House Bill 3EX

By: Representatives Rhodes of the 120<sup>th</sup>, Rogers of the 10<sup>th</sup>, Efstration of the 104<sup>th</sup>, Powell of the 171<sup>st</sup>, and Raffensperger of the 50<sup>th</sup>

## A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

1	To amend Chapter 8 of Title 48 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to sales
2	and use taxes, so as to provide for legislative findings; to ratify an executive order of the
3	Governor suspending the collection of sales and use tax levied on jet fuel and to provide for
4	the continuance of such suspension indefinitely; to exempt jet fuel from certain sales and use
5	taxes under certain conditions and to a certain extent; to limit the taxation of the sale and use
6	of jet fuel pursuant to the Joint County and Municipal Sales and Use Tax (LOST) and the
7	"Metropolitan Atlanta Rapid Transit Authority Act of 1965"; to provide for a definition; to
8	repeal provisions limiting an exemption from such taxes on the sale or use of jet fuel for
9	certain qualifying airlines at certain qualifying airports; to repeal provisions relating to an
10	expired exemption from a portion of state sales and use tax for certain qualifying airlines at
11	certain qualifying airports; to repeal inapplicable definitions; to amend Chapter 7 of Title 48
12	of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to income taxes, so as to provide for
13	legislative findings; to provide for definitions; to provide income tax credits for certain
14	timber producers based on certain casualty losses related to Hurricane Michael; to provide
15	for transferability of such credits; to provide for related matters; to provide for effective
16	dates; to repeal conflicting laws; and for other purposes.

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

18 PART I
 19 SECTION 1-1.

- 20 Chapter 8 of Title 48 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to sales and use
- 21 taxes, is amended by adding a new Code section to read as follows:
- 22 "<u>48-8-19.</u>

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- 23 (a) The General Assembly finds that:
- 24 (1) The annual economic impact of Georgia airports amounts to more than \$62 billion
- 25 per year;

26	(2) Direct flights out of Hartsfield-Jackson Atlanta International Airport alone have
27	supported nearly \$11 billion in foreign investment and 42,000 jobs across the state;
28	(3) Georgia's sales and use tax levy on jet fuel amounts to the fourth highest tax burden
29	on jet fuel among states with major airport hubs, placing Georgia at a competitive
30	disadvantage compared to major airport hubs in Florida, New York, North Carolina, and
31	Texas, among others; and
32	(4) The distribution of the proceeds of sales and use tax on jet fuel could jeopardize
33	Georgia's legal standing and compliance with federal aviation programs.
34	(b) The General Assembly of Georgia hereby ratifies the Executive Order of the Governor
35	dated July 30, 2018, and filed in the official records of the office of the Governor as
36	Executive Order 07.30.18.01 which suspended the collection of any rate of sales and use
37	tax as such tax applies to jet fuel. The General Assembly of Georgia hereby continues such
38	suspension of collection indefinitely.
39	(c) For the time period commencing on August 1, 2018, as specified in the Executive
40	Order of the Governor dated July 30, 2018, and filed in the official records of the office of
41	the Governor as Executive Order 07.30.18.01, and concluding at the last moment of
42	November 30, 2018, sales and use taxation pursuant to Code Section 48-8-30 as such tax
43	applies to jet fuel shall be governed by the provisions of this Code section notwithstanding
44	any provisions of Code Section 48-8-30 or any other law to the contrary.
45	(d) The commissioner is authorized to prescribe forms and promulgate rules and
46	regulations deemed necessary in order to administer and effectuate this Code section."
47	PART II
48	SECTION 2-1.
49	Said chapter is further amended in Code Section 48-8-2, relating to definitions, by adding a
<del>4</del> 9	new paragraph to read as follows:
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52	"(16.1) 'Jet fuel' means any form of fuel that is designed for or used in the operation of
52 53	aircraft powered by jet turbine or turboprop engines, including but not limited to Jet-A,
53 54	and excludes aviation gasoline designed for or used in piston engines, including but not limited to avgas."
J <b>4</b>	innited to avgas.
55	SECTION 2-2.
56	Said chapter is further amended in Code Section 48-8-3, relating to exemptions from state
57	sales and use taxes, by revising paragraph (33.1) as follows:
58	"(33.1)(A) The sale or use of jet fuel to or by a qualifying airline at a qualifying airport,
59	to the extent provided in subparagraphs (B) and (C) of this paragraph.

60	(B) For the period of time beginning July 1, 2012, and ending on June 30, 2015, the
61	sale or use of jet fuel to or by a qualifying airline at a qualifying airport shall be exempt
62	from 1 percent of the 4 percent state sales and use tax.
63	(C) The sale or use of jet fuel to or by a qualifying airline at a qualifying airport shall
64	be exempt at all times from the sales or use tax levied and imposed as authorized
65	pursuant to Part 1 of Article 3 of this chapter. As used in this subparagraph, the term
66	'qualifying airport' means any airport in this state that has had more than 750,000
67	takeoffs and landings during a calendar year, and the term 'qualifying airline' shall have
68	the same meaning as set forth in subparagraph (E) of this paragraph.
69	(D) Except as provided for in subparagraph (C) of this paragraph, this exemption shall
70	not apply to any other local sales and use tax levied or imposed at any time in any area
71	consisting of less than the entire state, however authorized, not to exceed the rate at
72	which such taxes were levied as of January 1, 2014, including, but not limited to, such
73	taxes authorized by or pursuant to Section 25 of an Act approved March 10, 1965 (Ga.
74	L. 1965, p. 2243), as amended, the 'Metropolitan Atlanta Rapid Transit Authority Act
75	of 1965,' or such taxes as authorized by or pursuant to Part 2 of Article 3 or Article 2,
76	2A, or 4 of this chapter.
77	(E) For purposes of subparagraph (B) of this paragraph and paragraph (2) of subsection
78	(d) of Code Section 48-8-241, a 'qualifying airline' shall mean any person which is
79	authorized by the Federal Aviation Administration or appropriate agency of the United
80	States to operate as an air carrier under an air carrier operating certificate and which
81	provides regularly scheduled flights for the transportation of passengers or cargo for
82	<del>hire.</del>
83	(F) For purposes of subparagraph (B) of this paragraph and paragraph (2) of subsection
84	(d) of Code Section 48-8-241, the term 'qualifying airport' means a certificated air
85	carrier airport in Georgia.
86	(G) On or after July 1, 2017, revenue derived from the levy of sales and use taxes on
87	jet fuel shall be used for a state aviation program or airport related purposes to the
88	extent required to comply with 49 U.S.C. Sections 47107(b) and 47113. Any portion
89	of such revenue so derived which is in excess of the amount required for purposes of
90	such compliance with federal law may be appropriated by the General Assembly for
91	other purposes.
92	(H) The commissioner shall adopt rules and regulations to carry out the provisions of
93	this paragraph;"

94 **SECTION 2-3.** 

95 Said chapter is further amended by adding a new Code section to read as follows:

- 96 "48-8-3.5.
- 97 (a) The sale or use of jet fuel that is pumped into an aircraft in this state and the use of jet
- 98 <u>fuel that is pumped into an aircraft in another state shall be exempt from all sales and use</u>
- 99 <u>tax except such tax levied:</u>
- (1) By the state pursuant to Code Section 48-8-30 at a rate that shall not exceed 4
- 101 percent;
- (2) Pursuant to Article 2 of this chapter by a jurisdiction in which a sales and use tax
- was levied on jet fuel on December 30, 1987, at a rate that shall not exceed the rate in
- effect on December 30, 1987; and
- 105 (3) Pursuant to Section 25 of an Act approved March 10, 1965 (Ga. L. 1965, p. 2243),
- as amended, the 'Metropolitan Atlanta Rapid Transit Authority Act of 1965,' by a
- jurisdiction in which such tax was levied on jet fuel on December 30, 1987, at a rate that
- shall not exceed the rate in effect on December 30, 1987.
- (b) For the period of time beginning December 1, 2018, and ending at the last moment of
- June 30, 2019, the sale or use of jet fuel that is pumped into an aircraft in this state and the
- use of jet fuel that is pumped into an aircraft in another state shall be exempt from the sales
- and use tax levied by the state pursuant to Code Section 48-8-30.
- 113 (c) To the extent required to comply with 49 U.S.C. Sections 47107(b) and 47113, revenue
- derived from the levy of sales and use taxes on jet fuel and other fuels sold or used at an
- airport for aviation purposes shall be used for a state aviation program or airport related
- purposes. Any portion of such revenue so derived which is not required or exceeds the
- amount required for purposes of such compliance with federal law may be appropriated for
- other purposes as provided by law.
- (d) The commissioner shall adopt rules and regulations to carry out the provisions of this
- 120 Code Section."
- 121 **SECTION 2-4.**
- Said chapter is further amended by revising Code Section 48-8-6, relating to prohibition of
- political subdivisions from imposing various taxes, ceiling on local sales and use taxes, and
- taxation of mobile telecommunications, as follows:
- 125 "48-8-6.
- 126 (a) There shall not be imposed in any jurisdiction in this state or on any transaction in this
- state local sales taxes, local use taxes, or local sales and use taxes in excess of 2 percent.
- For purposes of this prohibition, the taxes affected are any sales tax, use tax, or sales and
- use tax which is levied in an area consisting of less than the entire state, however
- authorized, including such taxes authorized by or pursuant to constitutional amendment,

except that the following taxes shall not count toward or be subject to such 2 percent limitation:

(1) A sales and use tax for educational purposes exempted from such limitation under Article VIII, Section VI, Paragraph IV of the Constitution;

as authorized by the amendment to the Constitution set out at Georgia Laws, 1964, page

- Article VIII, Section VI, Paragraph IV of the Constitution;

  (2) Any tax levied for purposes of a metropolitan area system of public transportation,
- 137 1008; the continuation of such amendment under Article XI, Section I, Paragraph IV(d)
- of the Constitution; and the laws enacted pursuant to such constitutional amendment;
- provided, however, that the exception provided for under this paragraph shall only apply:
- (A) In a county in which a tax is being imposed under subparagraph (a)(1)(D) of Code
- Section 48-8-111 in whole or in part for the purpose or purposes of a water capital
- outlay project or projects, a sewer capital outlay project or projects, a water and sewer
- capital outlay project or projects, water and sewer projects and costs as defined under
- paragraph (4) of Code Section 48-8-200, or any combination thereof and with respect
- to which the county has entered into an intergovernmental contract with a municipality,
- million gallons per day, allocating proceeds to such municipality to be used solely for

in which the average waste-water system flow of such municipality is not less than 85

- water and sewer projects and costs as defined under paragraph (4) of Code Section
- 48-8-200. The exception provided for under this subparagraph shall apply only during
- the period the tax under such subparagraph (a)(1)(D) is in effect. The exception
- provided for under this subparagraph shall not apply in any county in which a tax is
- being imposed under Article 2A of this chapter;
- (B) In a county in which the tax levied for purposes of a metropolitan area system of
- public transportation is first levied after January 1, 2010, and before November 1, 2016.
- Such tax shall not apply to the following:
- (i) The sale or use of jet fuel to or by a qualifying airline at a qualifying airport. For
- purposes of this division, a 'qualifying airline' means any person which is authorized
- by the Federal Aviation Administration or another appropriate agency of the United
- States to operate as an air carrier under an air carrier operating certificate and which
- provides regularly scheduled flights for the transportation of passengers or cargo for
- hire. For purposes of this division, a 'qualifying airport' means any airport in this state
- that has had more than 750,000 takeoffs and landings during a calendar year; and
- 163 (ii) The sale of motor vehicles; or
- 164 (C) In a county in which a tax is levied and collected pursuant to Part 2 of Article 2A
- of this chapter;

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- 166 (3) In the event of a rate increase imposed pursuant to Code Section 48-8-96, only the
- amount in excess of the initial 1 percent sales and use tax and in the event of a newly

imposed tax pursuant to Code Section 48-8-96, only the amount in excess of a 1 percent

- sales and use tax;
- (4) A sales and use tax levied under Article 4 of this chapter;
- 171 (5) A sales and use tax levied under Article 5 of this chapter; and
- 172 (6) A sales and use tax levied under Article 5A of this chapter.
- 173 If the imposition of any otherwise authorized local sales tax, local use tax, or local sales
- and use tax would result in a tax rate in excess of that authorized by this subsection, then
- such otherwise authorized tax may not be imposed.
- (b) Reserved.
- (c) Where the exception specified in paragraph (2) of subsection (a) of this Code section
- applies, the tax imposed under subparagraph (a)(1)(D) of Code Section 48-8-111 shall not
- 179 apply to:
- 180 (1) Reserved; and
- 181 (2) The the sale of motor vehicles.
- (c.1) Where the exception specified in paragraph (2) of subsection (a) of this Code section
- applies, on and after July 1, 2007, the aggregate amount of all excise taxes imposed under
- paragraph (5) of subsection (a) of Code Section 48-13-51 and all sales and use taxes shall
- not exceed 14 percent.
- 186 (d) Notwithstanding any law or ordinance to the contrary, any tax, charge, or fee levied
- by any political subdivision of this state and applicable to mobile telecommunications
- services, as defined in Section 124(7) of the federal Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing
- Act, 4 U.S.C. Section 124(7), shall apply only if the customer's place of primary use is
- located within the boundaries of the political subdivision levying such local tax, charge,
- or fee. For purposes of this subsection, the provisions of Code Section 48-8-13 shall apply
- in the same manner and to the same extent as such provisions apply to the tax levied by
- 193 Code Section 48-8-1 on mobile telecommunications services. This subsection shall not be
- 194 construed to authorize the imposition of any tax, charge, or fee."
- 195 **SECTION 2-5.**
- 196 Said chapter is further amended by revising Code Section 48-8-82, relating to authorization
- of counties and municipalities to impose joint sales and use tax, rate, and applicability to
- sales of motor fuels and food and beverages, as follows:
- 199 "48-8-82.
- 200 (a) When the imposition of a joint county and municipal sales and use tax is authorized
- according to the procedures provided in this article within a special district, the county
- whose geographical boundary is conterminous with that of the special district and each
- qualified municipality located wholly or partially within the special district shall levy a

joint sales and use tax at the rate of 1 percent, except as provided in subsection (b) of this Code section. Except as to rate, the joint tax shall correspond to the tax imposed and administered by Article 1 of this chapter. No item or transaction which is not subject to taxation by Article 1 of this chapter shall be subject to the tax levied pursuant to this article, except that the joint tax provided in this article shall be applicable to sales:

- (1) The sale of motor fuels as prepaid local tax as that term is defined in Code Section
   48-8-2 and shall be applicable to the sale;
- 211 (2) The sale of food and food ingredients and alcoholic beverages only to the extent 212 provided for in paragraph (57) of Code Section 48-8-3; and
- 213 (3) The sale or use of jet fuel as such term is defined in Code Section 48-8-2, to the extent allowed pursuant to Code Section 48-8-3.5.
  - (b) On or after July 1, 2015, such joint sales and use tax levied on sales of motor fuels as defined in Code Section 48-9-2 shall be at the rate of 1 percent of the retail sales price of the motor fuel which is not more than \$3.00 per gallon; provided, however, that in any consolidated government levying a joint sales and use tax at 2 percent pursuant to Code Section 48-8-96, on or after July 1, 2015, any such joint sales and use tax levied on sales of motor fuels as defined in Code Section 48-9-2 shall be at the rate of 2 percent of the retail sales price of the motor fuel which is not more than \$3.00 per gallon."

222 **SECTION 2-6.** 

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- Said chapter is further amended in Code Section 48-8-241, relating to special districts and tax rate for the Special District Transportation Sales and Use Tax (TSPLOST), by revising subsection (d) as follows:
- 226 "(d) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (e) of this Code section, any tax imposed 227 under this article shall be at the rate of 1 percent. Except as to rate, a tax imposed under 228 this article shall correspond to the tax imposed by Article 1 of this chapter. No item or 229 transaction which is not subject to taxation under Article 1 of this chapter shall be subject 230 to a tax imposed under this article, except that and a tax imposed under this article shall not 231 apply to:
- 232 (1) The sale or use of any type of fuel used for off-road heavy-duty equipment, off-road farm or agricultural equipment, or locomotives;
- 234 (2) The sale or use of jet fuel to or by a qualifying airline at a qualifying airport as such
  235 term is defined in Code Section 48-8-2, except to the extent allowed pursuant to Code
  236 Section 48-8-3.5;
- 237 (3) The sale or use of fuel that is used for propulsion of motor vehicles on the public 238 highways. For purposes of this paragraph, a motor vehicle means a self-propelled vehicle 239 designed for operation or required to be licensed for operation upon the public highways;

240 (4) The sale or use of energy used in the manufacturing or processing of tangible goods 241 primarily for resale; or

- 242 (5) Motor fuel as defined under paragraph (9) of Code Section 48-9-2 for public mass
- 243 transit.
- 244 The tax imposed pursuant to this article shall only be levied on the first \$5,000.00 of any
- 245 transaction involving the sale or lease of a motor vehicle. The tax imposed pursuant to this
- article shall be subject to any sales and use tax exemption which is otherwise imposed by
- law; provided, however, that the tax levied by this article shall be applicable to the sale of
- food and food ingredients as provided for in paragraph (57) of Code Section 48-8-3."
- **SECTION 2-7.**
- 250 Said chapter is further amended by revising Code Section 48-8-269, relating to exemption
- 251 from taxation pursuant to the Special District Mass Transportation Sales and Use Tax, as
- 252 follows:
- 253 "48-8-269.
- 254 (a) Except as to rate, a tax imposed under this part shall correspond to the tax imposed by
- 255 Article 1 of this chapter. No item or transaction which is not subject to taxation under
- 256 Article 1 of this chapter shall be subject to a tax imposed under this part, except that and
- a tax imposed under this part shall not apply to:
- 258 (1) The sale or use of any type of fuel used for off-road heavy-duty equipment, off-road
- farm or agricultural equipment, or locomotives;
- 260 (2) The sale or use of jet fuel to or by a qualifying airline at a qualifying airport as such
- 261 <u>term is defined in Code Section 48-8-2, except to the extent allowed pursuant to Code</u>
- 262 <u>Section 48-8-3.5</u>;
- 263 (3) The sale or use of fuel that is used for propulsion of motor vehicles on the public
- 264 highways;
- 265 (4) The sale or use of energy used in the manufacturing or processing of tangible goods
- primarily for resale;
- (5) The sale or use of motor fuel as defined under paragraph (9) of Code Section 48-9-2
- for public mass transit; or
- 269 (6) The purchase or lease of any motor vehicle pursuant to Code Section 48-5C-1.
- 270 (b) Except as otherwise specifically provided in this part, the tax imposed pursuant to this
- part shall be subject to any sales and use tax exemption which is otherwise imposed by law;
- 272 provided, however, that the tax levied by this part shall be applicable to the sale of food and
- food ingredients as provided for in paragraph (57) of Code Section 48-8-3."

274 **SECTION 2-8.** 

275 Said chapter is further amended by revising Code Section 48-8-269.15, relating to a tax

- authorized to be imposed in Metropolitan County Special Districts, as follows:
- 277 "48-8-269.15.
- 278 (a) Except as to rate, a tax imposed under this part shall correspond to the tax imposed by
- 279 Article 1 of this chapter. No item or transaction which is not subject to taxation under
- Article 1 of this chapter shall be subject to a tax imposed under this part, except that and
- a tax imposed under this part shall not apply to:
- (1) The sale or use of any type of fuel used for off-road heavy-duty equipment, off-road
- farm or agricultural equipment, or locomotives;
- (2) The sale or use of jet fuel to or by a qualifying airline at a qualifying airport as such
- term is defined in Code Section 48-8-2, except to the extent allowed pursuant to Code
- 286 <u>Section 48-8-3.5</u>;
- 287 (3) The sale or use of fuel that is used for propulsion of motor vehicles on the public
- 288 highways;
- 289 (4) The sale or use of energy used in the manufacturing or processing of tangible goods
- 290 primarily for resale;
- (5) The sale or use of motor fuel as defined under paragraph (9) of Code Section 48-9-2
- for public mass transit; or
- 293 (6) The purchase or lease of any motor vehicle pursuant to Code Section 48-5C-1.
- 294 (b) Except as otherwise specifically provided in this part, the tax imposed pursuant to this
- 295 part shall be subject to any sales and use tax exemption which is otherwise imposed by law;
- 296 provided, however, that the tax levied by this part shall be applicable to the sale of food and
- food ingredients as provided for in paragraph (57) of Code Section 48-8-3."

298 **SECTION 2-9.** 

- 299 Said chapter is further amended by revising Code Section 48-8-269.30, relating to a tax
- 300 authorized to be imposed in Metropolitan Municipality Special Districts, as follows:
- 301 "48-8-269.30.
- 302 (a) Except as to rate, a tax imposed under this part shall correspond to the tax imposed by
- 303 Article 1 of this chapter. No item or transaction which is not subject to taxation under
- Article 1 of this chapter shall be subject to a tax imposed under this part, except that and
- a tax imposed under this part shall not apply to:
- 306 (1) The sale or use of any type of fuel used for off-road heavy-duty equipment, off-road
- farm or agricultural equipment, or locomotives;

308	(2) The sale or use of jet fuel to or by a qualifying airline at a qualifying airport as such
309	term is defined in Code Section 48-8-2, except to the extent allowed pursuant to Code
310	<u>Section 48-8-3.5;</u>
311	(3) The sale or use of fuel that is used for propulsion of motor vehicles on the public
312	highways;
313	(4) The sale or use of energy used in the manufacturing or processing of tangible goods
314	primarily for resale;
315	(5) The sale or use of motor fuel as defined under paragraph (9) of Code Section 48-9-2
316	for public mass transit; or
317	(6) The purchase or lease of any motor vehicle pursuant to Code Section 48-5C-1.
318	(b) Except as otherwise specifically provided in this part, the tax imposed pursuant to this
319	part shall be subject to any sales and use tax exemption which is otherwise imposed by law;
320	provided, however, that the tax levied by this part shall be applicable to the sale of food and
321	food ingredients as provided for in paragraph (57) of Code Section 48-8-3."
322	PART III
323	SECTION 3-1.
324	Chapter 7 of Title 48 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to income taxes,
325	is amended by adding a new Code section to read as follows:
326	″48-7-40.36.
327	(a)(1) The General Assembly finds and determines that Hurricane Michael has had a
328	catastrophic impact on the citizens and the economy of southwest Georgia, has
329	particularly devastated the timber industry on which the citizens of southwest Georgia are
330	heavily dependent for their livelihood, and has created both a public fire hazard and a
331	danger of insect infestations due to the massive amounts of downed timber caused by the
332	severity of this natural disaster.
333	(2) The General Assembly further finds and declares that it is appropriate and advisable
334	to provide relief to the timber industry in the form of a tax credit targeted to those
335	taxpayers that have suffered substantial economic losses and that will have to incur
336	significant expenses for salvaging downed timber, site clearance, and reforestation of
337	timber over the coming years.
338	(b) As used in this Code section, the term:
339	(1) 'Disaster area' means the real property encompassed by the borders of the 28 counties
340	included in the renewal of the State of Emergency pronounced in the Executive Order of
341	the Governor dated November 6, 2018, and filed in the official records of the office of
342	the Governor as Executive Order 11.06.18.01.

343 (2) 'Eligible timber property' means timber which on October 8, 2018, was being grown

- by a taxpayer in a disaster area as part of a trade or business or a transaction entered into
- 345 <u>for profit.</u>
- 346 (3) 'Timber' means trees grown for the primary purpose of commercial production of
- 347 <u>food or wood or wood fiber products.</u>
- 348 (4) 'Timber casualty loss' means the amount of the diminution of value included in the
- 349 <u>computation of the casualty loss deduction for such casualty losses claimed and allowed</u>
- pursuant to Section 165 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 as casualty losses incurred
- by a taxpayer between October 9, 2018, and December 31, 2018, as a result of damage
- 352 <u>to or destruction of eligible timber property caused by Hurricane Michael.</u>
- 353 (c)(1) A taxpayer shall be allowed tax credits against the tax imposed by this article in
- an amount equal to 100 percent of such taxpayer's timber casualty loss; provided,
- 355 however, that the credit amount shall not exceed the number of the taxpayer's affected
- acres of eligible timber property in such disaster areas multiplied by \$400.00.
- 357 (2) To claim such tax credits, a taxpayer shall submit, on or before December 31, 2019,
- an application for preapproval of such credits based on timber casualty losses incurred
- by such taxpayer.
- 360 (d)(1) The commissioner shall require preapproval applications to contain such
- information as is necessary to substantiate a taxpayer's eligibility for tax credits allowed
- pursuant to this Code section.
- 363 (2) The commissioner is authorized to require electronic submission of preapproval
- applications in the manner specified by the commissioner.
- 365 (3)(A) The commissioner shall approve properly completed preapproval applications
- and issue a preapproval certificate to the taxpayer within 30 days of receipt of any such
- application certifying the amount of credits such taxpayer is eligible to claim if the
- 368 <u>taxpayer meets the conditions of this Code section.</u>
- 369 (B) The commissioner shall review and process properly completed preapproval
- applications in the order in which such applications were submitted.
- 371 (C) In the event that two or more preapproval applications are submitted on the same
- day and the amount of funds available are not sufficient to fully fund the tax credits
- 373 requested, the commissioner shall prorate the available funds between or among the
- 374 <u>applicants.</u>
- 375 (4) In no event shall the commissioner preapprove tax credits pursuant to this Code
- 376 <u>section in an amount that exceeds \$200 million.</u>
- 377 (e) In no event shall the amount of the tax credits allowed pursuant to this Code section
- exceed \$200 million.

379	(f)(1) Tax credits allowed pursuant to this Code section shall be eligible to be claimed
380	only by the taxpayer to which a preapproval certificate was issued by the commissioner.
381	Such tax credits shall only be claimed in the taxable year in which the taxpayer first
382	completes the replanting of timber in a quantity projected to yield at maturity at least 90
383	percent of the value of the timber casualty loss claimed. Such timber shall be planted
384	within the same county in which the eligible timber property was being grown when the
385	timber casualty loss was incurred. Timber market conditions as of October 8, 2018, shall
386	be used for the purposes of establishing projected value.
387	(2) In order to claim such tax credits, a taxpayer shall attach to such taxpayer's state tax
388	return certification from the taxpayer that the requirements of this Code section have been
389	met and any other information required by the commissioner including information which
390	demonstrates that it has completed the replanting of timber required pursuant to
391	paragraph (1) of this subsection.
392	(3) Any tax credits allowed pursuant to this Code section shall be claimed on or before
393	<u>December 31, 2024.</u>
394	(g)(1) In no event shall the total amount of the tax credits allowed pursuant to this Code
395	section for a taxable year exceed the taxpayer's income tax liability. No such tax credits
396	shall be allowed the taxpayer against tax liability in taxable years prior to the year in
397	which the credits are claimed.
398	(2) Tax credits claimed pursuant to this Code section but not used in any taxable year
399	may be carried forward for ten years from the close of the taxable year in which the
400	credits are claimed.
401	(h) Tax credits claimed pursuant to this Code section but not used by the taxpayer against
402	its income tax may be transferred or sold one time to a single other Georgia taxpayer,
403	subject to the following conditions:
404	(1) Only the taxpayer that claimed tax credits allowed pursuant to this Code section shall
405	make the transfer or sale of such tax credits;
406	(2) The taxpayer that claimed the tax credits allowed pursuant to this Code section shall
407	submit to the commissioner written notification of any transfer or sale of tax credits
408	within 30 days after the transfer or sale of such tax credits. The notification shall include:
409	(A) Such taxpayer's credit balance prior to transfer;
410	(B) The credit certificate number;
411	(C) The remaining balance of credits after transfer;
412	(D) The tax identification numbers for the transferee;
413	(E) The date of transfer;
414	(F) The amount of credits transferred; and
415	(G) Other information as may be required by the department;

416 (3) Failure to comply with this subsection shall result in the disallowance of the tax credits allowed pursuant to this Code section until the taxpayer that claimed the credits 417 418 is in full compliance; 419 (4) The transfer or sale of the tax credits does not extend the time during which such tax credits can be used. The carry-forward period for tax credits that are transferred or sold 420 421 shall begin on the date on which such tax credits were originally claimed; 422 (5) A transferee shall have only such rights to claim and use the tax credits that were available to the transferor at the time of the transfer. To the extent that the transferor did 423 424 not have rights to claim or use the tax credits at the time of the transfer, the commissioner 425 shall disallow the tax credits claimed by the transferee or recapture the tax credits from the transferee or transferor. The transferee's recourse shall not be against the 426 427 commissioner; and 428 (6) The transferee must acquire the tax credits allowed pursuant to this Code section for a minimum of 60 percent of the amount of the tax credits so transferred. 429 430 (i)(1) A taxpayer claiming, transferring, or selling tax credits allowed pursuant to this 431 Code section shall be required to reimburse the department for any department initiated 432 audits relating to the tax credits, provided that such amount shall not exceed the value of 433 the credits claimed by the taxpayer. This paragraph shall not apply to routine tax audits 434 of such taxpayer that may include the review of the tax credits provided in this Code 435 section. 436 (2) The commissioner shall have access to timber property for the purpose of 437 determining eligibility for both the preapproval and claiming of tax credits allowed and 438 conducting audits pursuant to this Code section, provided that prior notice is given to any 439 taxpayer that submitted an application for the preapproval of tax credits or that 440 transferred or claimed such tax credits and the owner of the underlying real property. 441 (3) The commissioner may pursue all remedies available by law as necessary to 442 recapture tax credits wrongfully preapproved, allowed, or claimed by a taxpayer or a 443 taxpayer's transferee. 444 (i) The commissioner shall be authorized to promulgate any rules and regulations 445 necessary to implement and administer this Code section." PART IV 446

446 **PART IV**447 **SECTION 4-1.** 

448 (a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (b) of this section, this Act shall become 449 effective upon its approval by the Governor or upon its becoming law without such approval.

450 (b) Part II of this Act shall become effective December 1, 2018.

**SECTION 4-2.** 

452 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.