1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to death benefits for survivors of 3 first responders and military members; amending ss. 4 112.19 and 112.191, F.S.; revising certain death 5 benefits for law enforcement, correctional, and 6 correctional probation officers and firefighters; 7 revising the definition of the term "firefighter"; 8 creating s. 112.1911, F.S.; providing definitions; 9 providing a death benefit for emergency medical 10 technicians and paramedics who are killed while 11 performing official duties; providing for the 12 distribution of such benefit; providing that such benefit is in addition to other benefits; providing 13 14 requirements for an employer to procure insurance; specifying the funding source for such benefit; 15 16 creating s. 112.1912, F.S.; providing a definition; providing a death benefit for certain educational 17 expenses for the surviving spouse and children of 18 19 certain first responders; authorizing a specified number of hours to be waived by certain educational 20 21 institutions; providing requirements to receive such 22 benefit; requiring the State Board of Education and 23 the Board of Governors to adopt rules; amending s. 24 250.34, F.S.; providing that surviving spouses and 25 children of members of the Florida National Guard are

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entitled to the same education benefits as other first responders; creating s. 250.342, F.S.; providing a death benefit for members of the Florida National Guard and the United States Armed Forces who are killed while on active duty; providing for the distribution of such benefit; providing that such benefit is in addition to other benefits; providing a death benefit for certain educational expenses for the surviving spouse and children of such members; authorizing a specified number of hours to be waived by certain educational institutions; providing requirements to receive such benefit; requiring the State Board of Education and the Board of Governors to adopt rules; specifying the funding source for such benefit; amending s. 295.01, F.S.; specifying that the surviving spouse and children of a deceased servicemember may receive only one educational benefit; providing a declaration of important state interest; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Paragraphs (a), (b), (c), and (j) of subsection (2) and subsection (3) of section 112.19, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

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112.19 Law enforcement, correctional, and correctional probation officers; death benefits.—

- (2) (a) The sum of \$75,000 \$50,000, as adjusted pursuant to paragraph (j), shall be paid as provided in this section when a law enforcement, correctional, or correctional probation officer, while engaged in the performance of the officer's law enforcement duties, is accidentally killed or receives accidental bodily injury which results in the loss of the officer's life, provided that such killing is not the result of suicide and that such bodily injury is not intentionally self-inflicted. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in no case shall the amount payable under this subsection be less than the actual amount stated therein.
- (b) The sum of \$75,000 \$50,000, as adjusted under paragraph (j), shall be paid as provided in this section if a law enforcement, correctional, or correctional probation officer is accidentally killed as specified in paragraph (a) and the accidental death occurs:
 - 1. As a result of the officer's response to fresh pursuit;
- 2. As a result of the officer's response to what is reasonably believed to be an emergency;
- 3. At the scene of a traffic accident to which the officer has responded; or
- 4. While the officer is enforcing what is reasonably believed to be a traffic law or ordinance.

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77 This sum is in addition to any sum provided for in paragraph
78 (a). Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in no case
79 Shall the amount payable under this subsection be less than the

actual amount stated therein.

actual amount stated therein.

- (c) If a law enforcement, correctional, or correctional probation officer, while engaged in the performance of the officer's law enforcement duties, is unlawfully and intentionally killed or dies as a result of such unlawful and intentional act, the sum of \$225,000 \$150,000, as adjusted pursuant to paragraph (j), shall be paid as provided in this section. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in no case shall the amount payable under this subsection be less than the
- (j) Any payments made pursuant to paragraph (a), paragraph (b), or paragraph (c) shall consist of the statutory amount adjusted to reflect price level changes since the effective date of this act. The Bureau of Crime Prevention and Training shall by rule adjust the statutory amount based on the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers published by the United States Department of Labor. Adjustment shall be made July 1 of each year using the most recent month for which data are available at the time of the adjustment.
- (3) If a law enforcement, correctional, or correctional probation officer is accidentally killed as specified in

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paragraph (2)(b) on or after June 22, 1990, but before July 1, 2019, or unlawfully and intentionally killed as specified in paragraph (2)(c) on or after July 1, 1980, but before July 1, 2019, the state shall waive certain educational expenses that the child or spouse of the deceased officer incurs while obtaining a career certificate, an undergraduate education, or a postgraduate education. The amount waived by the state shall be an amount equal to the cost of tuition and matriculation and registration fees for a total of 120 credit hours. The child or spouse may attend a state career center, a Florida College System institution, or a state university. The child or spouse may attend any or all of the institutions specified in this subsection, on either a full-time or part-time basis. The benefits provided to a child under this subsection shall continue until the child's 25th birthday. The benefits provided to a spouse under this subsection must commence within 5 years after the death occurs, and entitlement thereto shall continue until the 10th anniversary of that death.

(a) Upon failure of any child or spouse benefited by the provisions of this subsection to comply with the ordinary and minimum requirements of the institution attended, both as to discipline and scholarship, the benefits shall be withdrawn as to the child or spouse and no further moneys may be expended for the child's or spouse's benefits so long as such failure or delinquency continues.

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(b) Only a student in good standing in his or her respective institution may receive the benefits thereof.

- (c) A child or spouse receiving benefits under this subsection must be enrolled according to the customary rules and requirements of the institution attended.
- Section 2. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1), paragraphs (a), (b), (c), and (i) of subsection (2) and subsection (3) of section 112.191, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
 - 112.191 Firefighters; death benefits.-
 - (1) Whenever used in this act:

- (b) The term "firefighter" means any full-time duly employed uniformed firefighter employed by an employer, whose primary duty is the prevention and extinguishing of fires, the protection of life and property therefrom, the enforcement of municipal, county, and state fire prevention codes, as well as the enforcement of any law pertaining to the prevention and control of fires, who is certified pursuant to s. 633.408 and who is a member of a duly constituted fire department of such employer or who is a volunteer firefighter.
- (2) (a) The sum of \$75,000 \$50,000, as adjusted pursuant to paragraph (i), shall be paid as provided in this section when a firefighter, while engaged in the performance of his or her firefighter duties, is accidentally killed or receives accidental bodily injury which subsequently results in the loss of the firefighter's life, provided that such killing is not the

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result of suicide and that such bodily injury is not intentionally self-inflicted. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in no case shall the amount payable under this subsection be less than the actual amount stated therein.

- (b) The sum of \$75,000 \$50,000, as adjusted pursuant to paragraph (i), shall be paid as provided in this section if a firefighter is accidentally killed as specified in paragraph (a) and the accidental death occurs as a result of the firefighter's response to what is reasonably believed to be an emergency involving the protection of life or property or the firefighter's participation in a training exercise. This sum is in addition to any sum provided in paragraph (a).

 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the amount payable under this subsection may not be less than the actual amount stated therein.
- (c) If a firefighter, while engaged in the performance of his or her firefighter duties, is unlawfully and intentionally killed, is injured by an unlawful and intentional act of another person and dies as a result of such injury, dies as a result of a fire which has been determined to have been caused by an act of arson, or subsequently dies as a result of injuries sustained therefrom, the sum of \$225,000 \$150,000, as adjusted pursuant to paragraph (i), shall be paid as provided in this section.

 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the amount payable under this subsection may not be less than the actual amount

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stated therein.

- (i) Any payments made pursuant to paragraph (a), paragraph (b), or paragraph (c) shall consist of the statutory amount adjusted to show price level changes in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers published by the United States

 Department of Labor since July 1, 2002. The Division of State

 Fire Marshal, using the most recent month for which Consumer

 Price Index data is available, shall, on June 15 of each year, calculate and publish on the division's Internet website the amount resulting from the adjustments to the statutory amounts.

 The adjusted statutory amounts shall be effective on July 1 of each year.
- (3) If a firefighter is accidentally killed as specified in paragraph (2)(b) on or after June 22, 1990, but before July 1, 2019, or unlawfully and intentionally killed as specified in paragraph (2)(c), on or after July 1, 1980, but before July 1, 2019, the state shall waive certain educational expenses that the child or spouse of the deceased firefighter incurs while obtaining a career certificate, an undergraduate education, or a postgraduate education. The amount waived by the state shall be an amount equal to the cost of tuition and matriculation and registration fees for a total of 120 credit hours. The child or spouse may attend a state career center, a Florida College System institution, or a state university. The child or spouse may attend any or all of the institutions specified in this

subsection, on either a full-time or part-time basis. The benefits provided to a child under this subsection shall continue until the child's 25th birthday. The benefits provided to a spouse under this subsection must commence within 5 years after the death occurs, and entitlement thereto shall continue until the 10th anniversary of that death.

- (a) Upon failure of any child or spouse benefited by the provisions of this subsection to comply with the ordinary and minimum requirements of the institution attended, both as to discipline and scholarship, the benefits thereof shall be withdrawn as to the child or spouse and no further moneys expended for the child's or spouse's benefits so long as such failure or delinquency continues.
- (b) Only students in good standing in their respective institutions shall receive the benefits thereof.
- (c) A child or spouse receiving benefits under this subsection must be enrolled according to the customary rules and requirements of the institution attended.
- Section 3. Section 112.1911, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
- <u>112.1911</u> Paramedics and emergency medical technicians; death benefits.—
 - (1) As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Emergency medical technician" means a person who is certified under s. 401.27 to perform basic life support and is

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employed by an employer on either a full-time or part-time basis.

- (b) "Employer" means a state board, commission, department, division, bureau, or agency, or a county, municipality, or other political subdivision of the state.
- (c) "Paramedic" means a person who is certified under s.

 401.27 to perform basic and advanced life support and is

 employed by an employer on either a full-time or part-time
 basis.
- (2) (a) The sum of \$75,000 shall be paid as provided in this section when a paramedic or emergency medical technician, while engaged in the performance of his or her official duties, is accidentally killed or receives accidental bodily injury which results in the loss of the individual's life, provided that such killing is not the result of suicide and that such bodily injury is not intentionally self-inflicted.
- (b) The sum of \$75,000 shall be paid as provided in this section if a paramedic or emergency medical technician is accidentally killed as specified in paragraph (a) and the accidental death occurs as a result of the individual's response to what is reasonably believed to be an emergency involving the protection of life. This sum is in addition to any sum provided in paragraph (a).
- (c) If a paramedic or emergency medical technician, while engaged in the performance of his or her official duties, is

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unlawfully and intentionally killed or is injured by an unlawful and intentional act of another person and dies as a result of such injury, the sum of \$225,000 shall be paid as provided in this section.

- (d) Payments made under paragraphs (a), (b), and (c), whether secured by insurance or not, shall be made to the beneficiary designated by such paramedic or emergency medical technician in writing, which writing must be signed by the paramedic or emergency medical technician and delivered to the employer of the paramedic or emergency medical technician during his or her lifetime. If a designation is not made, then the payments shall be paid to the paramedic's or emergency medical technician's surviving child or children and spouse in equal portions, and if there is no surviving child or spouse, then the payments shall be paid to the paramedic's or emergency medical technician's parent or parents. If a beneficiary is not designated and there is no surviving child, spouse, or parent, then the payments shall be paid to the paramedic's or emergency medical technician's estate.
- (e) Payments made under paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) are in addition to any workers' compensation or pension benefits and are exempt from the claims and demands of creditors of such paramedic or emergency medical technician.
- (3) (a) The employer of a paramedic or emergency medical technician is liable for the payment of the sums specified in

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technician.

this section and is considered self-insured, unless it procures and maintains, or has already procured and maintained, insurance to secure such payments. Any such insurance may cover only the risks indicated in this section, in the amounts indicated in this section, or it may cover those risks and additional risks and may be in larger amounts. Such insurance shall be placed by an employer only after a public bid of the insurance coverage during which the coverage shall be awarded to the carrier making the lowest and best bid. (b) Payment of benefits under this section to beneficiaries of a paramedic or emergency medical technician who is employed by the state, or payment of premiums to cover the risk, shall be paid from existing funds otherwise appropriated to the department employing the paramedic or emergency medical

Section 4. Section 112.1912, Florida Statutes, is created 292 to read:

112.1912 First responders; death benefits for educational expenses.-

- (1) As used in this section, the term "first responder" means:
- (a) A law enforcement, correctional, or correctional probation officer as defined in s. 112.19(1) who is killed as provided in s. 112.19(2) on or after July 1, 2019;
 - A firefighter as defined in s. 112.191(1) who is (b)

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301 killed as provided in s. 112.191(2) on or after July 1, 2019; or 302 (c) A paramedic or emergency medical technician as defined 303 in s. 112.1911(1) who is killed as provided in s. 112.1911(2) on 304 or after July 1, 2019. 305 (2) (a) The state shall waive certain educational expenses 306 that the child or spouse of a deceased first responder incurs 307 while obtaining a career certificate, an undergraduate 308 education, or a postgraduate education. The amount waived by the 309 state shall be an amount equal to the cost of tuition and 310 matriculation and registration fees for a total of 120 credit 311 hours. The child or spouse may attend a state career center, a Florida College System institution, or a state university. The 312 313 child or spouse may attend any or all of the institutions 314 specified in this subsection on either a full-time or part-time 315 basis. The benefits provided to a child under this subsection 316 shall continue until the child's 25th birthday. The benefits 317 provided to a spouse under this subsection must commence within 318 5 years after the first responder's death occurs, and 319 entitlement thereto shall continue until the 10th anniversary of 320 that death. 321 (b) Upon failure of any child or spouse benefited by the 322 provisions of this subsection to comply with the ordinary and 323 minimum requirements of the institution attended, both as to 324 discipline and scholarship, the benefits shall be withdrawn as 325 to the child or spouse and no further moneys may be expended for

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the child's or spouse's benefits so long as such failure or delinquency continues.

(c) Only a student in good standing in his or her respective institution may receive the benefits in this subsection.

- (d) A child or spouse receiving benefits under this subsection must be enrolled according to the customary rules and requirements of the institution attended.
- (e) The State Board of Education shall adopt rules and procedures, and the Board of Governors shall adopt regulations and procedures, as are appropriate and necessary to implement this subsection.
- Section 5. Subsection (4) of section 250.34, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 250.34 Injury or death on state active duty.-
- (4) Each member of the Florida National Guard who is killed, or who dies as the result of injuries incurred, while on state active duty under competent orders qualifies for benefits as a law enforcement officer <u>under ss. pursuant to s. 112.19 and 112.1912</u> or any successor statute providing for death benefits for law enforcement officers, and the decedent's survivors or estate are entitled to the death benefits provided in <u>ss. s.</u> 112.19 <u>and 112.1912</u>. However, this section does not prohibit survivors or the estate of the decedent from presenting a claim bill for approval by the Legislature in addition to the death

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351 benefits provided in this section.

Section 6. Section 250.342, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

250.342 Death on active duty; benefits.-

- (1) (a) The sum of \$75,000 shall be paid as provided in this section when a member of the Florida National Guard, while on active duty under competent orders and engaged in the performance of the member's official duties, is killed or receives bodily injury which results in the loss of the member's life, provided that such killing is not the result of suicide and that such bodily injury is not intentionally self-inflicted.
- (b) The sum of \$75,000 shall be paid as provided in this section when a member of the United States Armed Forces, while on active duty under competent orders, is killed or receives bodily injury which results in the loss of the member's life, provided that such killing is not the result of suicide and that such bodily injury is not intentionally self-inflicted. Such member of the United States Armed Forces must have been a resident of this state or his or her duty post must have been within this state at the time of his or her death.
- (c) Payments made under paragraphs (a) and (b), whether secured by insurance or not, shall be made to the beneficiary designated by such member in writing, which writing must be signed by the member and delivered to the employer of the member during his or her lifetime. If a designation is not made, then

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the payments shall be paid to the member's surviving child or children and spouse in equal portions, and if there is no surviving child or spouse, then the payments shall be paid to the member's parent or parents. If a beneficiary is not designated and there is no surviving child, spouse, or parent, then the payments shall be paid to the member's estate.

- (d) Payments made under paragraphs (a) and (b) are in addition to any workers' compensation or pension benefits and are exempt from the claims and demands of creditors of such member.
- that the child or spouse of a deceased member specified in subsection (1) incurs while obtaining a career certificate, an undergraduate education, or a postgraduate education. The amount waived by the state shall be an amount equal to the cost of tuition and matriculation and registration fees for a total of 120 credit hours. The child or spouse may attend a state career center, a Florida College System institution, or a state university. The child or spouse may attend any or all of the institutions specified in this subsection on either a full-time or part-time basis. The benefits provided to a child under this subsection shall continue until the child's 25th birthday. The benefits provided to a spouse under this subsection must commence within 5 years after the death occurs, and entitlement thereto shall continue until the 10th anniversary of that death.

| (b) Upon failure of any child or spouse benefited by the |
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| provisions of this subsection to comply with the ordinary and |
| minimum requirements of the institution attended, both as to |
| discipline and scholarship, the benefits shall be withdrawn as |
| to the child or spouse and no further moneys may be expended for |
| the child's or spouse's benefits so long as such failure or |
| delinquency continues. |

(c) Only a student in good standing in his or her respective institution may receive the benefits thereof.

- (d) A child or spouse receiving benefits under this subsection must be enrolled according to the customary rules and requirements of the institution attended.
- (e) A child or spouse of a member may receive benefits under either this subsection or s. 295.01.
- (f) The State Board of Education shall adopt rules and procedures, and the Board of Governors shall adopt regulations and procedures, as are appropriate and necessary to implement this subsection.
- (3) (a) The Florida National Guard is liable for the payment of the sums specified in paragraph (1) (a) and is considered self-insured, unless it procures and maintains, or has already procured and maintained, insurance to secure such payments. Such insurance shall be placed by the Florida National Guard only after a public bid of the insurance coverage during which the coverage shall be awarded to the carrier making the

| 426 | lowest and best bid. |
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| 427 | (b) Benefits provided under paragraph (1)(b) shall be paid |
| 428 | from the General Revenue Fund. Beginning in the 2019-2020 fiscal |
| 429 | year and continuing each fiscal year thereafter, a sum |
| 430 | sufficient to pay the benefits provided under paragraph (1)(b) |
| 431 | is appropriated from the General Revenue Fund to the Department |
| 432 | of Financial Services, and further appropriated for expenditure |
| 433 | for this purpose. |
| 434 | Section 7. Subsection (5) is added to section 295.01, |
| 435 | Florida Statutes, to read: |
| 436 | 295.01 Children of deceased or disabled veterans; spouses |
| 437 | of deceased or disabled servicemembers; education.— |
| 438 | (5) A child or spouse of a deceased servicemember may |
| 439 | receive benefits under either this section or s. 250.342. |
| 440 | Section 8. The Legislature determines and declares that |
| 441 | this act fulfills an important state interest relating to |
| 442 | implementation of s. 31, Article X of the State Constitution to |
| 443 | provide death benefits to eligible firefighters, paramedics, |
| 444 | emergency medical technicians, law enforcement officers, |
| 445 | correctional officers, correctional probation officers, and |
| 446 | members of the Florida National Guard and United States Armed |
| 447 | Forces. |
| 448 | Section 9. This act shall take effect July 1, 2019. |
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CODING: Words $\frac{\text{stricken}}{\text{stricken}}$ are deletions; words $\frac{\text{underlined}}{\text{ore}}$ are additions.