

The Senate Committee on Judiciary offered the following substitute to HB 118:

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED  
AN ACT

1 To amend Article 2 of Chapter 10 of Title 16 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated,  
2 relating to obstruction of public administration and related offenses, so as to revise the  
3 offense of transmitting a false alarm; to provide for the offense of making an unlawful  
4 request for emergency service assistance; to provide for definitions; to provide for criminal  
5 penalties; to provide for a short title; to provide for related matters; to repeal conflicting laws;  
6 and for other purposes.

7 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

8 **SECTION 1.**

9 This Act shall be known and may be cited as the "Protection Against False Claims for  
10 Emergency Services Act."

11 **SECTION 2.**

12 Article 2 of Chapter 10 of Title 16 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to  
13 obstruction of public administration and related offenses, is amended by revising Code  
14 Section 16-10-28, relating to transmitting a false alarm and restitution, as follows:

15 "16-10-28.

16 (a) As used in this Code section, the term:

17 (1) 'Critical infrastructure' means any building, place of assembly, or facility that is  
18 located in this state and necessary for national or public security, education, or public  
19 safety.

20 (2) 'Destructive device' means a destructive device as such term is defined by Code  
21 Section 16-7-80.

22 (3) 'Hazardous substance' means a hazardous substance as such term is defined by Code  
23 Section 12-8-92.

24 (4) 'Public agency' means the state and any city, county, city and county, municipal  
25 corporation, chartered organization, public district, or public authority located in whole

26 or in part within this state which provides or has authority to provide fire-fighting, law  
 27 enforcement, ambulance, medical, or other emergency services.

28 (5) 'Public safety agency' means a functional division of a public agency which provides  
 29 fire-fighting, law enforcement, emergency medical, suicide prevention, emergency  
 30 management dispatching, poison control, drug prevention, child abuse, spouse abuse, or  
 31 other emergency services.

32 (6) 'Request for emergency services assistance' means a report, transmission, or request  
 33 for assistance to a public safety agency, or to another person knowing at the time of such  
 34 report, transmission, or request that such report, transmission, or request is likely to result  
 35 in such other person making a report, transmission, or request to a public safety agency,  
 36 through a public safety answering point or other form of communication.

37 (b) A person commits the offense of ~~transmitting a false public alarm~~ making an unlawful  
 38 request for emergency services assistance when he or she knowingly and intentionally  
 39 transmits in any manner a ~~report or warning~~ request for emergency services assistance  
 40 knowing at the time of the ~~transmission~~ request for emergency services assistance that there  
 41 is no reasonable ground for believing the truth of information which forms the basis of such  
 42 ~~report or warning request~~ and when the ~~report or warning request~~ involves or relates to:

43 (1) A purported destructive device or hazardous substance is located in such a place that  
 44 its explosion, detonation, or release would endanger human life or cause injury or damage  
 45 to property; ~~or~~

46 (2) An individual who purportedly has caused or threatened to cause physical harm to  
 47 himself or herself or another individual by using a deadly weapon or with any object,  
 48 device, or instrument which, when used offensively against a person, is likely to result  
 49 in serious bodily injury;

50 (3) An individual who purportedly has committed a criminal act involving the use or  
 51 threat of physical force or violence or an act constituting an immediate threat to any  
 52 person's life or safety; or

53 (4) The use of any electronic device or software to alter, conceal, or disguise, or attempt  
 54 to alter, conceal, or disguise, the location or identity of the person making the request.

55 (c)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, a person convicted of a  
 56 violation of subsection (b) of this Code section shall be punished as for a misdemeanor  
 57 of a high and aggravated nature and upon conviction for a second or subsequent violation  
 58 of subsection (b) of this Code section shall be guilty of a felony and punished by  
 59 imprisonment for not less than one nor more than ten years, by a fine of not less than  
 60 \$5,000.00, or both.

61 (2)(A) If the location of the violation of paragraph (1) of subsection (b) of this Code  
 62 section is critical infrastructure, such person shall be guilty of a felony and upon

63 conviction shall be punished by imprisonment for not less than five nor more than ten  
64 years, a fine of not more than \$100,000.00, or both.

65 (B) If serious bodily harm or death results from the response of a public safety agency,  
66 such person shall be guilty of a felony and upon conviction shall be punished by  
67 imprisonment for not less than one nor more than ten years and a fine of not less than  
68 \$5,000.00.

69 (d) In addition to any other penalty imposed by law for a violation of this Code section,  
70 the court may require the defendant to make restitution to any affected public or private  
71 entity for the reasonable costs or damages associated with the offense, including, without  
72 limitation, the actual value of any goods, services, or income lost as a result of such  
73 violation. Restitution made pursuant to this subsection shall not preclude any party from  
74 obtaining any other civil or criminal remedy available under any other provision of law.  
75 The restitution authorized by this subsection is supplemental and not exclusive."

76 **SECTION 3.**

77 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.