1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to sales of tax certificates; amending 3 s. 197.102, F.S.; defining the terms "beneficial owner" and "legal entity"; creating s. 197.4315, F.S.; 4 5 providing legislative intent; amending s. 197.432, 6 F.S.; removing specified authorities of a tax 7 collector related to deposits and bidding for tax 8 certificates; providing that a person may register and 9 participate in tax certificate sales; removing authorization for tax collectors to receive a 10 11 specified commission upon the sale of a tax 12 certificate under certain conditions; amending s. 13 192.0105, F.S.; correcting a cross-reference; 14 providing an effective date. 15 16 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 17 18 Section 1. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 19 197.102, Florida Statutes, is redesignated as paragraph (c), 20 present paragraphs (c) through (i) are redesignated as 21 paragraphs (e) through (k), respectively, and new paragraphs (b) 22 and (d) are added to that subsection, to read: 23 197.102 Definitions. 24 As used in this chapter, the following definitions apply, unless the context clearly requires otherwise: 25

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(b) "Beneficial owner" means an individual or a legal entity that owns or controls more than one legal entity.

(d) "Legal entity" means any firm, association, joint adventure, partnership, estate, trust, business trust, syndicate, fiduciary, corporation, other group or combination, or any other entity that has been assigned a unique federal identification number.

Section 2. Section 197.4315, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

197.4315 Public Policy.—It is the public policy of the state that the process for securing revenue for local governments through the sale of tax certificates for unpaid ad valorem taxes be designed and implemented to provide the delinquent property owner the best opportunity to redeem delinquent taxes by ensuring that a tax certificate is sold to the person who will demand the lowest rate of interest less than the maximum interest rate authorized by general law. Limitations upon bidders which are structured to discourage volume or institutional buyers inappropriately focus on the investors' economic interests rather than ensuring that interest rates charged to delinquent taxpayers remain as low as possible. Such limitations are against public policy.

Section 3. Subsections (13) and (14) of section 197.432, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (12) and (13), respectively, and subsection (7) and present subsection (12) of

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that section are amended, to read:

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197.432 Sale of tax certificates for unpaid taxes.-

A person may register to bid and participate in the sale of tax certificates; however, The tax collector may require payment of a reasonable deposit from any person who wishes to bid for a tax certificate. a person who fails or refuses to pay any bid made by, or on behalf of, such person is not entitled to bid or have any other bid accepted or enforced except as authorized by the tax collector. The tax collector shall provide written or electronic notice when certificates are ready for issuance. Payment must be made within 48 hours after the transmission of the electronic notice by the tax collector or mailing of such notice or, at the tax collector's discretion, all or a portion of the deposit placed by the bidder may be forfeited. Payment must be made before the issuance of the certificate by the tax collector. If the tax collector determines that payment has been requested in error, the tax collector shall issue a refund within 15 business days after such payment.

(12) The tax collector is entitled to a commission of 5 percent on the amount of the delinquent taxes and interest when a tax certificate is sold. The commission must be included in the face value of the certificate. However, the tax collector is not entitled to a commission for a certificate that is struck to the county until the certificate is redeemed or purchased. If a

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tax deed is issued to the county, the tax collector may not receive his or her commission until the property is sold and conveyed by the county.

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Section 4. Paragraph (f) of subsection (3) of section 192.0105, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

192.0105 Taxpayer rights.—There is created a Florida Taxpayer's Bill of Rights for property taxes and assessments to guarantee that the rights, privacy, and property of the taxpayers of this state are adequately safequarded and protected during tax levy, assessment, collection, and enforcement processes administered under the revenue laws of this state. The Taxpayer's Bill of Rights compiles, in one document, brief but comprehensive statements that summarize the rights and obligations of the property appraisers, tax collectors, clerks of the court, local governing boards, the Department of Revenue, and taxpayers. Additional rights afforded to payors of taxes and assessments imposed under the revenue laws of this state are provided in s. 213.015. The rights afforded taxpayers to assure that their privacy and property are safeguarded and protected during tax levy, assessment, and collection are available only insofar as they are implemented in other parts of the Florida Statutes or rules of the Department of Revenue. The rights so guaranteed to state taxpayers in the Florida Statutes and the departmental rules include:

(3) THE RIGHT TO REDRESS.—

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(f) The right to redeem real property and redeem tax
certificates at any time before full payment for a tax deed is
made to the clerk of the court, including documentary stamps and
recording fees, and the right to have tax certificates canceled
if sold where taxes had been paid or if other error makes it
void or correctable. Property owners have the right to be free
from contact by a certificateholder for 2 years after April 1 of
the year the tax certificate is issued (see $\underline{\text{ss. 197.432(12)}}$ and
(13) ss. $197.432(13)$ and $(14)$ , $197.442(1)$ , $197.443$ , and
197.472(1) and (6)).

Section 5. This act shall take effect July 1, 2022.