House Bill 1136

By: Representatives Rogers of the 10th and Erwin of the 28th

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

1 To reincorporate and provide a new charter for the City of Baldwin, Georgia; to provide for 2 incorporation, boundaries, and powers of the city; to provide for general powers and 3 limitations on powers; to provide for a governing authority of such city and the powers, 4 duties, authority, election, terms, removal from office, method of filling vacancies, 5 compensation, expenses, and qualifications; to provide for conflict of interest and holding 6 other offices; to provide for inquiries and investigations; to provide for organization and 7 procedures; to provide for emergencies; to provide for ordinances; to provide for eminent 8 domain; to provide for codes; to provide for the office of mayor and certain duties and 9 powers relative to the office of mayor; to provide for a mayor pro tempore; to provide for the 10 office and powers of a city manager; to provide for administrative responsibilities; to provide 11 for boards, commissions, and authorities; to provide for a city attorney, city clerk, finance 12 director, and other personnel; to provide for a land use plan; to provide for the establishment 13 of a municipal court and the judge or judges thereof; to provide for practices and procedures; 14 to provide for taxation, permits, and fees; to provide for franchises, service charges, and 15 assessments; to provide for bonded and other indebtedness; to provide for accounting and 16 budgeting; to provide for contracting and purchasing; to provide for audits; to provide for 17 bonds for officials; to provide for definitions and construction; to provide for other matters relative to the foregoing; to provide for related matters; to repeal a specific Act; to repeal 18 19 conflicting laws; and for other purposes.

20 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

20		LC 47 0467
21	ARTICLE I	
22	INCORPORATION AND POWERS	
23	SECTION 1.10.	
24	Incorporation.	

The City of Baldwin in Habersham and Banks Counties is reincorporated by the enactment of this charter and is constituted and declared a body politic and corporate under the name of the City of Baldwin. References in this charter to "the city" or "this city" refer to the City of Baldwin. The city shall have perpetual existence. The legal situs of the city shall be Habersham County.

30 SECTION 1.11.

31 Corporate boundaries.

(a) The boundaries of this city shall be those existing on the effective date of the adoption
of this charter, including but not limited to, the territory added to this city by an Act approved
May 5, 2006 (Ga. L. 2006, p. 4530), and by prior act of the city, with such alterations as may
be made from time to time by local law or in the manner provided by general state law.
(b) The city council may provide for the redrawing of any such map by ordinance to reflect
lawful changes in the corporate boundaries. A redrawn map shall supersede for all purposes
the earlier map or maps which it is designated to replace but such earlier maps shall be

39 retained in the office of the city clerk.

40

SECTION 1.12.

41

Powers and construction.

(a) The city shall have all powers possible for a municipality to have under the present or
future Constitution and laws of this state as fully and completely as though they were
specifically enumerated in this charter. The city shall have all the power of self-government
not otherwise prohibited by this charter or general state law.

(b) The powers of the city shall be construed liberally in favor of the city. The specific
mention or failure to mention particular powers shall not be construed as limiting in any way
the powers of this city.

49 (c) The powers of the city shall include, but shall not be limited to, the following:

(1) Air and water pollution. To regulate the emission of smoke or other exhaust which
pollutes the air and to prevent the pollution of natural streams which flow within the
corporate limits of the city;

(2) Animal Regulations. To regulate and license or to prohibit the keeping or running
at-large of animals and fowl, and to provide for the impoundment of same if in violation
of any ordinance or lawful order. To provide for the disposition by sale, gift, or humane
destruction of animals and fowl when not redeemed as provided by ordinance; and to
provide punishment for violation of ordinances enacted hereunder;

(3) Appropriations and Expenditures. To make appropriations for the support of the 58 government of the city; to authorize the expenditure of money for any purposes 59 authorized by this charter and for any purpose for which a municipality is authorized by 60 the laws of the State of Georgia; and to provide for the payment of expenses of the city; 61 (4) Building Regulation. To regulate and to license the erection and construction of 62 buildings and all other structures; to adopt building, housing, plumbing, fire safety, 63 electrical, gas, and heating and air conditioning codes and other similar technical codes; 64 and to regulate all housing, and building trades; 65

(5) Business Regulation and Taxation. To levy and to provide for the collection of
regulatory fees and taxes on privileges, occupations, trades, and professions as authorized
by Title 48 of the O.C.G.A. or other such applicable laws as are or may thereafter be
enacted. To permit and regulate the same and to provide for the manner and method of
payment of such regulatory fees and taxes and to revoke such permits after due process
for failure to pay any city taxes or fees;

(6) Condemnation. To condemn property, inside or outside the corporate limits of the
city, for present or future use and for any corporate purpose deemed necessary by the
governing authority, utilizing procedures enumerated in Title 22 or Title 32 of the
Official Code of Georgia Annotated, or such other applicable laws as are or may hereafter
be enacted;

(7) Contracts. To enter into contracts and agreements with other governmental entitiesand with private persons, firms, and corporations;

(8) Emergencies. To establish procedures for determining and proclaiming that an
emergency situation exists within or without the city, and to make and carry out all
reasonable provisions deemed necessary to deal with or meet such an emergency for the
protection, safety, health, or well-being of the citizens of the city;

(9) Economic Development. To investigate, study, and undertake ways and means of
prompting and encouraging the prosperous development and protection of businesses,
industries, and commerce within the city and outside the city, including but not limited
to, making and preparing plans and policies for the promotion, establishment,
development, and expansion of current or new businesses, commerce, and industry within
and outside the city and including incentives for the establishment of jobs within the city.

(10) Environmental Protection. To protect and preserve the natural resources,
environment, and vital areas of the city, the region, and the state through the preservation
and improvement of air quality, the restoration and maintenance of water resources, the
control of erosion and sedimentation, the management of storm water and establishment
of a storm water utility, the management of solid and hazardous waste, the management
of commercial waste, and other necessary actions for the protection of the environment.

- 95 (11) Fire Regulations. To fix and establish fire limits and from time to time to extend,
 96 enlarge, or restrict the same; to prescribe fire safety regulations not inconsistent with
 97 general law, relating to both fire prevention and detection and to fire fighting; and to
 98 prescribe penalties and punishment for violations thereof;
- 99 (12) Garbage Fees. To levy, fix, assess, and collect a garbage, refuse, trash collection 100 and disposal, and other sanitary service charge, tax, or fee for such services as may be 101 necessary in the operation of the city from all individuals, firms, and corporations 102 residing in or doing business therein and benefiting from such services; to enforce the 103 payment of such charges, taxes, or fees; and to provide for the manner and method of 104 collecting such service charges to provide that said fees may be based upon the 105 availability of the service as opposed to user fees;
- (13) General Health, Safety, and Welfare. To define, regulate, and prohibit any act,
 practice, conduct, or use of property which is detrimental to health, sanitation,
 cleanliness, welfare, and safety of the inhabitants of the city, and to provide for the
 enforcement of such standards;
- (14) Gifts. To accept or refuse gifts, donations, bequests, or grants from a source for any
 purpose related to powers and duties of the city and the general welfare of its citizens, on
 such terms and conditions as the donor or grantor may impose;
- (15) Health and Sanitation. To prescribe standards of health and sanitation and toprovide for the enforcement of such standards;
- (16) Jail Sentences. To the extent authorized by general law, to provide that persons given jail sentences in the municipal court may work out such sentences in any public works or on the streets, roads, drains, and other public property in the city; to provide for commitment of such persons to any jail; to provide for the use of pretrial diversion and any alternative sentencing allowed by law, or to provide for commitment of such persons to any county detention facility by agreement with the appropriate county officials;
- (17) Motor vehicles. To regulate the operation of motor vehicles and exercise control
 over all traffic, including parking upon or across the streets, roads, alleys, and walkways
 of the city;
- (18) Municipal Agencies and Delegation of Power. To create, alter, or abolish
 departments, boards, offices, commissions, and agencies of the city, including but not

- limited to, any Housing Authority, and to confer upon such agencies the necessary and
 appropriate authority for carrying out all the powers conferred upon or delegated to the
 same;
- (19) Municipal Debts. To the extent authorized by general law, to appropriate and
 borrow money for the payment of debts to the city and to issue bonds for the purpose of
 raising revenue to carry out any project, program, or venture authorized by this charter,
 the laws of the State of Georgia, or the laws of the United States of America;
- (20) Municipal Property Ownership. To acquire, dispose of, lease, and hold in trust or
 otherwise, any real, personal, or mixed property, in fee simple or lesser interest, inside
 or outside the municipal limits of the city;
- (21) Municipal Property Protection. To provide for the preservation and protection of
 property and equipment of the city, and the administration and use of same by the public,
 and to prescribe penalties and punishment for violations thereof;
- (22) Municipal Utilities. To acquire, lease, construct, operate, maintain, sell, and dispose
 of public utilities, including but not limited to, a system of waterworks, sewers and
 drains, sewage disposal, storm water management, gas works, electric light plants, cable
 television and other telecommunications, transportation facilities, public airports, and any
 other public utility. To fix the taxes, charges, rates, fares, fees, assessments, regulations,
 and penalties. To the extent authorized by general law, to provide for the withdrawal of
 service for refusal or failure to pay the same;
- (23) Nuisance. To define a nuisance and provide for its abatement whether on public orprivate property;
- (24) Penalties. To provide penalties for violation of any ordinances adopted pursuant to
 the authority of this charter and the laws of the State of Georgia;
- (25) Planning and Zoning. To provide comprehensive city planning for development by
 zoning. To provide subdivision regulation as the city council deems necessary and
 reasonable to ensure a safe, healthy, and aesthetically pleasing community;
- (26) Police and Fire Protection. To exercise the power of arrest through duly appointed
 police officers, and to establish, operate, or contract for a police and a fire-fighting
 agency;
- (27) Public Hazards: To provide for the destruction and removal of any building or other
 structure which is or may become dangerous or detrimental to the public;
- (28) Public Improvements. To provide for the acquisition, construction, building,
 operation, and maintenance of public ways, parks, playgrounds, recreational facilities,
 cemeteries, markets and market houses, public buildings, libraries, public housing,
 airports, hospitals, terminals, docks, parking facilities, charitable, cultural, educational,
 recreational, conservation, sport, curative, correctional, detention, penal, and medical

institutions, agencies and facilities. To provide any other public improvements, inside
or outside the corporate limits of the city and to regulate the use of public improvements.
For such foregoing purposes, property may be acquired by condemnation under Title 22
or Title 32 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, or such other applicable laws as

167 are or may hereafter be enacted;

(29) Public Peace. To provide for the prevention and punishment of loitering, disorderly
conduct, drunkenness, riots, and public disturbances;

(30) Public Transportation. To organize and operate such public transportation systemsas are deemed beneficial;

(31) Public Utilities and Services. To grant franchises or make contracts for or impose
taxes on public utilities and public service companies, and to prescribe the rates, fares,
regulations and standards, and conditions of service applicable to the service to be
provided by the franchise grantee or contractor, insofar as not to be in conflict with valid
regulations of the Public Service Commission or other applicable laws of the State of
Georgia;

(32) Regulation of Roadside Areas. To prohibit, regulate, or control the erection,
removal, and maintenance of signs, billboards, trees, shrubs, fences, buildings, and any
and all other structures or obstructions upon or adjacent to the rights-of-way of streets and
roads or within view thereof, within or abutting the corporate limits of the city, and to
prescribe penalties and punishment for violation of such ordinances;

(33) Retirement. To have the option to provide and maintain a retirement plan, other
employee benefit plans, and programs for elected officials, officers, and employees of the
city;

(34) Roadways. To lay out, open, extend, widen, establish, or change the grade of; to
abandon or close, construct, pave, curb, gutter, adorn with shade trees, or otherwise
improve, maintain, repair, clean, prevent erosion of; and to light the roads, alleys, and
walkways within the corporate limits of the city. To grant franchises and rights-of-way
throughout the streets, roads, bridges, and viaducts for the use of public utilities. To
require real estate owners to repair and maintain in a safe condition the sidewalks
adjoining their lots or lands, and to impose penalties for failure to do so;

(35) Sewer Fees. To levy a fee, charge, or sewer tax as necessary to assure the acquiring,
constructing, equipping, operating, maintaining, and extending of a sewage disposal plant
and sewerage system, and to levy on those to whom sewers and sewerage systems are
made available a sewer service fee, charge, or sewer tax for the availability or use of the
sewers; to provide for the manner and method of collecting such service charges; and to
charge, impose, and collect a sewer connect fee or fees to those connected with the
system;

(36) Solid Waste Disposal. To provide for the collection and disposal of garbage,
rubbish, and refuse, and to regulate the collection and disposal of garbage, rubbish, and
refuse by others; to have the option to provide for the separate collection of glass, tin,
aluminum, cardboard, paper, and other recyclable materials; and to provide for the sale
of such items;

(37) Special Areas of Public Regulation. To regulate or prohibit junk dealers and the 205 206 manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors. To regulate the transportation, storage, and use of combustible, explosive, and inflammable materials; and the use of lighting and 207 208 heating equipment. To regulate the treatment of commercial waste or septage, or any 209 other business or situation which may be dangerous to persons or property. To regulate 210 and control the conduct of peddlers and itinerant traders, theatrical performances, 211 exhibitions, and shows of any kind, by taxation or otherwise. To license and tax 212 professional fortunetelling, palmistry, and massage parlors. To the extent authorized by 213 general law to restrict adult bookstores and other adult entertainment to certain areas;

(38) Special Assessments. To levy and provide for the collection of special assessments
to cover the costs for any public improvements;

(39) Special Referenda. To hold special referenda to place policy issues or to conduct
"straw polls" before the electors of the city; to hold such special referenda in accordance
with Chapter 2 of Title 21 of the O.C.G.A., the "Georgia Election Code," as now or
hereafter amended.

(40) Taxes: To levy and provide for the assessment, valuation, revaluation, and
collection of taxes on all property subject to taxation. To levy and collect such other
taxes as may be allowed now or in the future by law;

223 (41) Taxicabs, Ride Share Network Services, Transportation Referral Services and 224 Transportation Referral Service Providers. To the extent authorized by general law, to 225 regulate and license vehicles operated for hire in the city; to limit the number of such vehicles. To require the operators thereof to be licensed and to require public liability 226 227 insurance on such vehicles in the amounts to be prescribed by ordinance. To regulate the 228 parking of such vehicles; to regulate and license ride share network services, 229 transportation referral services, and transportation referral service providers to the extent 230 allowed by general law;

(42) Urban Redevelopment. To organize and operate an urban redevelopment program;
(43) Other Powers. To exercise and enjoy all other powers, functions, rights, privileges,
and immunities necessary or desirable to promote or protect the safety, health, peace,
security, good order, comfort, convenience, or general welfare of the city and its
inhabitants. To exercise all implied powers necessary or desirable to carry into execution
all powers granted in this charter as fully and completely as if such powers were fully

stated herein. To exercise all powers now or in the future authorized to be exercised by
other municipal governments under other laws of the State of Georgia. No listing of
particular powers in this charter shall be held to be exclusive of others, nor restrictive of
general words and phrases granting powers, but shall be in addition to such powers unless
expressly prohibited to municipalities under the Constitution or applicable laws of the
State of Georgia.

243

SECTION 1.13.

244

Exercise of powers.

All powers, functions, rights, privileges, and immunities of the city, its officers, agencies, or employees shall be carried into execution as provided by this charter. If this charter makes no provision, such shall be carried into execution as provided by ordinance or as provided by pertinent laws of the State of Georgia.

249	ARTICLE II
250	GOVERNMENT STRUCTURE, ELECTIONS,
251	AND REMOVAL
252	SECTION 2.10.
253	City council creation; composition; number; election.

(a) The legislative authority of the government of this city, except as otherwise specifically
provided in this charter, shall be vested in a city council to be composed of a mayor and five
councilmembers.

(b) The mayor and councilmembers shall serve for terms of four years and until their respective successors are elected and qualified. No person shall be eligible to serve as mayor or councilmember unless he or she shall have been a resident of this city for 12 months immediately preceding the election of mayor or councilmembers. The mayor and such councilmembers shall continue to reside within the city during said period of service and shall be registered and qualified to vote in municipal elections of this city.

263

SECTION 2.11.

Elections.

264

(a) At any election, all persons who are qualified under the Constitution and laws of the
State of Georgia to vote for members of the General Assembly of Georgia and who are bona
fide residents of said city shall be eligible to qualify as voters in the election.

268 (b) All elections shall be held and conducted in accordance with Chapter 2 of Title 21 of the

269 O. C. G. A., the "Georgia Election Code." Except as otherwise provided by this charter, the

270 city council shall, by ordinance, prescribe such rules and regulations it deems appropriate to

fulfill any options and duties under the "Georgia Election Code." The city may choose tocontract with the Habersham County Board of Elections to coordinate, organize, advertise,

273 conduct, and operate any election for the City of Baldwin.

(c) The mayor and councilmembers who are in office on the effective date of this Act shall
serve until the expiration of the term of office to which they were elected and until their
successors are elected and qualified.

(d) For the purpose of electing members of the city council, the City of Baldwin shall consist
of one election district with five numbered posts. Each person seeking election shall
designate the post for which they seek election.

(e) On the Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 2021, and on such day
quadrennially thereafter, there shall be elected a mayor and the councilmembers for Post 2
and Post 4. Then, on the Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 2023, and on such
day quadrennially thereafter, there shall be elected the councilmembers for Post 1, Post 3,
and Post 5. The terms of the offices shall begin at the time of taking the oath of office as
provided in Section 2.21 of this charter.

286 SECTION 2.12.

287

Vacancies in office.

(a)(1) The office of mayor or councilmember shall become vacant upon the incumbent's
death, resignation, forfeiture of office, or removal from office in any manner authorized

by this charter or the general laws of the State of Georgia.

(2) Upon the suspension from office of mayor or councilmember in any manner
authorized by the general laws of the State of Georgia, the city council or those remaining
shall appoint a successor for the duration of the suspension. If the suspension becomes
permanent, then the office shall become vacant and shall be filled as provided in
subsection (b) of this section.

(b) In the event that the office of mayor or councilmember shall become vacant, the city
council or those remaining shall order a special election to fill the balance of the unexpired
term of such official, provided, however, that if such vacancy occurs within twelve months
of the expiration of the term of that office, the city council or those members remaining shall
appoint a successor for the remainder of the term. In all other respects, the special election
shall be held and conducted in accordance with Chapter 2 of Title 21 of the O. C. G. A., the
"Georgia Election Code," as now or hereafter amended.

	20 LC 47 0467
303	SECTION 2.13.
304	Nonpartisan elections.
305	Political parties shall not conduct primaries for city offices and all names of candidates for
306	city offices shall be listed without party labels.
307	SECTION 2.14.
308	Election by plurality.
309	The candidate receiving a plurality of the votes cast for any city office shall be elected.
310	SECTION 2.15.
311	Compensation and expenses.
312	The mayor shall receive compensation of \$150.00 per month plus \$125.00 per meeting
313	attended and each councilmember shall receive compensation of \$100.00 per meeting
314	attended in carrying out their duties and while representing the city in their official capacity,
315	whether as a single designated representative or attended by two or more councilmembers,
316	for the City of Baldwin at multi-agency, city, county, state, or regional meetings and training,
317	The mayor and councilmembers shall be entitled to reimbursement for actual and necessary
318	expenses incurred by them. The city council shall be authorized to change their
319	compensation and expenses for their services as provided by ordinance and in accordance
320	with Chapter 35 of Title 36 of the O. C. G. A.
321	SECTION 2.16.
322	Prohibitions.
323	(a) No elected official, appointed officer, or employee of the city or any agency or political
323	entity to which this charter applies shall knowingly:
325	(1) Engage in any business or transaction or have a financial or other personal interest,
326	direct or indirect, which is incompatible with the proper discharge of his or her official
327	duties or which would tend to impair the independence of his or her judgment or action
328	in the performance of his or her official duties;
329	(2) Engage in or accept private employment or render services for private interests when
330	such employment or service is incompatible with the proper discharge of his or her
331	official duties or would tend to impair the independence of his or her judgment or action
332	in the performance of his or her official duties;

333 (3) Disclose confidential information concerning the property, government, or affairs of
334 the governmental body by which he or she is engaged without proper legal authorization
335 or use such information to advance the financial or other private interest of himself,
336 herself, or others;

(4) Accept any valuable gift, whether in the form of service, loan, object, or promise,
from any person, firm, or corporation which to his or her knowledge is interested, directly
or indirectly, in any manner whatsoever in business dealings with the governmental body
by which he or she is engaged; provided, however, that an elected official who is a
candidate for public office may accept campaign contributions and services in connection
with any such campaign;

343 (5) Represent other private interests in any action or proceeding against this city or any
344 portion of its government; or

345 (6) Vote or otherwise participate in the negotiation or in the making of any contract with346 any business or entity in which he or she has a financial interest.

(b) Any elected official, appointed officer, or employee of the city or any agency or political 347 entity to which this charter applies who has any private financial interest, directly or 348 indirectly, in any contract or matter pending before or within any department of the city shall 349 350 disclose such private interest to the city council. The mayor or any councilmember who has 351 a private interest in any matter pending before the city council shall disclose such private interest and such disclosure shall be entered on the records of the city council, and he or she 352 353 shall disqualify himself or herself from participating in any decision or vote relating thereto. 354 Any elected official, appointed officer, or employee of any agency or political entity to which 355 this charter applies who shall have any private financial interest, directly or indirectly, in any contract or matter pending before or within such entity shall disclose such private interest to 356 357 the governing body of such agency or entity.

(c) No elected official, appointed officer, or employee of the city or any agency or entity to
 which this charter applies shall use property owned by such governmental entity for personal

benefit, convenience, or profit, except in accordance with policies promulgated by the citycouncil or the governing body of such agency or entity.

362 (d) Any violation of this section which occurs with the knowledge, express or implied, of
363 a party to a contract or sale shall render said contract or sale voidable at the option of the city
364 council.

(e) Except as authorized by law, no member of the city council shall hold any other elective
city office or other city employment during the term for which he or she was elected. The
provisions of this subsection shall not apply to any person holding employment on the
effective date of this Act.

	20 LC 47 0467
369	SECTION 2.17.
370	Removal of officers.
371	(a) The mayor, a councilmember, or other appointed officers provided for in this charter
372	shall be removed from office for any one or more of the following:
373	(1) Incompetence, misfeasance, or malfeasance in office;
374	(2) Conviction of a crime that is a felony or a crime involving moral turpitude;
375	(3) Failure at any time to possess any qualifications of office as provided by this charter
376	or by law;
377	(4) Knowingly violating Section 2.16 of any other express prohibition of this charter;
378	(5) Abandonment of office or neglect to perform the duties thereof; or
379	(6) Failure for any cause to perform the duties of office as required by this charter or by
380	state law.
381	(b) Removal of any elected or appointed officer pursuant to subsection (a) of this section
382	shall be accomplished by one of the following methods:
383	(1) By the vote of the entire remaining councilmembers after an investigative hearing.
384	In the event an elected officer is sought to be removed by the action of the city council,
385	such officer shall be entitled to a written notice specifying the ground or grounds for
386	removal and to a public hearing which shall be held not less than ten days after the
387	service of such written notice. Any elected officer sought to be removed from office as
388	provided in this section shall have the right of appeal from the decision of the city council
389	to the Superior Court of Habersham County. Such appeal shall be governed by the same
390	rules as govern appeals to the superior court from the probate court; or
391	(2) By an order of the Superior Court of Habersham County following a hearing on a
392	complaint seeking such removal brought by a resident of the City of Baldwin.
393	SECTION 2.18.
394	Exercise of powers.

394Exercise of powers.

All powers, functions, rights, privileges, and immunities of the city, its officers, agencies, or employees shall be carried into execution as provided by the Constitution of the State of Georgia, by general law, or by this charter. If general law and this charter make no provision, such shall be carried into execution as provided by ordinance.

	20 LC 47 0467
399	SECTION 2.19.
400	Inquiries and investigations.
401	The city council may make inquiries and investigations into the affairs of the city and the
402	conduct of any department, office, or agency thereof, and for this purpose may subpoena
403	witnesses, administer oaths, take testimony, and require the production of evidence. Any
404	person who fails or refuses to obey a lawful order issued in the exercise of these powers by
405	the city council shall be punished as provided by ordinance.
405	the enty council shall be pullished as provided by ordinance.
406	SECTION 2.20.
407	General power and authority of the city council.
409	Except as otherwise merrided by this shorten the site econoli shall be useded with all the
408	Except as otherwise provided by this charter, the city council shall be vested with all the
409	powers of government of this city as provided in Article I of this charter.
410	SECTION 2.21.
411	Organization meeting.
412	The city council shall meet for organization on the second Monday in January of each year
413	or as soon thereafter as practical. The meeting shall be called to order by either the mayor,
414	mayor pro tempore, or the most senior councilmember that is not being sworn in and the oath
415	of office shall be administered by the city clerk to the newly elected members as follows:
416	"I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will faithfully perform the duties of a city
417	councilmember/mayor of Baldwin, Georgia, and that I will support and defend the charter
418	thereof as well as the Constitutions and laws of the State of Georgia and of the United
419	States of America."
420	SECTION 2.22.
421	Regular and special meetings.
422	
422	(a) The city council shall hold regular meetings at such times and places as prescribed by
423	resolution.
424	(b) Special meetings of the city council may be held on call of the mayor or two other
425	members of the city council. Notice of such special meetings shall be served on all other
426	members personally, or by telephone personally, at least 24 hours in advance of the meeting.
427	Such notice to councilmembers shall not be required if all city council members are present
428	when the special meeting is called. Such notice of any special meeting may be waived by
	H. B. 1136

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- 429 a councilmember in writing before or after such a meeting, and attendance at the meeting
- 430 shall also constitute a waiver of notice on any business transacted in such councilmember's
- 431 presence. Except where waiver by all members is effected by their presence or in writing,
- 432 only the business stated in the call may be transacted at the special meeting.
- 433 (c) All meetings of the city council shall be public to the extent required by general law and434 notice to the public of all meetings shall be made as required by general law.
- 435

SECTION 2.23.

436

Rules of procedure.

(a) The city council shall adopt its rules of procedure and order of business consistent with
the provisions of this charter and shall provide for keeping minutes of its proceedings
according to general state law, and which shall be a public record.

(b) All committees and committee chairpersons and officers of the city council shall be
appointed by the city council. The city council, by a majority vote, shall have the power to
remove members of any committee and the power to appoint new members to any
committee, at any time, within the city council's discretion.

444 SECTION 2.24.

445 Quorum; voting.

(a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (b) of this section, the mayor and three
councilmembers or the mayor pro tempore and three councilmembers shall constitute a
quorum and shall be authorized to transact business of the city council. Voting on the
adoption of ordinances shall be taken by voice vote and the ayes and nays shall be recorded
in the minutes, but any member of the city council shall have the right to request a roll-call
vote. Except as otherwise provided in this charter, the affirmative vote of three
councilmembers shall be required for the adoption of any ordinance or resolution.

(b) In the event vacancies in office result in less than a quorum of councilmembers holding
office, then the remaining councilmembers in office shall constitute a quorum and shall be
authorized to transact business for the city council. A vote of a majority of the remaining
councilmembers shall be required for the adoption of any ordinance or resolution.

457 458

SECTION 2.25.

Ordinance form; procedure; notice and reading.

(a) Except as herein provided, every official action of the council which is to become law
shall be by ordinance. Every proposed ordinance shall be introduced in writing and must be
finalized at the time of passage at the second meeting for final adoption. The enacting clause
shall be: "The Council of the City of Baldwin hereby ordains...." And every ordinance shall
so begin.

(b) An ordinance may be introduced by any councilmember. For an ordinance to be adopted, it must be introduced at one meeting, regular or special, and passed at a second meeting, regular or special. A literal reading of the ordinance in the public meetings of the council is not required for passage of the ordinance. In the discretion of the council, the mayor, city manager, city attorney, or other agent of the city may provide a summary of the ordinance in the meetings of the council. Proposed ordinances shall be public records and shall be available for public inspection.

471 (c) Upon passage, all ordinances shall be signed by the mayor, or mayor pro tempore if472 presiding, and the city clerk.

(d) Failure to comply with the technical requirements of this section shall not invalidate an
ordinance if the intention of the governing authority that the ordinance be effective is
evident.

476

SECTION 2.26.

477 Acts having force of law.

478 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this charter, acts of the city council which have the 479 force and effect of law may be done by ordinance or resolution of the city council, except 480 that any act of the city council to amend the charter or the code of ordinances or any other 481 act required by general state law to be done by ordinance shall be done by ordinance.

482

SECTION 2.27.

483 Emergencies.

To meet a public emergency affecting life, health, property, or public peace, the city council may convene on call of the mayor or two city councilmembers and promptly adopt an emergency ordinance, but such ordinance may not levy taxes; grant, renew, or extend a franchise; regulate the rate charged by any public utility for its services; or authorize the borrowing of money except for loans to be repaid within 30 days. Any emergency ordinance 489 shall be introduced in the form prescribed for ordinances generally, except that it shall contain, after the enacting clause, a declaration stating that an emergency exists and 490 491 describing it in clear and specific terms. It shall become effective upon adoption or at such 492 later time as it may specify. Every emergency ordinance shall automatically stand repealed 493 30 days following the date upon which it is adopted, but this shall not prevent reenactment 494 of the ordinance in the manner specified in this section if the emergency still exists. An 495 emergency ordinance may also be repealed by adoption of a repealing ordinance in the same 496 manner specified in this section for adoption of emergency ordinances.

497

SECTION 2.28.

498

Codes of technical regulations.

(a) The city council may adopt any standard code of technical regulations by reference
thereto in an adopting ordinance. The procedure and requirements governing such adopting
ordinance shall be as prescribed for ordinances generally.

502 (b) Copies of any adopted code of technical regulations shall be made available by the city

503 clerk for distribution or for purchase at a reasonable price.

504 SECTION 2.29.

505 Signing; authenticating; recording; compilation; printing.

(a) The city clerk shall authenticate by his or her signature and record in full in a properly
indexed book or record kept for the purpose all ordinances and resolutions adopted by the
city council.

509 (b) The city council shall provide for the preparation of a general compilation of all of the 510 ordinances and resolutions of the city having the force and effect of law. The general compilation shall be adopted by the city council and shall be published as soon as is 511 practicable, together with all amendments thereto and such codes of technical regulations and 512 513 other rules and regulations as the city council may specify. This compilation shall be known and cited officially as "The Official Code of the City of Baldwin, Georgia." Copies of the 514 code shall be furnished to all officers, departments, and agencies of the city and made 515 available for purchase by the public at a reasonable price as fixed by the city council. 516

(c) The city council shall cause each ordinance and each amendment to this charter to be published as soon as is practicable following its adoption, and the published ordinances and charter amendments shall be made available for purchase by the public at reasonable prices to be fixed by the city council. Following publication of the first code under this charter and at all times thereafter, the ordinances and charter amendments shall be printed in 522 substantially the same style as the compilation currently in effect and shall be suitable in 523 form for incorporation therein. The city council shall make such further arrangements as 524 deemed desirable with respect to reproduction and distribution of any current changes in or 525 additions to codes of technical regulations and other rules and regulations included in the 526 code.

527

SECTION 2.30.

528

Mayor; delegation of powers.

The mayor shall be the chief executive of this city. The mayor shall possess all of the 529 executive powers granted to the city under the Constitution and laws of the State of Georgia, 530 531 and all the executive powers contained in this charter, except as otherwise specifically provided in this charter. The mayor shall have the authority to delegate any one or more 532 executive powers to a person or persons employed by the city and qualified in management 533 and administration. The mayor may recommend an officer whose title shall be city manager 534 and who shall be the head of the administrative branch of the city government on a daily 535 basis. The city manager shall be appointed by the city council. As chief executive, the mayor 536 537 will supervise the city manager, and the city manager, if selected, shall administratively 538 handle the operations of the city on a daily basis.

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- 540

Powers and duties of mayor.

SECTION 2.31.

541 As the chief executive of this city, the mayor shall:

- 542 (1) Supervise the city manager and all departments to see that all laws, resolutions, and543 ordinances of the city are faithfully executed;
- (2) Review and approve the appointment or removal of any officers, department heads,and employees of the city except as otherwise provided for in this charter.
- 546 (3) Exercise supervision over all executive and administrative work of the city and547 provide for the coordination of administrative activities.
- 548 (4) Exercise supervision over the city manager's and finance director's preparation and
 549 submission to the city council a recommended annual operating budget and
 550 recommended capital budget;
- 551 (5) Ensure that the city manager and finance director shall submit to the city council at
- least quarterly a statement covering the financial conditions of the city and from time to
- time such other information as the city council may request;
- (6) Prepare and set each meeting's agenda:

555	(7) Preside over all meetings of the city council;
556	(8) Call special meetings of the city council as provided for in Section 2.22;
557	(9) Participate in the discussion of all matters brought before the city council and vote
558	on such matters only in the case of a tie vote;
559	(10) Recommend to the city council such measures relative to the affairs of the city,
560	improvement of the government, and promotion of the welfare of its inhabitants as
561	deemed expedient;
562	(11) Approve or disapprove ordinances as provided in Section 2.32;
563	(12) Require any department or agency of the city to submit written reports as deemed
564	expedient;
565	(13) Sign as a matter of course all written contracts, ordinances, and other instruments
566	executed by the city which by law are required to be in writing;
567	(14) Ensure that the duties of city manager are performed should that office not be filled
568	or be vacant for any reason;
569	(15) Perform such other duties as may be required by general state law, this charter, or
570	ordinance; and
571	(16) Perform such other duties that provide oversight for all departments to remain in
572	compliance with all city, state, and federal mandates and regulations.
573	SECTION 2.32.
574	Submission of ordinances and resolutions to the mayor; veto power.

575 (a) Every ordinance and resolution adopted by the city council shall be presented by the city576 clerk to the mayor within three days after its adoption.

577 (b) The mayor shall within ten days of receipt of an ordinance or resolution return it to the city clerk with or without approval, or with disapproval. If the ordinance or resolution has 578 579 been approved by the mayor, it shall become law upon its return to the city clerk; if the ordinance or resolution is neither approved nor disapproved, it shall become law on the 580 581 fifteenth day after its adoption. If the ordinance or resolution is disapproved, also known as 582 vetoed, the mayor shall submit to the city council through the city clerk a written statement of the reasons for the veto. The city clerk shall record upon the ordinance or resolution the 583 584 date of its delivery to and receipt from the mayor.

(c) Ordinances and resolutions vetoed by the mayor shall be presented by the city clerk to
the city council at its next meeting and should the city council then adopt the ordinance by
the affirmative vote of four council members, it shall become law.

(d) The mayor may disapprove or reduce any item or items of appropriation in any ordinanceor resolution. The approved part or parts of any ordinance or resolution making

appropriations shall become law, and the part or parts disapproved shall not become law unless subsequently passed by the city council over the mayor's veto as provided in this section. The reduced part or parts shall be presented to the city council as though disapproved and shall not become law unless overridden by the council as provided in subsection (c) of this section.

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SECTION 2.33.

596

606

Mayor pro tempore.

The city council at the first regular meeting after July 1 of each year shall elect from its 597 membership a mayor pro tempore for a term of one year. In the event that no mayor pro 598 tempore is elected at such first regular meeting, the city council shall elect from its 599 membership, within ten days following such meeting, the mayor pro tempore. Until such 600 time as a mayor pro tempore is elected by the city council, the mayor pro tempore in office 601 602 shall continue for another year. The mayor pro tempore shall perform the duties of the mayor during the mayor's absence or inability to act and shall fill out any unexpired term in 603 604 the office of mayor, in which case a new mayor pro tempore shall be elected by majority vote 605 of the city council.

SECTION 2.34.

607 City manager and acting city manager

(a) The mayor may recommend a city manager and who shall be the head of the 608 administrative branch of the city government on a daily basis. The city manager shall be 609 610 appointed by the city council on the basis of qualifications for the position as such with 611 special reference to actual experience in and knowledge of the duties of the office as hereinafter prescribed. The city manager shall have received a bachelor's degree as a 612 minimum educational requirement or, in lieu thereof, a minimum of five years' experience 613 in a city in an executive supervisory capacity. The city manager shall serve at the pleasure 614 of the city council. The city manager shall receive such salary as the city council may fix. 615 Should the city council not fill the office of city manager for any reason or should the office 616 be vacant for any reason, then the mayor shall appoint an acting city manager to perform the 617 duties of city manager until a city manager can be appointed. 618 (b) By letter filed with the city clerk, the mayor shall designate a qualified administrative

(b) By letter filed with the city clerk, the mayor shall designate a qualified administrative
officer to execute the powers and perform the duties of the city manager during the city
manager's temporary absence or disability.

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LC 47 0467

SECTION 2.35.

Powers and duties of city manager.

624 (a) The city manager shall be accountable to the mayor for the proper administration of all affairs of the city. As chief administrator, the city manager shall have the power to 625 recommend appointment and removal of any officers, department heads, and employees in 626 627 the administrative service of the city except the city engineer, city attorney, city auditor, and the municipal court judge; provided, however, that such officers shall be administratively 628 629 accountable to the city manager, except the city engineer, city attorney, city auditor, and the municipal court judge who shall be appointed or removed by the mayor and subject to the 630 confirmation by the city council. The mayor at his or her discretion can modify any 631 personnel decision made by the city manager. It shall be the duty of the city manager to 632 supervise the administration of the affairs of the city; to see that the ordinances, resolutions, 633 and regulations of the city council, and the laws of the state are faithfully executed and 634 635 enforced; to make such recommendations to the city council concerning the affairs of the city as he or she shall deem expedient; to keep the city council advised of the financial condition 636 and future financial needs of the city; to attend all meetings of the city council; and to 637 638 prepare and to submit to the city council such reports as may be deemed expedient or as may 639 be required by the city council. The city manager shall perform such other functions as assigned by the mayor; provided, however, that remuneration shall not exceed the amount 640 641 of salary fixed in Section 2.34.

(b) The city manager shall be designated and given authority to delegate duties as the purchasing agent and the personnel officer of the City of Baldwin. The city manager shall have responsibility for preparing and implementing the budget following budgetary review and adoption by the city council in a regular meeting. All department heads employed by the city shall be administratively accountable to the city manager. All appointed officers or other agents employed by the legislative body shall be administratively communicative with the city manager.

20		LC 47 040
649	ARTICLE III	
650	ADMINISTRATIVE AFFAIRS	
651	SECTION 3.10.	
652	Administrative and service departments.	

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(a) Except as otherwise provided in this charter, the city council, by ordinance or resolution
as appropriate, shall prescribe the functions or duties of and establish, abolish, or alter all
nonelective offices, positions of employment, departments, and agencies of the city as
necessary for the proper administration of the affairs and government of this city.

(b) Except as otherwise provided by this charter, general state law, or federal law, the
directors of departments and other appointed officers of the city shall be appointed solely on
the basis of their respective administrative and professional qualifications.

660 (c) All appointive officers and directors of departments shall receive such compensation as661 prescribed by ordinance or resolution, as appropriate.

662 (d) There shall be a director of each department or agency who shall be its principal officer.

Each director shall, subject to the direction and supervision of the city manager and mayor,

be responsible for the administration and direction of the affairs and operation of his or herdepartment or agency.

(e) All appointive officers and directors under the supervision of the city manager shall be
nominated by the city manager and mayor with confirmation of appointment by the city
council. All appointive officers and directors shall be employees at-will and subject to
removal or suspension at any time by the city manager with approval by the mayor or
otherwise provided by law or ordinance.

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SECTION 3.11.

672

Boards, commissions, and authorities.

(a) The city council shall create by ordinance or resolution as appropriate such boards,
commissions, and authorities to fulfill any investigative, quasi-judicial, or quasi-legislative
functions as the city council deems necessary and shall by ordinance or resolution as
appropriate establish the composition, period of existence, duties, and powers thereof.

677 (b) All members of boards, commissions, and authorities of the city shall be appointed by 678 the city council for such terms of office and in such manner as shall be provided by 679 ordinance or resolution as appropriate, except where other appointing authority, term of 680 office, or manner of appointment is prescribed by this charter or general state law.

681 (c) The city council, by ordinance or resolution as appropriate, may provide the
682 compensation and reimbursement for actual and necessary expenses of the members of any
683 board, commission, or authority.

(d) Except as specifically authorized by general law or authorized by the city council, nomember of any board, commission, or authority shall hold any elective office in the city.

(e) Any vacancy on a board, commission, or authority of the city shall be filled for the
unexpired term in the manner prescribed herein for original appointment, except as otherwise
provided by this charter, by general law, or by resolution.

(f) No member of a board, commission, or authority shall assume office until he or she has executed and filed with the city clerk an oath obligating himself or herself to perform faithfully and impartially the duties of his or her office, such oath to be prescribed by ordinance or resolution as appropriate and administered by the mayor.

(g) Any member of the board, commission, or authority may be removed from office for anyreason by a majority vote of the city council.

(h) Except as otherwise provided by this charter or by general state law, each board, commission, or authority of the city shall elect from its members a chairperson, vice-chairperson, and secretary. Each board, commission, or authority of the city government may establish such bylaws, rules, and regulations, not inconsistent with this charter, ordinances of the city, or general state law, as it deems appropriate and necessary for the fulfillment of its duties or the conduct of its affairs and which are approved by the city council, copies of which shall be filed with the city clerk.

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SECTION 3.12.

703

City attorney.

(a) The mayor, subject to the approval of the city council, shall appoint a city attorney who
shall be a member of the State Bar of Georgia and shall have actively practiced law for a
minimum of five years. The city attorney shall serve at the pleasure of the city council.

707 (b) It shall be the duty of the city attorney to serve as legal advisor to the mayor, city council, city manager, and other city officials with respect to the affairs of the city. The city 708 attorney shall draft proposed ordinances when requested to do so and shall inspect and 709 determine the legality and form of all agreements, contracts, franchises, and other 710 711 instruments with which the city may be concerned. The city attorney shall attend meetings of the city council upon request of the city council, and shall perform such other duties as 712 may be required by virtue of the position of city attorney. The compensation of the city 713 714 attorney shall be set by the city council.

	20 LC 47 0467
715	SECTION 3.13.
716	City clerk.
717	(a) The city manager shall appoint an officer who shall perform the duties of the city clerk,
718	subject to the approval of the mayor and city council. The city clerk shall keep a journal of
719	the proceedings of the city council, maintain a safe place for all records and documents
720	pertaining to the affairs of the city, and perform such other duties as may be required by law
721	or as mayor and city council may approve in a regular meeting.
722	(b) Generally, the city clerk is administratively accountable to the city council and is the city
723	council's representative at city hall, but in some instances the city clerk is administratively
724	accountable to the city manager. Councilmembers may ask the city clerk to complete
725	administrative duties such as gathering information, reports, minutes, and performing clerical
726	duties so that the city council will have needed information and materials to make
727	well-informed decisions for the city.
728	(c) The city clerk's day-to-day work shall involve directing and supervising the work of
729	personnel involved in performing utility billing, property tax collection, and accounts
730	receivable.
731	(d) The city clerk shall collect all taxes, fees, and other moneys owed to the city, subject to
732	applicable provisions of this charter, ordinances, or state law.
733	(e) The city clerk shall enforce all laws and city ordinances related to the collection of
734	delinquent taxes and the sale or foreclosure for nonpayment of taxes and other indebtedness
735	to the city.
736	(f) The city clerk is designated as the ex officio tax collector for the city so as to enable such
737	officer to do all things required by the city charter and state law as to the collection of city
738	taxes, including but not limited to, conducting levies and sales under tax executions and

- 739 collecting all costs, penalties, interest, and permissible charges associated with any actions
- taken in such capacity.
- (g) The city clerk shall be designated as the city's record custodian and shall ensure that all
- records are properly maintained in accordance to the established records retention policy as
- adopted by the city council.
- 744

SECTION 3.14.

745Finance director.

(a) The city manager shall appoint a city finance director, subject to the approval of themayor and city council.

748 (b) The finance director is responsible for managing, planning, directing, and maintaining the city's financial operations. The day-to-day work of the finance director shall involve 749 750 accounting, contract reviews of a financial nature, payroll, special taxation oversight, the review of expenditure reports, and purchasing functions for the City of Baldwin. The major 751 duties and responsibilities of this position shall include, but shall not be limited to, providing 752 753 technical leadership in accounting compliance, budgeting, overseeing and directing annual audits, investment opportunities and debt administration, as well as insuring proper record 754 retention policies are strictly followed related to all financial matters. The finance director 755 756 may also serve as the city treasurer, and shall provide quarterly financial reports to the city council and monthly reports to the city manager and department heads. On a day-to-day 757 basis, the finance director shall be subject to the direction, supervision, and oversight of the 758 city manager. The finance director shall be responsible for carrying out the general duties 759 of a fiscal officer of the city and shall perform such other duties as may be provided by the 760 governing body or the city manager. The finance director shall have the responsibility of 761 762 grant and special tax administration and oversight.

763

SECTION 3.15.

764 Personnel policies.

The city council may adopt rules and regulations consistent with this charter concerning: 765

- 766 (1) The method of employee selection and probationary periods of employment;
- 767 (2) The administration of a position classification and pay plan;
- 768 (3) Hours of work; vacation, sick and other leaves of absence; overtime pay; retirement;

and the manner in which layoffs shall be effected; 769

- 770 (4) Institute civil service regulations for employees and as to which personnel decisions of the city manager, mayor, and city council would be subject to; 771
- (5) Such other personnel policies as may be necessary to provide for adequate and 772 systematic handling of the personnel affairs of the City of Baldwin; and 773
- (6) Notwithstanding the foregoing, all employees and personnel of the city are at-will 774 employees, unless the city council enters into a written employment contract or creates 775 by ordinance a personnel system providing for removal of employees only for cause. 776
- 777

SECTION 3.16.

778

Comprehensive land use plan.

A comprehensive land use plan shall be adopted by the city council and official updates to 779 this plan shall be made as provided by general state law. 780

781	ARTICLE IV
782	JUDICIAL BRANCH
783	SECTION 4.10.
784	Creation; name.
785	There shall be a court to be known as the Baldwin Municipal Court.
105	There shan be a court to be known as the Datawin Municipal Court.
786	SECTION 4.11.
787	Chief judge; associate judges.
788	(a) The municipal court shall be presided over by a chief municipal judge and such
789	part-time, full-time, or stand-by associate judges as shall be provided by resolution.
790	(b) No person shall be qualified or eligible to serve as a judge on the municipal court unless
791	he or she shall have attained the age of 25 years, have practice law for at least ten years, and
792	is a member of the State Bar of Georgia. No other officers of the City of Baldwin may serve
793	as the chief municipal judge. All judges shall be appointed by the city council. Upon the
794	effective date of this charter, the current presiding chief municipal judge shall continue in
795	that position provided that he or she meets the minimum qualifications established herein.
796	(c) Compensation of the judges shall be fixed by resolution of the city council.
797	(d) Judges may be removed as provided by general law.
798	(e) Before entering on the duties of his or her office, each judge not presently serving at the
799	time of enactment of the charter shall take an oath given by the mayor that he or she will
800	honestly and faithfully discharge the duties of his or her office to the best of his or her ability
801	without fear, favor, or partiality. The oath shall be similar in form as set out in Section 2.21
802	and shall be entered upon the minutes of the city council.
803	SECTION 4.12.
804	Clerk of municipal court.
805	The mayor and city manager shall appoint, in consultation with the chief municipal judge of

LC 47 0467

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the Baldwin Municipal Court, a municipal employee to serve as the clerk of the municipal
court. The clerk of the municipal court shall attend all hearings and be responsible for all
records of said municipal court.

	20 LC 47 0467
809	SECTION 4.13.
810	Convening.
011	
811	The municipal court shall be convened at regular intervals as designated by procedure set by
812	the city council.
813	SECTION 4.14.
814	Jurisdiction; power.
015	
815	(a) The municipal court shall try and punish violations of all city ordinances and such
816	violations of state law allowed to be tried in municipal court under the general laws of the
817	State of Georgia.
818	(b) The municipal court shall have authority to punish those in its presence for contempt,
819	provided that such punishment shall not exceed \$1,000.00 or 180 days in jail or both, or as
820	allowed by state law.
821	(c) The municipal court may fix punishment for offenses within its jurisdiction not
822	exceeding a fine of \$1,000.00 or imprisonment for 180 days or both or may sentence any
823	offender upon conviction to community service for the city on the streets, sidewalks, squares,
824	or other public places for a period not exceeding 180 days, or as allowed by state law. A fine
825	levied by the municipal court shall not be subject to suspension, stay, or probation except
826	that, if the fine will impose an economic hardship on the defendant, the judge of the
827	municipal court, in his or her sole discretion, may order the defendant to pay such fine in
828	installments or under an order of probation, and such order may be enforced through a
829	contempt proceeding.
830	(d) The municipal court shall have authority to establish a schedule of fees to defray the cost
831	of court operations and law enforcement and shall be entitled to reimbursement of the cost
832	of jail fees, administrative or processing fees, technology fees, and court costs for violations
833	of municipal and state law. An assessment for such fees shall be in addition to any fines or
834	statutory fees assessed. An assessment for court costs shall not exceed \$35.00 and an
835	assessment for technology fees shall not exceed \$15.00.
836	(e) The municipal court shall have authority to establish bail and recognizance to ensure the
837	presence of those charged with violations before said court and shall have discretionary
838	authority to accept cash or personal or real property as surety for the appearance of persons
839	charged with violations. When a person gives bail for his or her appearance and fails to
840	appear at the time fixed for trial, his or her bond shall be forfeited by the judge presiding at
841	such time. In the event that cash or property is accepted in lieu of bond for security for the
842	appearance of a defendant at trial and if such defendant fails to appear at the time and place
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fixed for trial, the cash so deposited shall be on order of the judge declared forfeited to the city, or the property so deposited shall have a lien against it for the value forfeited, which lien shall be enforceable in the same manner and to the same extent as a lien for city property taxes.

(f) The municipal court shall have the authority to bind prisoners over to the appropriate
court when it appears by probable cause that state law has been violated or a jury trial is
requested.

(g) The municipal court shall have the same authority as superior courts to compel the
production of evidence in the possession of any party; to enforce obedience to its orders,
judgments, and sentences; and to administer such oaths as necessary.

(h) The municipal court may compel the presence of all parties necessary to a proper
disposal of each case by the issuance of summonses, subpoenas, and warrants which may be
served as executed by an officer as authorized by this charter or by general state law.

(i) The municipal court is specifically vested with all of the jurisdiction and powers
throughout the entire area of this city granted by general state laws to municipal courts, and
particularly by such laws as authorize the abatement of nuisances and prosecution of traffic
violations.

SECTION 4.15.

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Certiorari.

The right of certiorari from the decision and judgment of the municipal court shall exist in all cases, and such certiorari shall be obtained under the sanction of a judge of the Superior Court of Habersham County under the laws of the State of Georgia regulating the granting and issuance of writs of certiorari.

- 866 **SECTION 4.16.**
- 867 Rules for court.

With the approval of the city council, the judge shall have the full power and authority to 868 make reasonable rules and regulations necessary to secure the proper administration of the 869 municipal court and to require the prosecution by a prosecuting officer or by a solicitor 870 appointed by the city council; provided, however, that the city council may adopt in part or 871 in whole the rules and regulations for procedure in the superior court under the general laws 872 of the State of Georgia. The rules and regulations made or adopted shall be filed with the 873 city clerk, shall be available for public inspection, and, upon request, a copy shall be 874 furnished to all defendants in municipal court proceedings. 875

20		LC 47 0467
876	SECTION 4.17.	
877	Probation.	

The Baldwin Municipal Court may establish rules and regulations to allow those convicted of ordinances or violations of state law to serve their sentence pursuant to such terms of probation as may be set by the municipal judge. The municipal court may establish or contract for probation services as determined are necessary for the proper operation of the court by the municipal judge and as approved by the city council.

883	ARTICLE V
884	FINANCE
885	SECTION 5.10.
886	Property tax.

The city council may assess, levy, and collect ad valorem taxes on all real and personal property within the corporate limits of the city that is subject to such taxation by the state and county. These taxes are for the purpose of raising revenues to defray the costs of operating the city government, providing governmental services, for the repayment of principal and interest on general obligations, and for any other public purpose as determined by the city council in its discretion.

893 SECTION 5.11.

894 Millage rate; due dates; payment methods.

The city council, by ordinance, shall establish a millage rate for the city ad valorem property taxes, a due date, and in what length of time these taxes must be paid. The city council, by ordinance, may provide for the payment of these taxes by installments or in one lump sum and may authorize the voluntary payment of taxes prior to the time when due.

- 899 SECTION 5.12.
- 900 Occupation and business taxes.

The city council, by ordinance, shall have the power to levy such occupation or business taxes as authorized by general state law. Such taxes may be levied on both individuals and corporations that transact business in this city or that practice or offer to practice any profession or calling therein to the extent such persons have a constitutionally sufficient nexus to this city to be so taxed. The city council may classify businesses, occupations, professions, or callings for the purpose of such taxation in any way which may be lawful andcompel the payment of such taxes as provided in Section 5.18.

908 SECTION 5.13.

909 Licenses; permits, fees.

The city council, by ordinance, shall have the power to require any individuals or 910 corporations who transact business in this city or who practice or offer to practice any 911 912 profession or calling therein to obtain a license or permit for such activity from the city and 913 pay a reasonable fee for such license or permit where such activities are not now regulated 914 by general state law in such a way as to preclude city regulation. Such fees, if unpaid, shall 915 be collected as provided in Section 5.18. The city council, by ordinance, may establish 916 reasonable requirements for obtaining or keeping such licenses as the public health, safety, 917 and welfare necessitates.

- 918 SECTION 5.14.
- 919

Franchises.

920 The city council shall have the power to grant franchises for the use of the city's street and 921 alleys for the purposes of railroads, street railways, telephone companies, electric companies, 922 and other similar organizations. The city council shall determine the duration, provisions, 923 terms, whether the same shall be exclusive or nonexclusive, and the consideration for such 924 franchises. The city council shall have the right to set franchise fees as to state franchises as 925 allowed by the general laws of the State of Georgia.

- 926 **SECTION 5.15.**
- 927 Services charges.

The city council, by ordinance, shall have the power to establish districts for the assessment and collection of fees, charges, and tolls for services, including law enforcement, fire, emergency, water, zoning, sewer, sanitary, health services, and any other services rendered within and without the corporate limits of the city, or as to providing the availability of said services, or both. If unpaid, such charges shall be collected as provided in Section 5.18.

	20 LC 47 0467
933	SECTION 5.16.
934	Special assessments.
935	The city council, by ordinance, shall have the power to assess and collect the cost of
936	constructing, reconstructing, widening, or improving any public way, street, sidewalk,
937	curbing, gutters, sewers, or other utility mains and appurtenances from the abutting property
938	owners under such terms and conditions as are reasonable. If unpaid, such charges shall be
939	collected as provided in Section 5.18.
940	SECTION 5.17.
940 941	
941	Construction; other taxes.
942	The city council shall be empowered to levy any other tax allowed now or hereafter by state
943	law and the special mention of any right, power, or authority in this article shall not be
944	construed as limiting in any way the general powers of this city to govern its local affairs.
945	SECTION 5.18.
946	Collection of delinquent taxes and fees.
947	
	The city council, by ordinance, may provide generally for the collection of delinquent taxes.
948	The city council, by ordinance, may provide generally for the collection of delinquent taxes, fees, charges, or other revenue due the city by whatever means authorized by general state
948 949	fees, charges, or other revenue due the city by whatever means authorized by general state
949	fees, charges, or other revenue due the city by whatever means authorized by general state law. This shall include providing for the dates when the taxes or fees are due, late penalties
949 950	fees, charges, or other revenue due the city by whatever means authorized by general state law. This shall include providing for the dates when the taxes or fees are due, late penalties or interest, issuance and execution of fi.fas., creation and priority of liens, making delinquent
949 950 951	fees, charges, or other revenue due the city by whatever means authorized by general state law. This shall include providing for the dates when the taxes or fees are due, late penalties or interest, issuance and execution of fi.fas., creation and priority of liens, making delinquent taxes and fees personal debts of the persons required to pay the taxes or fees imposed,
949 950 951 952	fees, charges, or other revenue due the city by whatever means authorized by general state law. This shall include providing for the dates when the taxes or fees are due, late penalties or interest, issuance and execution of fi.fas., creation and priority of liens, making delinquent taxes and fees personal debts of the persons required to pay the taxes or fees imposed, revoking city licenses for failure to pay any city taxes or fees, allowing exceptions for
949 950 951 952	fees, charges, or other revenue due the city by whatever means authorized by general state law. This shall include providing for the dates when the taxes or fees are due, late penalties or interest, issuance and execution of fi.fas., creation and priority of liens, making delinquent taxes and fees personal debts of the persons required to pay the taxes or fees imposed, revoking city licenses for failure to pay any city taxes or fees, allowing exceptions for
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 949 950 951 952 953 954 955 	fees, charges, or other revenue due the city by whatever means authorized by general state law. This shall include providing for the dates when the taxes or fees are due, late penalties or interest, issuance and execution of fi.fas., creation and priority of liens, making delinquent taxes and fees personal debts of the persons required to pay the taxes or fees imposed, revoking city licenses for failure to pay any city taxes or fees, allowing exceptions for hardship, and providing for the assignment or transfer of tax executions. SECTION 5.19. General obligation bonds.
 949 950 951 952 953 954 955 956 	fees, charges, or other revenue due the city by whatever means authorized by general state law. This shall include providing for the dates when the taxes or fees are due, late penalties or interest, issuance and execution of fi.fas., creation and priority of liens, making delinquent taxes and fees personal debts of the persons required to pay the taxes or fees imposed, revoking city licenses for failure to pay any city taxes or fees, allowing exceptions for hardship, and providing for the assignment or transfer of tax executions. SECTION 5.19. General obligation bonds. The city council shall have the power to issue bonds for the purpose of raising revenue to
 949 950 951 952 953 954 955 	fees, charges, or other revenue due the city by whatever means authorized by general state law. This shall include providing for the dates when the taxes or fees are due, late penalties or interest, issuance and execution of fi.fas., creation and priority of liens, making delinquent taxes and fees personal debts of the persons required to pay the taxes or fees imposed, revoking city licenses for failure to pay any city taxes or fees, allowing exceptions for hardship, and providing for the assignment or transfer of tax executions. SECTION 5.19. General obligation bonds.

959 governing bond issuances by municipalities in effect at the time said issue is undertaken.

	20 LC 47 0467
960	SECTION 5.20.
961	Revenue bonds.
0.62	
962	Revenue bonds may be issued by the city council as state law now or hereafter provides.
963	Such bonds are to be paid out of any revenue produced by the project, program, or venture
964	for which they were issued.
965	SECTION 5.21.
966	Short-term loans.
967	Any short-term loan obtained by the city must be repaid by December 31 of the year in
968	which the loan was obtained unless otherwise provided by present or future state law.
969	SECTION 5.22.
970	Fiscal year.
971	The city council shall set the fiscal year by resolution. This fiscal year shall constitute the
972	budget year and the year for financial accounting and reporting of each and every office,
973	department, agency, and activity of the city government, unless otherwise provided by
974	general state or federal law.
975	SECTION 5.23.
976	Action by city council on budget.
977	(a) The city council shall adopt and may thereafter amend an annual budget by resolution,
978	except that the budget as finally adopted and amended must provide for all expenditures
979	required by state law or by other provisions of this charter and for all debt service
980	requirements for the ensuing fiscal year and the total appropriations from any fund shall not
981	exceed the estimated fund balance, reserves, and revenues.
982	(b) The amount set out in the adopted budget for each organizational unit shall constitute the
983	annual appropriation for such, and no expenditure shall be made or encumbrance created in
984	excess of the otherwise unencumbered balance of the appropriations or allotment thereof to
985	which it is chargeable unless by a majority vote of the city council.

	20 LC 47 0467
986	SECTION 5.24.
987	Tax levies.
988	After adoption of the budget, in a timely fashion, the city council shall levy, by ordinance,
989	such taxes as are necessary. The taxes and tax rates set by such ordinance shall be such that
990	reasonable estimates of revenues from such levy shall at least be sufficient, together with
991	other anticipated revenues, fund balances, and applicable reserves, to equal the total amount
992	appropriated for each of the several funds set forth in the total amount of the operating
993	budget for defraying the expenses of the general government of this city.
994	SECTION 5.25.
995	Changes in appropriations.
996	The city council, by majority vote, may make changes by resolution in the appropriations
997	contained in the current operating budget at any regular meeting or special or emergency
998	meeting called for such purpose.
999	SECTION 5.26.
1000	Independent audit.
1001	There shall be an annual independent audit of all city accounts, funds, and financial
1002	transactions by a certified public accountant selected by the city council as required by

general state law. The audit shall be conducted according to generally accepted auditing standards. Any audit of any funds by the state or federal governments may be accepted by satisfying the requirements of this charter. Copies of all audit reports shall be available at printing cost to the public.

1007 SECTION 5.27.
1008 Contracting procedures.
1009 No contract with the city shall be binding on the city unless it is:
1010 (1) In writing;
1011 (2) Drawn by or submitted to and reviewed by the city attorney; and
1012 (3) Made or authorized by and approved by the city council and such approval is entered

1013 in the city council minutes.

	20 LC 47 0467
1014	SECTION 5.28 .
1015	Centralized purchasing.
1016	The city council may prescribe procedures for a system of centralized purchasing for the city.
1017	SECTION 5.29.
1018	Sale of city property.
1010	
1019	The city council may sell and convey any real or personal property owned or held by the city
1020	for governmental or other purposes as provided by general state law.
1021	ARTICLE VI
1022	GENERAL PROVISIONS
1023	SECTION 6.10.
1024	Official bonds.
1025	The officers and employees of this city, both elective and appointive, shall execute such
1026	official bonds in such amounts and upon such terms and conditions as the city council shall,
1027	from time to time, require by ordinance or as may be provided by state law.
1028	SECTION 6.11.
1029	Prior ordinances.
1030	All ordinances, bylaws, rules, and regulations now in force in the city not inconsistent with
1031	this charter are declared valid and of full effect and force until amended or repealed by the
1032	city council.
1022	
1033	SECTION 6.12.
1034	Pending matters.
1035	Except as specifically provided otherwise by this charter, all rights, claims, actions, orders,
1036	contracts, and legal or administrative proceedings shall continue, and any such ongoing work
1037	or cases shall be dealt with by such city agencies, personnel, or offices as may be provided
1038	by the city council.

	20 LC 47 0467
1039	SECTION 6.13.
1040	Specific repealer.
1041	An Act incorporating the City of Baldwin in Habersham and Banks Counties, approved
1042	March 28, 1986 (Ga. L. 1986, p. 5578), as amended, is hereby repealed.
1043	SECTION 6.15.
1044	Repealer.
1045	All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.