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1 2 An act relating to code and traffic enforcement; 3 creating s. 316.1891, F.S.; providing definitions; 4 authorizing a sheriff or chief administrative officer 5 of a county or municipality to designate a special 6 event zone under certain circumstances on a roadway, 7 street, or highway; providing requirements for a 8 special event zone; providing enhanced penalties for a 9 person who commits a noncriminal traffic infraction in a special event zone; authorizing a law enforcement 10 11 officer to impound the motor vehicle of a person who commits a noncriminal traffic infraction or a criminal 12 13 traffic violation in a special event zone; limiting 14 the term of such impoundment; requiring that the motor vehicle be immediately released upon payment of 15 16 impoundment costs and fees; specifying persons who 17 must pay the costs and fees for the impoundment; 18 providing applicability; authorizing a sheriff or 19 chief administrative officer to grant certain temporary authority to a law enforcement officer in a 20 21 special event zone; providing for recovery of costs 22 and fees associated with designating and enforcing a special event zone; amending s. 316.3045, F.S.; 23 24 revising the types of soundmaking devices or instruments subject to the prohibition against 25

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26	operating or amplifying sound from within a motor
27	vehicle; applying such prohibition to sound emanating
28	from a motor vehicle; prohibiting such operation or
29	amplification in areas adjoining private residences;
30	revising exemptions; providing construction; providing
31	a penalty; providing an effective date.
32	
33	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
3 4	
35	Section 1. Section 316.1891, Florida Statutes, is created
36	to read:
37	316.1891 Designation of special event zones; definitions;
38	enhanced penalties; vehicle impoundment
39	(1) As used in this section, the term:
10	(a) "Promoter or organizer" means a person or entity who
11	arranges, organizes, or sponsors a special event.
12	(b) "Special event" means an unpermitted temporary
13	activity or event organized or promoted via a social media
14	platform, as defined in s. $501.2041(1)$, which is attended by 50
15	or more persons and substantially increases or disrupts the
16	normal flow of traffic on a roadway, street, or highway.
17	(c) "Special event zone" means a contiguous area on or
18	along a roadway, street, or highway which is designated by
19	warning signs. The term includes a parking structure, a parking
50	lot, or any other property, whether public or private,

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- immediately adjacent to or along the designated area.
- (2) In accordance with s. 316.008, the sheriff or chief administrative officer of a county or municipality may designate a special event zone in response to a special event that takes place or is reasonably anticipated to take place on a roadway, street, or highway over which the sheriff or chief administrative officer has jurisdiction. If a special event takes place or is reasonably anticipated to take place in multiple jurisdictions, the sheriff or chief administrative officer of each jurisdiction may coordinate to designate a special event zone covering multiple jurisdictions.
- (3) The sheriff or chief administrative officer must enforce a special event zone in a manner that causes the least inconvenience to the public and that is consistent with preserving the public health, safety, and welfare. A special event zone must:
- (a) Be designated by the posting of a clearly legible warning sign at each point of ingress or egress stating,

 "Special Event Zone—All Fines Doubled. Vehicles Subject to

 Impoundment for Traffic Infractions and Violations." The warning sign must be large enough to be clearly visible to occupants of passing vehicular traffic on roadways, with letters at least 3 inches in height, and must be posted at least 24 hours before enforcement may commence.
 - (b) Remain in effect as long as is reasonably necessary to

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ensure the public health, safety, and welfare but may not remain in effect after the special event has dissipated.

- (4) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a person who commits a noncriminal traffic infraction in a special event zone must pay a fine double the amount provided in chapter 318.
- (5) (a) In addition to any other penalty authorized by this section, a law enforcement officer may impound the motor vehicle of a person who commits a noncriminal traffic infraction or a criminal traffic violation in a special event zone. The term of impoundment authorized under this subsection may not exceed 72 hours. The motor vehicle must be released immediately upon the payment of any impoundment costs and fees, regardless of whether the payment is made before the 72-hour period.
- (b) All costs and fees for the motor vehicle impoundment must be paid by the owner of the vehicle or, if the vehicle is leased or rented, by the person leasing or renting the vehicle, unless the noncriminal traffic infraction or the criminal charge is dismissed.
- (c) Section 713.78 applies to a vehicle impounded under this subsection.
- (6) Notwithstanding s. 633.118, the sheriff or chief administrative officer of a county or municipality may temporarily authorize a law enforcement officer to enforce occupancy limits on private or public property in a special event zone. Temporary authority granted under this subsection is

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101	supplemental to the authority granted in s. 633.118.
102	(7) The sheriff or chief administrative officer of a
103	county or municipality who designates a special event zone may
104	recover from a promoter or organizer of a special event all
105	relevant costs and fees associated with designating and
106	enforcing the special event zone, including, but not limited to,
107	costs and fees for the provision of supplemental law
108	enforcement, firefighter, emergency medical technician or
109	paramedic, and sanitation services.
110	Section 2. Section 316.3045, Florida Statutes, is amended
111	to read:
112	316.3045 Operation of radios or other mechanical \underline{or}
113	electronic soundmaking devices or instruments in vehicles;
114	exemptions.—
115	(1) \underline{A} It is unlawful for any person operating or occupying
116	a motor vehicle on a street or highway <u>may not</u> to operate or
117	amplify the sound produced by a radio, tape player, compact disc
118	player, portable music or video player, cellular telephone,
119	tablet computer, laptop computer, stereo, television, musical
120	<u>instrument</u> , or other mechanical <u>or electronic</u> soundmaking device
121	or instrument, which sound emanates from within the motor
122	vehicle $_{\underline{\prime}}$ so that the sound is:
123	(a) Plainly audible at a distance of 25 feet or more from
124	the motor vehicle; or
125	(b) Louder than necessary for the convenient hearing by

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persons inside the vehicle in areas adjoining <u>private</u> residences, churches, schools, or hospitals.

- (2) The provisions of This section $\underline{\text{does}}$ shall not apply to $\underline{\text{a}}$ any law enforcement motor vehicle equipped with $\underline{\text{a}}$ any communication device necessary in the performance of law enforcement duties or to $\underline{\text{an}}$ any emergency vehicle equipped with $\underline{\text{a}}$ any communication device necessary in the performance of $\underline{\text{any}}$ emergency procedures.
- (3) The provisions of this section do not apply to motor vehicles used for business or political purposes, which in the normal course of conducting such business use soundmaking devices. The provisions of this subsection shall not be deemed to prevent local authorities, with respect to streets and highways under their jurisdiction and within the reasonable exercise of the police power, from regulating the time and manner in which such business may be operated.
- (3) (4) The provisions of This section does do not apply to the noise made by a horn or other warning device required or permitted by s. 316.271. The Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles shall adopt promulgate rules defining "plainly audible" and establish standards regarding how sound should be measured by law enforcement personnel who enforce the provisions of this section.
- (4) This section does not prohibit a local authority from lawfully imposing more stringent regulations on sound produced

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151	by a radio or other mechanical or electronic soundmaking device	е
152	or instrument as described in subsection (1), which sound	
153	emanates from a motor vehicle.	

- (5) A violation of this section is a noncriminal traffic infraction, punishable as a nonmoving violation as provided in chapter 318.
 - Section 3. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

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