CS/HB 1031, Engrossed 1

2023

1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to designated safe exchange locations; 3 providing a short title; amending s. 61.13, F.S.; 4 providing that a parent's use of a designated safe 5 exchange location is proper cause to refuse to honor a 6 time-sharing schedule under certain circumstances; 7 requiring a court to consider the use of a safe 8 exchange location when approving, granting, or 9 modifying a parenting plan; amending s. 125.01, F.S.; requiring boards of county commissioners to designate 10 11 certain areas as safe exchange locations; providing 12 requirements for such areas; providing for immunity 13 from liability; providing an effective date. 14 15 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 16 17 Section 1. This act may be cited as the "Cassie Carli 18 Law." 19 Section 2. Paragraph (c) of subsection (4) of section 20 61.13, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (10) is 21 added to that section, to read: 22 61.13 Support of children; parenting and time-sharing; 23 powers of court.-24 (4)25 (c)1. When a parent refuses to honor the time-sharing

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schedule in the parenting plan without proper cause, the court:

a.1. Shall, after calculating the amount of time-sharing improperly denied, award the parent denied time a sufficient amount of extra time-sharing to compensate for the time-sharing missed, and such time-sharing shall be ordered as expeditiously as possible in a manner consistent with the best interests of the child and scheduled in a manner that is convenient for the parent deprived of time-sharing. In ordering any makeup time-sharing, the court shall schedule such time-sharing in a manner that is consistent with the best interests of the child or children and that is convenient for the nonoffending parent and at the expense of the noncompliant parent.

 $\underline{b.2.}$ May order the parent who did not provide time-sharing or did not properly exercise time-sharing under the time-sharing schedule to pay reasonable court costs and attorney's fees incurred by the nonoffending parent to enforce the time-sharing schedule.

 $\underline{\text{c.3.}}$ May order the parent who did not provide time-sharing or did not properly exercise time-sharing under the time-sharing schedule to attend a parenting course approved by the judicial circuit.

 $\underline{d.4.}$ May order the parent who did not provide time-sharing or did not properly exercise time-sharing under the time-sharing schedule to do community service if the order will not interfere with the welfare of the child.

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- $\underline{\text{e.5.}}$ May order the parent who did not provide time-sharing or did not properly exercise time-sharing under the time-sharing schedule to have the financial burden of promoting frequent and continuing contact when that parent and child reside further than 60 miles from the other parent.
- $\underline{\text{f.6.}}$ May, upon the request of the parent who did not violate the time-sharing schedule, modify the parenting plan if modification is in the best interests of the child.
- g.7. May impose any other reasonable sanction as a result of noncompliance.
- 2. A parent's refusal to honor the time-sharing schedule in a parenting plan is proper cause and is not subject to subparagraph 1. or paragraph (d) if all of the following apply:
- a. The parent has reasonable cause to believe that he or she is in imminent danger of becoming a victim of domestic violence by the other parent.
- b. The parent uses a designated safe exchange location as provided in s. 125.01(8) which is closest to the location in which the exchange of custody of the child under the parenting plan would otherwise take place.
- c. The parent using the designated safe exchange location provides notice to the other parent at least 3 hours before the scheduled exchange of custody of his or her desire to use a designated safe exchange location.
 - (10) In a proceeding under this chapter where a court

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approves, grants, or modifies a parenting plan, the court must consider whether it is in the best interests of the minor child and the parties to require the parties to use a safe exchange location as provided in s. 125.01(8) for the periodic exchange of the minor child.

- Section 3. Subsection (8) is added to section 125.01, Florida Statutes, to read:
 - 125.01 Powers and duties.-
- (8) (a) The board of county commissioners in each county shall designate at least one parking lot at a sheriff's office, or substation thereof, as a safe exchange location at which parents who exercise time-sharing pursuant to a parenting plan or time-sharing schedule may meet to exchange custody of the minor child.
- (b) Each sheriff's office or substation parking lot designated as a safe exchange location must install a purple light on the parking lot premises to clearly identify the designated area as a safe exchange location. The safe exchange location must:
 - 1. Be accessible 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
- 2. Provide adequate lighting and an external video surveillance system that records continuously, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
 - 3. Provide at least one camera that is fixed on the

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parking lot; is able to record the area in the vicinity of the
purple light during both day and night; records images that
clearly and accurately display the time and date; and retains
video surveillance recordings or images for at least 45 days.
(c) A cause of action shall not lie against the county,
the sheriff, a county commissioner, a law enforcement officer,
or an employee of the designated safe exchange location based on
any incident arising out of a meeting at a safe exchange
location pursuant to this subsection.
Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2023.

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