# House Bill 278 (COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE)

By: Representatives Clark of the 98<sup>th</sup>, Pruett of the 149<sup>th</sup>, Barr of the 103<sup>rd</sup>, Jones of the 167<sup>th</sup>, Cantrell of the 22<sup>nd</sup>, and others

# A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

1	To amend Chapter 22 of Title 45 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, the "Public
2	Employee Hazardous Chemical Protection and Right to Know Act of 1988," so as to transfer
3	responsibility under such chapter to the Safety Fire Commissioner; to define certain terms;
4	to provide for rules and regulations; to provide for the provision of certain information
5	relative to hazardous materials to the commissioner; to provide for grievances and judicial
6	review; to provide an effective date; to provide for related matters; to repeal conflicting laws;
7	and for other purposes.
8	BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:
9	SECTION 1.
10	Chapter 22 of Title 45 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, the "Public Employee
11	Hazardous Chemical Protection and Right to Know Act of 1988," is amended by revising
12	Code Section 45-22-2, relating to definitions, as follows:
13	"45-22-2.
14	As used in this chapter, the term:
15	(1) 'Appointing authority' means a person or group of persons authorized by law or
16	delegated authority to make appointments to fill employee positions in the legislative,
17	judicial, or executive branch of state government.
18	(1)(2) 'Article' means a finished product or manufactured item:
19	(A) Which is formed to a specific shape or design during manufacture;
20	(B) Which has end use functions dependent in whole or in part upon its shape or design
21	during end use; and
22	(C) Which has either no change of chemical composition during end use or only those
23	changes of composition which have no commercial purpose separate from that of the
24	article.

(2)(3) 'Chemical name' means the scientific designation of a chemical in accordance with
 the nomenclature system developed by the International Union of Pure and Applied
 Chemistry or the system developed by the Chemical Abstracts Service.

28 (3) 'Commissioner' means the Commissioner of Labor or his designee.

(4) 'Common name' means any designation or identification such as a code name, code
number, trade name, or brand name used to identify a chemical other than by its chemical
name.

32 (5) 'Contractor,' 'independent contractor,' or 'public contractor' means any person under
33 a contract or agreement to provide labor or services to a public employer.

34 (6) 'Department' means the <del>Department of Labor</del> office of the Safety Fire Commissioner.

35 (7) 'Distributor' means an individual or employer, other than the manufacturer or
 36 importer, who supplies hazardous chemicals directly to users or to other distributors.

(8) 'Employee' or 'public employee' means any person who is employed by any branch, 37 department, board, bureau, commission, authority, or other agency of the state and any 38 inmate under the jurisdiction of the Department of Corrections performing a work 39 assignment which requires the handling of any hazardous chemicals. Such term shall not 40 include those employees of the Environmental Protection Division of the Department of 41 42 Natural Resources who are responsible for on-site response and assistance in the case of 43 environmental emergencies while such employees are engaged in responding to such 44 emergencies.

(9) 'Employer' or 'public employer' means any branch, department, board, bureau,
commission, authority, or other agency of the state which employs or appoints an
employee or employees. An independent contractor or subcontractor shall be deemed the
sole employer of its employees, even when such employees are performing work at the
workplace of another employer.

(10) 'Exposed' or 'exposure' means that an employee is required by a public employer to
be subjected to a hazardous chemical in the course of employment through any route of
entry, including but not limited to, inhalation, ingestion, skin contact, or absorption and
includes potential or accidental exposure.

54 (11) 'Hazardous chemical' means any chemical which is a physical hazard or a health55 hazard.

(11.1)(12) 'Health hazard' means a chemical for which there is statistically significant
evidence based on at least one study conducted in accordance with established scientific
principles that acute or chronic health effects may occur in exposed employees and shall
include all examples of hazardous chemicals to which reference is made in the definition
of 'health hazard' under the Occupational Safety and Health Administration standard, 29
CFR Section 1910.1200 (1987).

62 (12)(13) 'Importer' means the first individual or employer within the Customs Territory 63 of the United States who receives hazardous chemicals produced in other countries for 64 the purpose of supplying them to distributors or users within the United States. 65 (13) 'Impurity' means a hazardous chemical which is unintentionally present with another 66 chemical or mixture. 67 (14) Reserved. 68 (15)(14) 'Manufacturer' means a person who produces, synthesizes, extracts, or otherwise 69 makes hazardous chemicals. 70 (16)(15) 'Material safety data sheet' means the document prepared by manufacturers in accordance with the requirements of the Occupational Safety and Health Administration 71 72 standard, 29 CFR Sections 1910.0000 through 1910.1500 (1987) and containing the 73 following information: 74 (A) The chemical name and the common name of the hazardous chemical; 75 (B) The hazards or other risks in the use of the hazardous chemical, including: 76 (i) The potential for fire, explosion, corrosivity, and reactivity; (ii) The known acute and chronic health effects of risks from exposure, including the 77 78 medical conditions which are generally recognized as being aggravated by exposure 79 to the hazardous chemical; and 80 (iii) The primary routes of entry and the symptoms of overexposure; 81 (C) The proper precautions, handling practices, necessary personal protective 82 equipment, and other safety precautions in the use of or exposure to the hazardous 83 chemicals, including appropriate emergency treatment in case of overexposure; 84 (D) The emergency procedures for spills, fire, disposal, and first aid; (E) A description in lay terms of the known specific potential health risks posed by the 85 86 hazardous chemical intended to alert any person reading this information; and 87 (F) The year and month, if available, that the information was compiled and the name, address, and emergency telephone number of the manufacturer responsible for 88 89 preparing the information. 90 (17) 'Medical emergency' means a medical condition which poses an imminent threat to 91 a person's health, caused or suspected to have been caused by exposure to a hazardous 92 chemical, and which requires immediate treatment by a physician. 93 (18)(16) 'Mixture' means any combination of two or more chemicals, if the combination 94 is not, in whole or in part, the result of a chemical reaction. (19)(17) 'Occupational Safety and Health Administration standard' means the Hazard 95 Communication Standard issued by the Occupational Safety and Health Administration, 96 97 29 CFR Sections 1910.0000 through 1910.1500 (1987).

- 98 (20)(18) 'Person' means any individual, natural person, public or private corporation,
   99 incorporated association, government, government agency, partnership, or unincorporated
   100 association.
- (20.1)(19) 'Physical hazard' means a chemical for which there is scientifically valid
   evidence that it is a combustible liquid, a compressed gas, explosive, flammable, an
   organic peroxide, an oxidizer, pyrophoric, unstable (reactive), or water reactive.
- 104 (21)(20) 'Produce' means to manufacture, process, formulate, or repackage.
- 105 (22) 'Specific chemical identity' means the chemical name, the Chemical Abstracts
- Service Registry Number, or any other specific information which reveals the precise
   chemical designation.
- (23)(21) 'Work area' means a room inside a building or structure, an outside area, or
   other defined space in a workplace where hazardous chemicals are produced, stored, or
   used and where employees are present in the course of their employment.

111 (24)(22) 'Workplace' means an establishment or business at one geographic location at

112 which work is performed by a state employee and which contains one or more work

areas. In the case of an independent contractor or subcontractor, the workplace shall be

- 114 defined as all work areas wholly owned or controlled by such independent contractor or
- 115 subcontractor."

### **SECTION 2.**

117 Said chapter is further amended in Code Section 45-22-5, relating to exclusions from chapter,

- exclusions from labeling requirements, and dissemination of information, by revisingsubsection (c) as follows:
- 120 *"(c)* The department shall be responsible for the dissemination of appropriate information

121 available on the nature and hazards of hazardous chemicals. The department shall

- 122 promptly assist employers and employees with inquiries concerning the hazardous nature
- 123 of such chemicals."

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### **SECTION 3.**

Said chapter is further amended by revising Code Section 45-22-6, relating to assistance of
the Governor's Employment and Training Council in reviewing and preparing rules and
regulations, as follows:

128 *"*45-22-6.

129 (a) The Governor's Employment and Training Council shall assist the department in

130 reviewing and preparing <u>department shall promulgate such</u> rules and regulations <u>as may</u>

- 131 <u>be</u> necessary to administer this chapter. For the purposes of this chapter, the council shall
- 132 meet at the call of the Commissioner. When the council is meeting for the purposes of this

133 chapter, it shall make a report of each meeting, which shall include a record of its

discussions and recommendations. The department shall make such reports available to
 any interested person or group.

- (b) The Governor's Employment and Training Council or the Commissioner department
  shall be authorized to consult with persons knowledgeable in the field of hazardous
  chemicals and to create committees composed of such consultants and members of the
  council to assist the council and Commissioner department in carrying out their its duties
  under this chapter.
- 141 (c) The department shall consider the advice and recommendations of the council in
- 142 promulgating rules and regulations and their amendments. If the department rejects the
- 143 advice and recommendations of the council, the department must provide written reasons
- 144 for such rejection."
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## **SECTION 4.**

146 Said chapter is further amended by revising Code Section 45-22-7, relating to material safety

147 data sheets, notice to employees, and rights of employees, as follows:

148 *"*45-22-7.

149 (a) The manufacturer, importer, or distributor of any hazardous chemical shall prepare and 150 provide the direct purchasers of such hazardous chemicals and, upon request, the department, with a material safety data sheet which, to the best knowledge of the 151 152 manufacturer, importer, or distributor, is current, accurate, and complete, based on 153 information then reasonably available to the manufacturer, importer, or distributor, and 154 provide a copy of the material safety data sheet to employers who purchase such hazardous chemicals and an electronic copy to the department annually. 155 156 (b) Any person who produces a mixture may, for the purposes of this Code section,

- prepare and use a mixture material safety data sheet, subject to the provisions ofsubsection (j) of this Code section.
- (c) A manufacturer, importer, distributor, or employer may provide the information
  required by this Code section on an entire mixture, instead of on each hazardous chemical
  in it, when all of the following conditions exist:
- 162 (1) Toxicity test information exists on the mixture itself or adequate information exists 163 to form a valid judgment of the hazardous properties of the mixture itself and the material 164 safety data sheet indicates that the information presented and the conclusions drawn are 165 from some source other than direct test data on the mixture itself, and that a material 166 safety data sheet on each constituent hazardous chemical identified on the material safety 167 data sheet is evailable upon respective.
- 167 data sheet is available upon request;

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(2) Provision of information on the mixture will be as effective in protecting employee
health as information on the ingredients;
(3) The hazardous chemicals in the mixture are identified on the material safety data

- 170 (5) The hazardous chemicals in the mixture are identified on the material safety data 171 sheet unless it is unfeasible to describe all the ingredients in the mixture, provided that 172 the reason why the hazardous chemicals in the mixture are not identified shall be stated 173 on the material safety data sheet; and
- (4) A single mixture material safety data sheet may be provided for more than one
  formulation of a product mixture if the information provided does not vary for the
  formulation.
- (d) A manufacturer, importer, or distributor who is responsible for preparing and 177 transmitting a material safety data sheet under the provisions of this Code section shall 178 179 revise such material safety data sheet on a timely basis, as appropriate to the importance of any new information which would affect the contents of the existing material safety data 180 181 sheet, and in any event within three months of such information becoming available to the 182 manufacturer, importer, or distributor. Each such manufacturer, importer, or distributor 183 shall provide a copy of the material safety data sheet to employers who have purchased such hazardous chemicals and an electronic copy to the department. 184
- (e) Any person subject to the provisions of this Code section shall be relieved of the
  obligation to provide a direct purchaser of a hazardous chemical with a material safety data
  sheet <u>if</u>:
- 188 (1) If he <u>He or she</u> has a record of having provided the direct purchaser with the most
   recent version of the material safety data sheet;
- 190 (2) If the <u>The</u> chemical is labeled pursuant to:
- 191 (A) The federal Atomic Energy Act; or
- 192 (B) The federal Resource Conservation Recovery Act; or

(3) If the <u>The</u> article is one sold at retail and is incidentally sold to an employer or the
employer's employees in the same form, approximate amount, concentration, and manner
as it is sold to consumers, and, to the seller's knowledge, employee exposure to the article
is not significantly greater than the consumer exposure occurring during the principal
consumer use of the article.

(f) If an employer is not supplied with a material safety data sheet by a manufacturer, importer, or distributor for a hazardous chemical subject to this Code section, such employer shall, within a reasonable amount of time after discovering that a material safety data sheet has not been supplied, use diligent efforts to obtain such material safety data sheet from the manufacturer, importer, or distributor. For purposes of this subsection, 'diligent efforts' shall mean a prompt inquiry by the employer to the manufacturer, importer, or distributor of the hazardous chemicals; provided, however, that an independent

205 contractor or subcontractor shall be responsible for obtaining the material safety data sheet206 for his employees in the workplace of another.

207 (g) If after having used diligent efforts, an employer still fails to obtain a material safety

data sheet, he such employer shall request notify the department of the employer's inability
to obtain such material safety data sheet on his behalf.

(h) An employer who has used diligent efforts and who has made a documented request
<u>notification</u> to the department pursuant to this Code section shall not be found in violation
of this Code section with respect to the material safety data sheet which was not supplied
by the manufacturer, importer, or distributor as required by this Code section.

(i) Every employer who manufactures, produces, uses, applies, or stores hazardous
chemicals in the workplace shall post a notice as prescribed by rule <u>or regulation</u>
promulgated by the department in a place where notices are normally posted, informing
employees of their rights under this chapter.

(j) Every employer who manufactures, produces, uses, applies, or stores hazardous
chemicals in the workplace shall maintain a material safety data sheet for each hazardous
chemical which is present in such workplace. All material safety data sheets shall be
readily available in the workplace; provided, however, that employers who maintain one
or more work areas which are not fixed at specific geographic locations shall be authorized
to maintain material safety data sheets for each hazardous chemical used in such work area
at a central location.

225 (k)(1) A material safety data sheet may be kept in any form, including operations 226 procedures, and may be designed to cover groups of hazardous chemicals in a work area 227 where it may be appropriate to address the hazards of a process rather than individual hazardous chemicals. The employer shall ensure that in all cases the required information 228 229 is provided for each hazardous chemical, and is readily accessible during each workshift 230 to employees when they are in their work area; provided, however, that employers who 231 maintain one or more work areas which are not fixed at specific geographic locations shall be authorized to maintain material safety data sheets for each hazardous chemical 232 233 used in such work area at a central location.

234 (2) Any employee may request in writing and shall have the right to examine and obtain the material safety data sheets for the hazardous chemicals to which he is, has been, or 235 may be exposed. The employer shall provide any material safety data sheet within its 236 possession within five of the requesting employee's working days, subject to the 237 provisions of subsection (g) of this Code section. The employer may adopt reasonable 238 239 procedures for acting upon such requests to avoid interruption of normal work operations. 240 (3) An independent contractor or subcontractor working in the workplace of another employer may request in writing and shall have the right to examine the material safety 241

data sheets for the hazardous chemicals to which he or his employees are, have been, or
may be exposed. The employer shall provide any material safety data sheet within its
possession within five of the requesting independent contractor's or subcontractor's
working days, subject to the provisions of subsection (g) of this Code section. The
employer may adopt reasonable procedures for acting upon such requests to avoid
interruption of normal work operations.

(4) If an employee who has requested a material safety data sheet pursuant to this chapter 248 has not received such material safety data sheet within five of the requesting employee's 249 250 working days, subject to the provisions of subsection (g) of this Code section, that employee may refuse to work with the chemical for which he has requested the material 251 safety data sheet until such material safety data sheet is provided by the employer; 252 provided, however, that nothing contained in this paragraph shall be construed to permit 253 any employee to refuse to perform essential services, as such term is defined by rule or 254 regulation; provided, further, that nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to interfere 255 with the right of the employer to transfer an employee who so refuses to work to other 256 duties until such material safety data sheet is provided, such a transfer not to be 257 considered as a discriminatory act under Code Section 45-22-10. No pay, position, 258 259 seniority, or other benefits shall be lost for exercise of any right provided by this chapter 260 as a result of such a transfer.

(l) No employer shall discharge or otherwise discriminate against an employee for theemployee's assertion of the employee's rights under this chapter.

263 (m) For the purposes of this Code section, an employer, independent contractor, or subcontractor shall maintain material safety data sheets for their own workplaces only; 264 provided, however, that employees of such independent contractor or subcontractor, insofar 265 266 as they are exposed in the course of their employment to hazardous chemicals in other 267 workplaces, shall have the right to examine material safety data sheets for those chemicals to which they are exposed from the workplace employer through a written request to their 268 own employer as provided in paragraph (2) of subsection (k) of this Code section. 269 Employers must advise employees that they can obtain further information from the 270271 department. Nothing contained in this chapter shall be construed to require an employer to conduct studies to develop new information." 272

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#### **SECTION 5.**

Said chapter is further amended in Code Section 45-22-8, relating to information and training
standards, by revising subsection (c) as follows:

276 "(c) The department shall by rule and <u>or</u> regulation establish minimum information and

training standards for compliance with this Code section. The Governor's Employment and

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- 278 Training Council shall be authorized to make recommendations to the department
- 279 regarding the development and implementation of such standards."
- **SECTION 6.** 280 Said chapter is further amended by revising Code Section 45-22-11, relating to filing of 281 employee grievances, termination of contract by employer for violation of Code Section 282 45-22-4, ability of employers to dismiss or discipline employees, and judicial review of 283 grievances, as follows: 284 285 "45-22-11. (a) In order to enforce the provisions of this chapter, any employee adversely affected by 286 a violation of this chapter by that employee's employer may file a grievance in accordance 287 with the employer's established grievance procedures. Appointing authorities shall pursue 288 all complaints concerning occupational exposure to hazardous chemicals. Employees 289 290 dissatisfied with a final decision of an appointing authority may file a grievance with the 291 Commissioner. (b) Upon any violation of Code Section 45-22-4 by a contractor, the employer under 292 293 agreement with such contractor shall have the right to terminate the contract without 294 liability. 295 (c) Nothing in this chapter shall change or modify the right or ability of employers to 296 dismiss or discipline employees in accordance with the laws of this state. 297 (d) Any employee adversely affected by dissatisfied with a final decision of the 298 Commissioner an appointing authority with regard to a grievance filed pursuant to 299 subsection (a) of this Code section shall be entitled to judicial review in the same manner 300 as provided for judicial review of contested cases in Chapter 13 of Title 50, the 'Georgia 301 Administrative Procedure Act." 302 **SECTION 7.** 
  - 303 This Act shall become effective on January 1, 2016.
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## SECTION 8.

305 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.