House Bill 227 (COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE)

By: Representatives Leverett of the 123<sup>rd</sup>, Williamson of the 112<sup>th</sup>, Smith of the 18<sup>th</sup>, Anderson of the 10<sup>th</sup>, Burchett of the 176<sup>th</sup>, and others

## A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

To amend Code Section 10-1-359.3 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to forfeiture and items declared contraband, so as to provide for a conforming cross reference; to amend Title 16 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to crimes and offenses, so as to revise the definition of critical infrastructure; to provide for definitions; to include critical infrastructure damages in the offense of criminal damage to property in the first degree; to provide for penalties; to clarify definitions regarding domestic terrorism; to provide for related matters; to repeal conflicting laws; and for other purposes.

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## BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

SECTION 1.

Code Section 10-1-359.3 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to forfeiture
and items declared contraband, is amended by revising subparagraph (a)(1)(B) as follows:
"(B) Criminal damage to property in the first degree in violation of paragraph (2) of

13 subsection (a) (b) of Code Section 16-7-22; or"

	23 LC 48 0871S
14	SECTION 2.
15	Title 16 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to crimes and offenses, is
16	amended by revising Code Section 16-7-22, relating to criminal damage to property in the
17	first degree, as follows:
18	<i>"</i> 16-7-22.
19	(a) As used in this Code section, the term:
20	(1) 'Critical infrastructure' shall have the same meaning as provided in Code Section
21	<u>16-11-220.</u>
22	(2) 'Electronic means' means any unauthorized transmission of fraudulent or
23	unauthorized data, including data that is self-replicating or self-propagating, and any use
24	of other technology that successfully modifies, alters, damages, destroys, records, or
25	transmits information which disrupts normal operations.
26	(3) 'Public transportation system' shall have the same meaning as provided in Code
27	<u>Section 16-11-220.</u>
28	(4) 'Vital public service' includes water, sewerage, drainage, energy, electric, gas, natural
29	gas, telecommunication, internet, cable, navigation, collision avoidance, public
30	transportation systems, and other services the loss of which would have a debilitating
31	impact on the health, safety, or financial security of the public.
32	(b) A person commits the offense of criminal damage to property in the first degree when
33	he <u>or she</u> :
34	(1) Knowingly and without authority interferes with any property in a manner so as to
35	endanger human life; or
36	(2) Knowingly and without authority and by <u>either</u> force or violence <u>or by electronic</u>
37	means interferes with the proper operation of any system of public communication,
38	public transportation, sewerage, drainage, water supply, gas, power, or other public utility
39	service or with any constituent property thereof critical infrastructure or any vital public
40	service.

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(b)(c) A person convicted of the offense of criminal damage to property in the first degree
shall be punished by imprisonment for not less than one nor more than ten years; provided,
however, that a person convicted of a violation of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of this
Code section shall be punished by imprisonment for not less than two nor more than 20
years."

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## **SECTION 3.**

Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 16-7-25, relating to damaging,
injuring, or interfering with property of public utility companies, municipalities, or political
subdivisions, as follows:

50 "16-7-25.

(a) <u>As used in this Code section, the term 'critical infrastructure' shall have the same</u>
 meaning as set forth in Code Section 16-11-220.

53 (b) It shall be unlawful for any person intentionally and without authority to injure or 54 destroy any meter, pipe, conduit, wire, line, post, lamp, or other apparatus belonging to a company, municipality, or political subdivision engaged in the manufacture or sale of 55 56 electricity, gas, water, telephone, or other public services; intentionally and without 57 authority alter or interfere with any critical infrastructure to prevent a meter from properly 58 the proper registering of the quantity of such service supplied; in any way to interfere with 59 the proper action of such a company, municipality, or political subdivision owning critical 60 infrastructure; intentionally to divert any services of such company, municipality, or 61 political subdivision; or otherwise intentionally and without authority to use or cause to be 62 used, without the consent of the company, municipality, or political subdivision, any 63 service manufactured, sold, or distributed by the company, municipality, or political 64 subdivision.

65 (b)(c) Where there is no evidence to the contrary, the person performing any of the illegal 66 acts set forth in subsection (a) (b) of this Code section and the person who with knowledge of such violation receives the benefit of such service without proper charge as a result of
the improper action shall be presumed to be responsible for the act of tampering or
diversion.

(c)(d) This Code section shall be cumulative to and shall not prohibit the enactment of any
 other general and local laws, rules, and regulations of state or local authorities or agencies
 and local ordinances prohibiting such activities which are more restrictive than this Code
 section.

74 (d)(e) Any person who violates this Code section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor."

75	SECTION 4.
76	Said title is further amended by revising paragraph (1) of Code Section 16-11-220, relating
77	to definitions regarding domestic terrorism, as follows:
78	"(1) 'Critical infrastructure' means publicly or privately owned facilities, systems,
79	functions, or assets, whether physical or virtual, providing or distributing services for
80	the benefit of the public, including, but not limited to, energy, fuel, water, agriculture,
81	health care, finance, or communication, or any other vital public service."
82	SECTION 5.

83 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.