9.1, 42-5-36, 42-8-40, 42-8-106 42-8-109.2, 49-5-40, 49-5-41, 49-5-41.1, 49-5-44, 49-5-45, 49-5-183, 49-5-184, 49-5-185, or 49-5-186, in order to serve the best 2465 2466 interests of such child. Information which is shared pursuant to this subsection shall not 2467 be utilized to assist in the prosecution of a child in juvenile, superior, or state court or utilized to the detriment of such child." 2468

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SECTION 5-17.

Said title is further amended by revising subsection (a) of Code Section 15-11-705, relatingto child in need of services records and penalty for disclosure, as follows:

2472 "(a) Notwithstanding other provisions of this article, the court records of proceedings under2473 Article 5 of this chapter shall be withheld from public inspection but shall be open to

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inspection by juvenile probation and parole officers, <u>community supervision officers</u>, a
child who is a party in a proceeding, his or her parent, guardian, or legal custodian, such
child's attorney, and others entrusted with the supervision of such child. Additional access
to court records may be granted by court order."

Said title is further amended by revising subsection (f) of Code Section 15-12-40.1, relating
to the state-wide master jury list, driver's license information, list of registered voters, and
random list of persons to comprise venire, as follows:

SECTION 5-18.

2482 "(f) On and after July 1, 2015, upon request by the council, the Department of Community Supervision and, on and after July 1, 2014, upon request by the council, the Department 2483 2484 of Corrections, the Georgia Crime Information Center division of the Georgia Bureau of 2485 Investigation, and the State Board of Pardons and Paroles shall provide to the council, without cost, a list of the names of all persons who have been convicted of a felony in state 2486 2487 or federal court if the person has not had his or her civil rights restored. In addition to the 2488 convicted person's full name, the data shall include the person's address, including the county of residence and ZIP Code, date of birth, gender, and race if available. Such data 2489 2490 shall be in electronic format as required by the council."

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SECTION 5-19.

Title 16 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to crimes and offenses, is
amended by revising subsection (m) of Code Section 16-5-21, relating to aggravated assault,
as follows:

2495 "(m) A person who knowingly commits the offense of aggravated assault upon an officer 2496 of the court while such officer is engaged in, or on account of the performance of, his or 2497 her official duties shall, upon conviction thereof, be punished by imprisonment for not less 2498 than five nor more than 20 years. As used in this subsection, the term 'officer of the court' 2499 means a judge, attorney, clerk of court, deputy clerk of court, court reporter, court 2500 interpreter, or probation officer community supervision officer, county or Department of 2501 Juvenile Justice juvenile probation officer, or probation officer serving pursuant to Article 2502 6 of Chapter 8 of Title 42."

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SECTION 5-20.

Said title is further amended by revising paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of Code Section
16-6-5.1, relating to sexual assault by persons with supervisory or disciplinary authority,
sexual assault by practitioner of psychotherapy against patient, consent not a defense, and
penalty upon conviction for sexual assault, as follows:
2508 "(2) Is an employee or agent of any probation or parole office community supervision
2509 office, county juvenile probation office, Department of Juvenile Justice juvenile
2510 probation office, or probation office under Article 6 of Chapter 8 of Title 42 and engages
2511 in sexual contact with such other individual who the actor knew or should have known
2512 is a probationer or parolee under the supervision of the same probation or parole such
2513 office;"

2514

SECTION 5-21.

Said title is further amended by revising subsection (a) of Code Section 16-6-25, relating to
harboring, concealing, or withholding information concerning a sexual offender and
penalties, as follows:

2518 "(a) As used in this Code section, the term 'law enforcement unit' means any agency,
2519 organ, or department of this state, or a subdivision or municipality thereof, whose primary
2520 functions include the enforcement of criminal or traffic laws; the preservation of public
2521 order; the protection of life and property; or the prevention, detection, or investigation of
2522 crime. Such term shall also include the Department of Corrections, the Department of
2523 <u>Community Supervision</u>, and the State Board of Pardons and Paroles."

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SECTION 5-22.

Said title is further amended by revising subsection (b) of Code Section 16-10-24, relatingto obstructing or hindering law enforcement officers, as follows:

2527 "(b) Whoever knowingly and willfully resists, obstructs, or opposes any law enforcement officer, prison guard, correctional officer, probation supervisor, parole supervisor 2528 community supervision officer, county or Department of Juvenile Justice juvenile 2529 2530 probation officer, probation officer serving pursuant to Article 6 of Chapter 8 of Title 42, or conservation ranger in the lawful discharge of his <u>or her</u> official duties by offering or 2531 doing violence to the person of such officer or legally authorized person is guilty of a 2532 felony and shall, upon conviction thereof, be punished by imprisonment for not less than 2533 2534 one nor more than five years."

2535 SECTION 5-23.
2536 Said title is further amended by revising subsection (b) of Code Section 16-10-33, relating
2537 to removal or attempted removal of weapon from public official and punishment, as follows:
2538 "(b) It shall be unlawful for any person knowingly to remove or attempt to remove a
2539 firearm, chemical spray, or baton from the possession of another person if:
2540 (1) The other person is lawfully acting within the course and scope of employment; and

(2) The person has knowledge or reason to know that the other person is employed as:

2542 (A) A peace officer as defined in paragraph (8) of Code Section 35-8-2; (B) A probation officer, or other An employee with the power of arrest, by the 2543 2544 Department of Corrections; 2545 (C) A parole supervisor, or other <u>An</u> employee with the power of arrest, by the State 2546 Board of Pardons and Paroles; 2547 (D) A community supervision officer or other employee with the power of arrest by 2548 the Department of Community Supervision; $(\mathbf{D})(\mathbf{E})$ A jail officer or guard by a county or municipality and has the responsibility of 2549 2550 supervising inmates who are confined in a county or municipal jail or other detention 2551 facility; or (E)(F) A juvenile correctional officer by the Department of Juvenile Justice and has the 2552 2553 primary responsibility for the supervision and control of youth confined in such department's programs and facilities." 2554 **SECTION 5-24.** 2555 Said title is further amended by revising subsection (b) of Code Section 16-10-34, relating 2556 2557 to the use of laser devices against law enforcement officers, as follows: 2558 "(b) It shall be unlawful for any person to knowingly and intentionally project upon a law 2559 enforcement officer any laser device without such officer's permission if: 2560 (1) The law enforcement officer is lawfully acting within the course and scope of 2561 employment; and 2562 (2) The person has knowledge or reason to know that the law enforcement officer is 2563 employed as: 2564 (A) A peace officer as defined in paragraph (8) of Code Section 35-8-2; 2565 (B) <u>An A probation officer, or other employee with the power of arrest</u>, by the 2566 Department of Corrections; (C) <u>An A parole supervisor, or other employee with the power of arrest</u>, by the State 2567 2568 Board of Pardons and Paroles; 2569 (D) A community supervision officer or other employee with the power of arrest by the Department of Community Supervision; 2570 $(\mathbf{D})(\mathbf{E})$ A jail officer or guard by a county or municipality and has the responsibility of 2571 supervising inmates who are confined in a county or municipal jail or other detention 2572 2573 facility; or (E)(F) A juvenile correctional officer <u>or juvenile probation officer</u> by the Department 2574 of Juvenile Justice and has the primary responsibility for the supervision and control 2575 2576 of youth confined in such department's programs and facilities."

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2577	SECTION 5-25.
2578	Said title is further amended by revising subsection (b) of Code Section 16-10-97, relating
2579	to intimidation or injury of juror, court officer, or law enforcement officer, as follows:
2580	"(b) As used in this Code section, the term 'any officer in or of any court' means a judge,
2581	attorney, clerk of court, deputy clerk of court, court reporter, or probation officer
2582	community supervision officer, county or Department of Juvenile Justice juvenile
2583	probation officer, or probation officer serving pursuant to Article 6 of Chapter 8 of Title
2584	<u>42</u> ."
2585	SECTION 5-26.
2586	Said title is further amended by revising subsection (d) of Code Section 16-11-37, relating
2587	to terroristic threats and acts and penalties, as follows:
2588	"(d) A person who commits or attempts to commit a terroristic threat or act with the intent
2589	to retaliate against any person for:
2590	(1) Attending a judicial or administrative proceeding as a witness, attorney, judge, clerk
2591	of court, deputy clerk of court, court reporter, probation officer community supervision
2592	officer, county or Department of Juvenile Justice juvenile probation officer, probation
2593	officer serving pursuant to Article 6 of Chapter 8 of Title 42, or party or producing any
2594	record, document, or other object in a judicial or official proceeding; or
2595	(2) Providing to a law enforcement officer, adult or juvenile probation officer community
2596	supervision officer, county or Department of Juvenile Justice juvenile probation officer,
2597	probation officer serving pursuant to Article 6 of Chapter 8 of Title 42, prosecuting
2598	attorney, or judge any information relating to the commission or possible commission of
2599	an offense under the laws of this state or of the United States or a violation of conditions
2600	of bail, pretrial release, probation, or parole
2601	shall be guilty of the offense of a terroristic threat or act and, upon conviction thereof, shall
2602	be punished, for a terroristic threat, by imprisonment for not less than five nor more than
2603	ten years or by a fine of not less than \$50,000.00, or both, and, for a terroristic act, by
2604	imprisonment for not less than five nor more than 20 years or by a fine of not less than
2605	\$100,000.00, or both."
2606	SECTION 5-27.
2607	Said title is further amended by revising paragraphs (5) and (12) of subsection (c) of Code
2608	Section 16-11-127.1, relating to carrying weapons within school safety zones, at school

functions, or on a bus or other transportation furnished by a school, as follows:
"(5) The following persons, when acting in the performance of their official duties or

2611 when en route to or from their official duties:

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- 2612 (A) A peace officer as defined by Code Section 35-8-2; 2613 (B) A law enforcement officer of the United States government; 2614 (C) A prosecuting attorney of this state or of the United States; 2615 (D) An employee of the Georgia Department of Corrections or a correctional facility operated by a political subdivision of this state or the United States who is authorized 2616 2617 by the head of such <u>department or</u> correctional agency or facility to carry a firearm; 2618 (E) An employee of the Department of Community Supervision who is authorized by the commissioner of community supervision to carry a firearm; 2619 2620 (E)(F) A person employed as a campus police officer or school security officer who 2621 is authorized to carry a weapon in accordance with Chapter 8 of Title 20; and (F)(G) Medical examiners, coroners, and their investigators who are employed by the 2622 2623 state or any political subdivision thereof;" 2624 "(12) <u>Community supervision officers</u> Probation supervisors employed by and under the authority of the Department of Corrections pursuant to Article 2 of Chapter 8 of Title 42, 2625 2626 known as the 'State-wide Probation Act,' Community Supervision when specifically 2627 designated and authorized in writing by the director of the Division of Probation 2628 commissioner of community supervision;"
- 2629

SECTION 5-28.

- Said title is further amended by revising paragraph (9) of subsection (a) and subsection (b)
 of Code Section 16-11-130, relating to exemptions from Code Sections 16-11-126 through
 16-11-127.2, as follows:
- 2633 "(9) <u>Community supervision</u> Chief probation officers, probation officers, intensive
 2634 probation officers, and surveillance officers employed by and under the authority of the
 2635 Department of Corrections pursuant to Article 2 of Chapter 8 of Title 42, known as the
 2636 'State-wide Probation Act,' <u>Community Supervision</u> when specifically designated and
 2637 authorized in writing by the director of Division of Probation commissioner of
 2638 community supervision;"
- 2639 "(b) Code Sections 16-11-126 through 16-11-127.2 shall not apply to or affect persons who
 2640 at the time of their retirement from service with the Department of Corrections Community
 2641 Supervision were chief probation officers, probation officers, intensive probation officers,
 2642 or surveillance community supervision officers, when specifically designated and
 2643 authorized in writing by the director of the Division of Probation commissioner of
 2644 community supervision."

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SECTION 5-29.

Title 17 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to criminal procedure, is amended by revising subsection (d) and paragraph (1) of subsection (h) of Code Section 17-6-1.1, relating to electronic pretrial release and monitoring program for defendants, requirements, procedures, and fees, as follows:

2650 "(d) A defendant may not be released to, or remain in, an electronic pretrial release and
2651 monitoring program who if such defendant has any other outstanding warrants, accusations,
2652 indictments, holds, or incarceration orders from any other court, law enforcement agency,
2653 or probation or parole officer community supervision officer, county or Department of
2654 Juvenile Justice juvenile probation officer, or probation officer serving pursuant to Article
2655 <u>6 of Chapter 8 of Title 42</u> that require the posting of bond or further adjudication."

2656 "(h)(1) As an additional condition of electronic pretrial release and monitoring, a
2657 defendant authorized to participate in such program by the court shall pay a reasonable,
2658 nonrefundable fee for program enrollment, equipment use, and monitoring to the provider
2659 of such program. If a bonding company, bonding agent, or probation service provider is
2660 the provider, the fees earned in the capacity of being such a provider shall be in addition
2661 to the fees allowed in Code Sections 17-6-30, 42-8-34, and 42-8-100 42-8-102."

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SECTION 5-30.

Said title is further amended by revising paragraphs (2), (5), and (7) of subsection (a) and subsection (d) of Code Section 17-10-1, relating to fixing of sentence, suspension or probation of sentence, change in sentence, eligibility for parole, prohibited modifications, and exceptions, as follows:

2667 "(2) Active probation supervision shall terminate in all cases no later than two years from 2668 the commencement of active probation supervision unless specially extended or 2669 reinstated by the sentencing court upon notice and hearing and for good cause shown; provided, however, that in those cases involving the collection of fines, restitution, or 2670 2671 other funds, the period of active probation supervision shall remain in effect for so long as any such obligation is outstanding, or until termination of the sentence, whichever first 2672 occurs, and for those cases involving a conviction under Chapter 15 of Title 16, the 2673 2674 'Georgia Street Gang Terrorism and Prevention Act,' the period of active probation 2675 supervision shall remain in effect until the termination of the sentence, but shall not exceed five years unless as otherwise provided in this paragraph. Supervision Active 2676 probation supervision shall not be required for defendants sentenced to probation while 2677 the defendant is in the legal custody of the Department of Corrections or the State Board 2678 2679 of Pardons and Paroles."

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2680 (5)(A) When a defendant has been sentenced to probation, the court shall retain 2681 jurisdiction throughout the period of the probated sentence as provided for in subsection 2682 (g) of Code Section 42-8-34. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the court 2683 may shorten the period of active probation supervision or unsupervised probation on motion of the defendant or on its own motion, or upon the request of a probation 2684 2685 supervisor community supervision officer, if the court determines that probation is no 2686 longer necessary or appropriate for the ends of justice, the protection of society, and the rehabilitation of the defendant. Prior to entering any order for shortening a period of 2687 2688 probation, the court shall afford notice to the victim or victims of all sex related 2689 offenses or violent offenses resulting in serious bodily injury or death and, upon request of the victim or victims so notified, shall afford notice and an opportunity for hearing 2690 2691 to the defendant and the prosecuting attorney.

2692 (B) The Department of Corrections Community Supervision shall establish a form document which shall include the elements set forth in this Code section concerning 2693 2694 notification of victims and shall make copies of such form available to prosecuting 2695 attorneys in this state. When requested by the victim, the form document shall be provided to the victim by the prosecuting attorney. The form shall include the address 2696 2697 of the probation community supervision office having jurisdiction over the case and 2698 contain a statement that the victim must maintain a copy of his or her address with the 2699 probation community supervision office and must notify the office of any change of address in order to maintain eligibility for notification by the Department of Corrections 2700 2701 Community Supervision as required in this Code section."

2702 "(7) As used in this subsection, the term:

(A) 'Active probation supervision' means the period of a probated sentence in which
 a probationer actively reports to his or her probation supervisor community supervision
 officer or is otherwise under the direct supervision of a probation supervisor community
 supervision officer.

(B) 'Unsupervised probation' means the period of a probated sentence that followsactive probation supervision in which:

(i) All of the conditions and limitations imposed by the court remain intact;

2710 (ii) A probationer may have reduced reporting requirements; and

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(iii) A probation supervisor community supervision officer shall not actively supervise such probationer."

2713 "(d) In any case involving a misdemeanor or a felony in which the defendant has been
2714 punished in whole or in part by a fine, the sentencing judge shall be authorized to allow the
2715 defendant to satisfy such fine through community service as defined in paragraph (2) of
2716 Code Section 42-8-70 42-3-50. One hour of community service shall equal the dollar

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amount of one hour of paid labor at the minimum wage under the federal Fair Labor
Standards Act of 1938, as now or hereafter amended, unless otherwise specified by the
sentencing judge. A defendant shall be required to serve the number of hours in
community service which equals the number derived by dividing the amount of the fine by
the federal minimum hourly wage or by the amount specified by the sentencing judge.
Prior to or subsequent to sentencing, a defendant may request the court that all or any
portion of a fine may be satisfied under this subsection."

- 2724 SECTION 5-31. 2725 Said title is further amended by adding a new Code section to read as follows: 2726 "17-10-1.4. 2727 (a) As used in this Code section, the term 'split sentence' means any felony sentence that 2728 includes a term of imprisonment followed by a term of probation. (b) In any case where a judge on or after July 1, 2015, sentences a defendant to a split 2729 2730 sentence, post-incarceration supervision of the defendant shall be conducted exclusively 2731 by the Department of Community Supervision and not by the State Board of Pardons and
- 2732 Paroles, regardless of whether the defendant has served the full period of incarceration
- 2733 ordered in the sentence or has been released prior to the full period of incarceration by
- 2734 parole, conditional release, or other action of the State Board of Pardons and Paroles."
- 2735 SECTION 5-32.
 2736 Said title is further amended by revising subsection (f) of Code Section 17-10-3, relating to
 2737 punishment for misdemeanors generally, as follows:
- "(f) The Department of Corrections Community Supervision shall lack jurisdiction to
 supervise misdemeanor offenders, except when the sentence is made concurrent to a
 probated felony sentence or as provided in Code Section 42-8-109.5. Except as provided
 in this subsection, the Department of Corrections shall lack jurisdiction to confine
 misdemeanor offenders."
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SECTION 5-33.

Said title is further amended by revising subsections (c) and (d) of Code Section 17-10-9.1,
relating to voluntary surrender to county jail or correctional institution and release of
defendant, as follows:

2747 "(c) When a defendant submits a request to the sentencing judge to be allowed to surrender
2748 voluntarily to a county jail or a correctional facility, the judge may consider the request and
2749 if, taking into the consideration the crime for which the defendant is being sentenced, the
2750 history of the defendant, and any other factors which may aid in the decision, the judge

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2751 determines that the granting of the request will pose no threat to society, the defendant shall be remanded to the supervision of a probation officer community supervision officer, 2752 2753 county or Department of Juvenile Justice juvenile probation officer, or probation officer serving pursuant to Article 6 of Chapter 8 of Title 42 by the judge and ordered to surrender 2754 2755 voluntarily to a county jail designated by the court or to a correctional institution as thereafter designated by the Department of Corrections. The surrender date shall be a date 2756 2757 thereafter specified as provided in subsection (d) of this Code section. The sentence of any defendant who is released pursuant to this Code section shall not begin to run until such 2758 2759 person surrenders to the facility designated by the court or by the department, provided that such person will shall receive credit toward his or her sentence for time spent in 2760 confinement awaiting trial as provided in Code Section 17-10-11. 2761

2762 (d) In the event the defendant is ordered to surrender voluntarily to a county jail, the court shall designate the date on which the defendant shall surrender, which date shall not be 2763 2764 more than 120 days after the date of conviction. When the sentencing judge issues an order requiring a defendant to surrender voluntarily to a correctional institution, the Department 2765 of Corrections shall authorize the commitment and designate the correctional institution 2766 2767 to which the defendant shall report and the date on which the defendant is to report, which 2768 date shall not be more than 120 days after the date of conviction. Upon such designation, 2769 the department shall notify the supervising probation officer community supervision 2770 officer, county or Department of Juvenile Justice juvenile probation officer, or probation 2771 officer serving pursuant to Article 6 of Chapter 8 of Title 42, as applicable, who shall 2772 notify the defendant accordingly. Subsistence and transportation expenses en route to the 2773 correctional institution shall be borne by the defendant."

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SECTION 5-34.

Said title is further amended by revising subsections (a) through (c) of Code Section17-12-51, relating to repayment of attorney's fees as condition of probation, as follows:

2777 "(a) When a defendant who is represented by a public defender, who is paid in part or in
whole by a county, enters a plea of nolo contendere, first offender, or guilty or is otherwise
convicted, the court may impose as a condition of probation repayment of all or a portion
of the cost for providing legal representation and other expenses of the defense if the
payment does not impose a financial hardship upon the defendant or the defendant's
dependent or dependents. The defendant shall make the payment through the probation
department community supervision officer to the county.

(b) When a defendant who is represented by a public defender, who is paid in part or in
whole by a municipality, enters a plea of nolo contendere, first offender, or guilty or is
otherwise convicted, the court may impose as a condition of probation repayment of all or

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a portion of the cost for providing legal representation and other expenses of the defense
if the payment does not impose a financial hardship upon the defendant or the defendant's
dependent or dependents. The defendant shall make the payment through the probation
department community supervision officer to the municipality.

(c) If a defendant who is represented by a public defender, who is paid for entirely by the 2791 2792 state, enters a plea of nolo contendere, first offender, or guilty or is otherwise convicted, 2793 the court may impose as a condition of probation repayment of all or a portion of the cost 2794 for providing legal representation and other costs of the defense if the payment does not 2795 impose a financial hardship upon such defendant or such defendant's dependent or 2796 dependents. Such defendant shall make such payment through the probation department community supervision officer to the Georgia Public Defender Standards Council for 2797 2798 payment to the general fund of the state treasury."

SECTION 5-35.

21))	SECTION 5-55.
2800	Said title is further amended by revising paragraph (4) of Code Section 17-14-2, relating to
2801	definitions relative to restitution, as follows:
2802	"(4) 'Ordering authority' means:
2803	(A) A court of competent jurisdiction;
2804	(B) The State Board of Pardons and Paroles;
2805	(C) The Department of Corrections;
2806	(D) The Department of Juvenile Justice; or
2807	(E) <u>The Department of Community Supervision; or</u>
2808	(F) Any combination thereof, as is required by the context."
2809	SECTION 5-36.
2810	Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 17-14-8, relating to apportionment of
2811	payments for fines and restitution and payment to victims, as follows:
2812	<i>"</i> 17-14-8.
2813	(a) In any case in which a court sentences an offender to pay restitution and a fine, if the
2814	court permits the offender to pay such restitution and fine in other than a lump sum, the
2815	clerk of any superior court of this state, probation officer or parole officer community
2816	supervision officer, county or Department of Juvenile Justice juvenile probation officer,
2817	probation officer serving pursuant to Article 6 of Chapter 8 of Title 42, or other official
2818	who receives such partial payments shall apply not less than one-half of each payment to
2819	the restitution before paying any portion of such fine or any forfeitures, costs, fees, or
2820	surcharges provided for by law to any agency, department, commission, committee,
2821	authority, board, or bureau of state or local government.
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2822 (b) The clerk of any court of this state, probation officer or parole officer community supervision officer, county or Department of Juvenile Justice juvenile probation officer, 2823 2824 probation officer serving pursuant to Article 6 of Chapter 8 of Title 42, or other official 2825 who receives partial payments for restitution shall pay the restitution amount to the victim 2826 as provided in the restitution order not later than the last day of each month, provided that 2827 the amount exceeds \$100.00. If the amount does not exceed \$100.00, the clerk of any court 2828 of this state, probation officer or parole officer community supervision officer, county or Department of Juvenile Justice juvenile probation officer, probation officer serving 2829 2830 pursuant to Article 6 of Chapter 8 of Title 42, or other official may allow the amount of 2831 restitution to accumulate until such time as it exceeds \$100.00 or until the end of the next 2832 calendar quarter, whichever occurs first."

2833 SECTION 5-37. 2834 Said title is further amended by revising subsection (c) of Code Section 17-14-14, relating 2835 to restitution payments, wage assignments, review of compliance, and interest, as follows: 2836 "(c) Until such time as the restitution has been paid or the sentence has been completed, 2837 the clerk of court or the probation or parole officer community supervision officer, county 2838 or Department of Juvenile Justice juvenile probation officer, or probation officer serving 2839 pursuant to Article 6 of Chapter 8 of Title 42 assigned to the case, whoever is responsible 2840 for collecting restitution, shall review the case not less frequently than twice yearly to 2841 ensure that restitution is being paid as ordered. If the restitution was ordered to be made 2842 within a specific period of time, the case shall be reviewed at the end of the specific period 2843 of time to determine if the restitution has been paid in full. The final review shall be 2844 conducted before the sentence or probationary or parole period expires. If it is determined 2845 at any review that restitution is not being paid as ordered, a written report of the violation 2846 shall be filed with the court on a form prescribed by the Council of Superior Court Clerks of Georgia." 2847

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SECTION 5-38.

Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 17-14-16, relating to provision of
copies of restitution orders to the Department of Corrections or the Department of Juvenile
Justice on remand of sentence, as follows:

2852 "17-14-16.

If an offender who is ordered to pay restitution under this article is remanded to the jurisdiction of the Department of Corrections or the Department of Juvenile Justice, the court shall provide transmit a copy of the restitution order to such department and to the

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2856 <u>Department of Community Supervision</u> when the offender is remanded to such
 2857 department's jurisdiction order is issued."

2858SECTION 5-39.2859Said title is further amended by revising subsections (e) and (f) of Code Section 17-15-13,2860relating to debt to state created, payment as condition of probation or parole, and payment2861into fund, as follows:

2862 "(e) Payments authorized or required under this Code section shall be paid into the fund.
2863 The board shall coordinate the development of policies and procedures for the State Board
2864 of Pardons and Paroles, the Department of Community Supervision, and the Administrative
2865 Office of the Courts to assure that restitution programs are administered in an effective
2866 manner to increase payments into the fund.

(f) In every case where an individual is serving under active probation supervision and
paying a supervision fee, \$9.00 per month shall be added to any supervision fee collected
by any entity authorized to collect such fees and shall be paid into the fund. This
subsection shall apply to probationers supervised under either Code Section 42-8-20 or
42-8-100 by community supervision officers or private probation officers or probation
officers pursuant to Article 6 of Chapter 8 of Title 42. The probation supervising entity
shall collect and forward the \$9.00 fee to the board by the end of each month."

Said title is further amended by revising paragraph (5) of Code Section 17-17-3, relating todefinitions regarding the "Crime Victims' Bill of Rights," as follows:

SECTION 5-40.

- 2877 "(5) 'Custodial authority' means a warden, sheriff, jailer, deputy sheriff, police officer,
 2878 correctional officer, officer or employee of the Department of Corrections or the
 2879 Department of Juvenile Justice, <u>community supervision officer or employee of the</u>
 2880 <u>Department of Community Supervision</u>, or any other law enforcement officer having
 2881 actual custody of the accused."
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SECTION 5-41.

Said title is further amended by revising paragraph (2) of subsection (c) of Code Section
17-17-8, relating to notification by prosecuting attorney of legal procedures and of victim's
rights in relation thereto and victims seeking restitution, as follows:

2886 "(2) The prosecuting attorney shall transmit the information collected in paragraph (1)
2887 of this subsection to the Department of Corrections, <u>Department of Community</u>
2888 <u>Supervision</u>, Department of Juvenile Justice, or the State Board of Pardons and Paroles,
2889 as applicable, if an order of restitution is entered."

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2890	SECTION 5-42.
2891	Said title is further amended by revising subsection (a) of Code Section 17-17-14, relating
2892	to victim required to provide current address and phone number to notifying parties, as
2893	follows:
2894	"(a) It is the right and responsibility of the victim who desires notification under this
2895	chapter or under any other notification statute to keep the following informed of the
2896	victim's current address and phone number:
2897	(1) The investigating law enforcement agency;
2898	(2) The prosecuting attorney, until final disposition or completion of the appellate and
2899	post-conviction process, whichever occurs later;
2900	(3) As directed by the prosecuting attorney, the sheriff if the accused is in the sheriff's
2901	custody for pretrial, trial, or post-conviction proceedings; the Department of Corrections
2902	if the accused is in the custody of the state; or any county correctional facility if the
2903	defendant is sentenced to serve time in a facility which is not a state facility; and
2904	(4) The Department of Community Supervision; and
2905	(4)(5) The State Board of Pardons and Paroles."
2906	SECTION 5-43.
2907	Title 19 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to domestic relations, is
2908	amended by revising subsection (a) of Code Section 19-7-52, relating to whom support
2909	payments made and enforcement and modification of orders, as follows:
2910	"(a) The court may order that support payments be made to the mother or other interested
2911	party, the child support receiver, the prosecuting attorney, the probation community
2912	supervision officer, or the clerk of court, provided that, in those cases where the action has
2913	been brought by the Department of Human Services on behalf of a child, the support
2914	payment shall be made to the Department of Human Services for distribution or to the child
2915	support receiver if the Department of Human Services so requests."
2916	SECTION 5-44.
2917	Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 19-11-21, relating to payment of child
2918	support to the Department of Human Services, as follows:
2918	"19-11-21.
2919	Payment of support pursuant to an administrative determination or a voluntary agreement
2921	shall be made to the department. In non-TANF cases, where the department deems it
2922	appropriate, it may authorize distribution of the actual payment by other individuals,
	TI I,

agencies, or entities and utilize certification schedules reflecting such payments ordistributions which the department requires, in accordance with the federal Social Security

2925 Act, as amended. Child support which is ordered by a court pursuant to a divorce decree or in any other proceeding in which the responsible parent is required to pay support for 2926 2927 his or her child or children, whether the proceeding is civil or criminal, shall be paid by the 2928 responsible parent, the clerk of court, the juvenile probation officer, the community 2929 supervision officer, the child support receiver, or a similar official who is collecting support 2930 to the department upon the department's certification that the child is a recipient of public 2931 assistance or upon the department's certification that an application has been filed with the department for enforcement of support in accordance with the provisions of the federal 2932 2933 Social Security Act."

2934SECTION 5-45.2935Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 19-11-67, relating to transmittal of2936payments to court of initiating state and certified statement of payments made by respondent2937relative to child support, as follows:

2938 *"*19-11-67.

A court of this state, when acting as a responding state, shall have the following duties,

2940 which may be carried out through the probation department of <u>community supervision</u>

- 2941 office, juvenile probation office, or probation office under the authority of Article 6 of
 2942 Chapter 8 of Title 42 for the court:
- (1) Upon the receipt of a payment made by the respondent pursuant to any order of the
 court or otherwise, to transmit the same forthwith to the court of the initiating state; and
 (2) Upon request, to furnish to the court of the initiating state a certified statement of all
 payments made by the respondent."

2948 Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 19-13-10, relating to definitions 2949 relative to family violence intervention, as follows:

SECTION 5-46.

2950 "19-13-10.

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As used in this article, the term:

2952 (1) 'Commission' means the State Commission on Family Violence.

2953 (2) 'Commissioner' means the commissioner of corrections <u>community supervision</u>.

2954 (3) 'Department' means the Department of Corrections Community Supervision.

(4) 'Family or household members' means past or present spouses, persons who are
parents of the same child, or other persons living or formerly living in the same
household.

(5) 'Family violence' means the commission of the offenses of battery, simple battery,
simple assault, assault, stalking, criminal damage to property, or criminal trespass
between family or household members.

(6) 'Family violence intervention program' or 'program' means any program that is
certified by the Department of Corrections Community Supervision pursuant to Code
Section 19-13-14 and designed to rehabilitate family violence offenders. The Such term
includes shall include, but is shall not be limited to, batterer intervention programs, anger
management programs, anger counseling, family problem resolution, and violence
therapy."

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SECTION 5-47.

2968 Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 19-13-31, relating to creation of the

State Commission on Family Violence, comprehensive state plan for ending family violence,and establishment of community task forces, as follows:

2971 "19-13-31.

There is created a State Commission on Family Violence which shall be responsible for developing a comprehensive state plan for ending family violence. This plan shall include the initiation, coordination, and oversight of the implementation of family violence laws and the establishment in each judicial circuit of a Community Task Force on Family Violence. These task forces shall be supported by and work in collaboration with the state commission. The commission shall be assigned for administrative purposes only, as set out in Code Section 50-4-3, to the Department of Corrections Community Supervision."

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SECTION 5-48.

Said title is further amended by revising subsection (a) of Code Section 19-13-32, relating
to membership, terms, filling of vacancies, and officers regarding the State Commission on
Family Violence, as follows:

2983 "(a) The State Commission on Family Violence shall consist of 37 members:

(1) Three ex officio members shall be the director of the Division of Family and Children
Services of the Department of Human Services, the director of Women's Health Services
in the Department of Public Health, and the Attorney General;

(2) Three members shall be members of the House of Representatives and shall beappointed by the Speaker of the House <u>of Representatives;</u>

(3) Three members shall be members of the Senate and shall be appointed by thePresident of the Senate;

(4) The remaining members shall be appointed by the Governor as follows:

2992 (A) One judge from each judicial administrative district;

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2993	(B) Three advocates for battered women recommended by groups which have
2994	addressed the problem of family violence;
2995	(C) One person with expertise and interest regarding family violence involving persons
2996	who are 60 years of age or older;
2997	(D) One person with expertise and interest regarding family violence involving
2998	children; and
2999	(E) One representative from each of the following:
3000	(i) The Administrative Office of the Courts;
3001	(ii) The Georgia Peace Officer Standards and Training Council;
3002	(iii) The Georgia Association of Chiefs of Police;
3003	(iv) The District Attorneys Association of Georgia;
3004	(v) The State Board of Pardons and Paroles;
3005	(vi) The probation system Department of Community Supervision;
3006	(vii) The Georgia Sheriffs' Association;
3007	(viii) The Criminal Justice Coordinating Council;
3008	(ix) The Solicitors Association of Georgia;
3009	(x) The legal aid community;
3010	(xi) The academic community;
3011	(xii) Men Stopping Violence; and
3012	(xiii) A former victim of domestic violence."
3013	SECTION 5-49.
3014	Said title is further amended by revising subsection (a) of Code Section 19-13-34, relating
3015	to powers and duties of the State Commission on Family Violence, as follows:
3016	"(a) The commission shall have the following duties:
3017	(1) To study and evaluate the needs, priorities, programs, policies, and accessibility of
3018	services relating to family violence throughout the this state;
3019	(2) To evaluate and monitor the adequacy and effectiveness of existing family violence
3020	laws, including the response of the present civil and criminal legal systems;
3021	(3) To initiate and coordinate the development of family violence legislation, as
3022	necessary;
3023	(4) To monitor the implementation and enforcement of laws, regulations, and protocols
3024	concerning family violence;
3025	(5) To make recommendations for education and training to ensure that all citizens and
3026	service providers, including but not limited to members of the judiciary, law enforcement
3027	personnel, and prosecuting attorneys, are aware of needs relating to family violence and
3027 3028	personnel, and prosecuting attorneys, are aware of needs relating to family violence and of services available;

- 3029 (6) To develop models for community task forces on family violence;
- 3030 (7) To provide training and continuing education on the dynamics of family violence to
 3031 members of the commission where appropriate and necessary;
- 3032 (8) To report annually to the General Assembly during its existence; and
- 3033 (9) To develop standards to be utilized by the Department of <u>Corrections Community</u>
- 3034 <u>Supervision</u> in the certification and regulation of family violence intervention programs."

3035 SECTION 5-50.
3036 Said title is further amended by revising paragraph (4) of Code Section 19-13-51, relating
3037 to definitions relative to the "Family Violence and Stalking Protective Order Registry Act,"
3038 as follows:

3039 "(4) 'Law enforcement officer' means any agent or officer of this state, or a political 3040 subdivision or municipality thereof, who, as a full-time or part-time employee, is vested 3041 either expressly by law or by virtue of public employment or service with authority to 3042 enforce the criminal or traffic laws and whose duties include the preservation of public 3043 order, the protection of life and property, or the prevention, detection, or investigation of 3044 crime. Such term also includes the following: state or local officer, sheriff, deputy 3045 sheriff, dispatcher, 9-1-1 operator, police officer, prosecuting attorney, member of the 3046 State Board of Pardons and Paroles, a hearing officer and parole officer of the State 3047 Board of Pardons and Paroles, and a probation community supervision officer of the 3048 Department of Corrections Community Supervision."

3049

SECTION 5-51.

Title 20 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to education, is amended by
revising Code Section 20-2-699, relating to disposition of children taken into custody, as
follows:

3053 *"*20-2-699.

Any person assuming temporary custody of a child pursuant to Code Section 20-2-698 shall immediately deliver the child either to the parent, guardian, or other person having control or charge of the child or to the school from which the child is absent, or if the child is found to have been adjudged a delinquent child or a child in need of services, the person shall cause the child to be brought before the juvenile probation officer or community <u>supervision officer</u> of the county having jurisdiction over such child."

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SECTION 5-52.

Title 21 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to elections, is amended by revising subsection (a) of Code Section 21-2-231, relating to lists of persons convicted of

felonies, persons identified as noncitizens, persons declared mentally incompetent, and
deceased persons provided to Secretary of State and Council of Superior Court Clerks,
removal of names from list of electors, obtain information about persons who died, timing,
and list of inactive voters provided to Council of Superior Court Clerks, as follows:

"(a) Unless otherwise notified by the Secretary of State, the Georgia Crime Information 3067 3068 Center shall, on or before the tenth day of each month, prepare and transmit to the Secretary of State and The Council of Superior Court Clerks of Georgia a complete list of 3069 3070 all persons, including dates of birth, social security numbers, and other information as 3071 prescribed by the Secretary of State or The Council of Superior Court Clerks of Georgia, 3072 who were convicted of a felony in this state since the preceding reporting period. The Secretary of State or The Council of Superior Court Clerks of Georgia may, by agreement 3073 3074 with the commissioner of corrections and the commissioner of community supervision, obtain criminal information relating to the conviction, sentencing, and completion of 3075 3076 sentencing requirements of felonies. Additionally, the Secretary of State and The Council 3077 of Superior Court Clerks of Georgia shall be authorized to obtain such criminal information 3078 relating to Georgia electors convicted of a felony in another state, if such information is 3079 available."

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SECTION 5-53.

Title 34 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to labor and industrial relations,
is amended by revising paragraph (2) of Code Section 34-9-1, relating to definitions for
workers' compensation, as follows:

"(2) 'Employee' means every person in the service of another under any contract of hire 3084 3085 or apprenticeship, written or implied, except a person whose employment is not in the 3086 usual course of the trade, business, occupation, or profession of the employer; and, except 3087 as otherwise provided in this chapter, minors are included even though working in violation of any child labor law or other similar statute; provided, however, that nothing 3088 contained in this chapter shall be construed as repealing or altering any such law or 3089 statute. Any reference to any employee who has been injured shall, if the employee dies, 3090 3091 include such employee's legal representatives, dependents, and other persons to whom 3092 compensation may be payable pursuant to this chapter. All firefighters, law enforcement personnel, and personnel of emergency management or civil defense agencies, emergency 3093 3094 medical services, and rescue organizations whose compensation is paid by the state or 3095 any county or municipality, regardless of the method of appointment, and all full-time county employees and employees of elected salaried county officials are specifically 3096 3097 included in this definition. There shall also be included within such term any volunteer 3098 firefighter of any county or municipality of this state, but only for services rendered in

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3099 such capacity which are not prohibited by Code Section 38-3-36 and only if the 3100 governing authority of the county or municipality for which such services are rendered 3101 shall provide by appropriate resolution for inclusion of such volunteer firefighters; any volunteer law enforcement personnel of any county or municipality of this state who are 3102 certified by the Georgia Peace Officer Standards and Training Council, for volunteer law 3103 3104 enforcement services rendered in such capacity which are not prohibited by Code Section 38-3-36 and only if the governing authority of the county or municipality for which such 3105 services are rendered shall provide by appropriate resolution for inclusion of such 3106 volunteer law enforcement personnel; any person who is a volunteer member or worker 3107 of an emergency management or civil defense organization, emergency medical service, 3108 3109 or rescue organization, whether governmental or not, of any county or municipality of this state for volunteer services, which are not prohibited by Code Section 38-3-36, 3110 rendered in such capacity and only if the governing authority of the county or 3111 3112 municipality for which such services are rendered shall provide by appropriate resolution for inclusion of such volunteer members or workers; and any person certified by the 3113 Department of Public Health or the Georgia Composite Medical Board and registered 3114 3115 with any county or municipality of this state as a medical first responder for any 3116 volunteer first responder services rendered in such capacity, which are not prohibited by 3117 Code Section 38-3-36 and only if the governing authority of the county or municipality 3118 for which such services are rendered shall provide by appropriate resolution for inclusion 3119 of such responders. The various elected county officers and elected members of the 3120 governing authority of an individual county shall also be included in this definition, if the governing authority of said such county shall provide therefor by appropriate resolution. 3121 3122 For the purposes of workers' compensation coverage, employees of county and district 3123 health agencies established under Chapter 3 of Title 31 are deemed and shall be considered employees of the State of Georgia and employees of community service 3124 3125 boards established under Chapter 2 of Title 37 shall be considered to be employees of the state. For the purpose of workers' compensation coverage, members of the Georgia 3126 3127 National Guard and the State Defense Force serving on state active duty pursuant to an order by the Governor are deemed and shall be considered to be employees of this state. 3128 A person shall be an independent contractor and not an employee if such person has a 3129 written contract as an independent contractor and if such person buys a product and 3130 3131 resells it, receiving no other compensation, or provides an agricultural service or such person otherwise qualifies as an independent contractor. Notwithstanding the foregoing 3132 provisions of this paragraph, any officer of a corporation may elect to be exempt from 3133 3134 coverage under this chapter by filing written certification of such election with the insurer 3135 or, if there is no insurer, the State Board of Workers' Compensation as provided in Code

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3136 Section 34-9-2.1. For purposes of this chapter, an owner-operator as such term is defined in Code Section 40-2-87 shall be deemed to be an independent contractor. Inmates or 3137 3138 persons participating in a work release program, community service program, or similar 3139 program as part of the punishment for violation of a municipal ordinance pursuant to 3140 Code Section 36-32-5 or a county ordinance or a state law shall not be deemed to be an 3141 employee while participating in work or training or while going to and from the work site 3142 or training site, unless such inmate or person is employed for private gain in violation of Code Section 42-1-5 or Code Section 42-8-70 42-3-50 or unless the municipality or 3143 3144 county had voluntarily established a policy, on or before January 1, 1993, to provide workers' compensation benefits to such individuals. Individuals who are parties to a 3145 franchise agreement as set out by the Federal Trade Commission franchise disclosure 3146 rule, 16 C.F.R. 436.1 through 436.11, shall not be deemed employees for purposes of this 3147 chapter." 3148

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SECTION 5-54.

Title 35 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to law enforcement officers and agencies, is amended by revising subsections (b) and (g) of Code Section 35-3-36, relating to duties of state criminal justice agencies as to submission of fingerprints, photographs, and other identifying data to the Georgia Crime Information Center and responsibility for accuracy, as follows:

3155 "(b) It shall be the duty of all chiefs of police, sheriffs, prosecuting attorneys, courts, 3156 judges, parole and probation officers community supervision officers, county or department 3157 of Juvenile Justice juvenile probation officers, probation officers serving pursuant to 3158 Article 6 of Chapter 8 of Title 42, wardens, or other persons in charge of penal and 3159 correctional institutions in this state to furnish the center with any other data deemed 3160 necessary by the center to carry out its responsibilities under this article."

3161 "(g) All persons in charge of law enforcement agencies, all clerks of court, all municipal 3162 judges where they have no clerks, all magistrates, and all persons in charge of state and 3163 county probation and parole community supervision, juvenile probation, or Article 6 of 3164 Chapter 8 of Title 42 probation offices shall supply the center with the information 3165 described in Code Section 35-3-33 on the basis of the forms and instructions to be supplied 3166 by the center."

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SECTION 5-55.

Said title is further amended by revising subsection (a) of Code Section 35-6A-3, relating to
membership, vacancies, and membership not bar to holding public office relative to the
Criminal Justice Coordinating Council, as follows:

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3171 "(a) The Criminal Justice Coordinating Council shall consist of 24 <u>26</u> members and shall
3172 be composed as follows:

3173 (1) The chairperson of the Georgia Peace Officer Standards and Training Council, the 3174 director of homeland security, the chairperson of the Judicial Council of Georgia, the chairperson of the Prosecuting Attorneys' Council of the State of Georgia, the 3175 3176 commissioner of corrections, the chairperson of the Board of Corrections, the 3177 commissioner of community supervision, the chairperson of the Board of Community Supervision, the vice chairperson of the Board of Public Safety, the chairperson of the 3178 3179 State Board of Pardons and Paroles, the State School Superintendent, the commissioner of community affairs, the president of the Council of Juvenile Court Judges, the 3180 chairperson of the Georgia Public Defender Standards Council, the chairperson of the 3181 3182 Governor's Office for Children and Families, and the commissioner of juvenile justice or their designees shall be ex officio members of the council, as full voting members of the 3183 3184 council by reason of their office; and

3185 (2) Ten members shall be appointed by the Governor for terms of four years, their initial appointments, however, being four for four-year terms, two for three-year terms, and four 3186 3187 for two-year terms. Appointments shall be made so that there are always on the council 3188 the following persons: one county sheriff, one chief of police, one mayor, one county 3189 commissioner, one superior court judge, four individuals who shall be, by virtue of their 3190 training or experience, knowledgeable in the operations of the criminal justice system of 3191 this state, and one individual who shall be, by virtue of his or her training and experience, 3192 knowledgeable in the operations of the entire spectrum of crime victim assistance 3193 programs delivering services to victims of crime. No person shall serve beyond the time 3194 he or she holds the office or employment by reason of which he or she was initially 3195 eligible for appointment."

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SECTION 5-56.

Said title is further amended by revising paragraphs (7) and (8) of Code Section 35-8-2,
relating to definitions relative to the employment and training of peace officers, as follows:

3199 "(7) 'Law enforcement unit' means:

3200 (A) Any agency, organ, or department of this state, a subdivision or municipality
3201 thereof, or a railroad whose primary functions include the enforcement of criminal or
3202 traffic laws, the preservation of public order, the protection of life and property, or the
3203 prevention, detection, or investigation of crime;

(B) The Office of Permits and Enforcement of the Department of Transportation, the
 Department of Juvenile Justice and its institutions and facilities for the purpose of
 personnel who are authorized to exercise the power of arrest and who are employed or

appointed by such department or institutions, and the office or section in the
Department of Juvenile Justice in which persons are assigned who have been
designated by the commissioner to investigate and apprehend delinquent children and
any child with a pending juvenile court case alleging the child to be a child in need of
services; and

3212 (C) The Department of Corrections, <u>the Department of Community Supervision</u>, the
3213 State Board of Pardons and Paroles, municipal correctional institutions employing 300
3214 or more correctional officers, and county correctional institutions for the purpose of
3215 personnel who are authorized to exercise the power of arrest and who are employed or
3216 appointed by said such department, board, or institutions.

3217 (8) 'Peace officer' means, for purposes of this chapter only:

(A) An agent, operative, or officer of this state, a subdivision or municipality thereof,
or a railroad who, as an employee for hire or as a volunteer, is vested either expressly
by law or by virtue of public employment or service with authority to enforce the
criminal or traffic laws through the power of arrest and whose duties include the
preservation of public order, the protection of life and property, and the prevention,
detection, or investigation of crime;

- 3224 (B) An enforcement officer who is employed by the Department of Transportation in
 3225 its Office of Permits and Enforcement and any person employed by the Department of
 3226 Juvenile Justice who is designated by the commissioner to investigate and apprehend
 3227 delinquent children and any child with a pending juvenile court case alleging the child
 3228 to be a child in need of services;
- (B.1) Personnel who are authorized to exercise the power of arrest, who are employed
 or appointed by the Department of Juvenile Justice, and whose full-time duties include
 the preservation of public order, the protection of life and property, the detection of
 crime, the supervision of delinquent children in the department's institutions, facilities,
 or programs, or the supervision of delinquent children under intensive supervision in
 the community;
- 3235 (C) Personnel who are authorized to exercise the power of arrest and who are 3236 employed or appointed by the Department of Corrections, <u>the Department of</u> 3237 <u>Community Supervision</u>, the State Board of Pardons and Paroles, municipal 3238 correctional institutions employing 300 or more correctional officers, county probation 3239 systems, and county correctional institutions; and

3240 (D) An administrative investigator who is an agent, operative, investigator, or officer 3241 of this state whose duties include the prevention, detection, and investigation of 3242 violations of law and the enforcement of administrative, regulatory, licensing, or 3243 certification requirements of his or her respective employing agency.

Law enforcement support personnel are not peace officers within the meaning of this chapter, but they may be certified upon voluntarily complying with the certification provisions of this chapter."

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SECTION 5-57.

Said title is further amended by revising subsections (a) and (b) of Code Section 35-8-3,
relating to establishment of the Georgia Peace Officer Standards and Training Council,
membership, organization, and administrative assignment to the Department of Public
Safety, as follows:

3252 "(a) The Georgia Peace Officer Standards and Training Council is established. The
3253 council shall consist of 19 20 voting members and five advisory members.

3254 (b) The voting members shall consist of:

(1) An appointee of the Governor who is not the Attorney General, the commissioner of 3255 3256 public safety or his or her designee, the director of investigation of the Georgia Bureau of Investigation or his or her designee, the president of the Georgia Association of Chiefs 3257 of Police or his or her designee, the president of the Georgia Sheriffs Association or his 3258 3259 or her designee, the president of the Georgia Municipal Association or his or her 3260 designee, the president of the Association County Commissioners of Georgia or his or her 3261 designee, the president of the Peace Officers' Association of Georgia or his or her designee, the commissioner of corrections or his or her designee, the commissioner of 3262 3263 community supervision or his or her designee, the chairperson of the State Board of 3264 Pardons and Paroles or his or her designee, and the president of the Georgia Prison 3265 Wardens Association or his or her designee, who shall be ex officio members of the 3266 council;

3267 (2) Six members who shall be appointed by the Governor for terms of four years, their 3268 initial appointments, however, being two for four-year terms, two for three-year terms, and two for two-year terms. Appointments shall be made so that there are always on the 3269 council the following persons who are appointed by the Governor: one chief of police; 3270 3271 two municipal police officers other than a chief of police; one county sheriff; one city 3272 manager or mayor; and one county commissioner. No person shall serve beyond the time he or she holds the office or employment by reason of which he or she was initially 3273 eligible for appointment. Vacancies shall be filled in the same manner as the original 3274 appointment and successors shall serve for the unexpired term. Any member may be 3275 appointed for additional terms; and 3276

3277 (3) Two members who are peace officers and who shall be appointed by the Governor3278 for terms of four years. Neither person shall serve beyond the time he or she is actively

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employed or serves as a peace officer. Vacancies shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointment and successors shall serve for the unexpired term."

- **SECTION 5-58.** Title 37 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to me
- Title 37 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to mental health, is amended by
 revising subsection (a) of Code Section 37-2-4, relating to the Behavioral Health
 Coordinating Council, membership, meetings, and obligations, as follows:

"(a) There is created the Behavioral Health Coordinating Council. The council shall 3285 3286 consist of the commissioner of behavioral health and developmental disabilities; the 3287 commissioner of community health; the commissioner of public health; the commissioner of human services; the commissioner of juvenile justice; the commissioner of corrections; 3288 3289 the commissioner of community supervision; the commissioner of community affairs; the Commissioner of Labor; the State School Superintendent; the chairperson of the State 3290 3291 Board of Pardons and Paroles; the ombudsman appointed pursuant to Code Section 3292 37-2-32; an adult consumer of public behavioral health services, appointed by the 3293 Governor; a family member of a consumer of public behavioral health services, appointed 3294 by the Governor; a parent of a child receiving public behavioral health services, appointed 3295 by the Governor; a member of the House of Representatives, appointed by the Speaker of 3296 the House of Representatives; and a member of the Senate, appointed by the Lieutenant 3297 Governor."

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SECTION 5-59.

3299 Title 40 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to motor vehicles and traffic, is
3300 amended by revising subsection (c) of Code Section 40-5-64, relating to limited driving
3301 permits for certain offenders, as follows:

3302 "(c) Standards for approval. The department shall issue a limited driving permit if the 3303 application indicates that refusal to issue such permit would cause extreme hardship to the 3304 applicant. Except as otherwise provided by subsection (c.1) of this Code section, for the 3305 purposes of this Code section, 'extreme hardship' means that the applicant cannot 3306 reasonably obtain other transportation, and therefore the applicant would be prohibited 3307 from:

- 3308 (1) Going to his or her place of employment;
- 3309 (2) Receiving scheduled medical care or obtaining prescription drugs;
- 3310 (3) Attending a college or school at which he or she is regularly enrolled as a student;

(4) Attending regularly scheduled sessions or meetings of support organizations forpersons who have addiction or abuse problems related to alcohol or other drugs, which

3313 organizations are recognized by the commissioner;

3314 (5) Attending under court order any driver education or improvement school or alcohol or drug program or course approved by the court which entered the judgment of 3315 3316 conviction resulting in suspension of his or her driver's license or by the commissioner; 3317 (6) Attending court, reporting to a probation office or officer, community supervision, 3318 juvenile probation, or Article 6 of Chapter 8 of Title 42 probation office or reporting to 3319 a community supervision officer, county or Department of Juvenile Justice juvenile 3320 probation officer, or probation officer serving pursuant to Article 6 of Chapter 8 of Title 42 or performing community service; or 3321

3322 (7) Transporting an immediate family member who does not hold a valid driver's license

3323 for work, medical care, or prescriptions or to school."

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SECTION 5-60.

Said title is further amended by revising subsection (b) of Code Section 40-5-81, relating to
program optional and certification and approval of courses relative to defensive driving
courses or alcohol or drug programs, as follows:

3328 (b) Whenever any person is authorized or required to attend a driver improvement clinic 3329 or DUI Alcohol or Drug Use Risk Reduction Program as a condition of any sentence 3330 imposed under this title or any ordinance enacted pursuant to this title or as a condition of 3331 the retention or restoration of the person's driving privilege, such person, in complying with 3332 such condition, shall be authorized to attend any driver improvement clinic approved under 3333 this article or DUI Alcohol or Drug Use Risk Reduction Program certified under this 3334 article; and no judicial officer, probation community supervision officer, law enforcement 3335 officer, or other officer or employee of a court or person who owns, operates, or is employed by a private company which has contracted to provide private probation services 3336 3337 for misdemeanor cases shall specify, directly or indirectly, a particular driver improvement 3338 clinic or DUI Alcohol or Drug Use Risk Reduction Program which the person may or shall attend. This Code section shall not prohibit any judicial officer, probation community 3339 supervision officer, law enforcement officer, or other officer or employee of a court or 3340 3341 owner, operator, or employee of a private company which has contracted to provide 3342 probation services for misdemeanor offenders from furnishing any person, upon request, the names of approved driver improvement clinics or certified DUI Alcohol or Drug Use 3343 Risk Reduction Programs." 3344

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SECTION 5-61.

3346 Said title is further amended by revising subsection (d) of Code Section 40-5-83, relating to3347 establishment and approval of driver improvement clinics and programs, out-of-state

3348 certificates of completion, instructor licenses, fees, operation of clinics by employees of3349 probation division, and submission of fingerprints by applicants, as follows:

3350 "(d) Notwithstanding the provisions of any law or rule or regulation which prohibits any 3351 individual who is a was a probation officer or other official or employee of the probation 3352 division of the Department of Corrections on or before June, 30, 2015, or a spouse of such 3353 individual from owning, operating, instructing at, or being employed by a driver 3354 improvement clinic, any individual who is was a probation officer or other official or 3355 employee of the probation division of the Department of Corrections on or before June 30, 3356 2015, or a spouse of such individual who owns, operates, instructs at, or is employed by 3357 a driver improvement clinic on June 1, 1985, and who in all respects is and remains shall 3358 remain qualified to own, operate, instruct at, or be employed by a driver improvement 3359 clinic is expressly authorized to continue on and after June 1, 1985, and to engage in such 3360 activities. Any individual who is an employee of the Department of Community 3361 Supervision or a spouse of such individual who owns, operates, instructs at, or is employed 3362 by a driver improvement clinic on July 1, 2015, and who in all respects is and remains 3363 qualified to own, operate, instruct at, or be employed by a driver improvement clinic shall 3364 be expressly authorized to continue on and after June 1, 2015, to engage in such activities. 3365 No person who owns, operates, or is employed by a private company which has contracted 3366 to provide probation services for misdemeanor cases shall be authorized to own, operate, 3367 be an instructor at, or be employed by a driver improvement clinic or a DUI Alcohol or 3368 Drug Use Risk Reduction Program."

SECTION 5-62.

3370 Title 42 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to penal institutions, is amended
3371 by revising subparagraph (F) of paragraph (6) of Code Section 42-1-1, relating to definitions,
3372 as follows:

3373 "(F) Electronic monitoring, as such term is defined in Code Section 42-8-151 42-3-111;
3374 and"

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SECTION 5-63.

3376 Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 42-1-10, relating to preliminary urine3377 screen drug tests, as follows:

3378 *"*42-1-10.

(a) Any probation officer, parole officer, or other <u>community supervision officer of the</u>

3380 <u>Department of Community Supervision or</u> official or employee of the Department of

3381 Corrections who supervises any person covered under the provisions of paragraphs (1)

through (7) of this subsection shall be exempt from the provisions of Chapter 22 of Title

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- 3383 31 for the limited purposes of administering a preliminary urine screen drug test to any3384 person who is:
- 3385 (1) Incarcerated;
- 3386 (2) Released as a condition of probation for a felony or misdemeanor;
- 3387 (3) Released as a condition of conditional release;
- 3388 (4) Released as a condition of parole;
- 3389 (5) Released as a condition of provisional release;
- 3390 (6) Released as a condition of pretrial release; or
- 3391 (7) Released as a condition of control release.

3392 (b) The Department of Corrections, Department of Community Supervision, and the State Board of Pardons and Paroles shall develop a procedure for the performance of preliminary 3393 3394 urine screen drug tests in accordance with the manufacturer's standards for certification. 3395 Community supervision officers of the Department of Community Supervision or 3396 Probation officers, parole officers, or other officials or employees of the Department of 3397 Corrections who are supervisors of any person covered under paragraphs (1) through (7) of subsection (a) of this Code section shall be authorized to perform preliminary urine 3398 3399 screen drug tests in accordance with such procedure. Such procedure shall include 3400 instructions as to a confirmatory test by a licensed clinical laboratory where necessary."

SECTION 5-64.

3402 Said title is further amended by revising subsection (c) of Code Section 42-1-11, relating to 3403 notification of crime victim of impending release of offender from imprisonment, as follows: 3404 "(c) The notice given to a victim of a crime against a person or sexual offense must shall 3405 include the conditions governing the offender's release or transfer and either the identity 3406 of the corrections agent or the county community supervision officer who will be 3407 supervising the offender's release or a means to identify the agency that will be supervising 3408 the offender's release. The custodial authority complies with this Code section upon mailing the notice of impending release to the victim at the address which the victim has 3409 3410 most recently provided to the custodial authority in writing."

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SECTION 5-65.

Said title is further amended by revising paragraph (2) of subsection (a) and adding a new
subsection to Code Section 42-1-12, relating to the State Sexual Offender Registry, to read
as follows:

3415 "(2) 'Appropriate official' means:

3416 (A) With respect to a sexual offender who is sentenced to probation without any3417 sentence of incarceration in the state prison system or who is sentenced pursuant to

3418 Article 3 of Chapter 8 of this title, relating to first offenders, the Division of Probation of the Department of Corrections Department of Community Supervision; 3419 3420 (B) With respect to a sexual offender who is sentenced to a period of incarceration in 3421 a prison under the jurisdiction of the Department of Corrections and who is subsequently released from prison or placed on probation, the commissioner of 3422 3423 corrections or his or her designee; 3424 (C) With respect to a sexual offender who is placed on parole, the chairperson of the State Board of Pardons and Paroles or his or her designee; and 3425 3426 (D) With respect to a sexual offender who is placed on probation through a private probation agency, the director of the private probation agency or his or her designee." 3427 "(c.1) The Department of Community Supervision shall keep all records of sexual 3428

3429 offenders in a secure facility in accordance with Code Sections 15-1-10, 15-6-62, and
 3430 15-6-62.1 until official proof of death of a registered sexual offender; thereafter, the records

3431 <u>shall be destroyed."</u>

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SECTION 5-66.

Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 42-1-14, relating to risk assessment
classification, classification as "sexually dangerous predator," and electronic monitoring, as
follows:

3436 "42-1-14.

3437 (a)(1) The board shall determine the likelihood that a sexual offender will engage in 3438 another crime against a victim who is a minor or a dangerous sexual offense. The board 3439 shall make such determination for any sexual offender convicted on or after July 1, 2006, 3440 of a criminal offense against a victim who is a minor or a dangerous sexual offense and 3441 for any sexual offender incarcerated on July 1, 2006, but convicted prior to July 1, 2006, 3442 of a criminal offense against a victim who is a minor. Any sexual offender who changes 3443 residence from another state or territory of the United States or any other place to this state and who is not already designated under Georgia law as a sexually dangerous 3444 3445 predator, sexual predator, or a sexually violent predator shall have his or her required 3446 registration information forwarded by the sheriff of his or her county of registration to the board for the purpose of risk assessment classification. The board shall also make such 3447 3448 determination upon the request of a superior court judge for purposes of considering a 3449 petition to be released from registration restrictions or residency or employment restrictions as provided for in Code Section 42-1-19. 3450

3451 (2) A sexual offender shall be placed into Level I risk assessment classification, Level
3452 II risk assessment classification, or sexually dangerous predator classification based upon
3453 the board's assessment criteria and information obtained and reviewed by the board. The

3454 sexual offender may provide the board with information, including, but not limited to, 3455 psychological evaluations, sexual history polygraph information, treatment history, and 3456 personal, social, educational, and work history, and may agree to submit to a 3457 psychosexual evaluation or sexual history polygraph conducted by the board. If the sexual offender has undergone treatment or supervision through the Department of 3458 3459 Corrections or the Department of Community Supervision, such treatment records shall 3460 also be submitted to the board for evaluation. The prosecuting attorney shall provide the 3461 board with any information available to assist the board in rendering an opinion, 3462 including, but not limited to, criminal history and records related to previous criminal history. The board shall utilize the Georgia Bureau of Investigation to assist it in 3463 obtaining information relative to its evaluation of sexual offenders and the Georgia 3464 3465 Bureau of Investigation shall provide the board with information as requested by the 3466 board. The board shall be authorized to obtain information from supervision records of the <u>State</u> Board of Pardons and Paroles regarding such sexual offender, but such records 3467 shall remain confidential state secrets in accordance with Code Section 42-9-53 and shall 3468 3469 not be made available to any other person or entity or be subject to subpoen unless declassified by the State Board of Pardons and Paroles. The clerk of court shall send a 3470 3471 copy of the sexual offender's conviction to the board and notify the board that a sexual 3472 offender's evaluation will need to be performed. The board shall render its 3473 recommendation for risk assessment classification within:

3474 (A) Sixty days of receipt of a request for an evaluation if the sexual offender is being
3475 sentenced pursuant to subsection (c) of Code Section 17-10-6.2;

3476 (B) Six months prior to the sexual offender's proposed release from confinement if the3477 offender is incarcerated;

- 3478 (C) Sixty days of receipt of the required registration information from the sheriff when
 3479 the sexual offender changes residence from another state or territory of the United
 3480 States or any other place to this state and is not already classified;
- 3481 (D) Sixty days if the sexual offender is sentenced to a probated or suspended sentence;3482 and
- 3483 (E) Ninety days if such classification is requested by the court pursuant to a petition3484 filed under Code Section 42-1-19.
- 3485 (3) The board shall notify the sex sexual offender by first-class mail of its determination
 3486 of risk assessment classification and shall send a copy of such classification to the
 3487 Georgia Bureau of Investigation, the Department of Corrections, the Department of
 3488 Community Supervision, the sheriff of the county where the sexual offender is registered,
 3489 and the sentencing court, if applicable.

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3490 (b) If the board determines that a sexual offender should be classified as a Level II risk assessment classification or as a sexually dangerous predator, the sexual offender may 3491 3492 petition the board to reevaluate his or her classification. To file a petition for reevaluation, 3493 the sexual offender shall be required to submit his or her written petition for reevaluation to the board within 30 days from the date of the letter notifying the sexual offender of his 3494 3495 or her classification. The sexual offender shall have 60 days from the date of the 3496 notification letter to submit information as provided in subsection (a) of this Code section in support of the sexual offender's petition for reevaluation. If the sexual offender fails to 3497 3498 submit the petition or supporting documents within the time limits provided, the classification shall be final. The board shall notify the sexual offender by first-class mail 3499 of its decision on the petition for reevaluation of risk assessment classification and shall 3500 3501 send a copy of such notification to the Georgia Bureau of Investigation, the Department of Corrections, the Department of Community Supervision, the sheriff of the county where 3502 3503 the sexual offender is registered, and the sentencing court, if applicable.

(c) A sexual offender who is classified by the board as a Level II risk assessment 3504 classification or as a sexually dangerous predator may file a petition for judicial review of 3505 3506 his or her classification within 30 days of the date of the notification letter or, if the sexual 3507 offender has requested reevaluation pursuant to subsection (b) of this Code section, within 3508 30 days of the date of the letter denying the petition for reevaluation. The petition for 3509 judicial review shall name the board as defendant, and the petition shall be filed in the 3510 superior court of the county where the offices of the board are located. Within 30 days 3511 after service of the appeal on the board, the board shall submit a summary of its findings 3512 to the court and mail a copy, by first-class mail, to the sexual offender. The findings of the board shall be considered prima-facie evidence of the classification. The court shall also 3513 3514 consider any relevant evidence submitted, and such evidence and documentation shall be 3515 mailed to the parties as well as submitted to the court. The court may hold a hearing to determine the issue of classification. The court may uphold the classification of the board, 3516 or, if the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the sexual offender is not 3517 3518 placed in the appropriate classification level, the court shall place the sexual offender in the 3519 appropriate risk assessment classification. The court's determination shall be forwarded by the clerk of the court to the board, the sexual offender, the Georgia Bureau of 3520 Investigation, and the sheriff of the county where the sexual offender is registered. 3521

3522 (d) Any individual who was classified as a sexually violent predator prior to July 1, 2006,
3523 shall be classified as a sexually dangerous predator on and after July 1, 2006.

(e) Any sexually dangerous predator shall be required to wear an electronic monitoringsystem that shall have, at a minimum:

- (1) The capacity to locate and record the location of a sexually dangerous predator by a
 link to a global positioning satellite system;
 (2) The capacity to timely report or record a sexually dangerous predator's presence near
 or within a crime scene or in a prohibited area or the sexually dangerous predator's
 departure from specific geographic locations; and
- (3) An alarm that is automatically activated and broadcasts the sexually dangerous
 predator's location if the global positioning satellite monitor is removed or tampered with
 by anyone other than a law enforcement official designated to maintain and remove or
 replace the equipment.
- 3535 Such electronic monitoring system shall be worn by a sexually dangerous predator for the remainder of his or her natural life. The sexually dangerous predator shall pay the cost of 3536 3537 such system to the Department of Corrections Community Service if the sexually dangerous predator is on probation; to the State Board of Pardons and Paroles if the 3538 sexually dangerous predator is on parole; under probation or parole supervision and to the 3539 sheriff after the sexually dangerous predator completes his or her term of probation and 3540 parole or if the sexually dangerous predator has moved to this state from another state, 3541 3542 territory, or country. The electronic monitoring system shall be placed upon the sexually 3543 dangerous predator prior to his or her release from confinement. If the sexual offender is 3544 not in custody, within 72 hours of the decision classifying the sexual offender as a sexually 3545 dangerous predator in accordance with subsection (b) of this Code section, the sexually 3546 dangerous predator shall report to the sheriff of the county of his or her residence for 3547 purposes of having the electronic monitoring system placed on the sexually dangerous 3548 predator.
- (f) In addition to the requirements of registration for all sexual offenders, a sexually
 dangerous predator shall report to the sheriff of the county where such predator resides six
 months following his or her birth month and update or verify his or her required
 registration information."
- 3553

SECTION 5-67.

3554 Said title is further amended by revising subsection (f) of Code Section 42-1-19, relating to3555 petition for release from registration requirements, as follows:

3556 "(f) The court may issue an order releasing the individual from registration requirements 3557 or residency or employment restrictions, in whole or part, if the court finds by a 3558 preponderance of the evidence that the individual does not pose a substantial risk of 3559 perpetrating any future dangerous sexual offense. The court may release an individual 3560 from such requirements or restrictions for a specific period of time. The court shall send 3561 a copy of any order releasing an individual from any requirements or restrictions to the

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- 3562 sheriff and the district attorney of the jurisdiction where the petition is filed, to the sheriff
- 3563 of the county where the individual resides, to the Department of Corrections, to the
- 3564 Department of Community Supervision, and to the Georgia Bureau of Investigation."
- 3565 **SECTION 5-68.** 3566 Said title is further amended by revising subsection (c) of Code Section 42-2-11, relating to powers and duties of the Board of Corrections and adoption of rules and regulations, as 3567 3568 follows: 3569 "(c)(1) The board shall adopt rules governing the assignment, housing, working, feeding, clothing, treatment, discipline, rehabilitation, training, and hospitalization of all inmates 3570 3571 coming under its custody. 3572 (2)(A) As used in this paragraph, the term: 3573 (i) 'Evidence based practices' means supervision policies, procedures, programs, and 3574 practices that scientific research demonstrates reduce recidivism among individuals 3575 who are under some form of correctional supervision. 3576 (ii) 'Recidivism' means returning to prison or jail within three years of being placed 3577 on probation or being discharged or released from a department or jail facility. 3578 (B) The board shall adopt rules and regulations governing the management and 3579 treatment of inmates and probationers coming under its custody to ensure that evidence based practices, including the use of a risk and needs assessment and any other method 3580 3581 the board deems appropriate, guide decisions related to preparing inmates for release 3582 into the community and managing probationers in the community. The board shall 3583 require the department to collect and analyze data and performance outcomes relevant 3584 to the level and type of treatment given to an inmate or probationer and the outcome of 3585 the treatment on his or her recidivism and prepare an annual report regarding such 3586 information which shall be submitted to the Governor, the Lieutenant Governor, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the chairpersons of the House Committee 3587 3588 on State Properties and the Senate State Institutions and Property Committee."
- 3589

SECTION 5-69.

Said title is further amended by revising paragraphs (3) and (4) of subsection (a) of Code
Section 42-2-15, relating to the employee benefit fund of the Department of Corrections, as
follows:

3593 "(3) 'Executive director of the facility' means the warden, superintendent, chief probation
 3594 official, or such other head of a facility.

3595 (4) 'Facility' means a prison, institution, detention center, diversion center, probation 3596 office, or such other similar property under the jurisdiction or operation of the 3597 department."

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3605

SECTION 5-70.

3599 Said title is further amended by revising paragraph (3) of Code Section 42-4-50, relating to3600 definitions relative to medical services for inmates, as follows:

3601 "(3) 'Inmate' means a person who is detained in a detention facility by reason of being
3602 charged with or convicted of a felony, a misdemeanor, or a municipal offense. Such term
3603 does not include any sentenced inmate who is the responsibility of the State Department

3604 of Corrections."

3606 Said title is further amended by revising paragraph (5) of subsection (a) of Code Section3607 42-5-50, relating to transmittal of information on convicted persons, as follows:

SECTION 5-71.

3608 "(5) A copy of the sentencing information report is required in all jurisdictions with an
 3609 options system day reporting center certified by the department Department of
 3610 <u>Community Supervision</u>. The failure to provide the sentencing information report shall
 3611 not cause an increase in the 15 day time period for the department to assign the inmate
 3612 to a correctional institution as set forth in subsection (b) of this Code section."

SECTION 5-72.

3614 Said title is further amended by repealing in its entirety Article 4 of Chapter 8, relating to 3615 participation of probationers in community service programs, and designating said article as 3616 reserved.

3617

SECTION 5-73.

3618 Said title is further amended by revising subsections (c) and (d) of Code Section 42-8-112,
3619 relating to timing for issuance of ignition interlock device limited driving permit,
3620 documentation required, and reporting requirement, as follows:

3621 "(c) Each resident of this state who is required to have an ignition interlock device installed 3622 pursuant to this article shall report to the provider center every 30 days for the purpose of 3623 monitoring the operation of each required ignition interlock device. If at any time it is 3624 determined that a person has tampered with the device, the Department of Driver Services 3625 shall be given written notice within five days by the probation community supervision 3626 officer, the court ordering the use of such device, or the interlock provider. If an ignition

interlock device is found to be malfunctioning, it shall be replaced or repaired, as orderedby the court or the Department of Driver Services, at the expense of the provider.

3629 (d)(1) If a person required to report to an ignition interlock provider as required by 3630 subsection (c) of this Code section fails to report to the provider as required or receives an unsatisfactory report from the provider at any time during the one-year period, the 3631 3632 Department of Driver Services shall revoke such person's ignition interlock device 3633 limited driving permit immediately upon notification from the provider of the failure to report or failure to receive a satisfactory report. Except as provided in paragraph (2) of 3634 3635 this subsection, within 30 days after such revocation, the person may make a written 3636 request for a hearing and remit to the department Department of Driver Services a payment of \$250.00 for the cost of the hearing. Within 30 days after receiving a written 3637 request for a hearing and a payment of \$250.00, the Department of Driver Services shall 3638 hold a hearing as provided in Chapter 13 of Title 50, the 'Georgia Administrative 3639 Procedure Act.' The hearing shall be recorded. 3640

(2) Any person whose ignition interlock device limited driving permit was revoked on
or before July 1, 2004, for failure to report or failure to receive a satisfactory report may
make a written request for a hearing and remit to the department Department of Driver
Services a payment of \$250.00 for the cost of the hearing. Within 30 days after receiving
a written request for a hearing and a payment of \$250.00, the Department of Driver
Services shall hold a hearing as provided in Chapter 13 of Title 50, the 'Georgia
Administrative Procedure Act.' The hearing shall be recorded.

3648 (3) If the hearing officer determines that the person failed to report to the ignition
3649 interlock provider for any of the reasons specified in this paragraph, the Department of
3650 Driver Services shall issue a new ignition interlock device limited driving permit that
3651 shall be valid for a period of one year to such person. Such reasons shall be for
3652 providential cause and shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

- 3653 (A) Medical necessity, as evidenced by a written statement from a medical doctor;
- 3654 (B) The person was incarcerated;

3655 (C) The person was required to be on the job at his or her place of employment, with3656 proof that the person would be terminated if he or she was not at work; or

3657 (D) The vehicle with the installed interlock device was rendered inoperable by reason3658 of collision, fire, or a major mechanical failure.

3659 (4) If the hearing officer determines that the person failed to report to the ignition
3660 interlock provider for any reason other than those specified in paragraph (3) of this
3661 subsection, or if the person received an unsatisfactory report from the provider, after the
3662 expiration of 120 days the person may apply to the department <u>Department of Driver</u>

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- 3663 Services and the department Department of Driver Services shall issue a new ignition 3664 interlock device limited driving permit to such person. (5) This subsection shall not apply to any person convicted of violating Code Section 3665 3666 42-8-118."
- 3667

SECTION 5-74.

Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 42-8-61, relating to the defendant 3668

3669 being informed of the terms of the article at the time a sentence is imposed, as follows:

- 3670 "42-8-61.
- 3671 When a defendant is represented by an attorney, his or her attorney shall be responsible for informing the defendant as to his or her eligibility for sentencing as a first offender. When 3672 3673 a defendant is prose, the court shall inquire as to the defendant's interest in entering a plea 3674 pursuant to the terms of this article. If the defendant expresses a desire to be sentenced as a first offender, the court shall ask the prosecuting attorney or probation official if the 3675 3676 defendant is eligible for sentencing as a first offender. When imposing a sentence, the court shall ensure that, if a defendant is sentenced as a first offender, he or she is made 3677 aware of the consequences of entering a first offender plea pursuant to the terms of this 3678 3679 article. The defendant shall be informed of the terms of this article at the time of
- 3680 imposition of sentence."
- 3681 SECTION 5-75. 3682 Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 42-8-66, relating to applicability, as 3683 follows: "42-8-66. 3684
- 3685 The provisions of this article shall not apply to any person who is convicted of a serious 3686 violent felony as defined in subsection (a) of Code Section 17-10-6.1.
- 3687 (a) An individual who qualified for sentencing pursuant to this article but who was not
- informed of his or her eligibility for first offender treatment may, with the consent of the 3688
- 3689 prosecuting attorney, petition the superior court in the county in which he or she was

3690	convicted for	discharge	and exon	eration p	oursuant to	this article.
		•		•	•	

- 3691 (b) The court shall hold a hearing on the petition if requested by the petitioner or 3692 prosecuting attorney or desired by the court.
- (c) In considering a petition pursuant to this Code section, the court may consider any: 3693
- 3694 (1) Evidence introduced by the petitioner;
- (2) Evidence introduced by the prosecuting attorney; and 3695
- 3696 (3) Other relevant evidence.

- (d) The court may issue an order retroactively granting first offender treatment and
 discharge the defendant pursuant to this article if the court finds by a preponderance of the
 evidence that the defendant was eligible for sentencing under the terms of this article at the
 time he or she was originally sentenced and the ends of justice and the welfare of society
 are served by granting such petition.
 (e) The court shall send a copy of any order issued pursuant to this Code section to the
 petitioner, the prosecuting attorney, and the Georgia Bureau of Investigation. The Georgia
- 3704 Bureau of Investigation shall modify its records accordingly.
- 3705 (f) This Code section shall not apply to a sentence that may be modified pursuant to
- 3706 <u>subsection (f) of Code Section 17-10-1.</u>"
- **SECTION 5-76.**

3708 Said title is further amended by revising subsection (a) of Code Section 42-8-114, relating3709 to specifying provider for ignition interlock device, as follows:

"(a) No judicial officer, probation community supervision officer, law enforcement officer, 3710 3711 or other officer or employee of a court; person who owns, operates, or is employed by a 3712 private company which has contracted to provide private probation services for 3713 misdemeanor cases; or professional bondsman or agent or employee thereof shall specify, 3714 directly or indirectly, a particular provider center which the person may or shall utilize 3715 when use of an ignition interlock device is required. This subsection shall not prohibit any 3716 judicial officer, probation community supervision officer, law enforcement officer, or other 3717 officer or employee of a court; owner, operator, or employee of a private company which 3718 has contracted to provide probation services for misdemeanor cases; or professional 3719 bondsman or agent or employee thereof from furnishing any person, upon request, the 3720 names of certified provider centers."

3721

SECTION 5-77.

- 3722 Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 42-8-116, relating to warning labels
- 3723 on ignition interlock devices, as follows:
- 3724 *"*42-8-116.

The providers certified by the Department of Driver Services shall design and adopt pursuant to regulations of the <u>such</u> department a warning label which shall be affixed to each ignition interlock device upon installation. The label shall contain a warning that any person tampering, circumventing, or otherwise misusing the device is guilty of a misdemeanor and may be subject to civil liability."

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3730	SECTION 5-78.
3731	Said title is further amended by repealing in its entirety Article 5 of Chapter 8, relating to
3732	pretrial release and diversion programs, and designating said article as reserved.
3733	SECTION 5-79.
3734	Said title is further amended by repealing in its entirety Article 8 of Chapter 8, relating to
3735	diversion center and program.
3736	SECTION 5-80.
3737	Said title is further amended by repealing in its entirety Article 9 of Chapter 8, relating to
3738	probation management.
3739	SECTION 5-81.
3740	Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 42-9-3, relating to "board" defined,
3741	as follows:
3742	"42-9-3.
3743	As used in this chapter, the term 'board':
3744	(1) 'Board' means the State Board of Pardons and Paroles.
3745	(2) 'Community supervision officer' means a person who supervises probationers or
3746	parolees for the department.
3747	(3) 'Department' means the Department of Community Supervision.
3748	(4) 'Split sentence' means any felony sentence that includes a term of imprisonment
3749	followed by a term of probation."
3750	SECTION 5-82.
3751	Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 42-9-9, relating to the State Board of
3752	Pardons and Paroles employees and retention of badges and weapons, as follows:
3753	"42-9-9.
3754	(a) The board may appoint such clerical, stenographic, supervisory, and expert assistants
3755	and may establish such qualifications for its employees as it deems necessary. In its
3756	discretion, the board may discharge such employees.
3757	(b) A certified parole officer leaving the service of the board under honorable conditions
3758	who has accumulated 20 or more years of service with the board as a certified parole
3759	officer shall be entitled as part of such employee's compensation to retain his or her board
3760	issued badge. A certified parole officer employed with the board who is killed in the line
3761	of duty shall be entitled to have his or her board issued badge given to a surviving family
3762	member. Where a certified parole officer leaves the service of the board due to a disability
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- that arose in the line of duty and such disability prevents the parole officer from further
 serving as a peace officer, then such disabled parole officer shall be entitled to retain his
 or her board issued badge regardless of the officer's number of years of service with the
 board.
- 3767 (c) An employee leaving the service of the board under honorable conditions who has
 3768 accumulated 20 or more years of service with the board as a certified officer shall be
- 3769 entitled as part of such employee's compensation to retain his or her board issued weapon.
- 3770 (d) The board is authorized to promulgate rules and regulations for the implementation of
- 3771 this Code section."
- 3772

SECTION 5-83.

3773 Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 42-9-20, relating to general duties of

3774 the State Board of Pardons and Paroles, as follows:

3775 "42-9-20.

(a) In all cases in which the chairman chairperson of the board or any other member 3776 3777 designated by the board has suspended the execution of a death sentence to enable the full 3778 board to consider and pass on same, it shall be mandatory that the board act within a period 3779 not exceeding 90 days from the date of the suspension order. In the cases which the board 3780 has power to consider, the board shall be charged with the duty of determining which 3781 inmates serving sentences imposed by a court of this state may be released on pardon or 3782 parole and fixing the time and conditions thereof. The board shall also be charged with the 3783 duty of supervising all persons placed on parole, of determining violations thereof of parole and of taking action with reference thereto, of and making such investigations as may be 3784 necessary, and of aiding parolees or probationers in securing employment. It shall be the 3785 3786 duty of the board personally to study the cases of those inmates whom the board has power 3787 to consider so as to determine their ultimate fitness for such relief as the board has power to grant. The board by an affirmative vote of a majority of its members shall have the 3788 3789 power to commute a sentence of death to one of life imprisonment.

- (b) The board shall provide The Council of Superior Court Clerks of Georgia the data set
 forth in Code Section 15-12-40.1, without charge and in the electronic format requested."
- 3792

SECTION 5-84.

Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 42-9-21, relating to supervision of
persons placed on parole or other conditional release, contracts for services and programs,
and collection of sums for restitution, as follows:

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- 3796 "42-9-21.
- (a) The board <u>department</u> shall have the function and responsibility of supervising all
 persons placed on parole or other conditional release by the board.
- (b) The board is department shall be authorized to maintain and operate or to enter into
 memoranda memorandums of agreement or other written documents evidencing contracts
 with other state agencies, persons, or any other entities for transitional or intermediate or
 other services or for programs deemed by the board to be necessary for parolees or others
 conditionally released from imprisonment by order of the board and to require as a
 condition of relief that the offender pay directly to the provider a reasonable fee for said
 such services or programs.
- (c) In all cases where restitution is applicable, the board <u>department</u> shall collect during
 the parole period those sums determined to be owed to the victim."
- 3808

SECTION 5-85.

Said title is further amended by revising subsection (b) of Code Section 42-9-41, relating to
duty of board to obtain and place in records information respecting persons subject to relief
or placed on probation, investigations, and rules, as follows:

- 3812 "(b) The board in its discretion may also obtain and place in its permanent records similar 3813 information on each person who may be placed on probation. The board shall immediately 3814 examine such records and any other records obtained and make such other investigation 3815 as it may deem necessary. It shall be the duty of the court and of all probation community 3816 supervision officers and other appropriate officers to furnish to the board, upon its request, 3817 such information as may be in their possession or under their control. The Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Disabilities and all other state, county, and city 3818 3819 agencies, all sheriffs and their deputies, and all peace officers shall cooperate with the 3820 board and shall aid and assist it in the performance of its duties. The board may make such 3821 rules as to the privacy or privilege of such information and as to its use by persons other 3822 than the board and its staff as may be deemed expedient in the performance of its duties."
- 3823

SECTION 5-86.

Said title is further amended by revising subsection (d) of Code Section 42-9-42, relating to
procedure for granting relief from sentence, conditions and prerequisites, and violation of
parole, as follows:

3827 "(d)(1) Any person who is paroled shall be released on such terms and conditions as the
3828 board shall prescribe. The board shall diligently see that no peonage is allowed in the
3829 guise of parole relationship or supervision. The parolee shall remain in the legal custody

3830 of the board until the expiration of the maximum term specified in his or her sentence or 3831 until he <u>or she</u> is pardoned by the board. 3832 (2) The board may require the payment of a parole supervision fee of at least \$10.00 per 3833 month as a condition of parole or other conditional release. The monthly amount shall be set by rule of the board and shall be uniform state wide. The board may require or the 3834 3835 parolee or person under conditional release may request that up to 24 months of the supervision fee be paid in advance of the time to be spent on parole or conditional 3836 3837 release. In such cases, any advance payments are nonreimbursable in the event of parole

terminated prior to the expiration of the sentence being served on parole or conditional
release. Such fees shall be collected by the board department to be paid into the general
fund of the state treasury."

or conditional release revocation or if parole or conditional release is otherwise

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SECTION 5-87.

Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 42-9-44, relating to specification of
terms and conditions of parole; adoption of general and special rules, violation of parole, and
certain parolees to obtain high school diploma or general educational development (GED)
diploma, as follows:

3847 "42-9-44.

(a) The board, upon placing a person on parole, shall specify in writing the terms and 3848 3849 conditions thereof. A certified copy of the conditions shall be given to the parolee. 3850 Thereafter, a copy shall be sent to the clerk of the court in which the person was convicted. 3851 The board shall adopt general rules concerning the terms and conditions of parole and 3852 concerning what shall constitute a violation thereof and shall make special rules to govern 3853 particular cases. The rules, both general and special, may include, among other things, a 3854 requirement that the parolee shall not leave this state or any definite area in this state without the consent of the board; that the parolee shall contribute to the support of his or 3855 her dependents to the best of the parolee's ability; that the parolee shall make reparation or 3856 3857 restitution for his or her crime; that the parolee shall abandon evil associates and ways; and that the parolee shall carry out the instructions of his or her parole supervisor community 3858 3859 supervision officer, and, in general, so comport himself or herself as the parolee's supervisor officer shall determine. A violation of the terms of parole may render the 3860 3861 parolee liable to arrest and a return to a penal institution to serve out the term for which the 3862 parolee was sentenced.

(b) Each parolee who does not have a high school diploma or a general educational
development equivalency diploma (GED) <u>diploma</u> shall be required as a condition of
parole to obtain a high school diploma or general educational development equivalency

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diploma (GED) diploma or to pursue a trade at a vocational or technical school. Any such 3866 parolee who demonstrates to the satisfaction of the board an existing ability or skill which 3867 3868 does in fact actually furnish the parolee a reliable, regular, and sufficient income shall not 3869 be subject to this provision. Any parolee who is determined by the Department of 3870 Corrections department or the board to be incapable of completing such requirements shall 3871 only be required to attempt to improve their his or her basic educational skills. Failure of 3872 any parolee subject to this requirement to attend the necessary schools or courses or to make reasonable progress toward fulfillment of such requirement shall be grounds for 3873 3874 revocation of parole. The board shall establish regulations regarding reasonable progress 3875 as required by this subsection. This subsection shall apply to paroles granted on or after July 1, 1995." 3876

3877

SECTION 5-88.

3878 Said title is further amended by revising subsections (c) and (d) of Code Section 42-9-48,3879 relating to arrest of parolee or conditional release violator, as follows:

"(c) All officers authorized to serve criminal process, all peace officers of this state, and 3880 3881 all employees of the board department whom the board commissioner of community 3882 supervision specifically designates in writing shall be authorized to execute the warrant. 3883 (d) Any parole supervisor community supervision officer, when he or she has reasonable 3884 ground to believe that a parolee or conditional releasee has violated the terms or conditions 3885 of his or her parole or conditional release in a material respect, shall notify the board or 3886 some member thereof; and proceedings shall thereupon be had as provided in this Code 3887 section."

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SECTION 5-89.

Said title is further amended by revising subsection (b) of Code Section 42-9-53, relating to
preservation of documents, classification of information and documents, divulgence of
confidential state secrets, and conduct of hearings, as follows:

3892 (b)(1) All information, both oral and written, received by the members of the board in 3893 the performance of their duties under this chapter and all records, papers, and documents 3894 coming into their possession by reason of the performance of their duties under this 3895 chapter shall be classified as confidential state secrets until declassified by the board; 3896 provided, however, that the board shall be authorized to disclose to an alleged violator 3897 of parole or conditional release the evidence introduced against him or her at a final 3898 hearing on the matter of revocation of parole or conditional release; provided, further, 3899 that the board.

3900 (2) The department may make supervision records of the board department available to
 3901 probation officials employed with the Department of Corrections and the Sexual Offender
 3902 Registration Review Board, provided that the same shall remain confidential and not
 available to any other person or subject to subpoen unless declassified by the board
 3904 commissioner of community supervision."

3906 Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 42-9-57, relating to effect of chapter3907 on probation power of courts and cooperation by board with local agencies, as follows:

SECTION 5-90.

3908 *"*42-9-57.

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3909 Nothing contained in this chapter shall be construed as repealing any power given to any 3910 court of this state to place offenders on probation or to supervise the same nor any power 3911 of any probation agency set up in any county of the state in conjunction with the courts 3912 provide for terms of offender supervison. The board shall be authorized to cooperate with 3913 any such agencies the department, except that it shall not assume or pay any financial 3914 obligations thereof. The board shall also be authorized to cooperate with the courts for the 3915 probation of offenders in those counties in which there is no existing probation agency, 3916 when a court so requests."

SECTION 5-91.

3918 Said title is further amended by revising subsection (b) of Code Section 42-9-90, relating to3919 application fee required for transfer consideration, as follows:

3920 "(b) The Department of Corrections <u>department</u> and the State Board of Pardons and

3921 Paroles are shall be authorized to require any nonindigent adult offender to pay a \$25.00

3922 application fee when applying to transfer his or her supervision from Georgia to any other

3923 state or territory pursuant to the provisions of Articles 3 and 4 of this chapter."

3924 SECTION 5-92.
3925 Title 43 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to professions and businesses,
3926 is amended by revising subsection (c) of Code Section 43-12A-5, relating to provider not to
3927 operate under any name deceptively similar to another, franchising or licensing to another
3928 licensed provider, and restrictions on certain individuals having stake in provider center, as
3929 follows:
3930 "(c) A judicial officer, probation community supervision officer, law enforcement officer,

or other officer or employee of a court or any person employed by a private company
 which has contracted to provide private probation services for misdemeanor cases, or any
 employee of the Department of Driver Services or the Department of Behavioral Health

and Developmental Disabilities, and any immediate family member thereof shall be
prohibited from owning, operating, being employed by, or acting as an agent or servant for,
or having a financial interest in any provider center."

3937

SECTION 5-93.

3938 Title 45 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to public officers and employees,
3939 is amended by revising subsection (e) of Code Section 45-7-9, relating to compensation for
3940 line-of-duty injuries of full-time state employees and exceptions, as follows:

3941 "(e) Any employee of the Department of Corrections, employee of the Department of
3942 Community Supervision, employee of the State Board of Pardons and Paroles, employee
3943 of the Department of Natural Resources, employee of the Department of Revenue, or law
and enforcement officer who qualifies for disability allowances pursuant to Code Section
3945 47-2-221 shall not be entitled to any benefits provided in this Code section."

3946

SECTION 5-94.

Said title is further amended by revising subsection (a) of Code Section 45-7-21, relating to
expense allowance and travel cost reimbursement for members of certain boards and
commissions, as follows:

3950 "(a) Each member of the boards and commissions enumerated in this Code section shall 3951 receive the same expense allowance per day as that received by a member of the General 3952 Assembly for each day such member of a board or commission is in attendance at a 3953 meeting of such board or commission, plus reimbursement for actual transportation costs 3954 while traveling by public carrier or the legal mileage rate for the use of a personal automobile in connection with such attendance. 3955 The expense allowance and 3956 reimbursement provided for in this Code section shall be paid in lieu of any per diem, 3957 allowance, or other remuneration now received by any such member for such attendance. The existing law relative to any limitation on the number of meeting days and remuneration 3958 for service on committees or subcommittees of any such board or commission shall remain 3959 3960 in effect. The boards and commissions to which this Code section shall be applicable are 3961 as follows:

- 3962 (1) State Board of Education;
- 3963 (2) Board of Regents of the University System of Georgia;
- 3964 (2.1) Board of Community Supervision;
- 3965 (3) Board of Corrections;
- 3966 (4) Board of Economic Development;
- 3967 (5) Board of Natural Resources;
- 3968 (6) State Transportation Board;

3982

3969	(7) Dental Education Board;
3970	(8) Georgia Student Finance Commission;
3971	(9) Veterans Service Board;
3972	(10) Georgia Agricultural Exposition Authority;
3973	(11) Georgia Board for Physician Workforce;
3974	(12) Georgia Music Hall of Fame Authority;
3975	(13) Georgia Sports Hall of Fame Authority;
3976	(14) Georgia Rail Passenger Authority;
3977	(15) Georgia Tobacco Community Development Board;
3978	(16) State Board of the Technical College System of Georgia;
3979	(17) Civil War Commission; and
3980	(18) The delegation from the State of Georgia to the Southern

3980 (18) The delegation from the State of Georgia to the Southern Dairy Compact3981 Commission."

3983 Said title is further amended by revising paragraph (10) of Code Section 45-9-81, relating3984 to definitions relative to the Georgia State Indemnification Fund, as follows:

SECTION 5-95.

3985 "(10) 'Prison guard' means any person employed by the state or any political subdivision 3986 thereof whose principal duties relate to the supervision and incarceration of persons 3987 accused or convicted of the violation of the criminal laws of this state or any political 3988 subdivision thereof. Such term shall also mean any probation supervisor or parole 3989 community supervison officer who is required to be certified under Chapter 8 of Title 35, 3990 the 'Georgia Peace Officer Standards and Training Act,' and whose principal duties 3991 directly relate to the supervision of adult probationers or adult parolees. Such term also 3992 means any person employed by the state or any political subdivision thereof whose 3993 principal duties include the supervision of youth who are charged with or adjudicated for 3994 an act which if committed by adults would be considered a crime."

3995 SECTION 5-96.
3996 Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 45-9-83, relating to the creation of the
3997 Georgia State Indemnification Commission, composition, assignment to Department of

3998 Administrative Services for administrative purposes, and meetings, as follows:

3999 "45-9-83.

4000 There is created the Georgia State Indemnification Commission which shall be composed

4001 of the Governor, the executive director of the Peace Officer Standards and Training

4002 Council, the executive director of the Georgia Firefighter Standards and Training Council,
4003 the commissioner of public safety, the commissioner of transportation, the commissioner

4004 of corrections, the commissioner of community supervision, the commissioner of public health, one law enforcement officer who shall be a member of the Peace Officers' 4005 4006 Association of Georgia appointed by the Governor from a list of five candidates provided 4007 by such organization, and one firefighter who shall be a member of the Georgia State Firemen's Association appointed by the Governor from a list of five candidates provided 4008 4009 by such organization. The Governor shall be the chairperson of the commission, and the commission shall be assigned to the department for administrative purposes. 4010 The 4011 commission shall meet at least semiannually upon the call of the Governor."

4012

SECTION 5-97.

4013 Said title is further amended by revising paragraph (7) of Code Section 45-9-101, relating4014 to definitions relative to the temporary disability compensation program, as follows:

- "(7) 'Law enforcement officer' means any agent or officer of this state, or a political 4015 4016 subdivision or municipality thereof, who, as a full-time or part-time employee, is vested 4017 either expressly by law or by virtue of public employment or service with authority to enforce the criminal or traffic laws and whose duties include the preservation of public 4018 4019 order, the protection of life and property, or the prevention, detection, or investigation of 4020 crime. Such term also includes the employees designated by the commissioner of 4021 community supervision who have the duty to supervise children adjudicated for a Class 4022 A designated felony act or Class B designated felony act after release from restrictive 4023 custody, as such terms are defined in Code Section 15-11-2, and the commissioner of 4024 juvenile justice pursuant to paragraph (2) of subsection (i) of Code Section 49-4A-8 who 4025 have the duty to investigate and apprehend delinquent children, or the supervision of 4026 delinquent children under intensive supervision in the community, and any child with a 4027 pending juvenile court case alleging the child to be a child in need of services who has 4028 escaped from a facility under the jurisdiction of the Department of Juvenile Justice or 4029 who has broken the conditions of supervision. Such term also includes members of the Georgia National Guard, the composition of which is set forth in Code Section 38-2-3, 4030 4031 who have been called into active state service by the Governor."
- 4032

SECTION 5-98.

Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 45-18-7, relating to retiring
employees, spouses, and dependents and eligibility of employees of state-wide probation
system to continue coverage upon retirement from local retirement system, as follows:
"45-18-7.

4037 (a) The contract or contracts shall provide for health insurance for retiring state employees
 4038 and their spouses and dependent children, as defined by the regulations of the board, on

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such terms as the board may deem appropriate; and the board may authorize the inclusion
in the plan of the employees and retiring employees of state authorities covered by the
Employees' Retirement System of Georgia and their spouses and dependent children, as
defined by the regulations of the board. Any state authority participating in the plan shall
be required to pay the same rate of contribution paid by the state. The board shall adopt
regulations prescribing the conditions under which an employee or retiring employee may
elect to participate in or withdraw from the plan.

(b) Employees of the state-wide probation system administered by the Department of 4046 Corrections who were employees of a county probation system of a county having a 4047 population of 800,000 or more according to the United States decennial census of 2000 or 4048 4049 any future such census and who were members of a local retirement system and had ten or 4050 more years of creditable service under the local retirement system at the time the county 4051 probation system became a part of the state-wide probation system shall be eligible to 4052 continue coverage under the health insurance plan for the state employees upon retirement 4053 from a local retirement system by paying a premium set by the board. Such retired persons shall be eligible to enroll their spouses and eligible dependents in accordance with the 4054 4055 regulations of the board. Such retirees shall be treated in the same manner as other retirees 4056 eligible to continue coverage under the Employees' Retirement System of Georgia. The 4057 board may promulgate and adopt rules and regulations governing continuance and 4058 discontinuance of coverage for such retired persons and their spouses and eligible 4059 dependents."

4060

SECTION 5-99.

Title 48 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to revenue and taxation, is amended by revising paragraph (1) of Code Section 48-7-161, relating to definitions, as follows:

4064 "(1) 'Claimant agency' means and includes, in the order of priority set forth below:

- 4065 (A) The Department of Human Services and the Department of Behavioral Health and
 4066 Developmental Disabilities with respect to collection of debts under Article 1 of
 4067 Chapter 11 of Title 19, Code Section 49-4-15, and Chapter 9 of Title 37;
- 4068 (B) The Georgia Student Finance Authority with respect to the collection of debts4069 arising under Part 3 of Article 7 of Chapter 3 of Title 20;
- 4070 (C) The Georgia Higher Education Assistance Corporation with respect to the 4071 collection of debts arising under Part 2 of Article 7 of Chapter 3 of Title 20;
- 4072 (D) The Georgia Board for Physician Workforce with respect to the collection of debts
 4073 arising under Part 6 of Article 7 of Chapter 3 of Title 20;

4074 (E) The Department of Labor with respect to the collection of debts arising under Code 4075 Sections 34-8-254 and 34-8-255 and Article 5 of Chapter 8 of Title 34, with the 4076 exception of Code Sections 34-8-158 through 34-8-161; provided, however, that the 4077 Department of Labor establishes that the debtor has been afforded required due process 4078 rights by such Department of Labor with respect to the debt and all reasonable 4079 collection efforts have been exhausted;

4080 (F) The Department of Corrections Community Supervision with respect to probation
4081 fees arising under Code Section 42-8-34 and restitution or reparation ordered by a court
4082 as a part of the sentence imposed on a person convicted of a crime who is in the legal
4083 custody of the department; Department of Corrections or the Department of Community
4084 Supervision; and

4085 (G) The State Board of Pardons and Paroles with respect to restitution imposed on a
 4086 person convicted of a crime and subject to the jurisdiction of the board; and

4087 (H) The Department of Juvenile Justice with respect to restitution imposed on a 4088 juvenile for a delinquent act which would constitute a crime if committed by an adult."

Title 49 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to social services, is amended
by revising Code Section 49-3-6, relating to the functions of county family and children
services department, as follows:

SECTION 5-100.

4093 "49-3-6.

4089

4094 Subject to the rules and regulations of the Board of Human Services, the county department shall be charged with the administration of all forms of public assistance in the county, 4095 4096 including home relief; indoor and outdoor care for those in need; temporary assistance for 4097 needy families; old-age assistance; aid to the blind and otherwise disabled; the care and 4098 treatment of dependent, neglected, delinquent, and disabled children; and such other 4099 welfare activities as shall be delegated to it by the Department of Human Services or by the 4100 county commissioners. The county department shall also investigate and pass upon all applications for admission to and discharge from county institutions which provide care 4101 4102 and treatment for indigents. If so appointed by a court of competent jurisdiction, the Department of Human Services or the county or district department of family and children 4103 4104 services shall perform under the supervision of such court the function of juvenile 4105 probation officer or agent of the court in any welfare or penal matters which may be before it." 4106

SECTION 5-101.

4108 Said title is further amended by revising subsection (c) of Code Section 49-4A-8, relating to 4109 commitment of delinquent children, procedure, cost, return of mentally ill or 4110 developmentally disabled children, escapees, discharge, evidence of commitment, records, 4111 and restitution, as follows:

4112 "(c) When a court commits a delinquent child to the department, the court shall at once 4113 electronically submit a certified copy of the order of commitment to the department, and 4114 the court, the juvenile probation officer, the community supervision officer, the prosecuting 4115 and police authorities, the school authorities, and other public officials shall make available 4116 to the department all pertinent information in their possession pertaining to the case, 4117 including, but not limited to, any predisposition investigation report as set forth in Code Section 15-11-590 and any risk assessment. Such reports shall, if the department so 4118 requests, be made upon forms furnished by the department or according to an outline 4119 provided by the department." 4120

4121 SECTION 5-102.

4122 Said title is further amended by revising subsection (c) of Code Section 49-4A-11, relating4123 to aiding or encouraging child to escape and hindering apprehension of child, as follows:

4124 "(c) Any person who shall knowingly hinder the apprehension of any child under the 4125 supervision of the Department of Community Supervision or the lawful control or custody 4126 of the department who has been placed by the department in one of its institutions or 4127 facilities and who has escaped therefrom or who has been placed under supervision and is 4128 alleged to have broken the conditions thereof shall be guilty of a felony and, upon 4129 conviction thereof, shall be punished by imprisonment for not less than one nor more than 4130 five years."

PART VI

SECTION 6-1.

4131

4132 EFFECTIVE DATE,

4133 APPLICABILITY, AND REPEALER

- 4134
- 4135 This Act shall become effective July 1, 2015, and shall apply to sentences entered on or after
- 4136 such date.
- 4137 SECTION 6-2.
- 4138 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.

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