A bill to be entitled

An act relating to the Law Enforcement Lethal Use of Force Commission; creating s. 943.69, F.S.; creating the commission; providing for membership of the commission; specifying membership requirements; providing term limits for members; authorizing per diem for members; requiring law enforcement agencies to report use-of-force incidents resulting in fatalities to the commission; providing a definition; requiring state attorneys and other prosecuting entities to notify the commission of inquiries into use-of-force fatalities and upon determining not to pursue charges; requiring the commission to review lethal use-of-force incidents; authorizing the commission to refer incidents to the Attorney General for consideration of prosecution; authorizing the commission to subpoena documents and witnesses; authorizing the Attorney General to bring criminal charges; prohibiting actions of the commission that could constitute double jeopardy; providing an effective date.

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WHEREAS, the Legislature finds that there exists a need to ensure independent second-tier review of incidents in which actions of law enforcement personnel result in a fatality in order to continue strengthening the trust between law

Page 1 of 4

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

27 enforcement agencies and the communities they protect, NOW, 28 THEREFORE,

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Section 943.69, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

- 943.69 Law Enforcement Lethal Use of Force Commission.-
- (1) MEMBERSHIP.—
- (a) The Law Enforcement Lethal Use of Force Commission is hereby created. The commission shall consist of 15 members, who shall serve 4-year terms, appointed by the executive director of the Department of Law Enforcement.
- (b) At least five members must not be current or former law enforcement officers or non-law-enforcement officer employees of the Department of Legal Affairs, the Department of Law Enforcement, the Department of Corrections, or the offices of a county sheriff or municipal police agency.
- (c) No more than three members may be appointed from the same judicial circuit. Consideration should be given in appointment to geographic diversity.
- (d) Membership on the commission does not disqualify a member from holding any other public office or being employed by a public entity; however, a sitting judge or a member of the Legislature may not be appointed.
  - (e) Members of the commission may receive per diem and

Page 2 of 4

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travel expenses as provided in s. 112.061.

- (2) REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.-
- (a) The head of a law enforcement agency shall ensure that if a law enforcement officer uses force that results in the death of another person, such incident shall be reported to the commission within 24 hours. Further, the head of the department or agency shall notify the commission within 7 days after the completion of an investigation into the use of force and the results of the investigation. As used in this paragraph, the term "law enforcement agency" means an agency or unit of government that has authority to employ or appoint law enforcement officers as defined in s. 943.10(1).
- (b) State attorneys and other prosecuting entities shall notify the commission within 2 days after beginning an inquiry into a law enforcement officer who used force that resulted in the death of another person. State attorneys and other prosecuting entities shall notify the commission within 2 days after a decision not to pursue charges against such an officer.
  - (3) POWERS AND DUTIES.-
- (a) The commission may, at the conclusion of an internal investigation if one is made and upon receiving information from a state attorney or other prosecuting entity that no charges will be pursued, to review the incident and determine whether the matter should be referred to the Attorney General for consideration of prosecution if the use of force appears unlawful.

Page 3 of 4

		(b)	Such	refe	erra	als	to	the	Att	or	ney	General	shal	1 1	oe	made
by	a	major	rity	vote	of	the	me	ember	îs c	f	the	commiss	ion.			

- (c) The commission may subpoen documents, including confidential documents, and require testimony.
  - (4) REFERRAL TO ATTORNEY GENERAL.-

- (a) The Attorney General, to the extent the Attorney

  General is not currently empowered by law to do so, may bring

  appropriate criminal charges against a law enforcement officer

  subsequent to a referral from the commission for a violation of law.
- (b) This subsection does not limit the independent powers and discretion of the Attorney General.
  - (5) LIMITATIONS ON REFERRAL.—
- (a) This section does not to authorize the referral of a person for prosecution or the bringing of charges against a person who has been acquitted at trial for criminal charges arising out of the same incident.
- (b) This section does not to authorize an action inconsistent with the prohibitions against double jeopardy in the State Constitution or the United States Constitution.
  - Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2015.