1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to unemployment compensation; amending 3 s. 443.011, F.S.; revising a short title to rename 4 "unemployment compensation" as "reemployment 5 assistance"; amending s. 443.012, F.S.; renaming the 6 Unemployment Appeals Commission as the Reemployment 7 Assistance Appeals Commission; amending s. 443.036, 8 F.S.; providing a definition for the term 9 "reemployment assistance"; revising references to 10 conform to changes made by the act; amending s. 11 443.091, F.S.; providing scoring requirements relating to initial skills reviews; providing for workforce 12 training for certain eligible claimants; providing 13 14 reporting requirements; providing work search 15 requirements for certain claimants; revising 16 references to conform to changes made by this act; amending s. 443.101, F.S.; clarifying how a 17 disqualification for benefits for fraud is imposed; 18 19 revising references to conform to changes made by this act; amending s. 443.131, F.S.; prohibiting benefits 20 21 from being charged to the employment record of an 22 employer that is forced to lay off workers as a result 23 of a manmade disaster of national significance; 24 revising references to conform to changes made by this 25 act; amending s. 443.151, F.S.; revising the statute of limitations related to the collection of 26 27 unemployment compensation benefits overpayments; 28 revising references to conform to changes made by this

Page 1 of 122

29 act; amending s. 443.171, F.S.; deleting an exemption from public records requirements for unemployment 30 31 compensation records and reports; revising references 32 to conform to changes made by this act; amending s. 443.1715, F.S.; revising an exemption from public 33 34 records requirements for unemployment compensation 35 records and reports; revising references to conform to changes made by this act; amending ss. 20.60, 27.52, 36 37 40.24, 45.031, 55.204, 57.082, 61.046, 61.1824, 61.30, 38 69.041, 77.041, 110.205, 110.502, 120.80, 125.9502, 39 212.096, 213.053, 216.292, 220.03, 220.181, 220.191, 220.194, 222.15, 222.16, 255.20, 288.075, 288.1045, 40 288.106, 288.1081, 288.1089, 334.30, 408.809, 41 42 409.2563, 409.2576, 414.295, 435.06, 440.12, 440.15, 440.381, 440.42, 443.051, 443.071, 443.111, 443.1113, 43 44 443.1116, 443.1215, 443.1216, 443.1312, 443.1313, 443.1315, 443.1316, 443.1317, 443.141, 443.163, 45 443.17161, 443.181, 443.191, 443.221, 445.009, 46 47 445.016, 446.50, 448.110, 450.31, 450.33, 468.529, 553.791, 624.509, 679.4061, 679.4081, 895.02, 896.101, 48 49 921.0022, 946.513, 946.523, 985.618, 1003.496, 50 1008.39, and 1008.41, F.S.; revising references to 51 conform to changes made by the act; providing an 52 effective date. 53

Po It Engated by the Ice

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Section 443.011, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 443.011 Short title.—This chapter may be cited as the "Reemployment Assistance Program Unemployment Compensation Law."

  Section 2. Subsections (1), (3), (10), and (12) of section 443.012, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 443.012 <u>Reemployment Assistance</u> <u>Unemployment Appeals</u> Commission.—
- (1) There is created within the Division of Workforce Services of the Department of Economic Opportunity a Reemployment Assistance an Unemployment Appeals Commission. The commission is composed of a chair and two other members appointed by the Governor, subject to confirmation by the Senate. Only one appointee may be a representative of employers, as demonstrated by his or her previous vocation, employment, or affiliation; and only one appointee may be a representative of employees, as demonstrated by his or her previous vocation, employment, or affiliation.
- (a) The chair shall devote his or her entire time to commission duties and is responsible for the administrative functions of the commission.
- (b) The chair has authority to appoint a general counsel and other personnel to carry out the duties and responsibilities of the commission.
- (c) The chair must have the qualifications required by law for a judge of the circuit court and may not engage in any other business vocation or employment. Notwithstanding any other law, the chair shall be paid a salary equal to that paid under state

Page 3 of 122

law to a judge of the circuit court.

(d) The remaining members shall be paid a stipend of \$100 for each day they are engaged in the work of the commission. The chair and other members are entitled to be reimbursed for travel expenses, as provided in s. 112.061.

- (e) The total salary and travel expenses of each member of the commission shall be paid from the Employment Security Administration Trust Fund.
- (3) The commission has all authority, powers, duties, and responsibilities relating to reemployment assistance unemployment compensation appeal proceedings under this chapter.
- (10) The commission shall have a seal for authenticating its orders, awards, and proceedings, upon which shall be inscribed the words "State of Florida-Reemployment Assistance Unemployment Appeals Commission-Seal," and it shall be judicially noticed.
- (12) Orders of the commission relating to reemployment assistance unemployment compensation under this chapter are subject to review only by notice of appeal to the district courts of appeal in the manner provided in s. 443.151(4)(e).
- Section 3. Subsections (12), (14), and (26) of section 443.036, Florida Statutes, are amended, present subsections (38) through (46) are renumbered as subsections (39) through (47), respectively, present subsections (38) and (42) are amended, and a new subsection (38) is added to that section, to read:
  - 443.036 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, the term:
- (12) "Commission" means the <u>Reemployment Assistance</u> <del>Unemployment Appeals Commission.</del>

(14) "Contribution" means a payment of payroll tax to the Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund which is required under this chapter to finance reemployment assistance unemployment benefits.

- (26) "Initial skills review" means an online education or training program, such as that established under s. 1004.99, that is approved by the <u>Department of Economic Opportunity</u>

  Agency for Workforce Innovation and designed to measure an individual's mastery level of workplace skills.
- (38) "Reemployment assistance" means cash benefits payable to individuals with respect to their unemployment pursuant to the provisions of this chapter. Where the context requires, reemployment assistance also means cash benefits payable to individuals with respect to their unemployment pursuant to 5

  U.S.C. ss. 8501-8525, 26 U.S.C. ss. 3301-3311, 42 U.S.C. ss. 501-504, 1101-1110, and 1321-1324, or pursuant to state laws which have been certified pursuant to 26 U.S.C. s. 3304 and 42

  U.S.C. s. 503. Any reference to reemployment assistance shall mean compensation payable from an unemployment fund as defined in 26 U.S.C. s. 3306(f).
- (39) (38) "Reimbursement" means a payment of money to the Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund in lieu of a contribution which is required under this chapter to finance reemployment assistance unemployment benefits.
- (43) (42) "Tax collection service provider" or "service provider" means the state agency providing reemployment assistance unemployment tax collection services under contract with the Department of Economic Opportunity through an

Page 5 of 122

interagency agreement pursuant to s. 443.1316.

Section 4. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and paragraphs (b) and (d) of subsection (3) of section 443.051, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

443.051 Benefits not alienable; exception, child support intercept.—

- (1) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section:
- (a) "Reemployment assistance" or "unemployment compensation" means any compensation payable under state law, including amounts payable pursuant to an agreement under any federal law providing for compensation, assistance, or allowances for unemployment.
  - (3) EXCEPTION, SUPPORT INTERCEPT.-
- (b) For support obligations established on or after July 1, 2006, and for support obligations established before July 1, 2006, when the support order does not address the withholding of reemployment assistance or unemployment compensation, the department shall deduct and withhold 40 percent of the reemployment assistance or unemployment compensation otherwise payable to an individual disclosed under paragraph (a). If delinquencies, arrearages, or retroactive support are owed and repayment has not been ordered, the unpaid amounts are included in the support obligation and are subject to withholding. If the amount deducted exceeds the support obligation, the Department of Revenue shall promptly refund the amount of the excess deduction to the obligor. For support obligations in effect before July 1, 2006, if the support order addresses the withholding of reemployment assistance or unemployment

Page 6 of 122

compensation, the department shall deduct and withhold the amount ordered by the court or administrative agency that issued the support order as disclosed by the Department of Revenue.

- (d) Any amount deducted and withheld under this subsection shall for all purposes be treated as if it were paid to the individual as reemployment assistance or unemployment compensation and paid by the individual to the Department of Revenue for support obligations.
- Section 5. Subsections (6), (7), and (8) of section 443.071, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

443.071 Penalties.-

- reemployment assistance unemployment benefits initiated by the use of the Internet claims program or the interactive voice response system telephone claims program of the Department of Economic Opportunity constitutes prima facie evidence of the establishment of a personal benefit account by or for an individual if the following information is provided: the applicant's name, residence address, date of birth, social security number, and present or former place of work.
- (7) The entry into evidence of a transaction history generated by a personal identification number establishing that a certification or claim for one or more weeks of benefits was made against the benefit account of the individual, together with documentation that payment was paid by a state warrant made to the order of the person or by direct deposit via electronic means, constitutes prima facie evidence that the person claimed and received reemployment assistance unemployment benefits from

Page 7 of 122

196 the state.

(8) All records relating to investigations of reemployment assistance unemployment compensation fraud in the custody of the Department of Economic Opportunity or its tax collection service provider are available for examination by the Department of Law Enforcement, the state attorneys, or the Office of the Statewide Prosecutor in the prosecution of offenses under s. 817.568 or in proceedings brought under this chapter.

Section 6. Paragraphs (c), (d), and (f) of subsection (1) of section 443.091, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

443.091 Benefit eligibility conditions.-

- (1) An unemployed individual is eligible to receive benefits for any week only if the Department of Economic Opportunity finds that:
- (c) To make continued claims for benefits, she or he is reporting to the department in accordance with this paragraph and department agency rules, and participating in an initial skills review, as directed by the department agency. Department Agency rules may not conflict with s. 443.111(1)(b), which requires that each claimant continue to report regardless of any pending appeal relating to her or his eligibility or disqualification for benefits.
- 1. For each week of unemployment claimed, each report must, at a minimum, include the name, address, and telephone number of each prospective employer contacted, or the date the claimant reported to a one-stop career center, pursuant to paragraph (d).
  - 2. The administrator or operator of the initial skills

Page 8 of 122

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review shall notify the department agency when the individual completes the initial skills review and report the results of the review to the regional workforce board or the one-stop career center as directed by the workforce board. The department shall prescribe a numeric score on the initial skills review that demonstrates a minimal proficiency in workforce skills. The department, workforce board, or one-stop career center shall use the initial skills review to develop a plan for referring individuals to training and employment opportunities. Any individual that falls below the minimal proficiency score on the initial skills review shall be offered training opportunities and encouraged to participate in such training, at no cost to the individual, in order to improve her or his workforce skills to the minimal proficiency level. The failure of the individual to comply with this requirement will result in the individual being determined ineligible for benefits for the week in which the noncompliance occurred and for any subsequent week of unemployment until the requirement is satisfied. However, this requirement does not apply if the individual is able to affirmatively attest to being unable to complete such review due to illiteracy or a language impediment or is exempt from the work registration requirement pursuant to paragraph (b).

- 3. The department shall evaluate the use, effectiveness, and costs associated with the training prescribed in subparagraph 2. and report its findings and recommendations to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by January 1, 2013.
  - (d) She or he is able to work and is available for work.

Page 9 of 122

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In order to assess eligibility for a claimed week of unemployment, the department shall develop criteria to determine a claimant's ability to work and availability for work. A claimant must be actively seeking work in order to be considered available for work. This means engaging in systematic and sustained efforts to find work, including contacting at least five prospective employers for each week of unemployment claimed. The department agency may require the claimant to provide proof of such efforts to the one-stop career center as part of reemployment services. The department agency shall conduct random reviews of work search information provided by claimants. As an alternative to contacting at least five prospective employers for any week of unemployment claimed, a claimant may, for that same week, report in person to a one-stop career center to meet with a representative of the center and access reemployment services of the center. The center shall keep a record of the services or information provided to the claimant and shall provide the records to the department agency upon request by the department agency. However:

1. Notwithstanding any other provision of this paragraph or paragraphs (b) and (e), an otherwise eligible individual may not be denied benefits for any week because she or he is in training with the approval of the department, or by reason of s. 443.101(2) relating to failure to apply for, or refusal to accept, suitable work. Training may be approved by the department in accordance with criteria prescribed by rule. A claimant's eligibility during approved training is contingent upon satisfying eligibility conditions prescribed by rule.

Page 10 of 122

2. Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, an otherwise eligible individual who is in training approved under s. 236(a)(1) of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended, may not be determined ineligible or disqualified for benefits due to enrollment in such training or because of leaving work that is not suitable employment to enter such training. As used in this subparagraph, the term "suitable employment" means work of a substantially equal or higher skill level than the worker's past adversely affected employment, as defined for purposes of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended, the wages for which are at least 80 percent of the worker's average weekly wage as determined for purposes of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended.

- 3. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, an otherwise eligible individual may not be denied benefits for any week because she or he is before any state or federal court pursuant to a lawfully issued summons to appear for jury duty.
- 4. Union members who customarily obtain employment through a union hiring hall may satisfy the work search requirements of this paragraph by reporting daily to their union hall.
- 5. The work search requirements of this paragraph do not apply to persons who are unemployed as a result of a temporary layoff or who are claiming benefits under an approved short-time compensation plan as provided in s. 443.1116.
- 6. In small counties as defined in s. 120.52(19), a claimant engaging in systematic and sustained efforts to find work must contact at least three prospective employers for each week of unemployment claimed.
  - (f) She or he has been unemployed for a waiting period of

Page 11 of 122

1 week. A week may not be counted as a <u>waiting</u> week of unemployment under this subsection only if unless:

- 1. It occurs within the benefit year that includes the week for which she or he claims payment of benefits; $\cdot$ 
  - 2. Benefits have not been paid for that week; and.
- 3. The individual was eligible for benefits for that week as provided in this section and s. 443.101, except for the requirements of this subsection and s. 443.101(5).
- Section 7. Subsections (5), (6), (9), and (11) and paragraph (b) of subsection (10) of section 443.101, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 443.101 Disqualification for benefits.—An individual shall be disqualified for benefits:
- (5) For any week with respect to which or a part of which he or she has received or is seeking reemployment assistance or unemployment benefits under a reemployment assistance or an unemployment compensation law of another state or of the United States. For the purposes of this subsection, a reemployment assistance or an unemployment compensation law of the United States is any law of the United States which provides for payment of any type and in any amounts for periods of unemployment due to lack of work. However, if the appropriate agency of the other state or of the United States finally determines that he or she is not entitled to reemployment assistance or unemployment benefits, this disqualification does not apply.
- (6) For a period not to exceed 1 year from the date of the discovery by the Department of Economic Opportunity of the

Page 12 of 122

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making of any false or fraudulent representation for the purpose of obtaining benefits contrary to this chapter, constituting a violation under s. 443.071. The disqualification imposed under this subsection shall begin with the week in which the false or fraudulent representation is made and shall continue for a period not to exceed 1 year after the date the Department of Economic Opportunity discovers the false or fraudulent representation and until any overpayment of benefits resulting from such representation has been repaid in full. This disqualification may be appealed in the same manner as any other disqualification imposed under this section. A conviction by any court of competent jurisdiction in this state of the offense prohibited or punished by s. 443.071 is conclusive upon the appeals referee and the commission of the making of the false or fraudulent representation for which disqualification is imposed under this section.

- (9) If the individual was terminated from his or her work as follows:
- Reemployment Assistance Unemployment Appeals Commission finds that the individual was terminated from work for violation of any criminal law, under any jurisdiction, which was in connection with his or her work, and the individual was convicted, or entered a plea of guilty or nolo contendere, the individual is not entitled to reemployment assistance unemployment benefits for up to 52 weeks, pursuant to rules adopted by the department, and until he or she has earned income of at least 17 times his or her weekly benefit amount. If,

Page 13 of 122

before an adjudication of guilt, an admission of guilt, or a plea of nolo contendere, the employer proves by competent substantial evidence to the department that the arrest was due to a crime against the employer or the employer's business, customers, or invitees, the individual is not entitled to reemployment assistance unemployment benefits.

Unemployment Appeals Commission finds that the individual was terminated from work for any dishonest act in connection with his or her work, the individual is not entitled to reemployment assistance unemployment benefits for up to 52 weeks, pursuant to rules adopted by the department, and until he or she has earned income of at least 17 times his or her weekly benefit amount. If the employer terminates an individual as a result of a dishonest act in connection with his or her work and the department finds misconduct in connection with his or her work, the individual is not entitled to reemployment assistance unemployment benefits.

If an individual is disqualified for benefits, the account of the terminating employer, if the employer is in the base period, is noncharged at the time the disqualification is imposed.

(10) Subject to the requirements of this subsection, if the claim is made based on the loss of employment as a leased employee for an employee leasing company or as a temporary employee for a temporary help firm.

(b) A temporary or leased employee is deemed to have voluntarily quit employment and is disqualified for benefits under subparagraph (1)(a)1. if, upon conclusion of his or her

Page 14 of 122

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latest assignment, the temporary or leased employee, without good cause, failed to contact the temporary help or employeeleasing firm for reassignment, if the employer advised the temporary or leased employee at the time of hire and that the leased employee is notified also at the time of separation that he or she must report for reassignment upon conclusion of each assignment, regardless of the duration of the assignment, and that reemployment assistance unemployment benefits may be denied for failure to report. For purposes of this section, the time of hire for a day laborer is upon his or her acceptance of the first assignment following completion of an employment application with the labor pool. The labor pool as defined in s. 448.22(1) must provide notice to the temporary employee upon conclusion of the latest assignment that work is available the next business day and that the temporary employee must report for reassignment the next business day. The notice must be given by means of a notice printed on the paycheck, written notice included in the pay envelope, or other written notification at the conclusion of the current assignment.

(11) If an individual is discharged from employment for drug use as evidenced by a positive, confirmed drug test as provided in paragraph (1)(d), or is rejected for offered employment because of a positive, confirmed drug test as provided in paragraph (2)(c), test results and chain of custody documentation provided to the employer by a licensed and approved drug-testing laboratory is self-authenticating and admissible in reemployment assistance unemployment compensation hearings, and such evidence creates a rebuttable presumption

Page 15 of 122

that the individual used, or was using, controlled substances, subject to the following conditions:

- (a) To qualify for the presumption described in this subsection, an employer must have implemented a drug-free workplace program under ss. 440.101 and 440.102, and must submit proof that the employer has qualified for the insurance discounts provided under s. 627.0915, as certified by the insurance carrier or self-insurance unit. In lieu of these requirements, an employer who does not fit the definition of "employer" in s. 440.102 may qualify for the presumption if the employer is in compliance with equivalent or more stringent drug-testing standards established by federal law or regulation.
- (b) Only laboratories licensed and approved as provided in s. 440.102(9), or as provided by equivalent or more stringent licensing requirements established by federal law or regulation may perform the drug tests.
- (c) Disclosure of drug test results and other information pertaining to drug testing of individuals who claim or receive compensation under this chapter shall be governed by s. 443.1715.
- Section 8. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1), subsection (2), and paragraph (a) of subsection (5) of section 443.111, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
  - 443.111 Payment of benefits.-
- (1) MANNER OF PAYMENT.—Benefits are payable from the fund in accordance with rules adopted by the Department of Economic Opportunity, subject to the following requirements:
  - (b) As required under s. 443.091(1), each claimant must

Page 16 of 122

report at least biweekly to receive reemployment assistance unemployment benefits and to attest to the fact that she or he is able and available for work, has not refused suitable work, is seeking work and has met the requirements of s. 443.091(d). contacted at least five prospective employers or reported in person to a one-stop career center for reemployment services for each week of unemployment claimed, and, if she or he has worked, to report earnings from that work. Each claimant must continue to report regardless of any appeal or pending appeal relating to her or his eligibility or disqualification for benefits.

- (2) QUALIFYING REQUIREMENTS.—To establish a benefit year for <u>reemployment assistance</u> <u>unemployment</u> benefits, an individual must have:
- (a) Wage credits in two or more calendar quarters of the individual's base period.
- (b) Minimum total base period wage credits equal to the high quarter wages multiplied by 1.5, but at least \$3,400 in the base period.
  - (5) DURATION OF BENEFITS.-

- (a) As used in this section, the term "Florida average unemployment rate" means the average of the 3 months for the most recent third calendar year quarter of the seasonally adjusted statewide unemployment rates as published by the Department of Economic Opportunity Agency for Workforce Innovation.
- Section 9. Section 443.1113, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 475 443.1113 Reemployment Assistance Unemployment Compensation

Page 17 of 122

Claims and Benefits Information System.-

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- (1) To the extent that funds are appropriated for each phase of the Reemployment Assistance Unemployment Compensation Claims and Benefits Information System by the Legislature, the Department of Economic Opportunity shall replace and enhance the functionality provided in the following systems with an integrated Internet-based system that is known as the "Reemployment Assistance Unemployment Compensation Claims and Benefits Information System":
  - (a) Claims and benefit mainframe system.
  - (b) Florida unemployment Internet direct.
  - (c) Florida continued claim Internet directory.
  - (d) Call center interactive voice response system.
  - (e) Benefit overpayment screening system.
  - (f) Internet and Intranet appeals system.
- (2) The Reemployment Assistance Unemployment Compensation Claims and Benefits System shall accomplish the following main business objectives:
- (a) Wherever cost-effective and operationally feasible, eliminate or automate existing paper processes and enhance any existing automated workflows in order to expedite customer transactions and eliminate redundancy.
- (b) Enable online, self-service access to claimant and employer information and federal and state reporting.
- (c) Integrate benefit payment control with the adjudication program and collection system in order to improve the detection of fraud.
  - (d) Comply with all requirements established in federal

Page 18 of 122

and state law for <u>reemployment assistance</u> <del>unemployment</del> <del>compensation</del>.

- (e) Integrate with the Department of Revenue's statewide unified tax system that collects <u>reemployment assistance</u> unemployment compensation taxes.
- (3) The scope of the <u>Reemployment Assistance</u> <u>Unemployment</u> Compensation Claims and Benefits Information System does not include any of the following functionalities:
- (a) Collection of <u>reemployment assistance</u> <u>unemployment</u> <u>compensation</u> taxes.
- (b) General ledger, financial management, or budgeting capabilities.
  - (c) Human resource planning or management capabilities.
- (4) The project to implement the <u>Reemployment Assistance</u>

  <del>Unemployment Compensation</del> Claims and Benefits Information System shall be comprised of the following phases and corresponding implementation timeframes:
- (a) No later than the end of fiscal year 2009-2010 completion of the business re-engineering analysis and documentation of both the detailed system requirements and the overall system architecture.
- (b) The Reemployment Assistance Unemployment Claims and Benefits Internet portal that replaces the Florida Unemployment Internet Direct and the Florida Continued Claims Internet Directory systems, the Call Center Interactive Voice Response System, the Benefit Overpayment Screening System, the Internet and Intranet Appeals System, and the Claims and Benefits Mainframe System shall be deployed to full operational status no

Page 19 of 122

later than the end of fiscal year 2012-2013.

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- (5) The Department of Economic Opportunity shall implement the following project governance structure until such time as the project is completed, suspended, or terminated:
- (a) The project sponsor for the <u>Reemployment Assistance</u>

  <del>Unemployment Compensation</del> Claims and Benefits Information System project is the department.
- (b) The project shall be governed by an executive steering committee composed of the following voting members or their designees:
  - 1. The executive director of the department.
  - 2. The executive director of the Department of Revenue.
- 3. The director of the Division of Workforce Services within the department.
- 4. The program director of the General Tax Administration Program Office within the Department of Revenue.
  - 5. The chief information officer of the department.
- (c) The executive steering committee has the overall responsibility for ensuring that the project meets its primary objectives and is specifically responsible for:
- 1. Providing management direction and support to the project management team.
- 2. Assessing the project's alignment with the strategic goals of the department for administering the <a href="reemployment">reemployment</a> <a href="mailto:assistance">assistance</a> <a href="mailto:unemployment compensation">unemployment compensation</a> program.
- 3. Reviewing and approving or disapproving any changes to the project's scope, schedule, and costs.
  - 4. Reviewing, approving or disapproving, and determining

Page 20 of 122

whether to proceed with any major project deliverables.

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- 5. Recommending suspension or termination of the project to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives if it determines that the primary objectives cannot be achieved.
- (d) The project management team shall work under the direction of the executive steering committee and shall be minimally comprised of senior managers and stakeholders from the department and the Department of Revenue. The project management team is responsible for:
- 1. Providing daily planning, management, and oversight of the project.
- 2. Submitting an operational work plan and providing quarterly updates to that plan to the executive steering committee. The plan must specify project milestones, deliverables, and expenditures.
- 3. Submitting written monthly project status reports to the executive steering committee which include:
  - a. Planned versus actual project costs;
- b. An assessment of the status of major milestones and deliverables;
- c. Identification of any issues requiring resolution, the proposed resolution for these issues, and information regarding the status of the resolution;
  - d. Identification of risks that must be managed; and
- e. Identification of and recommendations regarding necessary changes in the project's scope, schedule, or costs. All recommendations must be reviewed by project stakeholders

Page 21 of 122

before submission to the executive steering committee in order to ensure that the recommendations meet required acceptance criteria.

Section 10. Paragraph (b) of subsection (8) of section 443.1116, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

443.1116 Short-time compensation.

- (8) EFFECT OF SHORT-TIME COMPENSATION BENEFITS RELATING TO THE PAYMENT OF REGULAR AND EXTENDED BENEFITS.—
- (b) An individual who receives all of the short-time compensation or combined reemployment assistance or unemployment compensation and short-time compensation available in a benefit year is considered an exhaustee for purposes of the extended benefits program in s. 443.1115 and, if otherwise eligible under those provisions, is eligible to receive extended benefits.

Section 11. Subsection (3) of section 443.1215, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

443.1215 Employers.-

employment required by this chapter and by the rules of the Department of Economic Opportunity and the state agency providing reemployment assistance unemployment tax collection services is presumed to be an employer liable for the payment of contributions under this chapter, regardless of the number of individuals employed by the employing unit. However, the tax collection service provider shall make written demand that the employing unit keep and maintain required payroll records. The demand must be made at least 6 months before assessing contributions against an employing unit determined to be an

Page 22 of 122

employer that is subject to this chapter solely by reason of this subsection.

- Section 12. Paragraphs (a) and (d) of subsection (1), subsections (8) and (12), and paragraphs (f), (h), and (p) of subsection (13) of section 443.1216, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 443.1216 Employment.—Employment, as defined in s. 443.036, is subject to this chapter under the following conditions:
- (1) (a) The employment subject to this chapter includes a service performed, including a service performed in interstate commerce, by:
  - 1. An officer of a corporation.

- 2. An individual who, under the usual common-law rules applicable in determining the employer-employee relationship, is an employee. However, whenever a client, as defined in s. 443.036(18), which would otherwise be designated as an employing unit has contracted with an employee leasing company to supply it with workers, those workers are considered employees of the employee leasing company. An employee leasing company may lease corporate officers of the client to the client and other workers to the client, except as prohibited by regulations of the Internal Revenue Service. Employees of an employee leasing company must be reported under the employee leasing company's tax identification number and contribution rate for work performed for the employee leasing company.
- a. In addition to any other report required to be filed by law, an employee leasing company shall submit a report to the Labor Market Statistics Center within the Department of Economic

Page 23 of 122

Opportunity which includes each client establishment and each establishment of the employee leasing company, or as otherwise directed by the department. The report must include the following information for each establishment:

(I) The trade or establishment name;

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- (II) The former reemployment assistance unemployment compensation account number, if available;
- (III) The former federal employer's identification number (FEIN), if available;
- (IV) The industry code recognized and published by the United States Office of Management and Budget, if available;
- (V) A description of the client's primary business activity in order to verify or assign an industry code;
  - (VI) The address of the physical location;
- (VII) The number of full-time and part-time employees who worked during, or received pay that was subject to reemployment assistance unemployment compensation taxes for, the pay period including the 12th of the month for each month of the quarter;
- (VIII) The total wages subject to <u>reemployment assistance</u> unemployment compensation taxes paid during the calendar quarter;
- (IX) An internal identification code to uniquely identify each establishment of each client;
- (X) The month and year that the client entered into the contract for services; and
- (XI) The month and year that the client terminated the contract for services.
  - b. The report shall be submitted electronically or in a

Page 24 of 122

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manner otherwise prescribed by the Department of Economic Opportunity in the format specified by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor for its Multiple Worksite Report for Professional Employer Organizations. The report must be provided quarterly to the Labor Market Statistics Center within the department, or as otherwise directed by the department, and must be filed by the last day of the month immediately following the end of the calendar quarter. The information required in sub-subsubparagraphs a.(X) and (XI) need be provided only in the quarter in which the contract to which it relates was entered into or terminated. The sum of the employment data and the sum of the wage data in this report must match the employment and wages reported in the reemployment assistance unemployment compensation quarterly tax and wage report. A report is not required for any calendar quarter preceding the third calendar quarter of 2010.

- c. The department shall adopt rules as necessary to administer this subparagraph, and may administer, collect, enforce, and waive the penalty imposed by s. 443.141(1)(b) for the report required by this subparagraph.
- d. For the purposes of this subparagraph, the term "establishment" means any location where business is conducted or where services or industrial operations are performed.
- 3. An individual other than an individual who is an employee under subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2., who performs services for remuneration for any person:
  - a. As an agent-driver or commission-driver engaged in

Page 25 of 122

distributing meat products, vegetable products, fruit products, bakery products, beverages other than milk, or laundry or drycleaning services for his or her principal.

- b. As a traveling or city salesperson engaged on a fulltime basis in the solicitation on behalf of, and the
  transmission to, his or her principal of orders from
  wholesalers, retailers, contractors, or operators of hotels,
  restaurants, or other similar establishments for merchandise for
  resale or supplies for use in their business operations. This
  sub-subparagraph does not apply to an agent-driver or a
  commission-driver and does not apply to sideline sales
  activities performed on behalf of a person other than the
  salesperson's principal.
- 4. The services described in subparagraph 3. are employment subject to this chapter only if:
- a. The contract of service contemplates that substantially all of the services are to be performed personally by the individual;
- b. The individual does not have a substantial investment in facilities used in connection with the services, other than facilities used for transportation; and
- c. The services are not in the nature of a single transaction that is not part of a continuing relationship with the person for whom the services are performed.
- (d) If two or more related corporations concurrently employ the same individual and compensate the individual through a common paymaster, each related corporation is considered to have paid wages to the individual only in the amounts actually

Page 26 of 122

disbursed by that corporation to the individual and is not considered to have paid the wages actually disbursed to the individual by another of the related corporations. The department and the state agency providing <a href="reemployment">reemployment</a> assistance <a href="unemployment">unemployment</a> tax collection services may adopt rules necessary to administer this paragraph.

- 1. As used in this paragraph, the term "common paymaster" means a member of a group of related corporations that disburses wages to concurrent employees on behalf of the related corporations and that is responsible for keeping payroll records for those concurrent employees. A common paymaster is not required to disburse wages to all the employees of the related corporations; however, this subparagraph does not apply to wages of concurrent employees which are not disbursed through a common paymaster. A common paymaster must pay concurrently employed individuals under this subparagraph by one combined paycheck.
- 2. As used in this paragraph, the term "concurrent employment" means the existence of simultaneous employment relationships between an individual and related corporations. Those relationships require the performance of services by the employee for the benefit of the related corporations, including the common paymaster, in exchange for wages that, if deductible for the purposes of federal income tax, are deductible by the related corporations.
- 3. Corporations are considered related corporations for an entire calendar quarter if they satisfy any one of the following tests at any time during the calendar quarter:
  - a. The corporations are members of a "controlled group of

Page 27 of 122

corporations" as defined in s. 1563 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 or would be members if s. 1563(a)(4) and (b) did not apply.

- b. In the case of a corporation that does not issue stock, at least 50 percent of the members of the board of directors or other governing body of one corporation are members of the board of directors or other governing body of the other corporation or the holders of at least 50 percent of the voting power to select those members are concurrently the holders of at least 50 percent of the voting power to select those members of the other corporation.
- c. At least 50 percent of the officers of one corporation are concurrently officers of the other corporation.
- d. At least 30 percent of the employees of one corporation are concurrently employees of the other corporation.
- 4. The common paymaster must report to the tax collection service provider, as part of the reemployment assistance unemployment compensation quarterly tax and wage report, the state reemployment assistance unemployment compensation account number and name of each related corporation for which concurrent employees are being reported. Failure to timely report this information shall result in the related corporations being denied common paymaster status for that calendar quarter.
- 5. The common paymaster also has the primary responsibility for remitting contributions due under this chapter for the wages it disburses as the common paymaster. The common paymaster must compute these contributions as though it were the sole employer of the concurrently employed individuals.

Page 28 of 122

If a common paymaster fails to timely remit these contributions or reports, in whole or in part, the common paymaster remains liable for the full amount of the unpaid portion of these contributions. In addition, each of the other related corporations using the common paymaster is jointly and severally liable for its appropriate share of these contributions. Each related corporation's share equals the greater of:

a. The liability of the common paymaster under this chapter, after taking into account any contributions made.

- b. The liability under this chapter which, notwithstanding this section, would have existed for the wages from the other related corporations, reduced by an allocable portion of any contributions previously paid by the common paymaster for those wages.
- (8) Services not covered under paragraph (7) (b) which are performed entirely outside of this state, and for which contributions are not required or paid under a reemployment assistance or an unemployment compensation law of any other state or of the Federal Government, are deemed to be employment subject to this chapter if the individual performing the services is a resident of this state and the tax collection service provider approves the election of the employing unit for whom the services are performed, electing that the entire service of the individual is deemed to be employment subject to this chapter.
- (12) The employment subject to this chapter includes services covered by a reciprocal arrangement under s. 443.221 between the Department of Economic Opportunity or its tax

Page 29 of 122

collection service provider and the agency charged with the administration of another state reemployment assistance or unemployment compensation law or a federal reemployment assistance or unemployment compensation law, under which all services performed by an individual for an employing unit are deemed to be performed entirely within this state, if the department or its tax collection service provider approved an election of the employing unit in which all of the services performed by the individual during the period covered by the election are deemed to be insured work.

- (13) The following are exempt from coverage under this chapter:
- (f) Service performed in the employ of a public employer as defined in s. 443.036, except as provided in subsection (2), and service performed in the employ of an instrumentality of a public employer as described in s.  $\underline{443.036(36)(b)}$  or (c)  $\underline{443.036(35)(b)}$  or (c), to the extent that the instrumentality is immune under the United States Constitution from the tax imposed by s. 3301 of the Internal Revenue Code for that service.
- (h) Service for which reemployment assistance unemployment compensation is payable under a reemployment assistance or an unemployment compensation system established by the United States Congress, of which this chapter is not a part.
- (p) Service covered by an arrangement between the Department of Economic Opportunity, or its tax collection service provider, and the agency charged with the administration of another state or federal reemployment assistance or unemployment compensation law under which all services performed

Page 30 of 122

by an individual for an employing unit during the period covered by the employing unit's duly approved election is deemed to be performed entirely within the other agency's state or under the federal law.

Section 13. Paragraph (a) and (f) of subsection (3) of section 443.131, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

443.131 Contributions.—

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- (3) VARIATION OF CONTRIBUTION RATES BASED ON BENEFIT EXPERIENCE.—
- Employment records.—The regular and short-time (a) compensation benefits paid to an eligible individual shall be charged to the employment record of each employer who paid the individual wages of at least \$100 during the individual's base period in proportion to the total wages paid by all employers who paid the individual wages during the individual's base period. Benefits may not be charged to the employment record of an employer who furnishes part-time work to an individual who, because of loss of employment with one or more other employers, is eligible for partial benefits while being furnished part-time work by the employer on substantially the same basis and in substantially the same amount as the individual's employment during his or her base period, regardless of whether this parttime work is simultaneous or successive to the individual's lost employment. Further, as provided in s. 443.151(3), benefits may not be charged to the employment record of an employer who furnishes the Department of Economic Opportunity with notice, as prescribed in rules of the department, that any of the following apply:

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1. If an individual leaves his or her work without good cause attributable to the employer or is discharged by the employer for misconduct connected with his or her work, benefits subsequently paid to the individual based on wages paid by the employer before the separation may not be charged to the employment record of the employer.

- If an individual is discharged by the employer for unsatisfactory performance during an initial employment probationary period, benefits subsequently paid to the individual based on wages paid during the probationary period by the employer before the separation may not be charged to the employer's employment record. As used in this subparagraph, the term "initial employment probationary period" means an established probationary plan that applies to all employees or a specific group of employees and that does not exceed 90 calendar days following the first day a new employee begins work. The employee must be informed of the probationary period within the first 7 days of work. The employer must demonstrate by conclusive evidence that the individual was separated because of unsatisfactory work performance and not because of lack of work due to temporary, seasonal, casual, or other similar employment that is not of a regular, permanent, and year-round nature.
- 3. Benefits subsequently paid to an individual after his or her refusal without good cause to accept suitable work from an employer may not be charged to the employment record of the employer if any part of those benefits are based on wages paid by the employer before the individual's refusal to accept suitable work. As used in this subparagraph, the term "good"

Page 32 of 122

cause" does not include distance to employment caused by a change of residence by the individual. The department shall adopt rules prescribing for the payment of all benefits whether this subparagraph applies regardless of whether a disqualification under s. 443.101 applies to the claim.

- 4. If an individual is separated from work as a direct result of a natural disaster declared under the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act, 42 U.S.C. ss. 5121 et seq., benefits subsequently paid to the individual based on wages paid by the employer before the separation may not be charged to the employment record of the employer.
- 5. If an individual is separated from work as a direct result of an oil spill, terrorist attack, or other similar disaster of national significance not subject to a declaration under the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act, benefits subsequently paid to the individual based on wages paid by the employer before the separation may not be charged to the employment record of the employer.
  - (f) Transfer of employment records.-
- 1. For the purposes of this subsection, two or more employers who are parties to a transfer of business or the subject of a merger, consolidation, or other form of reorganization, effecting a change in legal identity or form, are deemed a single employer and are considered to be one employer with a continuous employment record if the tax collection service provider finds that the successor employer continues to carry on the employing enterprises of all of the predecessor employers and that the successor employer has paid

Page 33 of 122

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all contributions required of and due from all of the predecessor employers and has assumed liability for all contributions that may become due from all of the predecessor employers. In addition, an employer may not be considered a successor under this subparagraph if the employer purchases a company with a lower rate into which employees with job functions unrelated to the business endeavors of the predecessor are transferred for the purpose of acquiring the low rate and avoiding payment of contributions. As used in this paragraph, notwithstanding s. 443.036(14), the term "contributions" means all indebtedness to the tax collection service provider, including, but not limited to, interest, penalty, collection fee, and service fee. A successor employer must accept the transfer of all of the predecessor employers' employment records within 30 days after the date of the official notification of liability by succession. If a predecessor employer has unpaid contributions or outstanding quarterly reports, the successor employer must pay the total amount with certified funds within 30 days after the date of the notice listing the total amount due. After the total indebtedness is paid, the tax collection service provider shall transfer the employment records of all of the predecessor employers to the successor employer's employment record. The tax collection service provider shall determine the contribution rate of the combined successor and predecessor employers upon the transfer of the employment records, as prescribed by rule, in order to calculate any change in the contribution rate resulting from the transfer of the employment records.

Page 34 of 122

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2. Regardless of whether a predecessor employer's employment record is transferred to a successor employer under this paragraph, the tax collection service provider shall treat the predecessor employer, if he or she subsequently employs individuals, as an employer without a previous employment record or, if his or her coverage is terminated under s. 443.121, as a new employing unit.

The state agency providing reemployment assistance unemployment tax collection services may adopt rules governing the partial transfer of experience rating when an employer transfers an identifiable and segregable portion of his or her payrolls and business to a successor employing unit. As a condition of each partial transfer, these rules must require the following to be filed with the tax collection service provider: an application by the successor employing unit, an agreement by the predecessor employer, and the evidence required by the tax collection service provider to show the benefit experience and payrolls attributable to the transferred portion through the date of the transfer. These rules must provide that the successor employing unit, if not an employer subject to this chapter, becomes an employer as of the date of the transfer and that the transferred portion of the predecessor employer's employment record is removed from the employment record of the predecessor employer. For each calendar year after the date of the transfer of the employment record in the records of the tax collection service provider, the service provider shall compute the contribution rate payable by the successor employer or employing unit based on his or her employment record, combined

with the transferred portion of the predecessor employer's employment record. These rules may also prescribe what contribution rates are payable by the predecessor and successor employers for the period between the date of the transfer of the transferred portion of the predecessor employer's employment record in the records of the tax collection service provider and the first day of the next calendar year.

- 4. This paragraph does not apply to an employee leasing company and client contractual agreement as defined in s. 443.036. The tax collection service provider shall, if the contractual agreement is terminated or the employee leasing company fails to submit reports or pay contributions as required by the service provider, treat the client as a new employer without previous employment record unless the client is otherwise eligible for a variation from the standard rate.
- Section 14. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2) of section 443.1312, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 443.1312 Reimbursements; nonprofit organizations.—Benefits paid to employees of nonprofit organizations shall be financed in accordance with this section.
- (2) LIABILITY FOR CONTRIBUTIONS AND ELECTION OF REIMBURSEMENT.—A nonprofit organization that is, or becomes, subject to this chapter under s. 443.1215(1)(c) or s. 443.121(3)(a) must pay contributions under s. 443.131 unless it elects, in accordance with this subsection, to reimburse the Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund for all of the regular benefits, short-time compensation benefits, and one-half of the extended benefits paid, which are attributable to service in the

Page 36 of 122

employ of the nonprofit organization, to individuals for weeks of unemployment which begin during the effective period of the election.

- (d) In accordance with rules adopted by the Department of Economic Opportunity or the state agency providing reemployment assistance unemployment tax collection services, the tax collection service provider shall notify each nonprofit organization of any determination of the organization's status as an employer, the effective date of any election the organization makes, and the effective date of any termination of the election. Each determination is subject to reconsideration, appeal, and review under s. 443.141(2)(c).
- Section 15. Subsection (3) and paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 443.1313, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 443.1313 Public employers; reimbursements; election to pay contributions.—Benefits paid to employees of a public employer, as defined in s. 443.036, based on service described in s. 443.1216(2) shall be financed in accordance with this section.
- (3) CHANGE OF ELECTION.—Upon electing to be a reimbursing or contributing employer under this section, a public employer may not change this election for at least 2 calendar years. This subsection does not prevent a public employer subject to this subsection from changing its election after completing 2 calendar years under another financing method if the new election is timely filed. The state agency providing reemployment assistance unemployment tax collection services may adopt rules prescribing procedures for changing methods of reporting.

(4) PUBLIC EMPLOYERS <u>REEMPLOYMENT ASSISTANCE</u> <u>UNEMPLOYMENT</u>

COMPENSATION BENEFIT ACCOUNT.—

- (a) There is established within the Unemployment
  Compensation Trust Fund a Public Employers Reemployment
  Assistance Unemployment Compensation Benefit Account, which must be maintained as a separate account within the trust fund. All benefits paid to the employees of a public employer that elects to become a contributing employer under paragraph (b) must be charged to the Public Employers Unemployment Compensation Benefit Account.
- Section 16. Subsection (7) of section 443.1315, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 443.1315 Treatment of Indian tribes.

- (7) The Department of Economic Opportunity and the state agency providing reemployment assistance unemployment tax collection services shall adopt rules necessary to administer this section.
- Section 17. Section 443.1316, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 443.1316 Reemployment assistance Unemployment tax collection services; interagency agreement.—
- (1) The Department of Economic Opportunity shall contract with the Department of Revenue, through an interagency agreement, to perform the duties of the tax collection service provider and provide other <a href="reemployment assistance unemployment">reemployment assistance unemployment</a> tax collection services under this chapter. Under the interagency agreement, the tax collection service provider may only implement:

Page 38 of 122

(a) The provisions of this chapter conferring duties upon the tax collection service provider.

(b) The provisions of law conferring duties upon the department which are specifically delegated to the tax collection service provider in the interagency agreement.

- (2) (a) The Department of Revenue is considered to be administering a revenue law of this state when the department implements this chapter, or otherwise provides <u>reemployment</u> assistance <u>unemployment</u> tax collection services, under contract with the department through the interagency agreement.
- (b) Sections 213.015(1)-(3), (5)-(7), (9)-(19), and (21); 213.018; 213.025; 213.051; 213.053; 213.0532; 213.0535; 213.055; 213.071; 213.10; 213.21(4); 213.2201; 213.23; 213.24; 213.25; 213.27; 213.28; 213.285; 213.34(1), (3), and (4); 213.37; 213.50; 213.67; 213.69; 213.692; 213.73; 213.733; 213.74; and 213.757 apply to the collection of reemployment assistance unemployment contributions and reimbursements by the Department of Revenue unless prohibited by federal law.
- Section 18. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and subsections (2) and (3) of section 443.1317, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
  - 443.1317 Rulemaking authority; enforcement of rules.-
  - (1) DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY.-
- (a) Except as otherwise provided in s. 443.012, the Department of Economic Opportunity has ultimate authority over the administration of the Reemployment Assistance Unemployment Compensation Program.
  - (2) TAX COLLECTION SERVICE PROVIDER.—The state agency

Page 39 of 122

providing reemployment assistance unemployment tax collection services under contract with the Department of Economic Opportunity through an interagency agreement pursuant to s. 443.1316 may adopt rules under ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54, subject to approval by the department, to administer the provisions of law described in s. 443.1316(1)(a) and (b) which are within this chapter. These rules must not conflict with the rules adopted by the department or with the interagency agreement.

- (3) ENFORCEMENT OF RULES.—The Department of Economic Opportunity may enforce any rule adopted by the state agency providing reemployment assistance unemployment tax collection services to administer this chapter. The tax collection service provider may enforce any rule adopted by the department to administer the provisions of law described in s. 443.1316(1)(a) and (b).
- Section 19. Paragraphs (b) and (g) of subsection (1), paragraph (c) of subsection (2), and paragraphs (c) and (e) of subsection (4) of section 443.141, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 443.141 Collection of contributions and reimbursements.-
- 1113 (1) PAST DUE CONTRIBUTIONS AND REIMBURSEMENTS; DELINQUENT,
  1114 ERRONEOUS, INCOMPLETE, OR INSUFFICIENT REPORTS.—
  - (b) Penalty for delinquent, erroneous, incomplete, or insufficient reports.—
  - 1. An employing unit that fails to file any report required by the Department of Economic Opportunity or its tax collection service provider, in accordance with rules for

Page 40 of 122

administering this chapter, shall pay to the service provider for each delinquent report the sum of \$25 for each 30 days or fraction thereof that the employing unit is delinquent, unless the <u>department</u> agency or its service provider, whichever required the report, finds that the employing unit has good reason for failing to file the report. The department or its service provider may assess penalties only through the date of the issuance of the final assessment notice. However, additional penalties accrue if the delinquent report is subsequently filed.

- 2.a. An employing unit that files an erroneous, incomplete, or insufficient report with the department or its tax collection service provider shall pay a penalty. The amount of the penalty is \$50 or 10 percent of any tax due, whichever is greater, but no more than \$300 per report. The penalty shall be added to any tax, penalty, or interest otherwise due.
- b. The department or its tax collection service provider shall waive the penalty if the employing unit files an accurate, complete, and sufficient report within 30 days after a penalty notice is issued to the employing unit. The penalty may not be waived pursuant to this subparagraph more than one time during a 12-month period.
- c. As used in this subsection, the term "erroneous, incomplete, or insufficient report" means a report so lacking in information, completeness, or arrangement that the report cannot be readily understood, verified, or reviewed. Such reports include, but are not limited to, reports having missing wage or employee information, missing or incorrect social security numbers, or illegible entries; reports submitted in a format

Page 41 of 122

that is not approved by the department or its tax collection service provider; and reports showing gross wages that do not equal the total of the wages of each employee. However, the term does not include a report that merely contains inaccurate data that was supplied to the employer by the employee, if the employer was unaware of the inaccuracy.

- 3. Penalties imposed pursuant to this paragraph shall be deposited in the Special Employment Security Administration Trust Fund.
- 4. The penalty and interest for a delinquent, erroneous, incomplete, or insufficient report may be waived if the penalty or interest is inequitable. The provisions of s. 213.24(1) apply to any penalty or interest that is imposed under this section.
- (g) Adoption of rules.—The department and the state agency providing reemployment assistance unemployment tax collection services may adopt rules to administer this subsection.
  - (2) REPORTS, CONTRIBUTIONS, APPEALS.-
- c) Appeals.—The department and the state agency providing reemployment assistance unemployment tax collection services shall adopt rules prescribing the procedures for an employing unit determined to be an employer to file an appeal and be afforded an opportunity for a hearing on the determination. Pending a hearing, the employing unit must file reports and pay contributions in accordance with s. 443.131.
- (4) MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS FOR COLLECTION OF CONTRIBUTIONS AND REIMBURSEMENTS.—
- (c) Any agent or employee designated by the Department of Economic Opportunity or its tax collection service provider may

Page 42 of 122

administer an oath to any person for any return or report required by this chapter or by the rules of the department or the state agency providing reemployment assistance unemployment tax collection services, and an oath made before the department or its service provider or any authorized agent or employee has the same effect as an oath made before any judicial officer or notary public of the state.

- (e) The tax collection service provider may commence an action in any other state to collect <u>reemployment assistance</u> unemployment compensation contributions, reimbursements, penalties, and interest legally due this state. The officials of other states that extend a like comity to this state may sue for the collection of contributions, reimbursements, interest, and penalties in the courts of this state. The courts of this state shall recognize and enforce liability for contributions, reimbursements, interest, and penalties imposed by other states that extend a like comity to this state.
- Section 20. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1), paragraph (b) of subsection (2), paragraph (c) of subsection (3), and paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (6) of section 443.151, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
  - 443.151 Procedure concerning claims.
  - (1) POSTING OF INFORMATION.—

- (b) 1. The department shall advise each individual filing a new claim for reemployment assistance unemployment compensation, at the time of filing the claim, that:
- 1202 a. Reemployment assistance unemployment compensation is
  1203 subject to federal income tax.

Page 43 of 122

b. Requirements exist pertaining to estimated tax payments.

- c. The individual may elect to have federal income tax deducted and withheld from the individual's payment of <a href="mailto:reemployment assistance">reemployment assistance</a> unemployment compensation at the amount specified in the federal Internal Revenue Code.
- d. The individual is not permitted to change a previously elected withholding status more than twice per calendar year.
- 2. Amounts deducted and withheld from <a href="reemployment">reemployment</a>
  <a href="mailto:assistance">assistance</a> unemployment compensation must remain in the
  Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund until transferred to the federal taxing authority as payment of income tax.
- 3. The department shall follow all procedures specified by the United States Department of Labor and the federal Internal Revenue Service pertaining to the deducting and withholding of income tax.
- 4. If more than one authorized request for deduction and withholding is made, amounts must be deducted and withheld in accordance with the following priorities:
- a. Reemployment assistance Unemployment overpayments have first priority;
  - b. Child support payments have second priority; and
  - c. Withholding under this subsection has third priority.
- (2) FILING OF CLAIM INVESTIGATIONS; NOTIFICATION OF CLAIMANTS AND EMPLOYERS.—
- (b) Process.—When the Reemployment Assistance Unemployment Compensation Claims and Benefits Information System described in s. 443.1113 is fully operational, the process for filing claims

Page 44 of 122

must incorporate the process for registering for work with the workforce information systems established pursuant to s. 445.011. A claim for benefits may not be processed until the work registration requirement is satisfied. The department may adopt rules as necessary to administer the work registration requirement set forth in this paragraph.

(3) DETERMINATION OF ELIGIBILITY.-

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Nonmonetary determinations. - If the department receives information that may result in a denial of benefits, the department must complete an investigation of the claim required by subsection (2) and provide notice of a nonmonetary determination to the claimant and the employer from whom the claimant's reason for separation affects his or her entitlement to benefits. The determination must state the reason for the determination and whether the reemployment assistance unemployment tax account of the contributing employer is charged for benefits paid on the claim. The nonmonetary determination is final unless within 20 days after the mailing of the notices to the parties' last known addresses, or in lieu of mailing, within 20 days after the delivery of the notices, an appeal or written request for reconsideration is filed by the claimant or other party entitled to notice. The department may adopt rules as necessary to implement the processes described in this paragraph relating to notices of nonmonetary determination and the appeals or reconsideration requests filed in response to such notices, and may adopt rules prescribing the manner and procedure by which employers within the base period of a claimant become entitled to notice of nonmonetary determination.

Page 45 of 122

(6) RECOVERY AND RECOUPMENT.-

- (a) Any person who, by reason of her or his fraud, receives benefits under this chapter to which she or he is not entitled is liable for repaying those benefits to the Department of Economic Opportunity on behalf of the trust fund or, in the discretion of the department, to have those benefits deducted from future benefits payable to her or him under this chapter. To enforce this paragraph, the department must find the existence of fraud through a redetermination or decision under this section within 2 years after the fraud was committed. Any recovery or recoupment of benefits must be commenced effected within 7 5 years after the redetermination or decision.
- (b) Any person who, by reason other than her or his fraud, receives benefits under this chapter to which, under a redetermination or decision pursuant to this section, she or he is not entitled, is liable for repaying those benefits to the department on behalf of the trust fund or, in the discretion of the department, to have those benefits deducted from any future benefits payable to her or him under this chapter. Any recovery or recoupment of benefits must be  $\underline{\text{commenced}}$   $\underline{\text{effected}}$  within  $\underline{7}$   $\underline{3}$  years after the redetermination or decision.
- Section 21. Subsection (1) and paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of section 443.163, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 443.163 Electronic reporting and remitting of contributions and reimbursements.—
- (1) An employer may file any report and remit any contributions or reimbursements required under this chapter by electronic means. The Department of Economic Opportunity or the

Page 46 of 122

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state agency providing reemployment assistance unemployment tax collection services shall adopt rules prescribing the format and instructions necessary for electronically filing reports and remitting contributions and reimbursements to ensure a full collection of contributions and reimbursements due. The acceptable method of transfer, the method, form, and content of the electronic means, and the method, if any, by which the employer will be provided with an acknowledgment shall be prescribed by the department or its tax collection service provider. However, any employer who employed 10 or more employees in any quarter during the preceding state fiscal year must file the Employers Quarterly Reports (UCT-6) for the current calendar year and remit the contributions and reimbursements due by electronic means approved by the tax collection service provider. A person who prepared and reported for 100 or more employers in any quarter during the preceding state fiscal year must file the Employers Quarterly Reports (UCT-6) for each calendar quarter in the current calendar year, beginning with reports due for the second calendar quarter of 2003, by electronic means approved by the tax collection service provider.

- (3) The tax collection service provider may waive the requirement to file an Employers Quarterly Report (UCT-6) by electronic means for employers that are unable to comply despite good faith efforts or due to circumstances beyond the employer's reasonable control.
- (c) The department or the state agency providing reemployment assistance unemployment tax collection services may

Page 47 of 122

establish by rule the length of time a waiver is valid and may determine whether subsequent waivers will be authorized, based on this subsection.

- Section 22. Subsections (2) and (5) and paragraphs (a) and (c) of subsection (9) of section 443.171, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 443.171 Department of Economic Opportunity and commission; powers and duties; records and reports; proceedings; state-federal cooperation.—
- (2) PUBLICATION OF ACTS AND RULES.—The Department of Economic Opportunity shall cause to be printed and distributed to the public, or otherwise distributed to the public through the Internet or similar electronic means, the text of this chapter and of the rules for administering this chapter adopted by the department or the state agency providing reemployment assistance unemployment tax collection services and any other matter relevant and suitable. The department shall furnish this information to any person upon request. However, any pamphlet, rules, circulars, or reports required by this chapter may not contain any matter except the actual data necessary to complete them or the actual language of the rule, together with the proper notices.
- (5) RECORDS AND REPORTS.—Each employing unit shall keep true and accurate work records, containing the information required by the Department of Economic Opportunity or its tax collection service provider. These records must be open to inspection and are subject to being copied by the department or its tax collection service provider at any reasonable time and

Page 48 of 122

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as often as necessary. The department or its tax collection service provider may require from any employing unit any sworn or unsworn reports, for persons employed by the employing unit, necessary for the effective administration of this chapter. However, a state or local governmental agency performing intelligence or counterintelligence functions need not report an employee if the head of that agency determines that reporting the employee could endanger the safety of the employee or compromise an ongoing investigation or intelligence mission. Information revealing the employing unit's or individual's identity obtained from the employing unit or from any individual through the administration of this chapter, is, except to the extent necessary for the proper presentation of a claim or upon written authorization of the claimant who has a workers' compensation claim pending, confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1). This confidential information is available only to public employees in the performance of their public duties. Any claimant, or the claimant's legal representative, at a hearing before an appeals referee or the commission must be supplied with information from these records to the extent necessary for the proper presentation of her or his claim. Any employee or member of the commission, any employee of the department or its tax collection service provider, or any other person receiving confidential information who violates this subsection commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. However, the department or its tax collection service provider may furnish to any employer copies any report previously submitted by that employer, upon the

Page 49 of 122

request of the employer. The department or its tax collection service provider may charge a reasonable fee for copies of reports, which may not exceed the actual reasonable cost of the preparation of the copies as prescribed by rules adopted by the department or the state agency providing tax collection services. Fees received by the department or its tax collection service provider for copies furnished under this subsection must be deposited in the Employment Security Administration Trust Fund.

(9) STATE-FEDERAL COOPERATION.-

- (a)1. In the administration of this chapter, the Department of Economic Opportunity and its tax collection service provider shall cooperate with the United States Department of Labor to the fullest extent consistent with this chapter and shall take those actions, through the adoption of appropriate rules, administrative methods, and standards, necessary to secure for this state all advantages available under the provisions of federal law relating to reemployment assistance unemployment compensation.
- 2. In the administration of the provisions in s. 443.1115, which are enacted to conform with the Federal-State Extended Unemployment Compensation Act of 1970, the department shall take those actions necessary to ensure that those provisions are interpreted and applied to meet the requirements of the federal act as interpreted by the United States Department of Labor and to secure for this state the full reimbursement of the federal share of extended benefits paid under this chapter which is reimbursable under the federal act.

Page 50 of 122

3. The department and its tax collection service provider shall comply with the regulations of the United States

Department of Labor relating to the receipt or expenditure by this state of funds granted under federal law; shall submit the reports in the form and containing the information the United States Department of Labor requires; and shall comply with directions of the United States Department of Labor necessary to assure the correctness and verification of these reports.

- (c) The department and its tax collection service provider shall cooperate with the agencies of other states, and shall make every proper effort within their means, to oppose and prevent any further action leading to the complete or substantial federalization of state reemployment assistance unemployment compensation funds or state employment security programs. The department and its tax collection service provider may make, and may cooperate with other appropriate agencies in making, studies as to the practicability and probable cost of possible new state-administered social security programs and the relative desirability of state, rather than federal, action in that field of study.
- Section 23. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 443.1715, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
  - 443.1715 Disclosure of information; confidentiality.-
- (1) RECORDS AND REPORTS.—Information revealing an employing unit's or individual's identity obtained from the employing unit or any individual under the administration of this chapter, and any determination revealing that information, except to the extent necessary for the proper presentation of a

Page 51 of 122

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claim or upon written authorization of the claimant who has a workers' compensation claim pending or is receiving compensation benefits, is confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. This confidential information may be released in accordance with the provisions in 20 C.F.R. part 603 only to public employees in the performance of their public duties. Except as otherwise provided by law, public employees receiving this confidential information must maintain the confidentiality of the information. Any claimant, or the claimant's legal representative, at a hearing before an appeals referee or the commission is entitled to information from these records to the extent necessary for the proper presentation of her or his claim. A person receiving confidential information who violates this subsection commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. The Department of Economic Opportunity or its tax collection service provider may, however, furnish to any employer copies of any report submitted by that employer upon the request of the employer and may furnish to any claimant copies of any report submitted by that claimant upon the request of the claimant. The department or its tax collection service provider may charge a reasonable fee for copies of these reports as prescribed by rule, which may not exceed the actual reasonable cost of the preparation of the copies. Fees received for copies under this subsection must be deposited in the Employment Security Administration Trust Fund.

(2) DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION. -

(a) Subject to restrictions the Department of Economic

Page 52 of 122

1456 Opportunity or the state agency providing reemployment 1457 assistance unemployment tax collection services adopts by rule, information declared confidential under this section is 1458 1459 available to any agency of this or any other state, or any 1460 federal agency, charged with the administration of any 1461 reemployment assistance or unemployment compensation law or the 1462 maintenance of the one-stop delivery system, or the Bureau of 1463 Internal Revenue of the United States Department of the 1464 Treasury, or the Florida Department of Revenue. Information 1465 obtained in connection with the administration of the one-stop 1466 delivery system may be made available to persons or agencies for 1467 purposes appropriate to the operation of a public employment 1468 service or a job-preparatory or career education or training program. The department shall, on a quarterly basis, furnish the 1469 1470 National Directory of New Hires with information concerning the 1471 wages and reemployment assistance unemployment benefits paid to 1472 individuals, by the dates, in the format, and containing the 1473 information specified in the regulations of the United States 1474 Secretary of Health and Human Services. Upon request, the 1475 department shall furnish any agency of the United States charged 1476 with the administration of public works or assistance through 1477 public employment, and may furnish to any state agency similarly 1478 charged, the name, address, ordinary occupation, and employment status of each recipient of benefits and the recipient's rights 1479 1480 to further benefits under this chapter. Except as otherwise 1481 provided by law, the receiving agency must retain the confidentiality of this information as provided in this section. 1482 1483 The tax collection service provider may request the Comptroller

Page 53 of 122

of the Currency of the United States to examine the correctness of any return or report of any national banking association rendered under this chapter and may in connection with that request transmit any report or return for examination to the Comptroller of the Currency of the United States as provided in s. 3305(c) of the federal Internal Revenue Code.

- (b) The employer or the employer's workers' compensation carrier against whom a claim for benefits under chapter 440 has been made, or a representative of either, may request from the department records of wages of the employee reported to the department by any employer for the quarter that includes the date of the accident that is the subject of such claim and for subsequent quarters.
- 1. The request must be made with the authorization or consent of the employee or any employer who paid wages to the employee after the date of the accident.
- 2. The employer or carrier shall make the request on a form prescribed by rule for such purpose by the <u>department</u> agency. Such form shall contain a certification by the requesting party that it is a party entitled to the information requested.
- 3. The department shall provide the most current information readily available within 15 days after receiving the request.
- Section 24. Subsections (1), (4), (5), (6), and (7) and paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 443.17161, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
  - 443.17161 Authorized electronic access to employer

Page 54 of 122

information.-

(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, the <u>Department of Economic Opportunity Agency for Workforce</u>

The <u>This is a contract with one or more consumer reporting agencies to provide users with secured electronic access to employer-provided information relating to the quarterly wages report submitted in accordance with the state's <u>reemployment assistance unemployment compensation</u> law. The access is limited to the wage reports for the appropriate amount of time for the purpose the information is requested.</u>

- (2) Users must obtain consent in writing or by electronic signature from an applicant for credit, employment, or other permitted purposes. Any written or electronic signature consent from an applicant must be signed and must include the following:
- (c) Notice that the files of the <u>Department of Economic</u>

  <u>Opportunity Agency for Workforce Innovation</u> or its tax

  collection service provider containing information concerning wage and employment history which is submitted by the applicant or his or her employers may be accessed; and
- (4) If a consumer reporting agency or user violates this section, the <u>Department of Economic Opportunity</u> Agency for Workforce Innovation shall, upon 30 days' written notice to the consumer reporting agency, terminate the contract established between the <u>department</u> Agency for Workforce Innovation and the consumer reporting agency or require the consumer reporting agency to terminate the contract established between the consumer reporting agency and the user under this section.
  - (5) The Department of Economic Opportunity Agency for

Page 55 of 122

Workforce Innovation shall establish minimum audit, security, net worth, and liability insurance standards, technical requirements, and any other terms and conditions considered necessary in the discretion of the state agency to safeguard the confidentiality of the information released under this section and to otherwise serve the public interest. The <a href="mailto:department">department</a>
Agency for Workforce Innovation shall also include, in coordination with any necessary state agencies, necessary audit procedures to ensure that these rules are followed.

- agencies under this section, any revenues generated by the contract must be used to pay the entire cost of providing access to the information. Further, in accordance with federal regulations, any additional revenues generated by the <u>Department of Economic Opportunity Agency for Workforce Innovation</u> or the state under this section must be paid into the Administrative Trust Fund of the <u>department Agency for Workforce Innovation</u> for the administration of the unemployment compensation system or be used as program income.
- Workforce Innovation may not provide wage and employment history information to any consumer reporting agency before the consumer reporting agency or agencies under contract with the department Agency for Workforce Innovation pay all development and other startup costs incurred by the state in connection with the design, installation, and administration of technological systems and procedures for the electronic access program.

  Section 25. Subsection (2) of section 443.181, Florida

Page 56 of 122

Statutes, is amended to read:

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- 443.181 Public employment service.
- 1570 (2) All funds received by this state under 29 U.S.C. ss.
- 1571 49-491-1 must be paid into the Employment Security
- 1572 Administration Trust Fund, and these funds are available to the
- 1573 Department of Economic Opportunity for expenditure as provided
- 1574 by this chapter or by federal law. For the purpose of
- 1575 establishing and maintaining one-stop career centers, the
- 1576 department may enter into agreements with the Railroad
- 1577 Retirement Board or any other agency of the United States
- 1578 charged with the administration of a reemployment assistance or
- 1579 an unemployment compensation law, with any political subdivision
- 1580 of this state, or with any private, nonprofit organization. As a
- 1581 part of any such agreement, the department may accept moneys,
- 1582 services, or quarters as a contribution to the Employment
- 1583 Security Administration Trust Fund.
- Section 26. Subsection (6) of section 443.191, Florida
- 1585 Statutes, is amended to read:
- 1586 443.191 Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund;
- 1587 establishment and control.
- 1588 (6) TRUST FUND SOLE SOURCE FOR BENEFITS.—The Unemployment
- 1589 Compensation Trust Fund is the sole and exclusive source for
- 1590 paying reemployment assistance unemployment benefits, and these
- 1591 benefits are due and payable only to the extent that
- 1592 contributions or reimbursements, with increments thereon,
- 1593 actually collected and credited to the fund and not otherwise
- 1594 appropriated or allocated, are available for payment. The state
- 1595 shall administer the fund without any liability on the part of

Page 57 of 122

the state beyond the amount of moneys received from the United States Department of Labor or other federal agency.

Section 27. Paragraphs (b), (c), and (d) of subsection (1) and subsections (3) and (4) of section 443.221, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

443.221 Reciprocal arrangements.-

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- (b) For services to be considered as performed within a state under a reciprocal agreement, the employing unit must have an election in effect for those services, which is approved by the agency charged with the administration of such state's reemployment assistance or unemployment compensation law, under which all the services performed by the individual for the employing unit are deemed to be performed entirely within that state.
- (c) The department shall participate in any arrangements for the payment of compensation on the basis of combining an individual's wages and employment covered under this chapter with her or his wages and employment covered under the reemployment assistance or unemployment compensation laws of other states, which are approved by the United States Secretary of Labor, in consultation with the state reemployment assistance or unemployment compensation agencies, as reasonably calculated to assure the prompt and full payment of compensation in those situations and which include provisions for:
- 1. Applying the base period of a single state law to a claim involving the combining of an individual's wages and employment covered under two or more state <u>reemployment</u>

Page 58 of 122

assistance or unemployment compensation laws; and

- 2. Avoiding the duplicate use of wages and employment because of the combination.
- (d) Contributions or reimbursements due under this chapter with respect to wages for insured work are, for the purposes of ss. 443.131, 443.1312, 443.1313, and 443.141, deemed to be paid to the fund as of the date payment was made as contributions or reimbursements therefor under another state or federal reemployment assistance or unemployment compensation law, but an arrangement may not be entered into unless it contains provisions for reimbursement to the fund of the contributions or reimbursements and the actual earnings thereon as the department or its tax collection service provider finds are fair and reasonable as to all affected interests.
- (3) The Department of Economic Opportunity or its tax collection service provider may enter into reciprocal arrangements with other states or the Federal Government, or both, for exchanging services, determining and enforcing payment obligations, and making available facilities and information. The department or its tax collection service provider may conduct investigations, secure and transmit information, make available services and facilities, and exercise other powers provided under this chapter to facilitate the administration of any reemployment assistance or unemployment compensation or public employment service law and, in a similar manner, accept and use information, services, and facilities made available to this state by the agency charged with the administration of any other unemployment compensation or public employment service

Page 59 of 122

1652 law.

- (4) To the extent permissible under federal law, the Department of Economic Opportunity may enter into or cooperate in arrangements whereby facilities and services provided under this chapter and facilities and services provided under the reemployment assistance or unemployment compensation law of any foreign government may be used for the taking of claims and the payment of benefits under the employment security law of the state or under a similar law of that government.
- Section 28. Paragraph (c) of subsection (5) and subsection (8) of section 20.60, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 20.60 Department of Economic Opportunity; creation; powers and duties.—
- (5) The divisions within the department have specific responsibilities to achieve the duties, responsibilities, and goals of the department. Specifically:
  - (c) The Division of Workforce Services shall:
- 1. Prepare and submit a unified budget request for workforce in accordance with chapter 216 for, and in conjunction with, Workforce Florida, Inc., and its board.
- 2. Ensure that the state appropriately administers federal and state workforce funding by administering plans and policies of Workforce Florida, Inc., under contract with Workforce Florida, Inc. The operating budget and midyear amendments thereto must be part of such contract.
- a. All program and fiscal instructions to regional workforce boards shall emanate from the Department of Economic Opportunity pursuant to plans and policies of Workforce Florida,

Page 60 of 122

Inc., which shall be responsible for all policy directions to the regional workforce boards.

- b. Unless otherwise provided by agreement with Workforce Florida, Inc., administrative and personnel policies of the Department of Economic Opportunity shall apply.
- 3. Implement the state's <u>reemployment assistance</u> unemployment compensation program. The Department of Economic Opportunity shall ensure that the state appropriately administers the <u>reemployment assistance unemployment</u> compensation program pursuant to state and federal law.
- 4. Assist in developing the 5-year statewide strategic plan required by this section.
- (8) The Reemployment Assistance Unemployment Appeals Commission, authorized by s. 443.012, is not subject to control, supervision, or direction by the department in the performance of its powers and duties but shall receive any and all support and assistance from the department which is required for the performance of its duties.
- Section 29. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 27.52, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 27.52 Determination of indigent status.-
- (1) APPLICATION TO THE CLERK.—A person seeking appointment of a public defender under s. 27.51 based upon an inability to pay must apply to the clerk of the court for a determination of indigent status using an application form developed by the Florida Clerks of Court Operations Corporation with final approval by the Supreme Court.
  - (a) The application must include, at a minimum, the

Page 61 of 122

1708 following financial information:

1. Net income, consisting of total salary and wages, minus deductions required by law, including court-ordered support payments.

- 2. Other income, including, but not limited to, social security benefits, union funds, veterans' benefits, workers' compensation, other regular support from absent family members, public or private employee pensions, reemployment assistance or unemployment compensation, dividends, interest, rent, trusts, and gifts.
- 3. Assets, including, but not limited to, cash, savings accounts, bank accounts, stocks, bonds, certificates of deposit, equity in real estate, and equity in a boat or a motor vehicle or in other tangible property.
  - 4. All liabilities and debts.
- 5. If applicable, the amount of any bail paid for the applicant's release from incarceration and the source of the funds.

The application must include a signature by the applicant which attests to the truthfulness of the information provided. The application form developed by the corporation must include notice that the applicant may seek court review of a clerk's determination that the applicant is not indigent, as provided in this section.

Section 30. Subsection (6) of section 40.24, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

40.24 Compensation and reimbursement policy.-

Page 62 of 122

(6) A juror who receives <u>reemployment assistance</u> unemployment benefits does not lose such benefits because he or she receives compensation for juror service.

Section 31. Paragraph (a) of subsection (7) of section 45.031, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 45.031 Judicial sales procedure.—In any sale of real or personal property under an order or judgment, the procedures provided in this section and ss. 45.0315-45.035 may be followed as an alternative to any other sale procedure if so ordered by the court.
  - (7) DISBURSEMENTS OF PROCEEDS.—

- (a) On filing a certificate of title, the clerk shall disburse the proceeds of the sale in accordance with the order or final judgment and shall file a report of such disbursements and serve a copy of it on each party, and on the Department of Revenue if the department was named as a defendant in the action or if the Department of Economic Opportunity or the former Agency for Workforce Innovation was named as a defendant while the Department of Revenue was providing reemployment assistance unemployment tax collection services under contract with the Department of Economic Opportunity or the former Agency for Workforce Innovation through an interagency agreement pursuant to s. 443.1316.
- Section 32. Subsection (2) of section 55.204, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 1761 55.204 Duration and continuation of judgment lien; 1762 destruction of records.—
  - (2) Liens securing the payment of child support or tax

Page 63 of 122

obligations under s. 95.091(1)(b) lapse 20 years after the date of the original filing of the warrant or other document required by law to establish a lien. Liens securing the payment of reemployment assistance unemployment tax obligations lapse 10 years after the date of the original filing of the notice of lien. A second lien based on the original filing may not be obtained.

Section 33. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 57.082, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 57.082 Determination of civil indigent status.-
- (1) APPLICATION TO THE CLERK.—A person seeking appointment of an attorney in a civil case eligible for court-appointed counsel, or seeking relief from payment of filing fees and prepayment of costs under s. 57.081, based upon an inability to pay must apply to the clerk of the court for a determination of civil indigent status using an application form developed by the Florida Clerks of Court Operations Corporation with final approval by the Supreme Court.
- (a) The application must include, at a minimum, the following financial information:
- 1. Net income, consisting of total salary and wages, minus deductions required by law, including court-ordered support payments.
- 2. Other income, including, but not limited to, social security benefits, union funds, veterans' benefits, workers' compensation, other regular support from absent family members, public or private employee pensions, reemployment assistance or unemployment compensation, dividends, interest, rent, trusts,

Page 64 of 122

1792 and gifts.

- 3. Assets, including, but not limited to, cash, savings accounts, bank accounts, stocks, bonds, certificates of deposit, equity in real estate, and equity in a boat or a motor vehicle or in other tangible property.
  - 4. All liabilities and debts.

The application must include a signature by the applicant which attests to the truthfulness of the information provided. The application form developed by the corporation must include notice that the applicant may seek court review of a clerk's determination that the applicant is not indigent, as provided in this section.

Section 34. Subsection (8) of section 61.046, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 61.046 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, the term:
- (8) "Income" means any form of payment to an individual, regardless of source, including, but not limited to: wages, salary, commissions and bonuses, compensation as an independent contractor, worker's compensation, disability benefits, annuity and retirement benefits, pensions, dividends, interest, royalties, trusts, and any other payments, made by any person, private entity, federal or state government, or any unit of local government. United States Department of Veterans Affairs disability benefits and reemployment assistance or unemployment compensation, as defined in chapter 443, are excluded from this definition of income except for purposes of establishing an amount of support.

Page 65 of 122

HB 7027 2012

1820 Section 35. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 1821 61.1824, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 61.1824 State Disbursement Unit.-1822 1823 The State Disbursement Unit shall perform the 1824 following functions: 1825 Disburse all receipts from intercepts, including, but 1826 not limited to, United States Internal Revenue Service, 1827 reemployment assistance or unemployment compensation, lottery, 1828 and administrative offset intercepts. 1829 Section 36. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 1830 61.30, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 1831 61.30 Child support guidelines; retroactive child 1832 support.-1833 Income shall be determined on a monthly basis for each 1834 parent as follows: Gross income shall include, but is not limited to, the 1835 1836 following: 1837

Salary or wages.

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- 1838 Bonuses, commissions, allowances, overtime, tips, and other similar payments. 1839
  - Business income from sources such as self-employment, partnership, close corporations, and independent contracts. "Business income" means gross receipts minus ordinary and necessary expenses required to produce income.
    - 4. Disability benefits.
    - All workers' compensation benefits and settlements.
    - 6. Reemployment assistance or unemployment compensation.
    - 7. Pension, retirement, or annuity payments.

Page 66 of 122

1848 8. Social security benefits.

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- 9. Spousal support received from a previous marriage or court ordered in the marriage before the court.
  - 10. Interest and dividends.
  - 11. Rental income, which is gross receipts minus ordinary and necessary expenses required to produce the income.
    - 12. Income from royalties, trusts, or estates.
- 1855 13. Reimbursed expenses or in kind payments to the extent that they reduce living expenses.
  - 14. Gains derived from dealings in property, unless the gain is nonrecurring.
    - Section 37. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 69.041, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
    - 69.041 State named party; lien foreclosure, suit to quiet title.—
    - (4)(a) The Department of Revenue has the right to participate in the disbursement of funds remaining in the registry of the court after distribution pursuant to s. 45.031(7). The department shall participate in accordance with applicable procedures in any mortgage foreclosure action in which the department has a duly filed tax warrant, or interests under a lien arising from a judgment, order, or decree for support, as defined in s. 409.2554, or interest in an reemployment assistance unemployment compensation tax lien under contract with the Department of Economic Opportunity through an interagency agreement pursuant to s. 443.1316, against the subject property and with the same priority, regardless of whether a default against the department, the Department of

Page 67 of 122

Economic Opportunity, or the former Agency for Workforce
Innovation has been entered for failure to file an answer or
other responsive pleading.

Section 38. Subsection (1) of section 77.041, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 77.041 Notice to individual defendant for claim of exemption from garnishment; procedure for hearing.—
- (1) Upon application for a writ of garnishment by a plaintiff, if the defendant is an individual, the clerk of the court shall attach to the writ the following "Notice to Defendant":

## NOTICE TO DEFENDANT OF RIGHT AGAINST GARNISHMENT OF WAGES, MONEY,

## AND OTHER PROPERTY

The Writ of Garnishment delivered to you with this Notice means that wages, money, and other property belonging to you have been garnished to pay a court judgment against you.

HOWEVER, YOU MAY BE ABLE TO KEEP OR RECOVER YOUR WAGES, MONEY, OR PROPERTY. READ THIS NOTICE CAREFULLY.

State and federal laws provide that certain wages, money, and property, even if deposited in a bank, savings and loan, or credit union, may not be taken to pay certain types of court judgments. Such wages, money, and property are exempt from garnishment. The major exemptions are listed below on the form for Claim of Exemption and Request for Hearing. This list does not include all possible exemptions. You should consult a lawyer for specific advice.

Page 68 of 122

TO KEEP YOUR WAGES, MONEY, AND OTHER PROPERTY FROM BEING

GARNISHED, OR TO GET BACK ANYTHING ALREADY TAKEN, YOU MUST COMPLETE A FORM FOR CLAIM OF EXEMPTION AND REQUEST FOR HEARING AS SET FORTH BELOW AND HAVE THE FORM NOTARIZED. YOU MUST FILE THE FORM WITH THE CLERK'S OFFICE WITHIN 20 DAYS AFTER THE DATE YOU RECEIVE THIS NOTICE OR YOU MAY LOSE IMPORTANT RIGHTS. YOU MUST ALSO MAIL OR DELIVER A COPY OF THIS FORM TO THE PLAINTIFF AND THE GARNISHEE AT THE ADDRESSES LISTED ON THE WRIT OF GARNISHMENT.

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If you request a hearing, it will be held as soon as possible after your request is received by the court. The plaintiff must file any objection within 3 business days if you hand delivered to the plaintiff a copy of the form for Claim of Exemption and Request for Hearing or, alternatively, 8 business days if you mailed a copy of the form for claim and request to the plaintiff. If the plaintiff files an objection to your Claim of Exemption and Request for Hearing, the clerk will notify you and the other parties of the time and date of the hearing. You may attend the hearing with or without an attorney. If the plaintiff fails to file an objection, no hearing is required, the writ of garnishment will be dissolved and your wages, money, or property will be released. YOU SHOULD FILE THE FORM FOR CLAIM OF EXEMPTION IMMEDIATELY TO KEEP YOUR WAGES, MONEY, OR PROPERTY FROM BEING APPLIED TO THE COURT JUDGMENT. THE CLERK CANNOT GIVE YOU LEGAL ADVICE. IF YOU NEED LEGAL ASSISTANCE YOU SHOULD SEE A LAWYER. IF YOU CANNOT AFFORD A PRIVATE LAWYER, LEGAL SERVICES MAY BE AVAILABLE. CONTACT YOUR LOCAL BAR ASSOCIATION OR ASK THE CLERK'S OFFICE ABOUT ANY LEGAL SERVICES PROGRAM IN YOUR AREA.

Page 69 of 122

1932		CLAIM OF EXEMPTION AND
1933		REQUEST FOR HEARING
1934	I claim exer	mptions from garnishment under the following
1935	categories as checked:	
1936		
		1. Head of family wages. (You must check a.
		or b. below.)
1937		
	• • • •	a. I provide more than one-half of the
		support for a child or other dependent and
		have net earnings of \$750 or less per week.
1938		
		b. I provide more than one-half of the
		support for a child or other dependent, have
		net earnings of more than \$750 per week, but
		have not agreed in writing to have my wages
		garnished.
1939		
		2. Social Security benefits.
1940		
		3. Supplemental Security Income benefits.
1941		
		4. Public assistance (welfare).
1942		
		5. Workers' Compensation.
1943		
		6. Reemployment assistance or unemployment
		4 4 4 4

Page 70 of 122

	compensation.	
1944		
	7. Veterans' benefits.	
1945		
	8. Retirement or profit-sharing benefits or	
	pension money.	
1946		
	9. Life insurance benefits or cash surrender	
	value of a life insurance policy or proceeds	
	of annuity contract.	
1947		
1010	10. Disability income benefits.	
1948	11 December 1 Callana Manual December 1 and Marile and	
	11. Prepaid College Trust Fund or Medical	
1949	Savings Account.	
1343	12. Other exemptions as provided by law.	
	(explain)	
1950	······································	
1951	I request a hearing to decide the validity of my claim. Notice	
1952	of the hearing should be given to me at:	
1953	Address:	
1954	Telephone number:	
1955	The statements made in this request are true to the best of my	
1956	knowledge and belief.	
1957		
1958	Defendant's signature	
1959	Date	
•		

Page 71 of 122

1960	STATE OF FLORIDA
L961	COUNTY OF
L962	Sworn and subscribed to before me this day of (month
L963	and year), by(name of person making statement)
L964	Notary Public/Deputy Clerk
L965	Personally KnownOR Produced Identification
L966	Type of Identification Produced
L967	Section 39. Paragraph (n) of subsection (2) of section
L968	110.205, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
L969	110.205 Career service; exemptions.—
L970	(2) EXEMPT POSITIONS.—The exempt positions that are not
L971	covered by this part include the following:
L972	(n)1.a. In addition to those positions exempted by other
L973	paragraphs of this subsection, each department head may
L974	designate a maximum of 20 policymaking or managerial positions,
L975	as defined by the department and approved by the Administration
L976	Commission, as being exempt from the Career Service System.
L977	Career service employees who occupy a position designated as a
L978	position in the Selected Exempt Service under this paragraph
L979	shall have the right to remain in the Career Service System by
L980	opting to serve in a position not exempted by the employing
L981	agency. Unless otherwise fixed by law, the department shall set
L982	the salary and benefits of these positions in accordance with
L983	the rules of the Selected Exempt Service; provided, however,
L984	that if the agency head determines that the general counsel,
L985	chief Cabinet aide, public information administrator or
L986	comparable position for a Cabinet officer, inspector general, or
L987	legislative affairs director has both policymaking and

Page 72 of 122

managerial responsibilities and if the department determines that any such position has both policymaking and managerial responsibilities, the salary and benefits for each such position shall be established by the department in accordance with the rules of the Senior Management Service.

- b. In addition, each department may designate one additional position in the Senior Management Service if that position reports directly to the agency head or to a position in the Senior Management Service and if any additional costs are absorbed from the existing budget of that department.
- 2. If otherwise exempt, employees of the Public Employees Relations Commission, the Commission on Human Relations, and the Reemployment Assistance Unemployment Appeals Commission, upon the certification of their respective commission heads, may be provided for under this paragraph as members of the Senior Management Service, if otherwise qualified. However, the deputy general counsel of the Public Employees Relations Commission shall be compensated as members of the Selected Exempt Service.

Section 40. Subsection (4) of section 110.502, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

110.502 Scope of act; status of volunteers.-

(4) Persons working with state agencies pursuant to this part shall be considered as unpaid independent volunteers and shall not be entitled to reemployment assistance unemployment compensation.

Section 41. Subsection (10) of section 120.80, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

120.80 Exceptions and special requirements; agencies.-

Page 73 of 122

(10) DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY.-

- (a) Notwithstanding s. 120.54, the rulemaking provisions of this chapter do not apply to <u>reemployment assistance</u> unemployment appeals referees.
- (b) Notwithstanding s. 120.54(5), the uniform rules of procedure do not apply to appeal proceedings conducted under chapter 443 by the Reemployment Assistance Unemployment Appeals Commission, special deputies, or reemployment assistance unemployment appeals referees.
- (c) Notwithstanding s. 120.57(1)(a), hearings under chapter 443 may not be conducted by an administrative law judge assigned by the division, but instead shall be conducted by the Reemployment Assistance Unemployment Appeals Commission in reemployment assistance unemployment compensation appeals, reemployment assistance unemployment appeals referees, and the Department of Economic Opportunity or its special deputies under s. 443.141.
- Section 42. Subsection (4) of section 125.9502, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 125.9502 Scope of ss. 125.9501-125.9506; status of volunteers.—
- (4) Persons working with a unit of county government or a constitutional county officer pursuant to ss. 125.9501-125.9506 are considered unpaid independent volunteers and are not entitled to reemployment assistance unemployment compensation.
- Section 43. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) and paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 212.096, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

Page 74 of 122

212.096 Sales, rental, storage, use tax; enterprise zone jobs credit against sales tax.—

- (1) For the purposes of the credit provided in this section:
- (d) "Job" means a full-time position, as consistent with terms used by the <u>Department of Economic Opportunity Agency for Workforce Innovation</u> and the United States Department of Labor for purposes of <u>reemployment assistance unemployment</u> compensation tax administration and employment estimation resulting directly from a business operation in this state. This term may not include a temporary construction job involved with the construction of facilities or any job that has previously been included in any application for tax credits under s. 220.181(1). The term also includes employment of an employee leased from an employee leasing company licensed under chapter 468 if such employee has been continuously leased to the employer for an average of at least 36 hours per week for more than 6 months.

A person shall be deemed to be employed if the person performs duties in connection with the operations of the business on a regular, full-time basis, provided the person is performing such duties for an average of at least 36 hours per week each month. The person must be performing such duties at a business site located in the enterprise zone.

(2)

(b) The credit shall be computed as 20 percent of the actual monthly wages paid in this state to each new employee

Page 75 of 122

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hired when a new job has been created, unless the business is located within a rural enterprise zone pursuant to s. 290.004, in which case the credit shall be 30 percent of the actual monthly wages paid. If no less than 20 percent of the employees of the business are residents of an enterprise zone, excluding temporary and part-time employees, the credit shall be computed as 30 percent of the actual monthly wages paid in this state to each new employee hired when a new job has been created, unless the business is located within a rural enterprise zone, in which case the credit shall be 45 percent of the actual monthly wages paid. If the new employee hired when a new job is created is a participant in the welfare transition program, the following credit shall be a percent of the actual monthly wages paid: 40 percent for \$4 above the hourly federal minimum wage rate; 41 percent for \$5 above the hourly federal minimum wage rate; 42 percent for \$6 above the hourly federal minimum wage rate; 43 percent for \$7 above the hourly federal minimum wage rate; and 44 percent for \$8 above the hourly federal minimum wage rate. For purposes of this paragraph, monthly wages shall be computed as one-twelfth of the expected annual wages paid to such employee. The amount paid as wages to a new employee is the compensation paid to such employee that is subject to reemployment assistance unemployment tax. The credit shall be allowed for up to 24 consecutive months, beginning with the first tax return due pursuant to s. 212.11 after approval by the department. Subsection (4) of section 213.053, Florida

Page 76 of 122

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

Statutes, is amended to read:

213.053 Confidentiality and information sharing.-

- assistance unemployment tax collection services under contract with the Department of Economic Opportunity through an interagency agreement pursuant to s. 443.1316, may release reemployment assistance unemployment tax rate information to the agent of an employer who provides payroll services for more than 100 employers, pursuant to the terms of a memorandum of understanding. The memorandum of understanding must state that the agent affirms, subject to the criminal penalties contained in ss. 443.171 and 443.1715, that the agent will retain the confidentiality of the information, that the agent has in effect a power of attorney from the employer which permits the agent to obtain reemployment assistance unemployment tax rate information, and that the agent shall provide the department with a copy of the employer's power of attorney upon request.
- Section 45. Paragraph (a) of subsection (6) of section 216.292, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 216.292 Appropriations nontransferable; exceptions.-
- (6) The Chief Financial Officer shall transfer from any available funds of an agency or the judicial branch the following amounts and shall report all such transfers and the reasons therefor to the legislative appropriations committees and the Executive Office of the Governor:
- (a) The amount due to the Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund which is more than 90 days delinquent on reimbursements due to the Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund. The amount transferred shall be that certified by the state agency

Page 77 of 122

providing <u>reemployment assistance</u> <u>unemployment</u> tax collection services under contract with the Department of Economic Opportunity through an interagency agreement pursuant to s. 443.1316.

Section 46. Paragraph (ff) of subsection (1) of section 220.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

220.03 Definitions.-

- (1) SPECIFIC TERMS.—When used in this code, and when not otherwise distinctly expressed or manifestly incompatible with the intent thereof, the following terms shall have the following meanings:
- (ff) "Job" means a full-time position, as consistent with terms used by the Department of Economic Opportunity and the United States Department of Labor for purposes of reemployment assistance unemployment compensation tax administration and employment estimation resulting directly from business operations in this state. The term may not include a temporary construction job involved with the construction of facilities or any job that has previously been included in any application for tax credits under s. 212.096. The term also includes employment of an employee leased from an employee leasing company licensed under chapter 468 if the employee has been continuously leased to the employer for an average of at least 36 hours per week for more than 6 months.

Section 47. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 2153 220.181, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

220.181 Enterprise zone jobs credit.-

2155 (1)

Page 78 of 122

(b) This credit applies only with respect to wages subject to reemployment assistance unemployment tax. The credit provided in this section does not apply:

- 1. For any employee who is an owner, partner, or majority stockholder of an eligible business.
- 2. For any new employee who is employed for any period less than 3 months.
- Section 48. Paragraph (e) of subsection (1) of section 220.191, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 220.191 Capital investment tax credit.-

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- (1) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section:
- (e) "Jobs" means full-time equivalent positions, as that term is consistent with terms used by the Department of Economic Opportunity and the United States Department of Labor for purposes of <a href="reemployment assistance">reemployment assistance</a> unemployment tax administration and employment estimation, resulting directly from a project in this state. The term does not include temporary construction jobs involved in the construction of the project facility.
- 2175 Section 49. Paragraph (d) of subsection (3) of section 2176 220.194, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 2177 220.194 Corporate income tax credits for spaceflight 2178 projects.—
  - (3) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:
  - (d) "New job" means the full-time employment of an employee in a manner that is consistent with terms used by the <a href="Department of Economic Opportunity">Department of Economic Opportunity</a> Agency for Workforce <a href="Innovation">Innovation</a> and the United States Department of Labor for

Page 79 of 122

purposes of <u>reemployment assistance</u> unemployment compensation tax administration and employment estimation. In order to meet the requirement for certification specified in paragraph (5)(b), a new job must:

- 1. Pay new employees at least 115 percent of the statewide or countywide average annual private sector wage for the 3 taxable years immediately preceding filing an application for certification;
- 2. Require a new employee to perform duties on a regular full-time basis in this state for an average of at least 36 hours per week each month for the 3 taxable years immediately preceding filing an application for certification; and
- 3. Not be held by a person who has previously been included as a new employee on an application for any credit authorized under this section.
- Section 50. Section 222.15, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 222.15 Wages or <u>reemployment assistance or</u> unemployment compensation payments due deceased employee may be paid spouse or certain relatives.—
- (1) It is lawful for any employer, in case of the death of an employee, to pay to the wife or husband, and in case there is no wife or husband, then to the child or children, provided the child or children are over the age of 18 years, and in case there is no child or children, then to the father or mother, any wages or travel expenses that may be due such employee at the time of his or her death.
  - (2) It is also lawful for the Department of Economic

Page 80 of 122

Opportunity, in case of death of any unemployed individual, to pay to those persons referred to in subsection (1) any reemployment assistance or unemployment compensation payments that may be due to the individual at the time of his or her death.

Section 51. Section 222.16, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

222.16 Wages or reemployment assistance or unemployment compensation payments so paid not subject to administration.—Any wages, travel expenses, or reemployment assistance or unemployment compensation payments so paid under the authority of s. 222.15 shall not be considered as assets of the estate and subject to administration; provided, however, that the travel expenses so exempted from administration shall not exceed the sum of \$300.

Section 52. Paragraph (m) of subsection (1) of section 255.20, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

255.20 Local bids and contracts for public construction works; specification of state-produced lumber.—

(1) A county, municipality, special district as defined in chapter 189, or other political subdivision of the state seeking to construct or improve a public building, structure, or other public construction works must competitively award to an appropriately licensed contractor each project that is estimated in accordance with generally accepted cost-accounting principles to cost more than \$300,000. For electrical work, the local government must competitively award to an appropriately licensed contractor each project that is estimated in accordance with

Page 81 of 122

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generally accepted cost-accounting principles to cost more than \$75,000. As used in this section, the term "competitively award" means to award contracts based on the submission of sealed bids, proposals submitted in response to a request for proposal, proposals submitted in response to a request for qualifications, or proposals submitted for competitive negotiation. This subsection expressly allows contracts for construction management services, design/build contracts, continuation contracts based on unit prices, and any other contract arrangement with a private sector contractor permitted by any applicable municipal or county ordinance, by district resolution, or by state law. For purposes of this section, cost includes the cost of all labor, except inmate labor, and the cost of equipment and materials to be used in the construction of the project. Subject to the provisions of subsection (3), the county, municipality, special district, or other political subdivision may establish, by municipal or county ordinance or special district resolution, procedures for conducting the bidding process.

(m) Any contractor may be considered ineligible to bid by the governmental entity if the contractor has been found guilty by a court of any violation of federal labor or employment tax laws regarding subjects such as safety, tax withholding, workers' compensation, reemployment assistance or unemployment tax, social security and Medicare tax, wage or hour, or prevailing rate laws within the past 5 years.

Section 53. Subsection (5) of section 288.075, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

Page 82 of 122

2268 288.075 Confidentiality of records.-

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- (5) IDENTIFICATION, ACCOUNT, AND REGISTRATION NUMBERS.—A federal employer identification number, reemployment assistance unemployment compensation account number, or Florida sales tax registration number held by an economic development agency is confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution.
- Section 54. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 2276 288.1045, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 288.1045 Qualified defense contractor and space flight business tax refund program.—
    - (1) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section:
  - (c) "Business unit" means an employing unit, as defined in s. 443.036, that is registered with the department for reemployment assistance unemployment compensation purposes or means a subcategory or division of an employing unit that is accepted by the department as a reporting unit.
  - Section 55. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2) of section 288.106, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 288.106 Tax refund program for qualified target industry businesses.—
    - (2) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section:
  - (d) "Business" means an employing unit, as defined in s. 443.036, that is registered for reemployment assistance unemployment compensation purposes with the state agency providing reemployment assistance unemployment tax collection services under an interagency agreement pursuant to s. 443.1316, or a subcategory or division of an employing unit that is

Page 83 of 122

accepted by the state agency providing reemployment assistance unemployment tax collection services as a reporting unit.

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Section 56. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section 288.1081, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

288.1081 Economic Gardening Business Loan Pilot Program.—
(3)

- (b) A loan applicant must submit a written application to the loan administrator in the format prescribed by the loan administrator. The application must include:
- 1. The applicant's federal employer identification number, reemployment assistance unemployment account number, and sales or other tax registration number.
- 2. The street address of the applicant's principal place of business in this state.
- 3. A description of the type of economic activity, product, or research and development undertaken by the applicant, including the six-digit North American Industry Classification System code for each type of economic activity conducted by the applicant.
- 4. The applicant's annual revenue, number of employees, number of full-time equivalent employees, and other information necessary to verify the applicant's eligibility for the pilot program under s. 288.1082(4)(a).
- 5. The projected investment in the business, if any, which the applicant proposes in conjunction with the loan.
- 2321 6. The total investment in the business from all sources, 2322 if any, which the applicant proposes in conjunction with the 2323 loan.

Page 84 of 122

7. The number of net new full-time equivalent jobs that, as a result of the loan, the applicant proposes to create in this state as of December 31 of each year and the average annual wage of the proposed jobs.

- 8. The total number of full-time equivalent employees the applicant currently employs in this state.
- 9. The date that the applicant anticipates it needs the loan.

- 10. A detailed explanation of why the loan is needed to assist the applicant in expanding jobs in the state.
  - 11. A statement that all of the applicant's available corporate assets are pledged as collateral for the amount of the loan.
  - 12. A statement that the applicant, upon receiving the loan, agrees not to seek additional long-term debt without prior approval of the loan administrator.
  - 13. A statement that the loan is a joint obligation of the business and of each person who owns at least 20 percent of the business.
- 14. Any additional information requested by the department or the loan administrator.
- Section 57. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 288.1089, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 288.1089 Innovation Incentive Program.-
- (3) To be eligible for consideration for an innovation incentive award, an innovation business, a research and development entity, or an alternative and renewable energy company must submit a written application to the department

Page 85 of 122

before making a decision to locate new operations in this state or expand an existing operation in this state. The application must include, but not be limited to:

(a) The applicant's federal employer identification number, reemployment assistance unemployment account number, and state sales tax registration number. If such numbers are not available at the time of application, they must be submitted to the department in writing before the disbursement of any payments under this section.

Section 58. Subsection (1) of section 334.30, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 334.30 Public-private transportation facilities.—The Legislature finds and declares that there is a public need for the rapid construction of safe and efficient transportation facilities for the purpose of traveling within the state, and that it is in the public's interest to provide for the construction of additional safe, convenient, and economical transportation facilities.
- (1) The department may receive or solicit proposals and, with legislative approval as evidenced by approval of the project in the department's work program, enter into agreements with private entities, or consortia thereof, for the building, operation, ownership, or financing of transportation facilities. The department may advance projects programmed in the adopted 5-year work program or projects increasing transportation capacity and greater than \$500 million in the 10-year Strategic Intermodal Plan using funds provided by public-private partnerships or private entities to be reimbursed from

Page 86 of 122

department funds for the project as programmed in the adopted work program. The department shall by rule establish an application fee for the submission of unsolicited proposals under this section. The fee must be sufficient to pay the costs of evaluating the proposals. The department may engage the services of private consultants to assist in the evaluation. Before approval, the department must determine that the proposed project:

(a) Is in the public's best interest;

- (b) Would not require state funds to be used unless the project is on the State Highway System;
- (c) Would have adequate safeguards in place to ensure that no additional costs or service disruptions would be realized by the traveling public and residents of the state in the event of default or cancellation of the agreement by the department;
- (d) Would have adequate safeguards in place to ensure that the department or the private entity has the opportunity to add capacity to the proposed project and other transportation facilities serving similar origins and destinations; and
- (e) Would be owned by the department upon completion or termination of the agreement.

The department shall ensure that all reasonable costs to the state, related to transportation facilities that are not part of the State Highway System, are borne by the private entity. The department shall also ensure that all reasonable costs to the state and substantially affected local governments and utilities, related to the private transportation facility, are

Page 87 of 122

2408 borne by the private entity for transportation facilities that 2409 are owned by private entities. For projects on the State Highway 2410 System, the department may use state resources to participate in 2411 funding and financing the project as provided for under the 2412 department's enabling legislation. Because the Legislature 2413 recognizes that private entities or consortia thereof would 2414 perform a governmental or public purpose or function when they 2415 enter into agreements with the department to design, build, 2416 operate, own, or finance transportation facilities, the 2417 transportation facilities, including leasehold interests 2418 thereof, are exempt from ad valorem taxes as provided in chapter 2419 196 to the extent property is owned by the state or other 2420 government entity, and from intangible taxes as provided in 2421 chapter 199 and special assessments of the state, any city, 2422 town, county, special district, political subdivision of the 2423 state, or any other governmental entity. The private entities or 2424 consortia thereof are exempt from tax imposed by chapter 201 on 2425 all documents or obligations to pay money which arise out of the 2426 agreements to design, build, operate, own, lease, or finance 2427 transportation facilities. Any private entities or consortia 2428 thereof must pay any applicable corporate taxes as provided in 2429 chapter 220, and reemployment assistance unemployment 2430 compensation taxes as provided in chapter 443, and sales and use 2431 tax as provided in chapter 212 shall be applicable. The private 2432 entities or consortia thereof must also register and collect the 2433 tax imposed by chapter 212 on all their direct sales and leases 2434 that are subject to tax under chapter 212. The agreement between 2435 the private entity or consortia thereof and the department

Page 88 of 122

establishing a transportation facility under this chapter constitutes documentation sufficient to claim any exemption under this section.

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Section 59. Subsection (8) of section 408.809, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

408.809 Background screening; prohibited offenses.-

(8) There is no reemployment assistance unemployment compensation or other monetary liability on the part of, and no cause of action for damages arising against, an employer that, upon notice of a disqualifying offense listed under chapter 435 or this section, terminates the person against whom the report was issued, whether or not that person has filed for an exemption with the Department of Health or the agency.

Section 60. Paragraph (e) of subsection (7) of section 409.2563, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.2563 Administrative establishment of child support obligations.—

- (7) ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT ORDER.-
- (e) An administrative support order must comply with ss. 61.13(1) and 61.30. The department shall develop a standard form or forms for administrative support orders. An administrative support order must provide and state findings, if applicable, concerning:
- 1. The full name and date of birth of the child or children;
- 2. The name of the parent from whom support is being sought and the other parent or caregiver;
  - 3. The parent's duty and ability to provide support;

Page 89 of 122

4. The amount of the parent's monthly support obligation;

5. Any obligation to pay retroactive support;

- 6. The parent's obligation to provide for the health care needs of each child, whether through health insurance, contribution toward the cost of health insurance, payment or reimbursement of health care expenses for the child, or any combination thereof;
- 7. The beginning date of any required monthly payments and health insurance;
- 8. That all support payments ordered must be paid to the Florida State Disbursement Unit as provided by s. 61.1824;
- 9. That the parents, or caregiver if applicable, must file with the department when the administrative support order is rendered, if they have not already done so, and update as appropriate the information required pursuant to paragraph (13)(b);
- 10. That both parents, or parent and caregiver if applicable, are required to promptly notify the department of any change in their mailing addresses pursuant to paragraph (13)(c); and
- 11. That if the parent ordered to pay support receives reemployment assistance or unemployment compensation benefits, the payor shall withhold, and transmit to the department, 40 percent of the benefits for payment of support, not to exceed the amount owed.

An income deduction order as provided by s. 61.1301 must be incorporated into the administrative support order or, if not

Page 90 of 122

incorporated into the administrative support order, the department or the Division of Administrative Hearings shall render a separate income deduction order.

Section 61. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3), subsection (8), and paragraph (a) of subsection (9) of section 409.2576, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

409.2576 State Directory of New Hires.-

(3) EMPLOYERS TO FURNISH REPORTS.-

- (a) Each employer subject to the reporting requirements of chapter 443 with 250 or more employees, shall provide to the State Directory of New Hires, a report listing the employer's legal name, address, and reemployment assistance unemployment compensation identification number. The report must also provide the name and social security number of each new employee or rehired employee at the end of the first pay period following employment or reemployment.
- Directory of New Hires must furnish information regarding newly hired or rehired employees to the National Directory of New Hires for matching with the records of other state case registries within 3 business days of entering such information from the employer into the State Directory of New Hires. The State Directory of New Hires shall enter into an agreement with the Department of Economic Opportunity or its tax collection service provider for the quarterly reporting to the National Directory of New Hires information on wages and reemployment assistance unemployment compensation taken from the quarterly report to the Secretary of Labor, now required by Title III of

Page 91 of 122

the Social Security Act, except that no report shall be filed with respect to an employee of a state or local agency performing intelligence or counterintelligence functions, if the head of such agency has determined that filing such a report could endanger the safety of the employee or compromise an ongoing investigation or intelligence mission.

(9) DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION. -

- (a) New hire information shall be disclosed to the state agency administering the following programs for the purposes of determining eligibility under those programs:
- 1. Any state program funded under part A of Title IV of the Social Security Act;
- 2. The Medicaid program under Title XIX of the Social Security Act;
- 3. The <u>reemployment assistance or</u> unemployment compensation program under s. 3304 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954;
- 4. The food assistance program under the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008; and
- 5. Any state program under a plan approved under Title I (Old-Age Assistance for the Aged), Title X (Aid to the Blind), Title XIV (Aid to the Permanently and Totally Disabled), or Title XVI (Aid to the Aged, Blind, or Disabled; Supplemental Security Income for the Aged, Blind, and Disabled) of the Social Security Act.
- Section 62. Paragraph (f) of subsection (1) of section 2546 414.295, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 2547 414.295 Temporary cash assistance programs; public records

Page 92 of 122

2548 exemption.-

- (1) Personal identifying information of a temporary cash assistance program participant, a participant's family, or a participant's family or household member, except for information identifying a parent who does not live in the same home as the child, held by the department, the Office of Early Learning, Workforce Florida, Inc., the Department of Health, the Department of Revenue, the Department of Education, or a regional workforce board or local committee created pursuant to s. 445.007 is confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. Such confidential and exempt information may be released for purposes directly connected with:
- (f) The administration of the <u>reemployment assistance</u> unemployment compensation program.

Section 63. Subsection (4) of section 435.06, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

435.06 Exclusion from employment.

(4) There is no reemployment assistance unemployment compensation or other monetary liability on the part of, and no cause of action for damages against, an employer that, upon notice of a conviction or arrest for a disqualifying offense listed under this chapter, terminates the person against whom the report was issued or who was arrested, regardless of whether or not that person has filed for an exemption pursuant to this chapter.

Section 64. Subsection (2) of section 440.12, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

Page 93 of 122

440.12 Time for commencement and limits on weekly rate of compensation.—

- (2) Compensation for disability resulting from injuries which occur after December 31, 1974, shall not be less than \$20 per week. However, if the employee's wages at the time of injury are less than \$20 per week, he or she shall receive his or her full weekly wages. If the employee's wages at the time of the injury exceed \$20 per week, compensation shall not exceed an amount per week which is:
- (a) Equal to 100 percent of the statewide average weekly wage, determined as hereinafter provided for the year in which the injury occurred; however, the increase to 100 percent from 66 2/3 percent of the statewide average weekly wage shall apply only to injuries occurring on or after August 1, 1979; and
  - (b) Adjusted to the nearest dollar.

For the purpose of this subsection, the "statewide average weekly wage" means the average weekly wage paid by employers subject to the Florida Reemployment Assistance Program

Unemployment Compensation Law as reported to the Department of Economic Opportunity for the four calendar quarters ending each

each year and shall be used in determining the maximum weekly compensation rate with respect to injuries occurring in the calendar year immediately following. The statewide average weekly wage determined by the Department of Economic Opportunity shall be reported annually to the Legislature.

June 30, which average weekly wage shall be determined by the

Department of Economic Opportunity on or before November 30 of

Page 94 of 122

Section 65. Paragraph (c) of subsection (9) and subsection (10) of section 440.15, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

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- 440.15 Compensation for disability.—Compensation for disability shall be paid to the employee, subject to the limits provided in s. 440.12(2), as follows:
- (9) EMPLOYEE ELIGIBLE FOR BENEFITS UNDER THIS CHAPTER AND FEDERAL OLD-AGE, SURVIVORS, AND DISABILITY INSURANCE ACT.—
- Disability compensation benefits payable for any week, including those benefits provided by paragraph (1)(f), may not be reduced pursuant to this subsection until the Social Security Administration determines the amount otherwise payable to the employee under 42 U.S.C. ss. 402 and 423 and the employee has begun receiving such social security benefit payments. The employee shall, upon demand by the department, the employer, or the carrier, authorize the Social Security Administration to release disability information relating to her or him and authorize the Department of Economic Opportunity to release reemployment assistance unemployment compensation information relating to her or him, in accordance with rules to be adopted by the department prescribing the procedure and manner for requesting the authorization and for compliance by the employee. The department or the employer or carrier may not make any payment of benefits for total disability or those additional benefits provided by paragraph (1)(f) for any period during which the employee willfully fails or refuses to authorize the release of information in the manner and within the time prescribed by such rules. The authority for release of disability information granted by an employee under this

Page 95 of 122

paragraph is effective for a period not to exceed 12 months and such authority may be renewed, as the department prescribes by rule.

- (10) EMPLOYEE ELIGIBLE FOR BENEFITS UNDER THIS CHAPTER WHO HAS RECEIVED OR IS ENTITLED TO RECEIVE REEMPLOYMENT ASSISTANCE UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION.—
- (a) No compensation benefits shall be payable for temporary total disability or permanent total disability under this chapter for any week in which the injured employee has received, or is receiving, reemployment assistance or unemployment compensation benefits.
- (b) If an employee is entitled to temporary partial benefits pursuant to subsection (4) and reemployment assistance or unemployment compensation benefits, such reemployment assistance or unemployment compensation benefits shall be primary and the temporary partial benefits shall be supplemental only, the sum of the two benefits not to exceed the amount of temporary partial benefits which would otherwise be payable.
- Section 66. Subsections (4) and (7) of section 440.381, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 440.381 Application for coverage; reporting payroll; payroll audit procedures; penalties.—
- (4) Each employer must submit a copy of the quarterly earnings report required by chapter 443 at the end of each quarter to the carrier and submit self-audits supported by the quarterly earnings reports required by chapter 443 and the rules adopted by the Department of Economic Opportunity or by the state agency providing reemployment assistance unemployment tax

Page 96 of 122

collection services under contract with the Department of Economic Opportunity through an interagency agreement pursuant to s. 443.1316. The reports must include a sworn statement by an officer or principal of the employer attesting to the accuracy of the information contained in the report.

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If an employee suffering a compensable injury was not reported as earning wages on the last quarterly earnings report filed with the Department of Economic Opportunity or the state agency providing reemployment assistance unemployment tax collection services under contract with the Department of Economic Opportunity through an interagency agreement pursuant to s. 443.1316 before the accident, the employer shall indemnify the carrier for all workers' compensation benefits paid to or on behalf of the employee unless the employer establishes that the employee was hired after the filing of the quarterly report, in which case the employer and employee shall attest to the fact that the employee was employed by the employer at the time of the injury. Failure of the employer to indemnify the insurer within 21 days after demand by the insurer is grounds for the insurer to immediately cancel coverage. Any action for indemnification brought by the carrier is cognizable in the circuit court having jurisdiction where the employer or carrier resides or transacts business. The insurer is entitled to a reasonable attorney's fee if it recovers any portion of the benefits paid in the action.

Section 67. Subsection (2) of section 440.42, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

440.42 Insurance policies; liability.-

Page 97 of 122

(2) A workers' compensation insurance policy may require the employer to release certain employment and wage information maintained by the state pursuant to federal and state reemployment assistance unemployment compensation laws except to the extent prohibited or limited under federal law. By entering into a workers' compensation insurance policy with such a provision, the employer consents to the release of the information. The insurance carrier requiring such consent shall safeguard the information and maintain its confidentiality. The carrier shall limit use of the information to verifying compliance with the terms of the workers' compensation insurance policy. The department may charge a fee to cover the cost of disclosing the information.

Section 68. Paragraph (i) of subsection (1) and paragraph (b) of subsection (9) of section 445.009, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

445.009 One-stop delivery system.-

- (1) The one-stop delivery system is the state's primary customer-service strategy for offering every Floridian access, through service sites or telephone or computer networks, to the following services:
- (i) Claim filing for reemployment assistance unemployment compensation services.

(9)

(b) The network shall assure that a uniform method is used to determine eligibility for and management of services provided by agencies that conduct workforce development activities. The Department of Management Services shall develop strategies to

Page 98 of 122

allow access to the databases and information management systems of the following systems in order to link information in those databases with the one-stop delivery system:

- 1. The <u>Reemployment Assistance</u> <u>Unemployment Compensation</u>
  Program under chapter 443.
  - 2. The public employment service described in s. 443.181.
- 3. The FLORIDA System and the components related to temporary cash assistance, food assistance, and Medicaid eligibility.

- 4. The Student Financial Assistance System of the Department of Education.
  - 5. Enrollment in the public postsecondary education system.
- 6. Other information systems determined appropriate by Workforce Florida, Inc.
- Section 69. Subsection (6) of section 445.016, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- $445.016\,$  Untried Worker Placement and Employment Incentive Act.—
- (6) During an untried worker's probationary placement, the for-profit or not-for-profit agent shall be the employer of record of that untried worker, and shall provide workers' compensation and reemployment assistance unemployment compensation coverage as provided by law. The business employing the untried worker through the agent may be eligible to apply for any tax credits, wage supplementation, wage subsidy, or employer payment for that employee that are authorized in law or by agreement with the employer. After satisfactory completion of

Page 99 of 122

such a probationary period, an untried worker shall not be considered an untried worker.

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- Section 70. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) and paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 446.50, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 446.50 Displaced homemakers; multiservice programs; report to the Legislature; Displaced Homemaker Trust Fund created.—
- (2) DEFINITION.—For the purposes of this section, the term "displaced homemaker" means an individual who:
- (c) Is not adequately employed, as defined by rule of the Department of Economic Opportunity agency;
- (3) POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY.—
- (a) The Department of Economic Opportunity, under plans established by Workforce Florida, Inc., shall establish, or contract for the establishment of, programs for displaced homemakers which shall include:
- Job counseling, by professionals and peers,
   specifically designed for a person entering the job market after
   a number of years as a homemaker.
  - 2. Job training and placement services, including:
- a. Training programs for available jobs in the public and private sectors, taking into account the skills and job experiences of a homemaker and developed by working with public and private employers.
- b. Assistance in locating available employment for displaced homemakers, some of whom could be employed in existing job training and placement programs.

Page 100 of 122

c. Utilization of the services of the state employment service in locating employment opportunities.

- 3. Financial management services providing information and assistance with respect to insurance, including, but not limited to, life, health, home, and automobile insurance, and taxes, estate and probate problems, mortgages, loans, and other related financial matters.
- 4. Educational services, including high school equivalency degree and such other courses as the department determines would be of interest and benefit to displaced homemakers.
- 5. Outreach and information services with respect to federal and state employment, education, health, and <a href="reemployment">reemployment</a> unemployment assistance programs that the department determines would be of interest and benefit to displaced homemakers.

Section 71. Paragraph (b) of subsection (4) of section 448.110, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

448.110 State minimum wage; annual wage adjustment; enforcement.—

(4)

2.781

(b) The Department of Revenue and the Department of Economic Opportunity shall annually publish the amount of the adjusted state minimum wage and the effective date. Publication shall occur by posting the adjusted state minimum wage rate and the effective date on the Internet home pages of the Department of Economic Opportunity and the Department of Revenue by October 15 of each year. In addition, to the extent funded in the General Appropriations Act, the Department of Economic

Page 101 of 122

Opportunity shall provide written notice of the adjusted rate and the effective date of the adjusted state minimum wage to all employers registered in the most current reemployment assistance unemployment compensation database. Such notice shall be mailed by November 15 of each year using the addresses included in the database. Employers are responsible for maintaining current address information in the reemployment assistance unemployment compensation database. The Department of Economic Opportunity is not responsible for failure to provide notice due to incorrect or incomplete address information in the database. The Department of Economic Opportunity shall provide the Department of Revenue with the adjusted state minimum wage rate information and effective date in a timely manner.

- Section 72. Paragraph (e) of subsection (2) of section 450.31, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 450.31 Issuance, revocation, and suspension of, and refusal to issue or renew, certificate of registration.—
- (2) The department may revoke, suspend, or refuse to issue or renew any certificate of registration when it is shown that the farm labor contractor has:
- (e) Failed to pay reemployment assistance unemployment compensation taxes as determined by the Department of Economic Opportunity; or
- Section 73. Subsection (9) of section 450.33, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 450.33 Duties of farm labor contractor.—Every farm labor contractor must:
  - (9) Comply with all applicable statutes, rules, and

Page 102 of 122

regulations of the United States and of the State of Florida for the protection or benefit of labor, including, but not limited to, those providing for wages, hours, fair labor standards, social security, workers' compensation, reemployment assistance or unemployment compensation, child labor, and transportation.

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Section 74. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 468.529, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

468.529 Licensee's insurance; employment tax; benefit plans.—

- A licensed employee leasing company is the employer of the leased employees, except that this provision is not intended to affect the determination of any issue arising under Pub. L. No. 93-406, the Employee Retirement Income Security Act, as amended from time to time. An employee leasing company shall be responsible for timely payment of reemployment assistance unemployment taxes pursuant to chapter 443, and shall be responsible for providing workers' compensation coverage pursuant to chapter 440. However, no licensed employee leasing company shall sponsor a plan of self-insurance for health benefits, except as may be permitted by the provisions of the Florida Insurance Code or, if applicable, by Pub. L. No. 93-406, the Employee Retirement Income Security Act, as amended from time to time. For purposes of this section, a "plan of selfinsurance" shall exclude any arrangement where an admitted insurance carrier has issued a policy of insurance primarily responsible for the obligations of the health plan.
- (3) A licensed employee leasing company shall within 30 days after initiation or termination notify its workers'

Page 103 of 122

compensation insurance carrier, the Division of Workers'
Compensation of the Department of Financial Services, and the state agency providing reemployment assistance unemployment tax collection services under contract with the Department of Economic Opportunity through an interagency agreement pursuant to s. 443.1316 of both the initiation or the termination of the company's relationship with any client company.

Section 75. Subsection (8) of section 553.791, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

553.791 Alternative plans review and inspection.-

(8) A private provider performing required inspections under this section shall inspect each phase of construction as required by the applicable codes. The private provider shall be permitted to send a duly authorized representative to the building site to perform the required inspections, provided all required reports are prepared by and bear the signature of the private provider or the private provider's duly authorized representative. The duly authorized representative must be an employee of the private provider entitled to receive reemployment assistance unemployment compensation benefits under chapter 443. The contractor's contractual or legal obligations are not relieved by any action of the private provider.

Section 76. Paragraph (b) of subsection (5) of section 624.509, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

624.509 Premium tax; rate and computation.-

2881 (5)

(b) For purposes of this subsection:

1. The term "salaries" does not include amounts paid as

Page 104 of 122

2884 commissions.

2. The term "employees" does not include independent contractors or any person whose duties require that the person hold a valid license under the Florida Insurance Code, except adjusters, managing general agents, and service representatives, as defined in s. 626.015.

- 3. The term "net tax" means the tax imposed by this section after applying the calculations and credits set forth in subsection (4).
- 4. An affiliated group of corporations that created a service company within its affiliated group on July 30, 2002, shall allocate the salary of each service company employee covered by contracts with affiliated group members to the companies for which the employees perform services. The salary allocation is based on the amount of time during the tax year that the individual employee spends performing services or otherwise working for each company over the total amount of time the employee spends performing services or otherwise working for all companies. The total amount of salary allocated to an insurance company within the affiliated group shall be included as that insurer's employee salaries for purposes of this section.
- a. Except as provided in subparagraph (a)2., the term "affiliated group of corporations" means two or more corporations that are entirely owned by a single corporation and that constitute an affiliated group of corporations as defined in s. 1504(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.
  - b. The term "service company" means a separate corporation

Page 105 of 122

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within the affiliated group of corporations whose employees provide services to affiliated group members and which are treated as service company employees for reemployment assistance or unemployment compensation and common law purposes. The holding company of an affiliated group may not qualify as a service company. An insurance company may not qualify as a service company.

- c. If an insurance company fails to substantiate, whether by means of adequate records or otherwise, its eligibility to claim the service company exception under this section, or its salary allocation under this section, no credit shall be allowed.
- A service company that is a subsidiary of a mutual insurance holding company, which mutual insurance holding company was in existence on or before January 1, 2000, shall allocate the salary of each service company employee covered by contracts with members of the mutual insurance holding company system to the companies for which the employees perform services. The salary allocation is based on the ratio of the amount of time during the tax year which the individual employee spends performing services or otherwise working for each company to the total amount of time the employee spends performing services or otherwise working for all companies. The total amount of salary allocated to an insurance company within the mutual insurance holding company system shall be included as that insurer's employee salaries for purposes of this section. However, this subparagraph does not apply for any tax year unless funds sufficient to offset the anticipated salary credits

Page 106 of 122

have been appropriated to the General Revenue Fund prior to the due date of the final return for that year.

- a. The term "mutual insurance holding company system" means two or more corporations that are subsidiaries of a mutual insurance holding company and in compliance with part IV of chapter 628.
- b. The term "service company" means a separate corporation within the mutual insurance holding company system whose employees provide services to other members of the mutual insurance holding company system and are treated as service company employees for <a href="reemployment assistance or unemployment compensation">reemployment assistance or unemployment compensation and common-law purposes. The mutual insurance holding company may not qualify as a service company.
- c. If an insurance company fails to substantiate, whether by means of adequate records or otherwise, its eligibility to claim the service company exception under this section, or its salary allocation under this section, no credit shall be allowed.
- Section 77. Paragraph (c) of subsection (8) of section 679.4061, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 679.4061 Discharge of account debtor; notification of assignment; identification and proof of assignment; restrictions on assignment of accounts, chattel paper, payment intangibles, and promissory notes ineffective.—
- (8) This section is subject to law other than this chapter which establishes a different rule for an account debtor who is an individual and who incurred the obligation primarily for personal, family, or household purposes. Subsections (4) and (6)

Page 107 of 122

do not apply to the creation, attachment, perfection, or enforcement of a security interest in:

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- (c) The interest of a debtor who is a natural person in reemployment assistance or unemployment, alimony, disability, pension, or retirement benefits or victim compensation funds.
- 2973 Section 78. Paragraph (c) of subsection (6) of section 2974 679.4081, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 679.4081 Restrictions on assignment of promissory notes, health-care-insurance receivables, and certain general intangibles ineffective.—
    - (6) Subsections (1) and (3) do not apply to the creation, attachment, perfection, or enforcement of a security interest in:
    - (c) The interest of a debtor who is a natural person in reemployment assistance or unemployment, alimony, disability, pension, or retirement benefits or victim compensation funds.
    - Section 79. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 895.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 2986 895.02 Definitions.—As used in ss. 895.01-895.08, the 2987 term:
  - (1) "Racketeering activity" means to commit, to attempt to commit, to conspire to commit, or to solicit, coerce, or intimidate another person to commit:
  - (a) Any crime that is chargeable by petition, indictment, or information under the following provisions of the Florida Statutes:
- 2994 1. Section 210.18, relating to evasion of payment of cigarette taxes.

Page 108 of 122

2. Section 316.1935, relating to fleeing or attempting to elude a law enforcement officer and aggravated fleeing or eluding.

2999 3. Section 403.727(3)(b), relating to environmental 3000 control.

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- 3001 4. Section 409.920 or s. 409.9201, relating to Medicaid 3002 fraud.
  - 5. Section 414.39, relating to public assistance fraud.
- 3004 6. Section 440.105 or s. 440.106, relating to workers' 3005 compensation.
  - 7. Section 443.071(4), relating to creation of a fictitious employer scheme to commit reemployment assistance unemployment compensation fraud.
  - 8. Section 465.0161, relating to distribution of medicinal drugs without a permit as an Internet pharmacy.
  - 9. Section 499.0051, relating to crimes involving contraband and adulterated drugs.
    - 10. Part IV of chapter 501, relating to telemarketing.
- 3014 11. Chapter 517, relating to sale of securities and investor protection.
- 3016 12. Section 550.235 or s. 550.3551, relating to dogracing and horseracing.
  - 13. Chapter 550, relating to jai alai frontons.
  - 14. Section 551.109, relating to slot machine gaming.
- 3020 15. Chapter 552, relating to the manufacture, 3021 distribution, and use of explosives.
- 3022 16. Chapter 560, relating to money transmitters, if the 3023 violation is punishable as a felony.

Page 109 of 122

3024 Chapter 562, relating to beverage law enforcement. 17.

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- Section 624.401, relating to transacting insurance without a certificate of authority, s. 624.437(4)(c)1., relating to operating an unauthorized multiple-employer welfare arrangement, or s. 626.902(1)(b), relating to representing or aiding an unauthorized insurer.
- Section 655.50, relating to reports of currency transactions, when such violation is punishable as a felony.
- 20. Chapter 687, relating to interest and usurious practices.
- Section 721.08, s. 721.09, or s. 721.13, relating to 21. real estate timeshare plans.
- 3036 Section 775.13(5)(b), relating to registration of 22. 3037 persons found to have committed any offense for the purpose of 3038 benefiting, promoting, or furthering the interests of a criminal 3039 gang.
  - Section 777.03, relating to commission of crimes by accessories after the fact.
    - Chapter 782, relating to homicide.
    - 25. Chapter 784, relating to assault and battery.
  - 26. Chapter 787, relating to kidnapping or human trafficking.
    - Chapter 790, relating to weapons and firearms.
- 3047 Chapter 794, relating to sexual battery, but only if such crime was committed with the intent to benefit, promote, or 3048 further the interests of a criminal gang, or for the purpose of 3049 3050 increasing a criminal gang member's own standing or position within a criminal gang.

Page 110 of 122

- 3052 29. Section 796.03, s. 796.035, s. 796.04, s. 796.045, s. 3053 796.05, or s. 796.07, relating to prostitution and sex trafficking.
- 3055 30. Chapter 806, relating to arson and criminal mischief.
- 3056 31. Chapter 810, relating to burglary and trespass.
- 3057 32. Chapter 812, relating to theft, robbery, and related 3058 crimes.
- 3059 33. Chapter 815, relating to computer-related crimes.
- 3060 34. Chapter 817, relating to fraudulent practices, false pretenses, fraud generally, and credit card crimes.
- 3062 35. Chapter 825, relating to abuse, neglect, or 3063 exploitation of an elderly person or disabled adult.
- 3064 36. Section 827.071, relating to commercial sexual exploitation of children.
- 3066 37. Chapter 831, relating to forgery and counterfeiting.
- 3067 38. Chapter 832, relating to issuance of worthless checks and drafts.
- 3069 39. Section 836.05, relating to extortion.
- 3070 40. Chapter 837, relating to perjury.
- 3071 41. Chapter 838, relating to bribery and misuse of public 3072 office.
- 3073 42. Chapter 843, relating to obstruction of justice.
- 3074 43. Section 847.011, s. 847.012, s. 847.013, s. 847.06, or 3075 s. 847.07, relating to obscene literature and profanity.
- 3076 44. Section 849.09, s. 849.14, s. 849.15, s. 849.23, or s. 849.25, relating to gambling.
- 3078 45. Chapter 874, relating to criminal gangs.
- 3079 46. Chapter 893, relating to drug abuse prevention and

Page 111 of 122

3080 control.

- 47. Chapter 896, relating to offenses related to financial transactions.
- 48. Sections 914.22 and 914.23, relating to tampering with or harassing a witness, victim, or informant, and retaliation against a witness, victim, or informant.
  - 49. Sections 918.12 and 918.13, relating to tampering with jurors and evidence.
  - Section 80. Paragraph (g) of subsection (8) of section 896.101, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 896.101 Florida Money Laundering Act; definitions; penalties; injunctions; seizure warrants; immunity.—

3092 (8)

- (g)1. Upon service of the temporary order served pursuant to this section, the petitioner shall immediately notify by certified mail, return receipt requested, or by personal service, both the person or entity in possession of the monetary instruments or funds and the owner of the monetary instruments or funds if known, of the order entered pursuant to this section and that the lawful owner of the monetary instruments or funds being enjoined may request a hearing to contest and modify the order entered pursuant to this section by petitioning the court that issued the order, so that such notice is received within 72 hours.
- 2. The notice shall advise that the hearing shall be held within 3 days of the request, and the notice must state that the hearing will be set and noticed by the person against whom the order is served.

Page 112 of 122

3. The notice shall specifically state that the lawful owner has the right to produce evidence of legitimate business expenses, obligations, and liabilities, including but not limited to, employee payroll expenses verified by current reemployment assistance unemployment compensation records, employee workers' compensation insurance, employee health insurance, state and federal taxes, and regulatory or licensing fees only as may become due before the expiration of the temporary order.

4. Upon determination by the court that the expenses are valid, payment of such expenses may be effected by the owner of the enjoined monetary instruments or funds only to the court-ordered payees through court-reviewed checks, issued by the owner of, and the person or entity in possession of, the enjoined monetary instruments or funds. Upon presentment, the person or entity in possession of the enjoined funds or monetary instruments shall only honor the payment of the check to the court-ordered payee.

Section 81. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 921.0022, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

921.0022 Criminal Punishment Code; offense severity ranking chart.—

- (3) OFFENSE SEVERITY RANKING CHART
- 3131 (a) LEVEL 1

Florida Felony
Statute Degree

Page 113 of 122

Description

	115 7 027			2012
2124	24.118(3)(a)	3rd	Counterfeit or altered state lottery ticket.	
3134	212.054(2)(b)	3rd	Discretionary sales surtax; limitations, administration, and collection.	
3135				
	212.15(2)(b)	3rd	Failure to remit sales taxes, amount greater than \$300 but less than \$20,000.	
3136				
	316.1935(1)	3rd	Fleeing or attempting to elude law enforcement officer.	
3137				
	319.30(5)	3rd	Sell, exchange, give away certificate of title or identification number plate.	
3138				
	319.35(1)(a)	3rd	Tamper, adjust, change, etc., an odometer.	
3139				
	320.26(1)(a)	3rd	Counterfeit, manufacture, or sell registration license plates or validation stickers.	
3140	000 010			
	322.212 (1) (a) - (c)	3rd	Possession of forged, stolen, counterfeit, or unlawfully	

Page 114 of 122

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2012

HB 7027	2012
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			issued driver's license; possession of simulated
			identification.
3141			
	322.212(4)	3rd	Supply or aid in supplying
			unauthorized driver's license
			or identification card.
3142			
	322.212(5)(a)	3rd	False application for driver's
			license or identification card.
3143			
	414.39(2)	3rd	Unauthorized use, possession,
			forgery, or alteration of food
			assistance program, Medicaid  ID, value greater than \$200.
3144			1D, value gleater than \$200.
	414.39(3)(a)	3rd	Fraudulent misappropriation of
	, , , ,		public assistance funds by
			employee/official, value more
			than \$200.
3145			
	443.071(1)	3rd	False statement or
			representation to obtain or
			increase <u>reemployment</u>
			<u>assistance</u> <del>unemployment</del>
			compensation benefits.
3146			
			Dago 115 of 100

Page 115 of 122

	110 1021			2012
3147	509.151(1)	3rd	Defraud an innkeeper, food or lodging value greater than \$300.	
3148	517.302(1)	3rd	Violation of the Florida Securities and Investor Protection Act.	
	562.27(1)	3rd	Possess still or still apparatus.	
3149	713.69	3rd	Tenant removes property upon which lien has accrued, value more than \$50.	
3150	812.014(3)(c)	3rd	Petit theft (3rd conviction); theft of any property not specified in subsection (2).	
3151	812.081(2)	3rd	Unlawfully makes or causes to be made a reproduction of a trade secret.	
3152	815.04(4)(a)	3rd	Offense against intellectual property (i.e., computer programs, data).	
3153				

Page 116 of 122

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2012

	110 7027		2012
	817.52(2)	3rd	Hiring with intent to defraud, motor vehicle services.
3154	817.569(2)	3rd	Use of public record or public records information to
			facilitate commission of a felony.
3155			
	826.01	3rd	Bigamy.
3156			
	828.122(3)	3rd	Fighting or baiting animals.
3157			
	831.04(1)	3rd	Any erasure, alteration, etc.,
			of any replacement deed, map,
			plat, or other document listed
			in s. 92.28.
3158			
	831.31(1)(a)	3rd	Sell, deliver, or possess
			counterfeit controlled
			substances, all but s.
			893.03(5) drugs.
3159			
	832.041(1)	3rd	Stopping payment with intent to
			defraud \$150 or more.
3160			
	832.05(2)(b) &	3rd	Knowing, making, issuing
	(4) (c)		worthless checks \$150 or more

Page 117 of 122

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2012

			or obtaining property in return
			for worthless check \$150 or
			more.
3161	020 15 (0)	2 1	
3162	838.15(2)	3rd	Commercial bribe receiving.
3102	838.16	3rd	Commercial bribery.
3163	030.10	JIG	Commercial Blibery.
	843.18	3rd	Fleeing by boat to elude a law
			enforcement officer.
3164			
	847.011(1)(a)	3rd	Sell, distribute, etc.,
			obscene, lewd, etc., material
			(2nd conviction).
3165	0.4.0	0 1	' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '
3166	849.01	3rd	Keeping gambling house.
2100	849.09(1)(a)-(d)	3rd	Lottery; set up, promote, etc.,
	013.03(1)(a) (a)	31 G	or assist therein, conduct or
			advertise drawing for prizes,
			or dispose of property or money
			by means of lottery.
3167			
	849.23	3rd	Gambling-related machines;
			"common offender" as to
01.60			property rights.
3168			

Page 118 of 122

HB 7027		2012

849.25(2)	3rd	Engaging in bookmaking.	
860.08	3rd	Interfere with a railroad	
		signal.	
860.13(1)(a)	3rd	Operate aircraft while under	
		the influence.	
893.13(2)(a)2.	3rd	Purchase of cannabis.	
000 1046) 4	0 1		
893.13(6)(a)	3ra	Possession of cannabis (more	
		than 20 grams).	
034 03(1)(2)	3 ~ d	Intercepts, or procures any	
934.03(1)(a)	JIU	other person to intercept, any	
		wire or oral communication.	
		wife of oral communication.	
Section 82. Subsection (2) of section 946.513, Florida			
946.513 Private employment of inmates; disposition of			
(2) No inmate is eligible for reemployment assistance			
benefits unemployment compensation, whether employed by the			
corporation or by any other private enterprise operating on the			
grounds of a correctional institution or elsewhere, when such			
employment is part	employment is part of a correctional work program or work-		
release program of either the corporation or the department.			
Section 83. Subsection (2) of section 946.523, Florida			
	860.08  860.13(1)(a)  893.13(2)(a)2.  893.13(6)(a)  934.03(1)(a)  Section 82. S Statutes, is amended 946.513 Prival compensation receive (2) No inmate benefits unemploymed corporation or by a grounds of a correct employment is part release program of	860.08  860.13(1)(a)  3rd  893.13(2)(a)2.  3rd  893.13(6)(a)  3rd  934.03(1)(a)  3rd  Section 82. Subsecti Statutes, is amended to re 946.513 Private empl compensation received.— (2) No inmate is eli benefits unemployment comp corporation or by any othe grounds of a correctional employment is part of a co release program of either	

Page 119 of 122

3186 Statutes, is amended to read:

946.523 Prison industry enhancement (PIE) programs.—

- (2) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, including s. 440.15(8), private sector employers shall provide workers' compensation coverage to inmates who participate in prison industry enhancement (PIE) programs under subsection (1). However, inmates are not entitled to reemployment assistance benefits unemployment compensation.
- Section 84. Paragraph (c) of subsection (5) of section 3195 985.618, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 3196 985.618 Educational and career-related programs.-

3197 (5)

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- (c) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, including s. 440.15(8), private sector employers shall provide juveniles participating in juvenile work programs under paragraph (b) with workers' compensation coverage, and juveniles shall be entitled to the benefits of such coverage. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to allow juveniles to participate in <a href="reemployment assistance">reemployment assistance</a> unemployment compensation benefits.
- 3206 Section 85. Subsection (3) of section 1003.496, Florida 3207 Statutes, is amended to read:
- 3208 1003.496 High School to Business Career Enhancement 3209 Program.—
- 3210 (3) Employment under this section of a student intern who
  3211 meets the criteria of s. 443.1216(13)(q) is not employment for
  3212 purposes of reemployment assistance unemployment compensation
  3213 under chapter 443.

Page 120 of 122

Section 86. Subsection (3) of section 1008.39, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1008.39 Florida Education and Training Placement Information Program.—

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- The Florida Education and Training Placement Information Program must not make public any information that could identify an individual or the individual's employer. The Department of Education must ensure that the purpose of obtaining placement information is to evaluate and improve public programs or to conduct research for the purpose of improving services to the individuals whose social security numbers are used to identify their placement. If an agreement assures that this purpose will be served and that privacy will be protected, the Department of Education shall have access to the reemployment assistance unemployment insurance wage reports maintained by the Department of Economic Opportunity, the files of the Department of Children and Family Services that contain information about the distribution of public assistance, the files of the Department of Corrections that contain records of incarcerations, and the files of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation that contain the results of licensure examination.
- Section 87. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 1008.41, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 1008.41 Workforce education; management information system.—
- (1) The Commissioner of Education shall coordinate uniform program structures, common definitions, and uniform management

Page 121 of 122

information systems for workforce education for all divisions within the department. In performing these functions, the commissioner shall designate deadlines after which data elements may not be changed for the coming fiscal or school year. School districts and Florida College System institutions shall be notified of data element changes at least 90 days prior to the start of the subsequent fiscal or school year. Such systems must provide for:

(b) Compliance with state and federal confidentiality requirements, except that the department shall have access to the reemployment assistance unemployment insurance wage reports to collect and report placement information about former students. Such placement reports must not disclose the individual identities of former students.

Section 88. This act shall take effect July 1, 2012.