The House Committee on Ways and Means offers the following substitute to HB 215:

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

- 1 To amend Chapter 8 of Title 48 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to sales
- 2 and use taxes, so as to provide for an additional exemption to the ceiling on local sales and
- 3 use taxes which may be levied by a political subdivision; to provide for a revised distribution
- 4 of the proceeds from the levy of an equalized homestead option sales and use tax; to provide
- 5 for the levy of a special purpose local options sales and use tax in certain counties; to provide
- 6 for procedures, conditions, and limitations; to provide for a short title; to provide for related
- 7 matters; to repeal conflicting laws; and for other purposes.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

9 SECTION 1.

- 10 Chapter 8 of Title 48 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to sales and use
- 11 taxes, is amended in Code Section 48-8-6, relating to the ceiling on local sales and use taxes,
- 12 by revising paragraph (2) of subsection (a) as follows:
- 13 "(2) Any tax levied for purposes of a metropolitan area system of public transportation,
- as authorized by the amendment to the Constitution set out at Georgia Laws, 1964, page
- 15 1008; the continuation of such amendment under Article XI, Section I, Paragraph IV(d)
- of the Constitution; and the laws enacted pursuant to such constitutional amendment;
- provided, however, that the exception provided for under this paragraph shall only apply:
- 18 (A) In a county in which a tax is being imposed under subparagraph (a)(1)(D) of Code
- 19 Section 48-8-111 in whole or in part for the purpose or purposes of a water capital
- outlay project or projects, a sewer capital outlay project or projects, a water and sewer
- capital outlay project or projects, water and sewer projects and costs as defined under
- paragraph (4) of Code Section 48-8-200, or any combination thereof and with respect
- 23 to which the county has entered into an intergovernmental contract with a municipality,
- in which the average waste-water system flow of such municipality is not less than 85
- 25 million gallons per day, allocating proceeds to such municipality to be used solely for
- water and sewer projects and costs as defined under paragraph (4) of Code Section

48-8-200. The exception provided for under this subparagraph shall apply only during the period the tax under said such subparagraph (a)(1)(D) is in effect. The exception provided for under this subparagraph shall not apply in any county in which a tax is being imposed under Article 2A of this chapter; or

(B) In a county in which the tax levied for purposes of a metropolitan area system of public transportation is first levied after January 1, 2010, and before November 1, 2016.

Such tax shall not apply to the following:

(i) The sale or use of jet fuel to or by a qualifying airline at a qualifying airport. For purposes of this division, a 'qualifying airline' means any person which is authorized by the Federal Aviation Administration or another appropriate agency of the United States to operate as an air carrier under an air carrier operating certificate and which provides regularly scheduled flights for the transportation of passengers or cargo for hire. For purposes of this division, a 'qualifying airport' means any airport in the this state that has had more than 750,000 takeoffs and landings during a calendar year; and

(ii) The sale of motor vehicles; or

(C) In a county in which a tax is levied and collected pursuant to Article 2A of this

43 <u>chapter;"</u>

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44 SECTION 2.

45 Said chapter is further amended by revising Article 2A, relating to the homestead option

46 sales and use tax, as follows:

47 "<u>Part 1</u>

48 48-8-100.

- This article part shall be known and may be cited as the 'Homestead Option Sales and Use
- 50 Tax Act.'
- 51 48-8-101.
- As used in this article part, the term:
- 53 (1) 'Ad valorem taxes for county purposes' means any and all ad valorem taxes for
- county maintenance and operation purposes levied by, for, or on behalf of the county,
- excluding taxes to retire general obligation bonded indebtedness of the county.
- 56 (2) 'Existing municipality' means a municipality created prior to January 1, 2007, lying
- wholly within or partially within a county.

58 (3) 'Homestead' means homestead as defined and qualified in Code Section 48-5-40, with

- the additional qualification that it shall include only the primary residence and not more
- than five contiguous acres of land immediately surrounding such residence.
- 61 (4) 'Qualified municipality' means a municipality created on or after January 1, 2007,
- 62 lying wholly within or partially within a county.
- 63 48-8-101.1.
- It is the intent of the General Assembly that the proceeds of the homestead option sales and
- use tax be distributed equitably to the counties and qualified municipalities such that the
- residents of a new incorporated municipality will continue to receive a benefit from that
- tax substantially equal to the benefit they would have received if the area covered by the
- 68 municipality had not incorporated. The provisions of this article part shall be liberally
- 69 construed to effectuate such intent.
- 70 48-8-102.
- 71 (a) Pursuant to the authority granted by Article IX, Section II, Paragraph VI of the
- 72 Constitution of this state, there are created within this state 159 special districts. The
- 73 geographical boundary of each county shall correspond with and shall be conterminous
- with the geographical boundary of one of the 159 special districts.
- 75 (b) When the imposition of a local sales and use tax is authorized according to the
- procedures provided in this article part within a special district, the county whose
- geographical boundary is conterminous with that of the special district shall levy a local
- sales and use tax at the rate of 1 percent. Except as to rate, the local sales and use tax shall
- 79 correspond to the tax imposed and administered by Article 1 of this chapter. No item or
- transaction which is not subject to taxation by Article 1 of this chapter shall be subject to
- 81 the sales and use tax levied pursuant to this article part, except that the sales and use tax
- provided in this article part shall be applicable to sales of motor fuels as prepaid local tax
- as that such term is defined in Code Section 48-8-2 and shall be applicable to the sale of
- 84 food and food ingredients and alcoholic beverages only to the extent provided for in
- paragraph (57) of Code Section 48-8-3.
- 86 (c)(1) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, the proceeds of
- 87 the sales and use tax levied and collected under this article part shall be used only for the
- purposes of funding capital outlay projects and of funding services within a special
- district equal to the revenue lost to the homestead exemption as provided in Code Section
- 90 48-8-104 and, in the event excess funds remain following the expenditure for such
- purposes, such excess funds shall be expended as provided in subparagraph (c)(2)(C) of
- 92 Code Section 48-8-104.

(2) Prior to January 1 of the year immediately following the first complete calendar year in which the sales and use tax under this article part is imposed, such proceeds may be used for funding all or any portion of those services which are to be provided by the governing authority of the county whose geographic boundary is conterminous with that of the special district pursuant to and in accordance with Article IX, Section II, Paragraph III of the Constitution of this state.

- (d) Such sales and use tax shall only be levied in a special district following the enactment of a local Act which provides for a homestead exemption of an amount to be determined from the amount of sales and use tax collected under this article part. Such exemption shall commence with taxable years beginning on or after January 1 of the year immediately following the first complete calendar year in which the sales and use tax under this article part is levied. Any such local Act shall incorporate by reference the terms and conditions specified under this article part. Any such local Act shall not be subject to the provisions of Code Section 1-3-4.1. Any such homestead exemption under this article part shall be in addition to and not in lieu of any other homestead exemption applicable to county taxes for county purposes within the special district. Notwithstanding any provision of such local Act to the contrary, the referendum which shall otherwise be required to be conducted under such local Act shall only be conducted if the resolution required under subsection (a) of Code Section 48-8-103 is adopted prior to the issuance of the call for the referendum under the local Act by the election superintendent. If such ordinance is not adopted by that date, the referendum otherwise required to be conducted under the local Act shall not be conducted.
- 115 (e) No sales and use tax shall be levied in a special district under this article part in which 116 a tax is levied and collected under Article 2 of this chapter.
- 117 48-8-103.

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(a) Whenever the governing authority of any county whose geographic boundary is 118 conterminous with that of the special district wishes to submit to the electors of the special 119 district the question of whether the sales and use tax authorized by Code Section 48-8-102 120 shall be imposed, any such governing authority shall notify the election superintendent of 121 the county whose geographical boundary is conterminous with that of the special district 122 by forwarding to the superintendent a copy of a resolution of the governing authority 123 calling for a referendum election. Upon receipt of the resolution, it shall be the duty of the 124 election superintendent to issue the call for an election for the purpose of submitting the 125 question of the imposition of the sales and use tax to the voters of the special district for 126 127 approval or rejection. The election superintendent shall issue the call and shall conduct the election on a date and in the manner authorized under Code Section 21-2-540. Such 128

election shall only be conducted on the date of and in conjunction with a referendum provided for by local Act on the question of whether to impose a homestead exemption within such county and based on the amount of proceeds from the sales and use tax levied and collected pursuant to this article part. The election superintendent shall cause the date and purpose of the election to be published once a week for two weeks immediately preceding the date of the election in the official organ of such county. The ballot shall have written or printed thereon the following statement which shall precede the ballot question specified in this subsection and the ballot question specified by the required local Act:

'NOTICE TO ELECTORS: Unless ROTH the homestead exemption AND the retail

'NOTICE TO ELECTORS: Unless **BOTH** the homestead exemption **AND** the retail homestead option sales and use tax are approved, then neither the exemption nor the sales and use tax shall become effective.'

Such statement shall be followed by the following:

- '() YES Shall a retail homestead option sales and use tax of 1 percent be levied within the special district within ______ County for the
 () NO purposes of funding capital outlay projects and of funding services to replace revenue lost to an additional homestead exemption of up to 100 percent of the assessed value of homesteads from county taxes for county purposes?'
- Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the statement, ballot question, and local Act ballot question referred to in this subsection shall precede any and all other ballot questions calling for the levy or imposition of any other sales and use tax which are to appear on the same ballot.
- (b) All persons desiring to vote in favor of levying the sales and use tax shall vote 'Yes,' and those persons opposed to levying the tax shall vote 'No.' If more than one-half of the votes cast are in favor of levying the tax and approving the local Act providing such homestead exemption, then the tax shall be levied in accordance with this article part; otherwise, the sales and use tax may not be levied, and the question of the imposition of the sales and use tax may not again be submitted to the voters of the special district until after 24 months immediately following the month in which the election was held. It shall be the duty of the election superintendent to hold and conduct such elections under the same rules and regulations as govern special elections. It shall be the superintendent's further duty to canvass the returns, declare the result of the election, and certify the result to the Secretary of State and to the commissioner. The expense of the election shall be borne by the county whose geographical boundary is conterminous with that of the special district holding the election.
- (c) If the imposition of the sales and use tax provided in Code Section 48-8-102 is approved in a referendum election as provided by subsections (a) and (b) of this Code

section, the governing authority of the county whose geographical boundary is conterminous with that of the special district shall adopt a resolution during the first 30 days following the certification of the result of the election imposing the sales and use tax authorized by Code Section 48-8-102 on behalf of the county whose geographical boundary is conterminous with that of the special district. The resolution shall be effective on the first day of the next succeeding calendar quarter which begins more than 80 days after the adoption of the resolution. With respect to services which are billed on a regular monthly basis, however, the resolution shall become effective with the first regular billing period coinciding with or following the otherwise effective date of the resolution. A certified copy of the resolution shall be forwarded to the commissioner so that it will be received within five days after its adoption.

177 48-8-104.

(a) The sales and use tax levied pursuant to this article part shall be exclusively administered and collected by the commissioner for the use and benefit of each county whose geographical boundary is conterminous with that of a special district. Such administration and collection shall be accomplished in the same manner and subject to the same applicable provisions, procedures, and penalties provided in Article 1 of this chapter except that the sales and use tax provided in this article part shall be applicable to sales of motor fuels as prepaid local tax as that such term is defined in Code Section 48-8-2; provided, however, that all moneys collected from each taxpayer by the commissioner shall be applied first to such taxpayer's liability for taxes owed the state. Dealers shall be allowed a percentage of the amount of the sales and use tax due and accounted for and shall be reimbursed in the form of a deduction in submitting, reporting, and paying the amount due if such amount is not delinquent at the time of payment. The deduction shall be at the rate and subject to the requirements specified under subsections (b) through (f) of Code Section 48-8-50.

(b) Each sales and use tax return remitting sales and use taxes collected under this article part shall separately identify the location of each retail establishment at which any of the sales and use taxes remitted were collected and shall specify the amount of sales and the amount of taxes collected at each establishment for the period covered by the return in order to facilitate the determination by the commissioner that all sales and use taxes imposed by this article part are collected and distributed according to situs of sale.

(c) The proceeds of the sales and use tax collected by the commissioner in each special district under this article part shall be disbursed as soon as practicable after collection as follows:

(1) One percent of the amount collected shall be paid into the general fund of the state treasury in order to defray the costs of administration;

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- (2) Except for the percentage provided in paragraph (1) of this subsection and the amount determined under subsections (d) and (e) of this Code section, the remaining proceeds of the sales and use tax shall be distributed to the governing authority of the county whose geographical boundary is conterminous with that of the special district; provided, however, that a county and any qualified municipality shall be authorized by intergovernmental agreement to waive the equalization amount otherwise required under subsections (d) and (e) of this Code section and provide for a different distribution amount. In the event of such waiver, except for the percentage provided in paragraph (1) of this subsection, the remaining proceeds of the sales and use tax shall be distributed to the governing authority of the county whose geographical boundary is conterminous with that of the special district. As a condition precedent for the authority to levy the sales and use tax or to collect any proceeds from the tax authorized by this article part for the year following the first complete calendar year in which it is levied and for all subsequent years except the year following the year in which the sales and use tax is terminated under Code Section 48-8-106, the county whose geographical boundary is conterminous with that of the special district shall, except as otherwise provided in subsection (c) of Code Section 48-8-102, expend such proceeds as follows:
 - (A) A portion of such proceeds shall be expended for the purpose of funding capital outlay projects as follows:
 - (i) The governing authority of the county whose geographical boundary is conterminous with that of the special district shall establish the capital factor which shall not exceed .200 and, for a county in which a qualified municipality is located, shall not be less than the level required by subsection (d) of this Code section; therefore, at a minimum, the county shall set the capital factor at a level that yields an amount of capital outlay proceeds that is equal to or greater than the sum of all equalization amounts due qualified municipalities and existing municipalities under subsection (e) of this Code section; and
 - (ii) Capital outlay projects shall be funded in an amount equal to the product of the capital factor multiplied by the net amount of the sales and use tax proceeds collected under this article part during the previous calendar year, and this amount shall be referred to as capital outlay proceeds in subsections (d) and (e) of this Code section;

 B) A portion of such proceeds shall be expended for the purpose of funding services
- (B) A portion of such proceeds shall be expended for the purpose of funding services within the special district equal to the revenue lost to the homestead exemption as provided in this Code section as follows:

(i) The homestead factor shall be calculated by multiplying the quantity 1.000 minus the capital factor times an amount equal to the net amount of sales and use tax collected in the special district pursuant to this article part for the previous calendar year, and then dividing by the taxes levied for county purposes on only that portion of the county tax digest that represents net assessments on qualified homestead property after all other homestead exemptions have been applied, rounding the result to three decimal places;

- (ii) If the homestead factor is less than or equal to 1.000, the amount of homestead exemption created under this article part on qualified homestead property shall be equal to the product of the homestead factor multiplied times the net assessment of each qualified homestead remaining after all other homestead exemptions have been applied; and
- (iii) If the homestead factor is greater than 1.000, the homestead exemption created by this article part on qualified homestead property shall be equal to the net assessment of each homestead remaining after all other homestead exemptions have been applied; and
- (C) If any of such proceeds remain following the distribution provided for in subparagraphs (A) and (B) of this paragraph and subsections (d) and (e) of this Code section:
 - (i) The millage rate levied for county purposes shall be rolled back in an amount equal to such excess divided by the net taxable digest for county purposes after deducting all homestead exemptions including the exemption under this article part; and
 - (ii) In the event the rollback created by division (i) of this subparagraph exceeds the millage rate for county purposes, the governing authority of the county whose boundary is conterminous with the special district shall be authorized to expend the surplus funds for funding all or any portion of those services which are to be provided by such governing authorities pursuant to and in accordance with Article IX, Section
 - II, Paragraph III of the Constitution of this state.
- (d)(1) The commissioner shall distribute to the governing authority of each qualified municipality located in the special district a share of the capital outlay proceeds calculated as provided in this subsection and subsection (e) of this Code section which proceeds shall be expended for the purpose of funding capital outlay projects of such municipality.
- (2) Both the tax commissioner and the governing authority for the county in which a qualified municipality is located shall cooperate with and assist the commissioner in the calculation of the equalization amounts under subsection (e) of this Code section and

shall, on or before July 1 of each year, provide to the commissioner and the governing authority of each qualified municipality written certification of the following:

- (A) The capital factor set by the county for the current calendar year; provided, however, that the capital factor may not exceed 0.200;
- 278 (B) The total amount, if any, due to be paid to existing municipalities from the capital 279 outlay proceeds as required by any intergovernmental agreement between the county 280 and such municipalities;
 - (C) The incorporated county millage rate in each qualified municipality;
- (D) The net homestead digest for each qualified municipality;
- 283 (E) The total homestead digest; and

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- 284 (F) The unincorporated county millage rate.
- 285 If the tax commissioner and the governing authority of the county fail to provide such 286 certification on or before July 1, the commissioner shall not distribute to such county any 287 additional proceeds of the sales and use tax collected after July 1 unless and until such 288 certification is provided.
 - (3) The commissioner shall then calculate the equalization amount due each qualified municipality based on the certifications provided by the tax commissioner and the governing authority of the county and pay such amount to the governing authority of each qualified municipality in six equal monthly payments as soon as practicable during or after each of the last six months of the current calendar year. In the event an existing municipality that has entered into an intergovernmental agreement with a county at any time before January 1, 2007, to receive capital outlay proceeds of the homestead option sales and use tax and such intergovernmental agreement has become or does become null and void for any reason, such existing municipality shall be treated under this article part the same as if it were a qualified municipality as defined in paragraph (4) of Code Section 48-8-101 and therefore receive payment of equalization amounts under this article part as provided for under this article part. The commissioner shall distribute to the governing authority of the county each month the net sales and use tax remaining after payment of equalization amounts to the qualified municipalities.
 - (e)(1) As used in this subsection, the term:
 - (A) 'Equalization amount' means for a qualified municipality the product of the equalization millage times the net homestead digest for that qualified municipality.
 - (B) 'Equalization millage' means for each qualified municipality the product of the homestead factor calculated pursuant to division (c)(2)(B)(i) of this Code section times the difference between the unincorporated county millage rate and the incorporated county millage rate for that qualified municipality.

310	(C) 'Incorporated county millage rate' means the millage rate for all ad valorem taxes	
311	for county purposes levied by the county in each of the qualified municipalities in the	
312	county.	
313	(D) 'Net homestead digest' means for each qualified municipality the total net	
314	assessed value of all qualified homestead property located in that portion of the	
315	qualified municipality located in the county remaining after all other homestead	
316	exemptions are applied.	
317	(E) 'Total homestead digest' means the total net assessed value of all qualified	
318	homestead property located in the county remaining after all other homestead	
319	exemptions are applied.	
320	(F) 'Unincorporated county millage rate' means the millage rate for all ad valorem	
321	taxes for county purposes levied by the county in the unincorporated areas of the	
322	county.	
323	(2) For illustration purposes, a hypothetical example of the calculation of the	
324	equalization amount is provided below.	
325	First, calculate the homestead factor in accordance with	
326	division (c)(2)(B)(i) of this Code section as follows:	
327	(A) Capital factor certified by county as required by	0.150
328	subsection (d) of this Code section	
329	(B) Net amount of sales and use tax collected in the	\$ 50 million
330	special district pursuant to this article part for the	
331	previous calendar year	
332	(C) Taxes levied for county purposes on only that portion	\$100 million
333	of the county tax digest that represents net assessments on	
334	qualified homestead property after all other homestead	
335	exemptions have been applied	
336	(D) Calculation of homestead factor using figures above	.425
337	= [(10150)(\$50 million/\$100 million)]	
338	Next, calculate the equalization amount in accordance with	
339	paragraph (1) of this subsection as follows:	
340	(E) Unincorporated county millage rate	15.0 mills
341	(F) Minus the incorporated county millage rate for	(10.0 mills)
342	qualified municipality 'Y'	
343	Difference:	= 5.0 mills

344 (G) Times homestead factor (calculated above) x .425 (H) Equals the equalization millage: 345 = 2.125 mills (I) Times net homestead digest for qualified 346 \$200 million 347 municipality 'Y' \$ 425,000.00 348 (J) Equals the equalization amount payable to 349 municipality 'Y' 350

- (3) In the event the total amount payable in a calendar year to all existing municipalities as certified by the county pursuant to subparagraph (d)(2)(B) of this Code section plus the total equalization amount payable to all qualified municipalities in the special district exceeds the capital outlay proceeds calculated based on a maximum capital factor of 0.200, the commissioner shall pay to the governing authority of each qualified municipality a share of such proceeds calculated as follows:
- (A) Determine the capital outlay proceeds based on a maximum capital factor of 0.200;
- (B) Subtract the amount certified by the county as payable to existing municipalities pursuant to subparagraph (d)(2)(B) of this Code section;
 - (C) The remaining amount equals the portion of the capital outlay proceeds that may be used by the commissioner to pay equalization amounts to qualified municipalities.
- The commissioner shall calculate each qualified municipality's share of such remaining amount by dividing the net homestead digest for each qualified municipality by the total homestead digest for all municipalities.
 - (4) In the event the incorporated county millage rate for a qualified municipality is greater than the unincorporated county millage rate, no payment shall be due from the governing authority of the qualified municipality to the governing authority of the county.
 - (5) In the event the amount of capital outlay proceeds exceeds the sum of the equalization amounts due all qualified municipalities plus the total amount certified under subparagraph (d)(2)(B) of this Code section as due all existing municipalities, the commissioner shall distribute to each qualified municipality a portion of such excess equal to the net homestead digest for such municipality divided by the total homestead digest.
 - (6) If any qualified municipality is located partially in the county then only that portion so located shall be considered in the calculations contained in this subsection.
- 375 48-8-105.

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Where a local sales or use tax has been paid with respect to tangible personal property by the purchaser either in another local tax jurisdiction within the this state or in a tax jurisdiction outside the this state, the sales and use tax may be credited against the sales and

use tax authorized to be imposed by this article part upon the same property. If the amount of sales or use tax so paid is less than the amount of the use tax due under this article part, the purchaser shall pay an amount equal to the difference between the amount paid in the other tax jurisdiction and the amount due under this article part. The commissioner may require such proof of payment in another local tax jurisdiction as the commissioner deems necessary and proper. No credit shall be granted, however, against the sales and use tax imposed under this article part for tax paid in another jurisdiction if the sales and use tax paid in such other jurisdiction is used to obtain a credit against any other local sales and use tax levied in the special district or in the county which is conterminous with the special district; and sales and use taxes so paid in another jurisdiction shall be credited first against the sales and use tax levied under this article part and then against the sales and use tax levied under Article 3 of this chapter, if applicable.

391 48-8-106.

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(a) Whenever the governing authority of any county whose geographic boundary is conterminous with that of the special district in which the sales and use tax authorized by this article part is being levied wishes to submit to the electors of the special district the question of whether the sales and use tax authorized by Code Section 48-8-102 shall be discontinued, the governing authority shall notify the election superintendent of the county whose geographical boundary is conterminous with that of the special district by forwarding to the superintendent a copy of a resolution of the governing authority calling for the referendum election. Upon receipt of the resolution, it shall be the duty of the election superintendent to issue the call for an election for the purpose of submitting the question of discontinuing the levy of the sales and use tax to the voters of the special district for approval or rejection. The election superintendent shall issue the call and shall conduct the election on a date and in the manner authorized under Code Section 21-2-540. Such election shall only be conducted only on the date of and in conjunction with a referendum provided for by local Act on the question of whether to repeal the homestead exemption within such county which is funded from the proceeds of the sales and use tax levied and collected pursuant to this article part. The election superintendent shall cause the date and purpose of the election to be published once a week for two weeks immediately preceding the date of the election in the official organ of such county. The ballot shall have written or printed thereon the following:

411 '() YES Shall the 1 percent retail homestead option sales and use tax being levied
412 within the special district within ______ County for the purposes
413 () NO of funding capital outlay projects and of funding services to replace
414 revenue lost to an additional homestead exemption of up to 100 percent
415 of the assessed value of homesteads from county taxes for county
416 purposes be terminated?'

(b) All persons desiring to vote in favor of discontinuing the sales and use tax shall vote 'Yes,' and those persons opposed to discontinuing the tax shall vote 'No.' If more than one-half of the votes cast are in favor of discontinuing the sales and use tax and repealing the local Act providing for such homestead exemption, then the sales and use tax shall cease to be levied on the last day of the taxable year following the taxable year in which the commissioner receives the certification of the result of the election; otherwise, the sales and use tax shall continue to be levied, and the question of the discontinuing of the tax may not again be submitted to the voters of the special district until after 24 months immediately following the month in which the election was held. It shall be the duty of the election superintendent to hold and conduct such elections under the same rules and regulations as govern special elections. It shall be the superintendent's further duty to canvass the returns, declare and certify the result of the election, and certify the result to the Secretary of State and to the commissioner. The expense of the election shall be borne by the county whose geographical boundary is conterminous with that of the special district holding the election.

431 48-8-107.

No sales and use tax provided for in Code Section 48-8-102 shall be imposed upon the sale of tangible personal property which is ordered by and delivered to the purchaser at a point outside the geographical area of the special district in which the sales and use tax is imposed under this article part regardless of the point at which title passes, if the delivery is made by the seller's vehicle, United States mail, or common carrier or by private or contract carrier licensed by the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration or the Georgia Department of Public Safety.

439 48-8-108.

(a) As used in this Code section, the term 'building and construction materials' means all building and construction materials, supplies, fixtures, or equipment, any combination of such items, and any other leased or purchased articles when the materials, supplies, fixtures, equipment, or articles are to be utilized or consumed during construction or are to be incorporated into construction work pursuant to a bona fide written construction contract.

(b) No sales and use tax provided for in Code Section 48-8-102 shall be imposed in such a special district upon the sale or use of building and construction materials when the contract pursuant to which the materials are purchased or used was advertised for bid prior to approval of the levy of the sales and use tax by the county whose geographical boundary is conterminous with that of the special district and the contract was entered into as a result of a bid actually submitted in response to the advertisement prior to approval of the levy of the sales and use tax.

453 48-8-109.

The commissioner shall have the power and authority to promulgate such rules and regulations as shall be necessary for the effective and efficient administration and enforcement of the collection of the sales and use tax authorized to be imposed by this article part.

458 <u>Part 2</u>

459 <u>48-8-109.1.</u>

This part shall be known and may be cited as the 'Equalized Homestead Option Sales Tax

461 <u>Act of 2015.'</u>

462 <u>48-8-109.2.</u>

In any county where a homestead option sales and use tax under Part 1 of this article and a sales tax for purposes of a metropolitan area system of public transportation, as authorized by the amendment to the Constitution set out at Georgia Laws, 1964, page 1008; the continuation of such amendment under Article XI, Section I, Paragraph IV(d) of the Constitution; and the laws enacted pursuant to such constitutional amendment, are being levied, the county governing authority may choose to submit to the electors of the special district the question of whether to discontinue the sales and use tax authorized by Code Section 48-8-102 and replace such tax with a sales and use tax authorized by this part. Such referendum shall only be held in conjunction with a referendum submitting to the electors of the special district the question of whether to approve a special purpose local option sales and use tax pursuant to the provisions of Part 1 of Article 3 of this chapter. The electors of the special district must approve both of the sales and use taxes in order for either of them to be implemented. If either of the sales and use taxes is not approved by the electors, the homestead option sales and use tax under Part 1 of this article shall be continued in full force and effect.

- 478 48-8-109.3.
- 479 (a) Pursuant to the authority granted by Article IX, Section II, Paragraph VI of the
- 480 Constitution of this state, there are created within this state 159 special districts. The
- 481 geographical boundary of each county shall correspond with and shall be conterminous
- with the geographical boundary of one of the 159 special districts.
- 483 (b) When the imposition of a local sales and use tax is authorized according to the
- 484 procedures provided in this part within a special district, the county whose geographical
- boundary is conterminous with that of the special district shall levy a local sales and use
- 486 tax at the rate of 1 percent. Except as to rate and as otherwise provided in this part, the
- 487 <u>local sales and use tax shall correspond to the tax imposed and administered by Part 1 of</u>
- 488 this article. The local sales and use tax levied pursuant to this part shall apply to all items
- 489 and transactions subject to taxation pursuant to Part 1 of this article. No item or transaction
- which is not subject to taxation pursuant to Part 1 of this article shall be subject to the tax
- 491 <u>levied pursuant to this part.</u>
- (c) No sales and use tax shall be levied in a special district under this part in which a tax
- is levied and collected under Article 2 of this chapter.
- 494 48-8-109.4.

504

- 495 (a) Whenever the governing authority of any county whose geographic boundary is
- 496 conterminous with that of the special district wishes to submit to the electors of the special
- district the question of whether the sales and use tax authorized by this part shall be
- imposed, any such governing authority shall notify the election superintendent of the
- 499 county whose geographical boundary is conterminous with that of the special district by
- 500 forwarding to the superintendent a copy of a resolution of the governing authority calling
- for a referendum election. Upon receipt of the resolution, it shall be the duty of the election
- superintendent to issue the call for an election for the purpose of submitting the question
- of the imposition of the sales and use tax to the voters of the special district for approval
- on a date and in the manner authorized under Code Section 21-2-540. Such election shall

or rejection. The election superintendent shall issue the call and shall conduct the election

- only be held in conjunction with a referendum submitting to the electors of the special
- 507 <u>district the question of whether to approve a special purpose local option sales and use tax</u>
- 508 pursuant to the provisions of Part 1 of Article 3 of this chapter. The electors of the special
- district must approve both of the sales and use taxes in order for either of them to be
- 510 implemented. If either of the taxes is not approved by the electors, the homestead option
- sales and use tax under Part 1 of this article shall be continued in full force and effect. If
- 512 the sales and use tax under Part 1 of Article 3 of this chapter is not renewed, the sales and
- 513 <u>use tax under Part 1 of this article shall replace the sales and use tax under this part upon</u>

514 expiration of the sales and use tax under Part 1 of Article 3 of this chapter. The election 515 superintendent shall cause the date and purpose of the election to be published once a week 516 for two weeks immediately preceding the date of the election in the official organ of such 517 county. The ballot shall have written or printed thereon the following statement which 518 shall precede the ballot question specified in this subsection: 'NOTICE TO ELECTORS: Unless **BOTH** the equalized homestead option sales and use 519 520 tax AND the special purpose local option sales and use tax are approved, then neither 521 sales and use tax shall become effective.' 522 Such statement shall be followed by the following: 523 Shall an equalized homestead option sales and use tax of 1 percent be <u>'() YES</u> levied within the special district within 524 County for the 525 () NO purposes of reducing the ad valorem property tax millage rates levied by 526 county and municipal governments on homestead properties?' Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the statement and ballot 527 528 question referred to in this subsection shall precede any and all other ballot questions which 529 are to appear on the same ballot. 530 (b) All persons desiring to vote in favor of levying the sales and use tax shall vote 'Yes,' 531 and those persons opposed to levying the tax shall vote 'No.' If more than one-half of the 532 votes cast are in favor of levying the tax, then the tax shall be levied in accordance with this 533 part; otherwise, the sales and use tax may not be levied, and the question of the imposition 534 of the sales and use tax may not again be submitted to the voters of the special district until 535 after 24 months immediately following the month in which the election was held. It shall 536 be the duty of the election superintendent to hold and conduct such elections under the same rules and regulations as govern special elections. It shall be the superintendent's 537 538 further duty to canvass the returns, declare the result of the election, and certify the result to the Secretary of State and to the commissioner. The expense of the election shall be 539 540 borne by the county whose geographical boundary is conterminous with that of the special 541 district holding the election. 542 (c) If the imposition of the sales and use tax provided in this part is approved in a 543 referendum election as provided by subsections (a) and (b) of this Code section, the governing authority of the county whose geographical boundary is conterminous with that 544 of the special district shall adopt a resolution during the first 30 days following the 545 546 certification of the result of the election imposing the sales and use tax authorized in this part on behalf of the county whose geographical boundary is conterminous with that of the 547 special district. The resolution shall be effective on the first day of the next succeeding 548 549 calendar quarter which begins more than 80 days after the adoption of the resolution. With

respect to services which are billed on a regular monthly basis, however, the resolution shall become effective with the first regular billing period coinciding with or following the otherwise effective date of the resolution. A certified copy of the resolution shall be forwarded to the commissioner so that it will be received within five days after its adoption.

555 <u>48-8-109.5.</u>

(a) The sales and use tax levied pursuant to this part shall be exclusively administered and collected by the commissioner for the use and benefit of each county whose geographical boundary is conterminous with that of a special district. Such administration and collection shall be accomplished in the same manner and subject to the same applicable provisions, procedures, and penalties provided in Article 1 of this chapter except that the sales and use tax provided in this part shall be applicable to sales of motor fuels as prepaid local tax as such term is defined in Code Section 48-8-2, to the same extent that sales of motor fuels are subject to taxation pursuant to Part 1 of this article; provided, however, that all moneys collected from each taxpayer by the commissioner shall be applied first to such taxpayer's liability for taxes owed the state. Dealers shall be allowed a percentage of the amount of the sales and use tax due and accounted for and shall be reimbursed in the form of a deduction in submitting, reporting, and paying the amount due if such amount is not delinquent at the time of payment. The deduction shall be at the rate and subject to the requirements specified under subsections (b) through (f) of Code Section 48-8-50.

- (b) Each sales and use tax return remitting sales and use taxes collected under this part shall separately identify the location of each retail establishment at which any of the sales and use taxes remitted were collected and shall specify the amount of sales and the amount of taxes collected at each establishment for the period covered by the return in order to facilitate the determination by the commissioner that all sales and use taxes imposed by this part are collected and distributed according to situs of sale.
- (c) The proceeds of the sales and use tax collected by the commissioner in each special
 district under this part shall be disbursed as soon as practicable after collection as follows:
- (1) One percent of the amount collected shall be paid into the general fund of the state
 treasury in order to defray the costs of administration; and
- (2) The remaining proceeds shall be disbursed to the governing authority of the county
 whose geographical boundary is conterminous with that of the special district, and each
 municipality located wholly or partially therein, and shall be utilized as follows:
 - (A) First, the proceeds shall be used to roll back, and eliminate if possible, the millage rates for any county ad valorem property tax line items levied uniformly throughout the county on homestead properties, including in all municipalities; and

586 (B) Next, any remaining proceeds shall be used to roll back at an equal and uniform rate across both of the following categories, and eliminate if possible: 587 588 (i) The millage rates for any county ad valorem property tax line items levied only 589 in unincorporated portions of the county on homestead properties; and 590 (ii) The millage rates for any municipal ad valorem property tax line items levied in 591 every municipality located wholly or partially in the county on homestead properties 592 but not in unincorporated portions of the county. If any municipality is located partially in the county, then only that portion so located shall 593 594 be considered in the calculations contained in this subsection. 595 (d) Notwithstanding any provision of the law to the contrary, in any special district levying 596 a tax under this part, a tax levied pursuant to the provisions of Part 1 of Article 3 of this 597 chapter in such special district shall be divided between the county whose geographical 598 boundary is conterminous with that of the special district and municipalities on a per capita 599 basis, based on the most recent decennial census, unless altered by an intergovernmental 600 agreement between the county and all municipalities within the special district. 601 Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the department shall disburse directly 602 to each municipality its share of the proceeds of the tax levied pursuant to Part 1 of Article 603 3 of this chapter. 604 (e) The tax levied in the special district under Part 1 of Article 3 of this chapter shall not 605 be levied within the boundaries of any municipality wholly or partially located within the 606 special district that is levying a tax pursuant to Article 4 of this chapter. No proceeds from 607 the tax levied in the special district under Part 1 of Article 3 of this chapter shall be 608 disbursed to any such municipality. Upon the expiration of the tax levied under Article 4 609 of this chapter in such municipality, the tax in the special district under Part 1 of Article 3 610 of this chapter shall be levied within such municipality and proceeds shall be disbursed to 611 such municipality in accordance with this part. 612 48-8-109.6. Where a local sales or use tax has been paid with respect to tangible personal property by 613 614 the purchaser either in another local tax jurisdiction within this state or in a tax jurisdiction 615 outside this state, the sales and use tax may be credited against the sales and use tax 616 authorized to be imposed by this part upon the same property. If the amount of sales or use 617 tax so paid is less than the amount of the use tax due under this part, the purchaser shall pay an amount equal to the difference between the amount paid in the other tax jurisdiction and 618 the amount due under this part. The commissioner may require such proof of payment in 619 620 another local tax jurisdiction as the commissioner deems necessary and proper. No credit

shall be granted, however, against the sales and use tax imposed under this part for tax paid

in another jurisdiction if the sales and use tax paid in such other jurisdiction is used to obtain a credit against any other local sales and use tax levied in the special district or in the county which is conterminous with the special district; and sales and use taxes so paid in another jurisdiction shall be credited first against the sales and use tax levied under this part and then against the sales and use tax levied under Article 3 of this chapter, if applicable.

628 <u>48-8-109.7.</u>

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(a) Whenever the governing authority of any county whose geographic boundary is conterminous with that of the special district in which the sales and use tax authorized by this part is being levied wishes to submit to the electors of the special district the question of whether the sales and use tax authorized by this part shall be discontinued, the governing authority shall notify the election superintendent of the county whose geographical boundary is conterminous with that of the special district by forwarding to the superintendent a copy of a resolution of the governing authority calling for the referendum election. Upon receipt of the resolution, it shall be the duty of the election superintendent to issue the call for an election for the purpose of submitting the question of discontinuing the levy of the sales and use tax to the voters of the special district for approval or rejection. The election superintendent shall issue the call and shall conduct the election on a date and in the manner authorized under Code Section 21-2-540. Such election shall be conducted only on the date of and in conjunction with an election to repeal the special purpose local option sales and use tax pursuant to the provisions of Part 1 of Article 3 of this chapter. If either such sales and use tax is repealed, then both such sales and use taxes shall be repealed. The election superintendent shall cause the date and purpose of the election to be published once a week for two weeks immediately preceding the date of the election in the official organ of such county. The ballot shall have written or printed thereon the following:

'() YES Shall the equalized homestead option sales and use tax of 1 percent being levied within the special district within County

() NO for the purposes of reducing the ad valorem property tax millage rates levied by county and municipal governments on homestead properties be terminated?'

(b) All persons desiring to vote in favor of discontinuing the sales and use tax shall vote 'Yes,' and those persons opposed to discontinuing the tax shall vote 'No.' If more than one-half of the votes cast are in favor of discontinuing the sales and use tax, then the sales and use tax shall cease to be levied on the last day of the taxable year following the taxable year in which the commissioner receives the certification of the result of the election;

otherwise, the sales and use tax shall continue to be levied, and the question of discontinuing the tax may not again be submitted to the voters of the special district until after 24 months immediately following the month in which the election was held. It shall be the duty of the election superintendent to hold and conduct such elections under the same rules and regulations as govern special elections. It shall be the superintendent's further duty to canvass the returns, declare and certify the result of the election, and certify the result to the Secretary of State and to the commissioner. The expense of the election shall be borne by the county whose geographical boundary is conterminous with that of the special district holding the election.

667 <u>48-8-109.8.</u>

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- No sales and use tax provided for in this part shall be imposed upon the sale of tangible
- personal property which is ordered by and delivered to the purchaser at a point outside the
- 670 geographical area of the special district in which the sales and use tax is imposed under this
- part regardless of the point at which title passes, if the delivery is made by the seller's
- 672 <u>vehicle, United States mail, or common carrier or by private or contract carrier licensed by</u>
- 673 <u>the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration or the Georgia Department of Public</u>
- 674 Safety.
- 675 <u>48-8-109.9.</u>
- 676 (a) As used in this Code section, the term 'building and construction materials' means all
- building and construction materials, supplies, fixtures, or equipment, any combination of
- such items, and any other leased or purchased articles when the materials, supplies,
- 679 <u>fixtures, equipment, or articles are to be utilized or consumed during construction or are</u>
- 680 to be incorporated into construction work pursuant to a bona fide written construction
- 681 <u>contract.</u>
- (b) No sales and use tax provided for in this part shall be imposed in a special district upon
- 683 the sale or use of building and construction materials when the contract pursuant to which
- 684 the materials are purchased or used was advertised for bid prior to approval of the levy of
- 685 the sales and use tax by the county whose geographical boundary is conterminous with that
- of the special district and the contract was entered into as a result of a bid actually
- 687 <u>submitted in response to the advertisement prior to approval of the levy of the sales and use</u>
- 688 <u>tax.</u>
- 689 <u>48-8-109.10.</u>
- The commissioner shall have the power and authority to promulgate such rules and
- 691 regulations as shall be necessary for the effective and efficient administration and

692 enforcement of the collection of the sales and use tax authorized to be imposed by this

693 <u>part.</u>"

SECTION 3.

695 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.