1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to requirements for pari-mutuel 3 permitholders to conduct racing or games; amending s. 4 550.002, F.S.; revising and providing definitions; 5 amending s. 550.0115, F.S.; conforming provisions to 6 changes made by the act; amending s. 550.01215, F.S.; 7 revising the application requirements for an operating 8 license to conduct pari-mutuel wagering for a pari-9 mutuel facility; prohibiting greyhound permitholders 10 from conducting live racing; authorizing jai alai permitholders, harness horse racing permitholders, and 11 12 quarter horse racing permitholders to elect not to conduct live racing or games; requiring thoroughbred 13 14 permitholders to conduct live racing; specifying that certain permitholders that do not conduct live racing 15 or games retain their permit and remain pari-mutuel 16 17 facilities; specifying that, if such permitholder has been issued a slot machine license, the permitholder's 18 19 facility remains an eligible facility, continues to be eligible for a slot machine license, is exempt from 20 certain provisions of ch. 551, F.S., is eligible to be 21 22 a quest track, and, if the permitholder is a harness 23 horse racing permitholder, is eligible to be a host track for intertrack wagering and simulcasting, and 24 25 remains eligible for a cardroom license; authorizing

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the Division of Pari-mutuel Wagering to approve a change in racing dates for a permitholder if the request for a change is received before a specified date and under certain circumstances; deleting a provision authorizing the conversion of certain permits to a jai alai permit under certain circumstances; amending s. 550.0235, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 550.0351, F.S.; deleting a provision relating to hound dog derbies and mutt derbies; amending s. 550.0425, F.S.; deleting a provision authorizing certain children to be granted access to kennel compound areas under certain circumstances; amending s. 550.054, F.S.; deleting provisions relating to the conversion of jai alai permits to greyhound racing permits; conforming a provision to changes made by the act; amending s. 550.09511, F.S.; deleting a provision relating to the payment of certain taxes and fees by jai alai permitholders conducting fewer than a specified number of live performances; amending s. 550.09512, F.S.; revising the circumstances for which a harness horse permitholder's permit is voided for failing to pay certain taxes; amending ss. 550.105, 550.1155, and 550.1647, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; repealing s. 550.1648, F.S.,

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relating to greyhound adoptions; amending ss. 550.175, 550.1815, and 550.24055, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 550.2415, F.S.; deleting provisions relating to the testing, euthanasia, training, and medication of racing greyhounds; amending s. 550.334, F.S.; deleting provisions relating to eligibility of a quarter horse racing permitholder to conduct intertrack wagering; amending s. 550.3551, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 550.3615, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; prohibiting a person convicted of bookmaking from attending or being admitted to a pari-mutuel facility; requiring pari-mutuel facility employees to notify certain persons of unlawful activities; providing civil penalties; requiring a permittee to display certain warnings relating to bookmaking at his or her pari-mutuel facility; revising applicability; amending s. 550.475, F.S.; revising provisions relating to leasing pari-mutuel facilities; amending s. 550.615, F.S.; revising requirements relating to intertrack wagering; specifying that greyhound permitholders are qualified to receive certain broadcasts and accept specified wagers; amending ss. 550.6305 and 551.104, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the

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act; amending s. 551.114, F.S.; revising requirements for the locations of designated slot machine gaming areas; amending s. 565.02, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 849.086, F.S.; revising requirements relating to the annual renewal of a cardroom license; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; reenacting ss. 380.0651(2)(c), 402.82(4)(c), and 480.0475(1), F.S., relating to statewide guidelines, the electronic benefits transfer program, and massage establishments, respectively, to incorporate the amendments made to s. 550.002, F.S., in references thereto; providing a contingent effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Subsections (24) through (28) of section 550.002, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (25) through (29), respectively, present subsections (11), (17), (20), (21), (22), (23), (26), (29), and (31) are amended, and a new subsection (24) is added to that section, to read:

550.002 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, the term:

(11) "Full schedule of live racing or games" means, for a greyhound or jai alai permitholder, the conduct of a combination

of at least 100 live evening or matinee performances during the

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preceding year; for a permitholder who has a converted permit or filed an application on or before June 1, 1990, for a converted permit, the conduct of a combination of at least 100 live evening and matinee wagering performances during either of the 2 preceding years; for a jai alai permitholder who does not operate slot machines in its pari-mutuel facility, who has conducted at least 100 live performances per year for at least 10 years after December 31, 1992, and whose handle on live jai alai games conducted at its pari-mutuel facility has been less than \$4 million per state fiscal year for at least 2 consecutive years after June 30, 1992, the conduct of a combination of at least 40 live evening or matinee performances during the preceding year; for a jai alai permitholder who operates slot machines in its pari-mutuel facility, the conduct of a combination of at least 150 performances during the preceding year; for a harness permitholder, the conduct of at least 100 live regular wagering performances during the preceding year; for a quarter horse permitholder at its facility unless an alternative schedule of at least 20 live regular wagering performances is agreed upon by the permitholder and either the Florida Quarter Horse Racing Association or the horsemen's association representing the majority of the quarter horse owners and trainers at the facility and filed with the division along with its annual date application, in the 2010-2011 fiscal year, the conduct of at least 20 regular wagering performances,

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in the 2011-2012 and 2012-2013 fiscal years, the conduct of at least 30 live regular wagering performances, and for every fiscal year after the 2012-2013 fiscal year, the conduct of at least 40 live regular wagering performances; for a quarter horse permitholder leasing another licensed racetrack, the conduct of 160 events at the leased facility; and for a thoroughbred permitholder, the conduct of at least 40 live regular wagering performances during the preceding year. For a permitholder which is restricted by statute to certain operating periods within the year when other members of its same class of permit are authorized to operate throughout the year, the specified number of live performances which constitute a full schedule of live racing or games shall be adjusted pro rata in accordance with the relationship between its authorized operating period and the full calendar year and the resulting specified number of live performances shall constitute the full schedule of live games for such permitholder and all other permitholders of the same class within 100 air miles of such permitholder. A live performance must consist of no fewer than eight races or games conducted live for each of a minimum of three performances each week at the permitholder's licensed facility under a single admission charge.

(17) "Intertrack wager" or "intertrack wagering" means a particular form of pari-mutuel wagering in which wagers are accepted at a permitted, in-state track, fronton, or pari-mutuel

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facility on a race or game transmitted from and performed live at, or simulcast signal rebroadcast from, another in-state parimutuel facility.

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- (20) "Meet" or "meeting" means the conduct of live racing or jai alai, or wagering on intertrack or simulcast events, for any stake, purse, prize, or premium.
- (21) "Operating day" means a continuous period of 24 hours starting with the beginning of the first performance of a race or game, even though the operating day may start during one calendar day and extend past midnight, except that no greyhound race or jai alai game may commence after 1:30 a.m.
- (22) "Pari-mutuel" or "pari-mutuel wagering" means a system of betting on races or games in which the winners divide the total amount bet, after deducting management expenses and taxes, in proportion to the sums they have wagered individually and with regard to the odds assigned to particular outcomes.
- (23) "Pari-mutuel facility" means the grounds or property of a cardroom, racetrack, fronton, or other facility used by a licensed permitholder for the conduct of pari-mutuel wagering.
- (24) "Permitholder" or "permittee" means a holder of a permit to conduct pari-mutuel wagering in this state as authorized in this chapter.
- (27) "Post time" means the time set for the arrival at the starting point of the horses or greyhounds in a race or the beginning of a game in jai alai.

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(29) "Racing greyhound" means a greyhound that is or was used, or is being bred, raised, or trained to be used, in racing at a pari-mutuel facility and is registered with the National Greyhound Association.

(31) "Same class of races, games, or permit" means, with respect to a jai alai permitholder, jai alai games or other jai alai permitholders; with respect to a greyhound permitholder, greyhound races or other greyhound permitholders conducting pari-mutuel wagering; with respect to a thoroughbred permitholder, thoroughbred races or other thoroughbred permitholders; with respect to a harness permitholder, harness races or other harness permitholders; with respect to a quarter horse permitholder, quarter horse races or other quarter horse permitholders.

Section 2. Section 550.0115, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

550.0115 Permitholder operating license.—After a permit has been issued by the division, and after the permit has been approved by election, the division shall issue to the permitholder an annual operating license to conduct pari-mutuel wagering operations at the location specified in the permit pursuant to the provisions of this chapter.

Section 3. Section 550.01215, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

550.01215 License application; periods of operation;

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license fees; bond, conversion of permit.-

- (1) Each permitholder shall annually, during the period between December 15 and January 4, file in writing with the division its application for an operating a license for a parimutuel facility for the conduct of pari-mutuel wagering during the next state fiscal year, including intertrack and simulcast race wagering to conduct performances during the next state fiscal year. Each application for live performances must shall specify the number, dates, and starting times of all live performances that which the permitholder intends to conduct. It must shall also specify which performances will be conducted as charity or scholarship performances.
- (a) In addition, Each application for an operating a license must also shall include: $_{\tau}$
- 1. For each permitholder, whether the permitholder intends to accept wagers on intertrack or simulcast events.
- 2. For each permitholder that which elects to operate a cardroom, the dates and periods of operation the permitholder intends to operate the cardroom. $\frac{1}{100}$
- 3. For each thoroughbred <u>racing</u> permitholder <u>that</u> which elects to receive or rebroadcast out-of-state races after 7 p.m., the dates for all performances <u>that</u> which the permitholder intends to conduct.
- (b) 1. A greyhound permitholder may not conduct live racing. A jai alai permitholder, harness horse racing

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226 permitholder, or quarter horse racing permitholder may elect not 227 to conduct live racing or games. A thoroughbred permitholder 228 must conduct live racing. A greyhound permitholder, jai alai 229 permitholder, harness horse racing permitholder, or quarter 230 horse racing permitholder that does not conduct live racing or 231 games retains its permit; is a pari-mutuel facility as defined 232 in s. 550.002(23); if such permitholder has been issued a slot 233 machine license, the facility where such permit is located 234 remains an eligible facility as defined in s. 551.102, continues 235 to be eligible for a slot machine license pursuant to s. 236 551.104(3), and is exempt from ss. 551.104(4)(c) and (10) and 237 551.114(2) and (4); is eligible, but not required, to be a guest 238 track and, if the permitholder is a harness horse racing 239 permitholder, to be a host track for purposes of intertrack wagering and simulcasting pursuant to ss. 550.3551, 550.615, 240 241 550.625, and 550.6305; and remains eligible for a cardroom 242 license. 243 2. A permitholder or licensee may not conduct live 244 greyhound racing or dogracing in connection with any wager for 245 money or any other thing of value in the state. The division may deny, suspend, or revoke any permit or license under this 246 247 chapter if a permitholder or licensee conducts live greyhound 248 racing or dogracing in violation of this subparagraph. In 249 addition to, or in lieu of, denial, suspension, or revocation, 250 the division may impose a civil penalty of up to \$5,000 against

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the permitholder or licensee for a violation of this subparagraph. All penalties imposed and collected must be deposited with the Chief Financial Officer to the credit of the General Revenue Fund.

- (c) Permitholders <u>may</u> shall be entitled to amend their applications through February 28.
- (d) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no parimutuel facility, cardroom, or slot machine facility may be issued an operating license if the permitholder did not hold an operating license on January 1, 2021.
- (2) After the first license has been issued to a permitholder, all subsequent annual applications for a license shall be accompanied by proof, in such form as the division may by rule require, that the permitholder continues to possess the qualifications prescribed by this chapter, and that the permit has not been disapproved at a later election.
- (3) The division shall issue each license no later than March 15. Each permitholder shall operate all performances at the date and time specified on its license. The division shall have the authority to approve minor changes in racing dates after a license has been issued. The division may approve changes in racing dates after a license has been issued when there is no objection from any operating permitholder located within 50 miles of the permitholder requesting the changes in operating dates. In the event of an objection, the division

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shall approve or disapprove the change in operating dates based upon the impact on operating permitholders located within 50 miles of the permitholder requesting the change in operating dates. In making the determination to change racing dates, the division shall take into consideration the impact of such changes on state revenues. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, and for the 2021-2022 state fiscal year only, the division may approve changes in operating dates for permitholders if the request for such changes is received before July 1, 2021.

- (4) In the event that a permitholder fails to operate all performances specified on its license at the date and time specified, the division shall hold a hearing to determine whether to fine or suspend the permitholder's license, unless such failure was the direct result of fire, strike, war, or other disaster or event beyond the ability of the permitholder to control. Financial hardship to the permitholder shall not, in and of itself, constitute just cause for failure to operate all performances on the dates and at the times specified.
- (5) In the event that performances licensed to be operated by a permitholder are vacated, abandoned, or will not be used for any reason, any permitholder shall be entitled, pursuant to rules adopted by the division, to apply to conduct performances on the dates for which the performances have been abandoned. The division shall issue an amended license for all such replacement

performances which have been requested in compliance with the provisions of this chapter and division rules.

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(6) Any permit which was converted from a jai alai permit to a greyhound permit may be converted to a jai alai permit at any time if the permitholder never conducted greyhound racing or if the permitholder has not conducted greyhound racing for a period of 12 consecutive months.

Section 4. Section 550.0235, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

550.0235 Limitation of civil liability.-No permitholder licensed to conduct pari-mutuel wagering permittee conducting a racing meet pursuant to the provisions of this chapter; no division director or employee of the division; and no steward, judge, or other person appointed to act pursuant to this chapter shall be held liable to any person, partnership, association, corporation, or other business entity for any cause whatsoever arising out of, or from, the performance by such permittee, director, employee, steward, judge, or other person of her or his duties and the exercise of her or his discretion with respect to the implementation and enforcement of the statutes and rules governing the conduct of pari-mutuel wagering, so long as she or he acted in good faith. This section shall not limit liability in any situation in which the negligent maintenance of the premises or the negligent conduct of a race contributed to an accident; nor shall it limit any contractual liability.

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Section 5. Subsection (8) of section 550.0351, Florida 326 327 Statutes, is renumbered as subsection (7), and present 328 subsections (1) and (7) of that section are amended to read: 329 550.0351 Charity racing days.-330 The division shall, upon the request of a 331 permitholder, authorize each horseracing permitholder, dogracing 332 permitholder, and jai alai permitholder up to five charity or 333 scholarship days in addition to the regular racing days 334 authorized by law. 335 (7) In addition to the charity days authorized by this 336 section, any dogracing permitholder may allow its facility to be 337 used for conducting "hound dog derbies" or "mutt derbies" on any 338 day during each racing season by any charitable, civic, or 339 nonprofit organization for the purpose of conducting "hound dog 340 derbies" or "mutt derbies" if only dogs other than those usually 341 used in dogracing (greyhounds) are permitted to race and if 342 adults and minors are allowed to participate as dog owners or 343 spectators. During these racing events, betting, gambling, and 344 the sale or use of alcoholic beverages is prohibited. 345 Section 6. Subsection (4) of section 550.0425, Florida 346 Statutes, is amended to read: 347 550.0425 Minors attendance at pari-mutuel performances; restrictions.-348 349 (4) Minor children of licensed greyhound trainers, kennel 350 operators, or other licensed persons employed in the kennel

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compound areas may be granted access to kennel compound areas without being licensed, provided they are in no way employed unless properly licensed, and only when under the direct supervision of one of their parents or legal guardian.

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Section 7. Subsections (2) and (14) of section 550.054, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

550.054 Application for permit to conduct pari-mutuel wagering.—

Upon each application filed and approved, a permit shall be issued to the applicant setting forth the name of the permitholder, the location of the pari-mutuel facility, the type of pari-mutuel activity desired to be conducted, and a statement showing qualifications of the applicant to conduct pari-mutuel performances under this chapter; however, a permit is ineffectual to authorize any pari-mutuel performances until approved by a majority of the electors participating in a ratification election in the county in which the applicant proposes to conduct pari-mutuel wagering activities. In addition, an application may not be considered, nor may a permit be issued by the division or be voted upon in any county, to conduct horseraces, harness horse races, or pari-mutuel wagering dograces at a location within 100 miles of an existing parimutuel facility, or for jai alai within 50 miles of an existing pari-mutuel facility; this distance shall be measured on a straight line from the nearest property line of one pari-mutuel

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facility to the nearest property line of the other facility.

- (14) (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a permit for the operation of a pari-mutuel facility, cardroom, or slot machine facility may only be held by facilities with permits on January 1, 2021 Any holder of a permit to conduct jai alai may apply to the division to convert such permit to a permit to conduct greyhound racing in lieu of jai alai if:
- 1. Such permit is located in a county in which the division has issued only two pari-mutuel permits pursuant to this section;
- 2. Such permit was not previously converted from any other class of permit; and
- 3. The holder of the permit has not conducted jai alai games during a period of 10 years immediately preceding his or her application for conversion under this subsection.
- mutuel facility, cardroom, or slot machine facility may be relocated, and no pari-mutuel wagering permit may be converted to another class of permit The division, upon application from the holder of a jai alai permit meeting all conditions of this section, shall convert the permit and shall issue to the permitholder a permit to conduct greyhound racing. Λ permitholder of a permit converted under this section shall be required to apply for and conduct a full schedule of live racing each fiscal year to be eligible for any tax credit provided by

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this chapter. The holder of a permit converted under former subsection (14) of this section, Florida Statutes 2020, pursuant to this subsection or any holder of a permit to conduct greyhound racing located in a county in which it is the only permit issued pursuant to this section who operates at a leased facility pursuant to s. 550.475 may move the location for which the permit has been issued to another location within a 30-mile radius of the location fixed in the permit issued in that county, provided the move does not cross the county boundary and such location is approved under the zoning regulations of the county or municipality in which the permit is located, and upon such relocation may use the permit for the conduct of parimutuel wagering and the operation of a cardroom. The provisions of s. 550.6305(9)(d) and (f) shall apply to any permit converted under former subsection (14) of this section, Florida Statutes 2020, this subsection and shall continue to apply to any permit which was previously included under and subject to such provisions before a conversion pursuant to this section occurred. Section 8. Subsection (4) of section 550.09511, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 550.09511 Jai alai taxes; abandoned interest in a permit for nonpayment of taxes.jai alai permitholder conducting fewer than 100 live

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performances in any calendar year shall pay to the state the

426 same aggregate amount of daily license fees on live jai alai 427 games, admissions tax, and tax on live handle as that 428 permitholder paid to the state during the most recent prior 429 calendar year in which the jai alai permitholder conducted at 430 least 100 live performances. 431 Section 9. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 432 550.09512, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 433 550.09512 Harness horse taxes; abandoned interest in a 434 permit for nonpayment of taxes.-435 The permit of a harness horse permitholder who is 436 conducting live harness horse performances and who does not pay 437 tax on handle for any such live harness horse performances 438 conducted for a full schedule of live races during any 2 439 consecutive state fiscal years shall be void and shall not be 440 reissued escheat to and become the property of the state unless 441 such failure to operate and pay tax on handle was the direct 442 result of fire, strike, war, pandemic, or other disaster or 443 event beyond the ability of the permitholder to control. 444 Financial hardship to the permitholder shall not, in and of 445 itself, constitute just cause for failure to operate and pay tax 446 on handle. 447 Section 10. Subsections (2) and (9) of section 550.105, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 448 550.105 Occupational licenses of racetrack employees; 449 450 fees; denial, suspension, and revocation of license; penalties

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451 and fines.-

- (2) (a) The following licenses shall be issued to persons or entities with access to the backside, racing animals, jai alai players' room, jockeys' room, drivers' room, totalisator room, the mutuels, or money room, or to persons who, by virtue of the position they hold, might be granted access to these areas or to any other person or entity in one of the following categories and with fees not to exceed the following amounts for any 12-month period:
- 1. Business licenses: any business such as a vendor, contractual concessionaire, contract kennel, business owning racing animals, trust or estate, totalisator company, stable name, or other fictitious name: \$50.
- 2. Professional occupational licenses: professional persons with access to the backside of a racetrack or players' quarters in jai alai such as trainers, officials, veterinarians, doctors, nurses, EMT's, jockeys and apprentices, drivers, jai alai players, owners, trustees, or any management or officer or director or shareholder or any other professional-level person who might have access to the jockeys' room, the drivers' room, the backside, racing animals, kennel compound, or managers or supervisors requiring access to mutuels machines, the money room, or totalisator equipment: \$40.
- 3. General occupational licenses: general employees with access to the jockeys' room, the drivers' room, racing animals,

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the backside of a racetrack or players' quarters in jai alai, such as grooms, kennel helpers, leadouts, pelota makers, cesta makers, or ball boys, or a practitioner of any other occupation who would have access to the animals or, the backside, or the kennel compound, or who would provide the security or maintenance of these areas, or mutuel employees, totalisator employees, money-room employees, or any employee with access to mutuels machines, the money room, or totalisator equipment or who would provide the security or maintenance of these areas: \$10.

The individuals and entities that are licensed under this

The individuals and entities that are licensed under this paragraph require heightened state scrutiny, including the submission by the individual licensees or persons associated with the entities described in this chapter of fingerprints for a Federal Bureau of Investigation criminal records check.

- (b) The division shall adopt rules pertaining to parimutuel occupational licenses, licensing periods, and renewal cycles.
- (9) The tax imposed by this section is in lieu of all license, excise, or occupational taxes to the state or any county, municipality, or other political subdivision, except that, if a race meeting or game is held or conducted in a municipality, the municipality may assess and collect an additional tax against any person conducting live racing or games within its corporate limits, which tax may not exceed \$150

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per day for horseracing or \$50 per day for dogracing or jai alai. Except as provided in this chapter, a municipality may not assess or collect any additional excise or revenue tax against any person conducting race meetings within the corporate limits of the municipality or against any patron of any such person.

Section 11. Section 550.1155, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

550.1155 Authority of stewards, judges, panel of judges, or player's manager to impose penalties against occupational licensees; disposition of funds collected.—

- (1) The stewards at a horse racetrack; the judges at a dog track; or the judges, a panel of judges, or a player's manager at a jai alai fronton may impose a civil penalty against any occupational licensee for violation of the pari-mutuel laws or any rule adopted by the division. The penalty may not exceed \$1,000 for each count or separate offense or exceed 60 days of suspension for each count or separate offense.
- (2) All penalties imposed and collected pursuant to this section at each horse or dog racetrack or jai alai fronton shall be deposited into a board of relief fund established by the pari-mutuel permitholder. Each association shall name a board of relief composed of three of its officers, with the general manager of the permitholder being the ex officio treasurer of such board. Moneys deposited into the board of relief fund shall be disbursed by the board for the specific purpose of aiding

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occupational licenseholders and their immediate family members at each pari-mutuel facility.

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Section 12. Section 550.1647, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

550.1647 Greyhound permitholders; unclaimed tickets; breaks.—All money or other property represented by any unclaimed, uncashed, or abandoned pari-mutuel ticket which has remained in the custody of or under the control of any greyhound permitholder authorized to conduct greyhound racing pari-mutuel wagering pools in this state for a period of 1 year after the date the pari-mutuel ticket was issued, if the rightful owner or owners thereof have made no claim or demand for such money or other property within that period of time, shall, with respect to live races conducted by the permitholder, be remitted to the state pursuant to s. 550.1645; however, such permitholder shall be entitled to a credit in each state fiscal year in an amount equal to the actual amount remitted in the prior state fiscal year which may be applied against any taxes imposed pursuant to this chapter. In addition, each permitholder shall pay, from any source, including the proceeds from performances conducted pursuant to s. 550.0351, an amount not less than 10 percent of the amount of the credit provided by this section to any bona fide organization that promotes or encourages the adoption of greyhounds. As used in this chapter, the term "bona fide organization that promotes or encourages the adoption of

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greyhounds" means any organization that provides evidence of compliance with chapter 496 and possesses a valid exemption from federal taxation issued by the Internal Revenue Service. Such bona fide organization, as a condition of adoption, must provide sterilization of greyhounds by a licensed veterinarian before relinquishing custody of the greyhound to the adopter. The fee for sterilization may be included in the cost of adoption.

Section 13. <u>Section 550.1648, Florida Statutes, is</u> repealed.

Section 14. Section 550.175, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

550.175 Petition for election to revoke permit.—Upon petition of 20 percent of the qualified electors of any county wherein any pari—mutuel wagering racing has been licensed and conducted under this chapter, the county commissioners of such county shall provide for the submission to the electors of such county at the then next succeeding general election the question of whether any permit or permits theretofore granted shall be continued or revoked, and if a majority of the electors voting on such question in such election vote to cancel or recall the permit theretofore given, the division may not thereafter grant any license on the permit so recalled. Every signature upon every recall petition must be signed in the presence of the clerk of the board of county commissioners at the office of the clerk of the circuit court of the county, and the petitioner

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must present at the time of such signing her or his registration receipt showing the petitioner's qualification as an elector of the county at the time of the signing of the petition. Not more than one permit may be included in any one petition; and, in all elections in which the recall of more than one permit is voted on, the voters shall be given an opportunity to vote for or against the recall of each permit separately. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to prevent the holding of later referendum or recall elections.

Section 15. Subsection (1) of section 550.1815, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

550.1815 Certain persons prohibited from holding racing or jai alai permits; suspension and revocation.—

- (1) A corporation, general or limited partnership, sole proprietorship, business trust, joint venture, or unincorporated association, or other business entity may not hold any horseracing or greyhound dogracing permit or jai alai fronton permit in this state if any one of the persons or entities specified in paragraph (a) has been determined by the division not to be of good moral character or has been convicted of any offense specified in paragraph (b).
 - (a) 1. The permitholder;

- 2. An employee of the permitholder;
- 3. The sole proprietor of the permitholder;
- 4. A corporate officer or director of the permitholder;

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5. A general partner of the permitholde	
a deneral partner of the permit notice	r :

6. A trustee of the permitholder;

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- 7. A member of an unincorporated association permitholder;
- 8. A joint venturer of the permitholder;
 - 9. The owner of more than 5 percent of any equity interest in the permitholder, whether as a common shareholder, general or limited partner, voting trustee, or trust beneficiary; or
 - 10. An owner of any interest in the permit or permitholder, including any immediate family member of the owner, or holder of any debt, mortgage, contract, or concession from the permitholder, who by virtue thereof is able to control the business of the permitholder.
 - (b) 1. A felony in this state;
 - 2. Any felony in any other state which would be a felony if committed in this state under the laws of this state;
 - 3. Any felony under the laws of the United States;
 - 4. A felony under the laws of another state if related to gambling which would be a felony under the laws of this state if committed in this state; or
 - 5. Bookmaking as defined in s. 849.25.
- Section 16. Subsection (2) of section 550.24055, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 550.24055 Use of controlled substances or alcohol prohibited; testing of certain occupational licensees; penalty; evidence of test or action taken and admissibility for criminal

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prosecution limited.-

- (2) The occupational licensees, by applying for and holding such licenses, are deemed to have given their consents to submit to an approved chemical test of their breath for the purpose of determining the alcoholic content of their blood and to a urine or blood test for the purpose of detecting the presence of controlled substances. Such tests shall only be conducted upon reasonable cause that a violation has occurred as shall be determined solely by the stewards at a horseracing meeting or the judges or board of judges at a dogtrack or jai alai meet. The failure to submit to such test may result in a suspension of the person's occupational license for a period of 10 days or until this section has been complied with, whichever is longer.
- (a) If there was at the time of the test 0.05 percent or less by weight of alcohol in the person's blood, the person is presumed not to have been under the influence of alcoholic beverages to the extent that the person's normal faculties were impaired, and no action of any sort may be taken by the stewards, judges, or board of judges or the division.
- (b) If there was at the time of the test an excess of 0.05 percent but less than 0.08 percent by weight of alcohol in the person's blood, that fact does not give rise to any presumption that the person was or was not under the influence of alcoholic beverages to the extent that the person's faculties were

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impaired, but the stewards, judges, or board of judges may consider that fact in determining whether or not the person will be allowed to officiate or participate in any given race or jai alai game.

(c) If there was at the time of the test 0.08 percent or more by weight of alcohol in the person's blood, that fact is prima facie evidence that the person was under the influence of alcoholic beverages to the extent that the person's normal faculties were impaired, and the stewards or judges may take action as set forth in this section, but the person may not officiate at or participate in any race or jai alai game on the day of such test.

All tests relating to alcohol must be performed in a manner substantially similar, or identical, to the provisions of s. 316.1934 and rules adopted pursuant to that section. Following a test of the urine or blood to determine the presence of a controlled substance as defined in chapter 893, if a controlled substance is found to exist, the stewards, judges, or board of judges may take such action as is permitted in this section.

Section 17. Subsections (5) and (6), paragraph (a) of subsection (9), and subsection (13) of section 550.2415, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

550.2415 Racing of animals under certain conditions prohibited; penalties; exceptions.—

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(5) The division shall implement a split-sample procedure for testing animals under this section.

- (a) The division shall notify the owner or trainer, the stewards, and the appropriate horsemen's association of all drug test results. If a drug test result is positive, and upon request by the affected trainer or owner of the animal from which the sample was obtained, the division shall send the split sample to an approved independent laboratory for analysis. The division shall establish standards and rules for uniform enforcement and shall maintain a list of at least five approved independent laboratories for an owner or trainer to select from if a drug test result is positive.
- (b) If the division laboratory's findings are not confirmed by the independent laboratory, no further administrative or disciplinary action under this section may be pursued.
- (c) If the independent laboratory confirms the division laboratory's positive result, the division may commence administrative proceedings as prescribed in this chapter and consistent with chapter 120. For purposes of this subsection, the department shall in good faith attempt to obtain a sufficient quantity of the test fluid to allow both a primary test and a secondary test to be made.
- (d) For the testing of a racing greyhound, if there is an insufficient quantity of the secondary (split) sample for

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confirmation of the division laboratory's positive result, the division may commence administrative proceedings as prescribed in this chapter and consistent with chapter 120.

- <u>(d)</u> (e) For the testing of a racehorse, if there is an insufficient quantity of the secondary (split) sample for confirmation of the division laboratory's positive result, the division may not take further action on the matter against the owner or trainer, and any resulting license suspension must be immediately lifted.
- (e)(f) The division shall require its laboratory and the independent laboratories to annually participate in an externally administered quality assurance program designed to assess testing proficiency in the detection and appropriate quantification of medications, drugs, and naturally occurring substances that may be administered to racing animals. The administrator of the quality assurance program shall report its results and findings to the division and the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.
- (6)(a) It is the intent of the Legislature that animals that participate in races in this state on which pari-mutuel wagering is conducted and animals that are bred and trained in this state for racing be treated humanely, both on and off racetracks, throughout the lives of the animals.
- (b) The division shall, by rule, establish the procedures for euthanizing greyhounds. However, a greyhound may not be put

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to death by any means other than by lethal injection of the drug sodium pentobarbital. A greyhound may not be removed from this state for the purpose of being destroyed.

- (c) It is a violation of this chapter for an occupational licensee to train a greyhound using live or dead animals. A greyhound may not be taken from this state for the purpose of being trained through the use of live or dead animals.
- (b) (d) Any act committed by any licensee that would constitute cruelty to animals as defined in s. 828.02 involving any animal constitutes a violation of this chapter. Imposition of any penalty by the division for violation of this chapter or any rule adopted by the division pursuant to this chapter shall not prohibit a criminal prosecution for cruelty to animals.
- (c) (e) The division may inspect any area at a pari-mutuel facility where racing animals are raced, trained, housed, or maintained, including any areas where food, medications, or other supplies are kept, to ensure the humane treatment of racing animals and compliance with this chapter and the rules of the division.
- (9) (a) The division may conduct a postmortem examination of any animal that is injured at a permitted racetrack while in training or in competition and that subsequently expires or is destroyed. The division may conduct a postmortem examination of any animal that expires while housed at a permitted racetrack, association compound, or licensed kennel or farm. Trainers and

owners shall be requested to comply with this paragraph as a condition of licensure.

(13) The division may implement by rule medication levels for racing greyhounds recommended by the University of Florida College of Veterinary Medicine developed pursuant to an agreement between the Division of Pari-mutuel Wagering and the University of Florida College of Veterinary Medicine. The University of Florida College of Veterinary Medicine may provide written notification to the division that it has completed research or review on a particular drug pursuant to the agreement and when the College of Veterinary Medicine has completed a final report of its findings, conclusions, and recommendations to the division.

Section 18. Subsection (8) of section 550.334, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

550.334 Quarter horse racing; substitutions.-

(8) To be eligible to conduct intertrack wagering, a quarter horse racing permitholder must have conducted a full schedule of live racing in the preceding year.

Section 19. Subsections (2) and (4), paragraph (a) of subsection (6), and subsection (11) of section 550.3551, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

550.3551 Transmission of racing and jai alai information; commingling of pari-mutuel pools.—

(2) Any horse track, dog track, or fronton licensed under

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this chapter may transmit broadcasts of races or games conducted at the enclosure of the licensee to locations outside this state.

- (a) All broadcasts of horseraces transmitted to locations outside this state must comply with the provisions of the Interstate Horseracing Act of 1978, 92 Stat. 1811, 15 U.S.C. ss. 3001 et seq.
- (b) Wagers accepted by any out-of-state pari-mutuel permitholder or licensed betting system on a race broadcasted under this subsection may be, but are not required to be, included in the pari-mutuel pools of the horse track in this state that broadcasts the race upon which wagers are accepted. The handle, as referred to in s. 550.0951(3), does not include any wagers accepted by an out-of-state pari-mutuel permitholder or licensed betting system, irrespective of whether such wagers are included in the pari-mutuel pools of the Florida permitholder as authorized by this subsection.
- dog track or fronton licensed under this chapter may receive at its licensed location broadcasts of dograces or jai alai games conducted at other tracks or frontons located outside the state at the track enclosure of the licensee during its operational meeting. All forms of pari-mutuel wagering are allowed on dograces or jai alai games broadcast under this subsection. All money wagered by patrons on dograces broadcast under this

subsection shall be computed in the amount of money wagered each performance for purposes of taxation under ss. 550.0951 and 550.09511.

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A maximum of 20 percent of the total number of races on which wagers are accepted by a greyhound permitholder not located as specified in s. 550.615(6) may be received from locations outside this state. A permitholder conducting live racing or games may not conduct fewer than eight live races or games on any authorized race day except as provided in this subsection. A thoroughbred permitholder may not conduct fewer than eight live races on any race day without the written approval of the Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association and the Florida Horsemen's Benevolent and Protective Association, Inc., unless it is determined by the department that another entity represents a majority of the thoroughbred racehorse owners and trainers in the state. If conducting live racing, a harness permitholder may conduct fewer than eight live races on any authorized race day, except that such permitholder must conduct a full schedule of live racing during its race meet consisting of at least eight live races per authorized race day for at least 100 days. Any harness horse permitholder that during the preceding racing season conducted a full schedule of live racing may, at any time during its current race meet, receive full-card broadcasts of harness horse races conducted at harness racetracks outside this state at the harness track of

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the permitholder and accept wagers on such harness races. With specific authorization from the division for special racing events, a permitholder may conduct fewer than eight live races or games when the permitholder also broadcasts out-of-state races or games. The division may not grant more than two such exceptions a year for a permitholder in any 12-month period, and those two exceptions may not be consecutive.

- (11) Greyhound <u>permitholders</u> tracks and jai alai <u>permitholders</u> frontons have the same privileges as provided in this section to <u>horserace permitholders</u> horse tracks, as applicable, subject to rules adopted under subsection (10).
- Section 20. Subsections (1) and (3) through (6) of section 550.3615, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 550.3615 Bookmaking on the grounds of a permitholder; penalties; reinstatement; duties of track employees; penalty; exceptions.—
- (1) Any person who engages in bookmaking, as defined in s. 849.25, on the grounds or property of a pari-mutuel facility commits permitholder of a horse or dog track or jai alai fronton is guilty of a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

 Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 948.01, any person convicted under the provisions of this subsection shall not have adjudication of guilt suspended, deferred, or withheld.
 - (3) Any person who has been convicted of bookmaking in

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this state or any other state of the United States or any foreign country shall be denied admittance to and shall not attend any pari-mutuel facility racetrack or fronton in this state during its racing seasons or operating dates, including any practice or preparational days, for a period of 2 years after the date of conviction or the date of final appeal. Following the conclusion of the period of ineligibility, the director of the division may authorize the reinstatement of an individual following a hearing on readmittance. Any such person who knowingly violates this subsection commits is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

- (4) If the activities of a person show that this law is being violated, and such activities are either witnessed or are common knowledge by any pari-mutuel facility track or fronton employee, it is the duty of that employee to bring the matter to the immediate attention of the permitholder, manager, or her or his designee, who shall notify a law enforcement agency having jurisdiction. Willful failure by the pari-mutuel facility on the part of any track or fronton employee to comply with the provisions of this subsection is a ground for the division to suspend or revoke that employee's license for pari-mutuel facility track or fronton employment.
- (5) Each permittee shall display, in conspicuous places at a pari-mutuel facility track or fronton and in all race and jai

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alai daily programs, a warning to all patrons concerning the prohibition and penalties of bookmaking contained in this section and s. 849.25. The division shall adopt rules concerning the uniform size of all warnings and the number of placements throughout a <u>pari-mutuel facility track or fronton</u>. Failure on the part of the permittee to display such warnings may result in the imposition of a \$500 fine by the division for each offense.

(6) This section does not apply to any person attending a track or fronton or employed by or attending a pari-mutuel facility a track or fronton who places a bet through the legalized pari-mutuel pool for another person, provided such service is rendered gratuitously and without fee or other reward.

Section 21. Section 550.475, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

550.475 Lease of pari-mutuel facilities by pari-mutuel permitholders.—Holders of valid pari-mutuel permits for the conduct of any pari-mutuel wagering jai alai games, dogracing, or thoroughbred and standardbred horse racing in this state are entitled to lease any and all of their facilities to any other holder of a same class valid pari-mutuel permit for jai alai games, dogracing, or thoroughbred or standardbred horse racing, when located within a 35-mile radius of each other, and such lessee is entitled to a permit and license to conduct intertrack wagering and operate its race meet or jai alai games at the

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901 leased premises.

Section 22. Subsections (2) and (8) of section 550.615, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (11) is added to that section, to read:

550.615 Intertrack wagering.-

- (2) A pari-mutuel permitholder that has met the applicable requirement for that permitholder to conduct live racing or games under s. 550.01215(1)(b), if any, on January 1, 2021, Any track or fronton licensed under this chapter which in the preceding year conducted a full schedule of live racing is qualified to, at any time, receive broadcasts of any class of pari-mutuel race or game and accept wagers on such races or games conducted by any class of permitholders licensed under this chapter.
- (8) In any three contiguous counties of the state where there are only three permitholders, all of which are greyhound permitholders, if any permitholder leases the facility of another permitholder for all or any portion of the conduct of its live race meet pursuant to s. 550.475, such lessee may conduct intertrack wagering at its pre-lease permitted facility throughout the entire year, including while its live meet is being conducted at the leased facility, if such permitholder has conducted a full schedule of live racing during the preceding fiscal year at its pre-lease permitted facility or at a leased facility, or combination thereof.

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926	(11) Any greyhound permitholder licensed under this
927	chapter to conduct pari-mutuel wagering is qualified to, at any
928	time, receive broadcasts of any class of pari-mutuel race or
929	game and accept wagers on such races or games conducted by any
930	class of permitholders licensed under this chapter.
931	Section 23. Subsection (2) of section 550.6305, Florida
932	Statutes, is amended to read:
933	550.6305 Intertrack wagering; guest track payments;
934	accounting rules.—
935	(2) For the purposes of calculation of odds and payoffs
936	and distribution of the pari-mutuel pools, all intertrack wagers
937	shall be combined with the pari-mutuel pools at the host track.
938	Notwithstanding this subsection or subsection (4), a greyhound
939	pari-mutuel permitholder may conduct intertrack wagering without
940	combining pari-mutuel pools on not more than three races in any
941	week, not to exceed 20 races in a year. All other provisions
942	concerning pari-mutuel takeout and payments, including state tax
943	payments, apply as if the pool had been combined.
944	Section 24. Paragraph (c) of subsection (4) of section
945	551.104, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
946	551.104 License to conduct slot machine gaming.—
947	(4) As a condition of licensure and to maintain continued
948	authority for the conduct of slot machine gaming, the slot
949	machine licensee shall:
950	(c) If a thoroughbred permitholder, conduct no fewer than

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a full schedule of live racing or games as defined in s. 550.002(11). A permitholder's responsibility to conduct such number of live races or games shall be reduced by the number of races or games that could not be conducted due to the direct result of fire, war, hurricane, or other disaster or event beyond the control of the permitholder.

Section 25. Subsection (4) of section 551.114, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

551.114 Slot machine gaming areas.

- (4) Designated slot machine gaming areas <u>must</u> may be located at the address specified in the licensed permitholder's slot machine license issued for the 2020-2021 fiscal year within the current live gaming facility or in an existing building that must be contiguous and connected to the live gaming facility. If a designated slot machine gaming area is to be located in a building that is to be constructed, that new building must be contiguous and connected to the live gaming facility.
- Section 26. Subsection (5) of section 565.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 565.02 License fees; vendors; clubs; caterers; and others.—
- (5) A caterer at a <u>pari-mutuel facility licensed under</u>

 <u>chapter 550</u> horse or dog racetrack or jai alai fronton may

 obtain a license upon the payment of an annual state license tax

 of \$675. Such caterer's license shall permit sales only within

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the enclosure in which pari-mutuel wagering is such races or jai alai games are conducted, and such licensee shall be permitted to sell only during the period beginning 10 days before and ending 10 days after racing or jai alai under the authority of the Division of Pari-mutuel Wagering of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation is conducted at such racetrack or jai alai fronton. Except as in this subsection otherwise provided, caterers licensed hereunder shall be treated as vendors licensed to sell by the drink the beverages mentioned herein and shall be subject to all the provisions hereof relating to such vendors.

Section 27. Subsection (5) and paragraph (d) of subsection (13) of section 849.086, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 849.086 Cardrooms authorized.—

- (5) LICENSE REQUIRED; APPLICATION; FEES.—No person may operate a cardroom in this state unless such person holds a valid cardroom license issued pursuant to this section.
- (a) Only those persons holding a valid cardroom license issued by the division may operate a cardroom. A cardroom license may only be issued to a licensed pari-mutuel permitholder and an authorized cardroom may only be operated at the same facility at which the permitholder is authorized under its valid pari-mutuel wagering permit to conduct pari-mutuel wagering activities. An initial cardroom license shall be issued to a pari-mutuel permitholder only after its facilities are in

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place and after it conducts its first day of <u>pari-mutuel</u> activities on live racing or games.

- (b) After the initial cardroom license is granted, the application for the annual license renewal shall be made in conjunction with the applicant's annual application for its pari-mutuel license. If a permitholder has operated a cardroom during any of the 3 previous fiscal years and fails to include a renewal request for the operation of the cardroom in its annual application for license renewal, the permitholder may amend its annual application to include operation of the cardroom.
- (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a cardroom license may not be issued to any permitholder that did not hold a cardroom license on January 1, 2021 In order for a cardroom license to be renewed the applicant must have requested, as part of its pari-mutuel annual license application, to conduct at least 90 percent of the total number of live performances conducted by such permitholder during either the state fiscal year in which its initial cardroom license was issued or the state fiscal year immediately prior thereto if the permitholder ran at least a full schedule of live racing or games in the prior year. If the application is for a harness permitholder cardroom, the applicant must have requested authorization to conduct a minimum of 140 live performances during the state fiscal year immediately prior thereto. If more than one permitholder is operating at a facility, each permitholder must

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have applied for a license to conduct a full schedule of live racing.

- (d) (e) Persons seeking a license or a renewal thereof to operate a cardroom shall make application on forms prescribed by the division. Applications for cardroom licenses shall contain all of the information the division, by rule, may determine is required to ensure eligibility.
- (e) (d) The annual cardroom license fee for each facility shall be \$1,000 for each table to be operated at the cardroom. The license fee shall be deposited by the division with the Chief Financial Officer to the credit of the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund.
 - (13) TAXES AND OTHER PAYMENTS.-

- (d)1. Each greyhound and jai alai permitholder that conducts live performances and operates a cardroom facility shall use at least 4 percent of such permitholder's cardroom monthly gross receipts to supplement greyhound purses or jai alai prize money, respectively, during the permitholder's next ensuing pari-mutuel meet.
- 2. Each thoroughbred <u>permitholder or and harness horse</u> racing permitholder that <u>conducts live performances and</u> operates a cardroom facility shall use at least 50 percent of such permitholder's cardroom monthly net proceeds as follows: 47 percent to supplement purses and 3 percent to supplement breeders' awards during the permitholder's next ensuing racing

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1051 meet.

3. No cardroom license or renewal thereof shall be issued to an applicant holding a permit under chapter 550 to conduct pari-mutuel wagering meets of quarter horse racing and conducting live performances unless the applicant has on file with the division a binding written agreement between the applicant and the Florida Quarter Horse Racing Association or the association representing a majority of the horse owners and trainers at the applicant's eligible facility, governing the payment of purses on live quarter horse races conducted at the licensee's pari-mutuel facility. The agreement governing purses may direct the payment of such purses from revenues generated by any wagering or gaming the applicant is authorized to conduct under Florida law. All purses shall be subject to the terms of chapter 550.

Section 28. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 550.002, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 380.0651, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

- 380.0651 Statewide guidelines, standards, and exemptions.-
- (2) STATUTORY EXEMPTIONS.—The following developments are exempt from s. 380.06:
- (c) Any proposed addition to an existing sports facility complex if the addition meets the following characteristics:
 - 1. It would not operate concurrently with the scheduled

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1076 hours of operation of the existing facility;

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- 2. Its seating capacity would be no more than 75 percent of the capacity of the existing facility; and
- 3. The sports facility complex property was owned by a public body before July 1, 1983.

This exemption does not apply to any pari-mutuel facility as defined in s. 550.002.

If a use is exempt from review pursuant to paragraphs (a)-(u), but will be part of a larger project that is subject to review pursuant to s. 380.06(12), the impact of the exempt use must be included in the review of the larger project, unless such exempt use involves a development that includes a landowner, tenant, or user that has entered into a funding agreement with the state land planning agency under the Innovation Incentive Program and the agreement contemplates a state award of at least \$50 million.

Section 29. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 550.002, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (c) of subsection (4) of section 402.82, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

- 402.82 Electronic benefits transfer program.-
- (4) Use or acceptance of an electronic benefits transfer card is prohibited at the following locations or for the

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1101 following activities:

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- (c) A pari-mutuel facility as defined in s. 550.002.
- Section 30. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 550.002, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsection (1) of section 480.0475, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:
 - 480.0475 Massage establishments; prohibited practices.-
 - (1) A person may not operate a massage establishment between the hours of midnight and 5 a.m. This subsection does not apply to a massage establishment:
 - (a) Located on the premises of a health care facility as defined in s. 408.07; a health care clinic as defined in s. 400.9905(4); a hotel, motel, or bed and breakfast inn, as those terms are defined in s. 509.242; a timeshare property as defined in s. 721.05; a public airport as defined in s. 330.27; or a pari-mutuel facility as defined in s. 550.002;
 - (b) In which every massage performed between the hours of midnight and 5 a.m. is performed by a massage therapist acting under the prescription of a physician or physician assistant licensed under chapter 458, an osteopathic physician or physician assistant licensed under chapter 459, a chiropractic physician licensed under chapter 460, a podiatric physician licensed under chapter 461, an advanced practice registered nurse licensed under part I of chapter 464, or a dentist licensed under chapter 466; or

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(c) Operating during a special event if the county or municipality in which the establishment operates has approved such operation during the special event.

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Section 31. This act shall take effect July 1, 2021, but only if HB 7053 or similar legislation takes effect, if such legislation is adopted in the same legislative session or an extension thereof and becomes a law.

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