House Bill 1461 (COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE)

By: Representatives Anderson of the 10th, Jones of the 47th, Hawkins of the 27th, Taylor of the 173rd, Thomas of the 21st, and others

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

1 To amend Chapter 36 of Title 36 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to 2 annexation of territory, so as to revise provisions relating to dispute resolution; to provide 3 definitions; to revise notice provisions; to revise provisions relating to deadlines; to provide 4 additional grounds to object to an annexation; to revise qualifications for arbitration panel 5 members; to provide for court reporters and hearing officers during arbitrations; to revise provisions relating to sharing the costs of arbitration; to provide for rule making; to authorize 6 7 virtual and teleconference arbitration meetings; to require arbitration findings to be sent to 8 the Department of Community Affairs; to provide for regular reports on arbitration findings; 9 to revise per diems for arbitration panel members; to extend the period of a zoning freeze 10 following an arbitration; to revise provisions regarding notice municipalities must provide 11 to counties regarding annexation applications; to provide for related matters; to repeal 12 conflicting laws; and for other purposes.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

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14 SECTION 1.

- 15 Chapter 36 of Title 36 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to annexation of
- 16 territory, is amended by revising Article 7, relating to procedure for resolving annexation
- 17 disputes, as follows:

18 "ARTICLE 7

- 19 36-36-110.
- The procedures of this article shall apply to all annexations pursuant to this chapter but
- shall not apply to annexations by local Acts of the General Assembly.
- 22 <u>36-36-110.1.</u>
- As used in this article, the term:
- 24 (1) 'Cost' or 'costs' means expenses incurred by a county, municipality, and property
- 25 owner or owners whose property is at issue, including, but not limited to, per diems,
- venue rental, teleconference charges, the use of court reporters or hearing officers, and
- 27 <u>arbitrators' fees and expenses.</u>
- 28 (2) 'Department' means the Department of Community Affairs.
- 29 (3) 'Impacted school system' means a county or independent school system operating or
- 30 providing services to the territory to be annexed or which would operate or provide
- 31 services in a territory to be annexed.
- 32 (4) 'Notice' or 'notify' means a letter that includes a description of the property to be
- annexed, a description of the proposed zoning classification and land use of the area to
- be annexed, and pursuant to Code Section 36-36-4, information on the time and place of
- 35 the public hearing on zoning of the property to be annexed.

36 (5) 'Verifiable delivery' means hand delivery, electronic mail, certified mail, or statutory

- 37 <u>overnight delivery, provided that the means of delivery allows for verification of the</u>
- delivery of such notice.
- 39 36-36-111.
- 40 Upon receipt Within 30 days of a municipal corporation's acceptance of a petition of
- annexation, a the municipal corporation shall notify the governing authority of the county
- and any impacted school system in which the territory to be annexed is located by certified
- 43 mail or by statutory overnight verifiable delivery. Such notice shall include a copy of the
- annexation petition which shall include the proposed zoning and land use for such area.
- The municipal corporation shall take no final action on such annexation except as
- otherwise provided in this article.
- 47 36-36-112.
- 48 If no objection is received as provided in Code Section 36-36-113, the annexation may
- 49 proceed as otherwise provided by law; provided, however, that as a condition of the
- annexation, the municipal corporation shall not change the zoning or land use plan relating
- 51 to the annexed property to a more intense density than that stated in the notice provided for
- in Code Section 36-36-111 for one year after the effective date of the annexation unless
- such change is made in the service delivery agreement or comprehensive plan and is
- adopted by the affected city and county and all required parties.
- 55 36-36-113.
- 56 (a) The county governing authority may by majority vote, as defined by applicable general
- or local law, object to the annexation because of a material increase in burden upon the
- county directly related to any one or more of the following:
- 59 (1) The proposed change in zoning or land use;

- 60 (2) Proposed increase in density; and
- 61 (3) Infrastructure demands related to the proposed change in zoning or land use.
- 62 (b) Delivery of services may not be a basis for a valid objection but may be used in support
- of a valid objection if directly related to one or more of the subjects enumerated in
- paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) of subsection (a) of this Code section.
- 65 (c) The objection provided for in subsection (a) of this Code section shall document the
- nature of the objection specifically providing evidence of any financial impact forming the
- basis of the objection and shall be delivered to the municipal governing authority and the
- department by certified mail or statutory overnight verifiable delivery to be received not
- later than the end of the thirtieth forty-fifth calendar day following receipt of the notice
- provided for in Code Section 36-36-111.
- 71 (d) In order for an objection pursuant to this Code section to be valid, the proposed change
- 72 <u>in zoning or land use annexation</u> must:
- 73 (1) Result in:
- 74 (A) A substantial change in the intensity of the allowable use of the property or a
- 75 change to a significantly different allowable use; or
- 76 (B) A use which significantly increases the net cost of infrastructure or significantly
- diminishes the value or useful life of a capital outlay project, as such term is defined in
- Code Section 48-8-110, which is furnished by the county to the area to be annexed; and
- 79 (2) <u>Authorize or result in a land use that differs</u> Differ substantially from the existing
- 80 uses suggested for the property by the county's comprehensive land use plan or permitted
- for the property pursuant to the county's zoning ordinance or its land use ordinances.
- 82 36-36-114.
- 83 (a) Not later than the fifteenth calendar day following the date the municipal corporation
- department received the first objection provided for in Code Section 36-36-113, an
- arbitration panel shall be appointed as provided in this Code section.

(b) The arbitration panel shall be composed of five members to be selected as provided in this subsection. The Department of Community Affairs department shall develop three pools of arbitrators, one pool which consists of persons who are currently or within the previous six years have been municipal elected officials, one pool which consists of persons who are currently or within the previous six years have been county elected officials, and one pool which consists of persons with a master's degree or higher in public administration or planning and who are currently employed by an institution of higher learning in this state, other than the Carl Vinson Institute of Government of the University of Georgia. The pool shall be sufficiently large to ensure as nearly as practicable that no person shall be required to serve on more than two four panels in any one calendar year and serve on no more than one panel in any given county in any one calendar year. The department is authorized to coordinate with the Georgia Municipal Association, the Association County Commissioners of Georgia, the Council of Local Governments, and similar organizations in developing and maintaining such pools.

(c) Upon receiving notice of a disputed annexation, the department shall choose at random four names from the pool of municipal officials, four names from the pool of county officials, and three names from the pool of academics; provided, however, that none of such selections shall include a person who is a resident of the county which has interposed the objection or any municipal corporation located wholly or partially in such county, and further provided that none of such selections shall include a person who has already served on four other arbitration panels in the then-current calendar year. The municipal corporation shall be permitted to strike or excuse two of the names chosen from the county officials pool; the county shall be permitted to strike or excuse two of the names chosen from the municipal officials pool; and the county and municipal corporation shall each be permitted to strike or excuse one of the names chosen from the academic pool.

(d) Prior to being eligible to serve on any of the three pools, persons interested in serving on such panels shall receive joint training in alternative dispute resolution together with

113 zoning and land use training, which may be designed and overseen by the Carl Vinson 114 Institute of Government of the University of Georgia in conjunction with the Association 115 County Commissioners of Georgia and the Georgia Municipal Association, provided such 116 training is available. Provided that the General Assembly appropriates sufficient funds in an applicable fiscal year, the Carl Vinson Institute of Government of the University of 117 Georgia shall provide at least one training program per year to train new potential panel 118 119 members. 120 (e) At the time any person is selected to serve on a panel for any particular annexation 121 dispute, he or she shall sign the following oath: 'I do solemnly swear or affirm that I will 122 faithfully perform my duties as an arbitrator in a fair and impartial manner without favor 123 or affection to any party, and that I have not and will not have any exparte communication regarding the facts and circumstances of the matters to be determined, other than 124 125 communications with my fellow arbitrators, and will only consider, in making my 126 determination, those matters which may lawfully come before me.' 127 (f) The department shall develop and maintain a list of court reporters and hearing officers 128 that may be employed by the department at the request of an arbitration panel to assist the 129 panel in formulating the record before the panel. An arbitration panel may by majority 130 vote of its members elect to employ court reporters and hearing officers from such list. 131 Any costs or charges related to the employment of court reporters and hearing officers 132 pursuant to this subsection shall be evenly divided between the city and the county. 133 (g) The department shall promulgate rules and regulations to provide for uniform 134 procedures and operations of arbitration panels established pursuant to this article. 135 Notwithstanding any provision of Chapter 13 of Title 50, the 'Georgia Administrative Procedure Act,' to the contrary, such proposed rules and regulations shall be submitted to 136 the chairperson of the House Governmental Affairs Committee and the Senate Committee 137 on State and Local Government Operations. 138

139 36-36-115.

(a)(1)(A) The arbitration panel appointed pursuant to Code Section 36-36-114 shall meet as soon after appointment as practicable and shall receive evidence and argument from the municipal corporation, the county, and the applicant or property owner and shall by majority vote render a decision which shall be binding on all parties to the dispute as provided for in this article not later than the sixtieth day 60 days following such appointment, provided that the chairperson of the arbitration panel shall be authorized to extend such deadline one time for a period of up to ten business days. Notwithstanding anything in this subparagraph to the contrary, the municipal corporation and county may by mutual agreement, postpone the arbitration procession for a period of up to 180 days to negotiate a potential settlement, and such postponement shall stay the 60 day deadline provided herein.

- (B) Meetings of the panel may occur in person, virtually, or via teleconference. The meetings of the panel in which evidence is submitted or arguments of the parties are made, whether such meeting is in person, virtual, or via teleconference, shall be open to the public pursuant to Chapter 14 of Title 50.
- (C) The panel shall first determine the validity of the grounds for objection as specified in the objection. If an objection involves the financial impact on the county as a result of a change in zoning or land use or the provision of maintenance of infrastructure, the panel shall quantify such impact in terms of cost. As to any objection which the panel has determined to be valid, the panel, in its findings, may establish reasonable zoning, land use, or density conditions applicable to the annexation and propose any reasonable mitigating measures as to an objection pertaining to infrastructure demands.
- (2) In arriving at its determination, the panel shall consider:
- 163 (A) The existing comprehensive land use plans of both the county and city;
- 164 (B) The existing land use patterns in the area of the subject property;
- 165 (C) The existing zoning patterns in the area of the subject property;

166 (D) Each jurisdiction's provision of infrastructure to the area of the subject property 167 and to the areas in the vicinity of the subject property;

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- (E) Whether the county has approved similar changes in intensity or allowable uses on similar developments in other unincorporated areas of the county;
- 170 (F) Whether the county has approved similar developments in other unincorporated 171 areas of the county which have a similar impact on infrastructure as complained of by 172 the county in its objection; and
- 173 (G) Whether the infrastructure or capital outlay project which is claimed adversely impacted by the county in its objection was funded by a county-wide tax.
 - (3) The county shall provide supporting evidence that its objection is consistent with its land use plan and the pattern of existing land uses and zonings in the area of the subject property, which may include, but not be limited to, adopted planning documents and capital or infrastructure plans.
 - (4) The county shall bear at least 75 percent of the cost of the arbitration. The panel shall apportion the remaining 25 percent of the cost of the arbitration equitably shall be equally divided between the city and the county as the facts of the appeal warrant; provided, however, that if the panel determines that any party has advanced a position that is substantially frivolous not valid, the costs shall be borne by the party or parties that has have advanced such position.
 - (5) The reasonable costs of participation in the arbitration process of the property owner or owners whose property is at issue shall be borne by the county and the city in the same proportion as costs are apportioned under paragraph (4) of this subsection.
 - (6) The panel shall deliver its findings and recommendations to the parties <u>and the</u> <u>department</u> by <u>certified mail or statutory overnight verifiable</u> delivery. <u>The department shall maintain a data base and record of arbitration panel results and at least annually publish a report on such decisions and make such report freely available on the <u>department's website.</u></u>

193 (b) If the decision of the panel contains zoning, land use, or density conditions, the 194 findings and recommendations of the panel shall be recorded in the deed records of the 195 county with a caption describing the name of the current owner of the property, recording 196 reference of the current owner's acquisition deed and a general description of the property, 197 and plainly showing the expiration date of any restrictions or conditions.

- 198 (c) The arbitration panel shall be dissolved on the tenth day after it renders its findings and recommendations but may be reconvened as provided in Code Section 36-36-116.
- 200 (d) The Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (b) of Code Section 45-7-21, the
 201 members of the arbitration panel shall receive the same per diem, expenses, and allowances
 202 for their service on the committee panel as is authorized by law for members of interim
 203 legislative study committees the General Assembly.
 - (e) If the panel so agrees, any one or more additional annexation disputes which may arise between the parties prior to the panel's initial meeting may be consolidated for the purpose of judicial economy if there are similar issues of location or similar objections raised to such other annexations or the property to be annexed in such other annexations is within 2,500 feet of the subject property.

209 36-36-116.

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The municipal or county governing authority or an applicant for annexation may appeal the decision of the arbitration panel by filing an action in the superior court of the county within ten calendar days from receipt of the panel's findings and recommendations. The sole grounds for appeal shall be to correct errors of fact or of law, the bias or misconduct of an arbitrator, or the panel's abuse of discretion. The superior court shall schedule an expedited appeal and shall render a decision within 20 days from the date of filing. If the court finds that an error of fact or law has been made, that an arbitrator was biased or engaged in misconduct, or that the panel has abused its discretion, the court shall issue such orders governing the proposed annexation as the circumstances may require, including

remand to the panel. Any unappealed order shall be binding upon the parties. The appeal shall be assigned to a judge who is not a judge in the circuit in which the county is located.

221 36-36-117.

If the annexation is completed after final resolution of any objection, whether by agreement of the parties, act of the panel, or court order as a result of an appeal, the municipal corporation shall not change the zoning, land use, or density of the annexed property for a period of one year two years unless such change is made in the service delivery agreement or comprehensive plan and adopted by the affected city and county and all required parties. Following the conclusion of the dispute resolution process outlined in this article, the municipal corporation and an applicant for annexation may either accept the recommendations of the arbitration panel and proceed with the remaining annexation process or abandon the annexation proceeding. A violation of the conditions set forth in this Code section may be enforced thereafter at law or in equity until such conditions have expired as provided in this Code section.

233 36-36-118.

If at any time during the proceedings the municipal corporation or applicant abandons the proposed annexation, the county shall not change the zoning, land use, or density affecting the property for a period of one year unless such change is made in the service delivery agreement or comprehensive plan and adopted by the affected city and county and all required parties. A violation of the conditions set forth in this Code section may be enforced thereafter at law or in equity until such period has expired. After final resolution of any objection, whether by agreement of the parties, act of the panel, or any appeal from the panel's decision, the terms of such decision shall remain valid for the one-year two-year period and such annexation may proceed at any time during the one year two years without any further action or without any further right of objection by the county.

244 36-36-119.

The county, the municipal governing authorities, and the property owner or owners shall negotiate in good faith throughout the annexation proceedings provided by this article and may at any time enter into a written agreement governing the annexation. Such agreement may provide for changing the zoning, land use, or density of the annexed property during a period of less than two years. If such agreement is reached after the arbitration panel has been appointed and before its dissolution, such agreement shall be adopted by the panel as its findings and recommendations. If such agreement is reached after an appeal is filed in the superior court and before the court issues an order, such agreement shall be made a part of the court's order. Any agreement reached as provided in this Code section shall be recorded as provided in Code Section 36-36-115. Copies of such agreement shall also be provided by the parties to the department in the same manner as the findings and recommendations of an arbitration panel."

257 SECTION 2.

Said chapter is further amended by revising Code Section 36-36-6, relating to notice by municipal governing authority to county governing authority of proposed annexation, as

260 follows:

261 "36-36-6.

Upon accepting an application for annexation pursuant to Code Section 36-36-21 or a petition for annexation pursuant to Code Section 36-36-32, or upon adopting a resolution calling for an annexation referendum pursuant to Code Section 36-36-57, the governing authority of the annexing municipality shall within five business 30 days give written notice of the proposed annexation to the governing authority of the county wherein the area proposed for annexation is located. Such notice shall include a map or other description of the site proposed to be annexed sufficient to identify the area. Where the proposed annexation is to be effected by a local Act of the General Assembly, a copy of the proposed

legislation shall be provided by the governing authority of the municipality to the governing authority of the county in which the property proposed to be annexed is located following the receipt of such notice by the governing authority of the municipality under subsection (b) of Code Section 28-1-14."

SECTION 3.

275 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.