1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

2021

22

23

24

25

A bill to be entitled An act relating to toxic mold protections; providing a short title; creating s. 83.252, F.S.; requiring commercial and industrial real property landlords to provide certain written disclosures to tenants under certain circumstances; providing requirements for such disclosure; providing an exception; providing that such landlords are not required to conduct certain tests of dwelling units or buildings; requiring tenants of commercial and industrial real property to provide certain written notice to landlords under certain circumstances; requiring tenants to make the property available to certain persons for assessment or remediation; providing requirements for landlords; providing applicability; creating s. 83.253, F.S.; requiring certain public entities to provide written disclosure to occupants and prospective tenants of buildings owned, leased, or operated by such public entities; providing requirements for such disclosure; providing an exception; creating s. 83.501, F.S.; requiring residential landlords to provide certain written disclosures to prospective and current tenants under certain circumstances; providing requirements for such disclosures; providing an exception; providing that such landlords are not required to

Page 1 of 33

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

37

38

39

40

41

42

43

44

45

46

47

48

49

50

conduct certain tests of dwelling units or buildings; providing construction; creating s. 381.0073, F.S.; providing definitions; creating s. 381.00731, F.S.; creating the Toxic Mold Protection Advisory Council adjunct to the Department of Health; providing a purpose; providing for membership, meetings, and duties of the advisory council; requiring the advisory council to submit a report to the State Surgeon General, Governor, and Legislature by a specified date; creating s. 381.00732, F.S.; requiring the department to develop and adopt, in consultation with the advisory council, permissible exposure limits to molds for indoor environments; requiring the department to consider certain criteria when developing and adopting such limits; authorizing the department to develop alternative permissible exposure limits to molds applicable to certain facilities; requiring the department to post a certain notice on its public website; providing requirements for such notice; authorizing the department to review and consider adopting by reference information prepared by or on behalf of certain authoritative bodies for a specified purpose; requiring the department to review the adopted permissible exposure limits to molds periodically and amend under certain circumstances;

Page 2 of 33

51

52

53

54

55

56

57

58

59

60

61

62

63

64

65

66

67

68

69

70

71

72

73

74

75

requiring the department to submit a report to the Governor and Legislature by a specified date; requiring the department to adopt rules; creating s. 381.00733, F.S.; requiring the department to develop and adopt, in consultation with the advisory council, standards for assessing the health threat from exposure to molds in indoor environments; requiring the department to consider certain criteria when developing and adopting such standards; authorizing the department to develop alternative mold assessment standards applicable to certain facilities; requiring the department to post a certain notice on its public website; providing requirements for such notice; authorizing the department to review and consider adopting by reference information prepared by or on behalf of certain authoritative bodies for a specified purpose; requiring the department to review the adopted mold assessment standards periodically and amend under certain circumstances; requiring the department to submit a report to the Governor and Legislature by a specified date; requiring the department to adopt rules; creating s. 381.00734, F.S.; requiring the department to develop and adopt, in consultation with the advisory council, guidelines for identifying molds in indoor environments;

Page 3 of 33

76

77

78

79

80

81

82

83

84

85

86

87

88

89

90

91

92

93

94

95

96

97

98 99

100

providing requirements for such guidelines; requiring the department to consider certain criteria when developing and adopting such guidelines; prohibiting the department from requiring a commercial and industrial real property landlord, residential landlord, or public entity to conduct certain tests of dwelling units or buildings for a specified purpose; requiring the department to post a certain notice on its public website; providing requirements for such notice; authorizing the department to review and consider adopting by reference information prepared by or on behalf of certain authoritative bodies for a specified purpose; requiring the department to review the adopted mold identification guidelines periodically and amend under certain circumstances; requiring the department to submit a report to the Governor and Legislature by a specified date; requiring the department to adopt rules; creating s. 381.00735, F.S.; requiring the department to develop and adopt, in consultation with the advisory council, quidelines for remediating molds in indoor environments; providing requirements for such guidelines; requiring the department to consider certain criteria when developing and adopting such quidelines; prohibiting the department from requiring

Page 4 of 33

101

102

103

104

105

106

107

108

109

110

111

112

113

114

115

116

117

118

119

120

121

122

123

124

125

a commercial and industrial real property landlord, residential landlord, or public entity to conduct certain tests of dwelling units or buildings for a specified purpose; requiring the department, in consultation with the Florida Building Commission, to develop a reporting form for building inspections; requiring the department to post a certain notice on its public website; providing requirements for such notice; authorizing the department to review and consider adopting by reference information prepared by or on behalf of certain authoritative bodies for a specified purpose; requiring the department to review the adopted mold remediation guidelines periodically and amend under certain circumstances; requiring the department to make specified information available to the public upon request and on its public website; requiring the department to develop and disseminate certain educational materials and resources; requiring the department to submit a report to the Governor and Legislature by a specified date; requiring the department to adopt rules; creating s. 381.00736, F.S.; providing for enforcement of the permissible exposure limits to molds, the mold assessment standards, and certain disclosure requirements; requiring the department, in consultation with the

Page 5 of 33

126	Department of Business and Professional Regulation, to
127	develop forms for the required disclosures and
128	establish penalties; prohibiting a penalty from being
129	assessed against a residential landlord under certain
130	circumstances; requiring the Department of Health to
131	adopt rules; creating s. 689.302, F.S.; requiring a
132	seller or transferor of commercial and industrial real
133	property to provide a written disclosure to
134	prospective buyers within a specified timeframe under
135	certain circumstances; providing an exception;
136	providing construction; providing that a transferor to
137	a real estate contract or a listing or selling agent
138	is not liable under certain circumstances; providing
139	an effective date.
140	
141	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
142	
143	Section 1. This act may be cited as the "Toxic Mold
144	Protections Act."
145	Section 2. Section 83.252, Florida Statutes, is created to
146	read:
147	83.252 Commercial and industrial real properties;
148	disclosure and notice
149	(1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, a
150	commercial and industrial real property landlord shall provide

Page 6 of 33

written disclosure to prospective and current tenants when the
landlord knows that mold, both visible and invisible or hidden,
is present that affects, as defined in s. 381.0073, the dwelling
unit or the building and the mold either exceeds the permissible
exposure limits to molds adopted pursuant to s. 381.00732 or
poses a health threat in accordance with the mold assessment
standards adopted pursuant to s. 381.00733. The written
disclosure must be provided to:
(a) Prospective tenants as soon as practicable and before

- (a) Prospective tenants as soon as practicable and before entering into a rental agreement.
- (b) Current tenants in affected dwelling units and buildings as soon as is reasonably practicable.
- (2)(a) A commercial and industrial real property landlord is exempt from providing written disclosure to prospective tenants as required in subsection (1) if the presence of mold was remediated in accordance with the mold remediation guidelines adopted pursuant to s. 381.00735.
- (b) A commercial and industrial real property landlord is not required to conduct air or surface tests of dwelling units or buildings to determine whether the presence of mold exceeds the permissible exposure limits to molds adopted pursuant to s. 381.00732.
- (3) A tenant of a commercial and industrial real property who knows or is informed that mold is present in the building, heating system, ventilating or air-conditioning system, or

Page 7 of 33

appurtenant structures, or that there is a condition of chronic water intrusion or flood, shall inform the landlord in writing of such knowledge within a reasonable period of time. The tenant shall make the property available to the landlord or his or her agents for appropriate assessment or remedial action as soon as is reasonably practicable if the landlord is responsible for maintenance of the property. This section does not affect any existing duties and obligations of tenants and landlords under this part.

- (4) Commercial and industrial real property landlords who know or have received notice that mold is present in the building, heating system, ventilating or air-conditioning system, or appurtenant structures, or that there is a condition of chronic water intrusion or flood, have an affirmative duty, within a reasonable period of time, to assess the presence of mold or condition likely to result in the presence of mold and conduct any necessary remediation.
- (5) The requirements of this section do not apply to properties where the tenant is contractually responsible for maintenance of the property, including any remediation. However, any tenant of a commercial and industrial real property who knows or is informed that mold is present in the building, heating system, ventilating or air-conditioning system, or appurtenant structures, or that there is a condition of chronic water intrusion or flood, and is responsible for maintenance of

201	the property, shall inform the landlord in writing of such
202	knowledge as soon as is reasonably practicable and shall remedy
203	the condition in compliance with the terms of the rental
204	agreement.
205	Section 3. Section 83.253, Florida Statutes, is created to
206	read:
207	83.253 Properties owned, leased, or operated by public
208	entities; disclosure
209	(1) A public entity that owns, leases, or operates a
210	building shall provide written disclosure to all building
211	occupants and prospective tenants when the public entity knows,
212	or has reasonable cause to believe, that a condition of chronic
213	water intrusion or flood exists, or that mold, both visible and
214	invisible or hidden, is present that affects, as defined in s.
215	381.0073, the building or dwelling unit and the mold either
216	exceeds the permissible exposure limits to molds adopted
217	pursuant to s. 381.00732 or poses a health threat in accordance
218	with the mold assessment standards adopted pursuant to s.
219	381.00733. The written disclosure shall be provided to:
220	(a) Prospective tenants as soon as practicable and before
221	entering into a rental agreement.
222	(b) Current building occupants in affected dwelling units
223	or buildings as soon as is reasonably practicable.
224	(2) A public entity is exempt from providing written
225	disclosure to prospective tenants as required in subsection (1)

Page 9 of 33

226	<u>if the presence of mold was remediated in accordance with the </u>
227	mold remediation guidelines adopted pursuant to s. 381.00735.
228	Section 4. Section 83.501, Florida Statutes, is created to
229	read:
230	83.501 Residential properties; disclosure
231	(1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, a
232	residential landlord shall provide written disclosure to
233	prospective and current tenants when the residential landlord
234	knows, or has reasonable cause to believe, that mold, both
235	visible and invisible or hidden, is present that affects, as
236	defined in s. 381.0073, the dwelling unit or the building and
237	the mold either exceeds the permissible exposure limits to molds
238	adopted pursuant to s. 381.00732 or poses a health threat in
239	accordance with the mold assessment standards adopted pursuant
240	to s. 381.00733. The written disclosure must be provided to:
241	(a) Prospective tenants before entering into a rental or
242	<pre>lease agreement.</pre>
243	(b) Current tenants in affected dwelling units and
244	buildings as soon as is reasonably practicable.
245	(2)(a) A residential landlord is exempt from providing
246	written disclosure to prospective tenants as required in
247	subsection (1) if the presence of mold was remediated in
248	accordance with the mold remediation guidelines adopted pursuant
249	to s. 381.00735.
250	(b) A residential landlord is not required to conduct air

Page 10 of 33

251	or surface tests of dwelling units or buildings to determine
252	whether the presence of mold exceeds the permissible exposure
253	limits to molds adopted pursuant to s. 381.00732.
254	(3) Residential landlords shall provide written disclosure
255	to prospective tenants of the potential health risks and the
256	health impact that may result from exposure to mold by
257	distributing educational materials and resources developed and
258	disseminated by the Department of Health pursuant to s.
259	<u>381.00735.</u>
260	(4)(a) This section does not relieve a seller, transferor,
261	lessor, agent, landlord, or tenant from any responsibility for
262	compliance with other requirements under state law.
263	(b) This section does not alter or modify any right,
264	remedy, or defense otherwise available under state law.
265	Section 5. Section 381.0073, Florida Statutes, is created
266	to read:
267	381.0073 Definitions.—For purposes of this section and ss.
268	381.00731-381.00736, the term:
269	(1) "Advisory council" means the Toxic Mold Protection
270	Advisory Council created pursuant to s. 381.00731.
271	(2) "Affect" means to cause a condition by the presence of
272	mold in a dwelling unit, building, appurtenant structures,
273	common wall, heating system, or ventilating or air-conditioning
274	system that affects the indoor air quality of the dwelling unit
275	or building.

Page 11 of 33

HB 933

276	(3) "Authoritative bodies" means any recognized national
277	or international entities with expertise in public health, mold
278	identification and remediation, or environmental health,
279	including, but not limited to, other states, the United States
280	Environmental Protection Agency, the World Health Organization,
281	the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists,
282	the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and the American
283	Industrial Hygiene Association.
284	(4) "Building code enforcement official" has the same
285	meaning as in s. 468.603(3).
286	(5) "Department" means the Department of Health.
287	(6) "Indoor environment" means the affected dwelling unit
288	or affected commercial and industrial building.
289	(7) "Industrial hygienist" has the same meaning as in s.
290	<u>501.937(3)(b).</u>
291	(8) "Mold" means any form of multicellular fungi that
292	lives on plant or animal matter and in indoor environments,
293	including, but not limited to, Cladosporium, Penicillium,
294	Alternaria, Aspergillus, Fusarium, Trichoderma, Memnoniella,
295	Mucor, and Stachybotrys Chartarum, and is often found in water-
296	damaged building materials.
297	(9) "Person" means an individual, corporation, company,
298	association, partnership, limited liability company,
299	municipality, public utility, or other public body or
300	ingtitution

Page 12 of 33

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

301	(10) "Public health officer" means a local health officer
302	or director of a county health department.
303	Section 6. Section 381.00731, Florida Statutes, is amended
304	to read:
305	381.00731 Toxic Mold Protection Advisory Council
306	(1) The Toxic Mold Protection Advisory Council, an
307	advisory council as defined in s. 20.03(7), is created adjunct
808	to the department for the purpose of making recommendations and
309	advising and assisting the department in the development and
310	adoption of permissible exposure limits to molds in indoor
311	environments and other mold identification, assessment, and
312	remediation standards and guidelines.
313	(2) The advisory council shall consist of 17 members as
314	<u>follows:</u>
315	(a) Two members who are public health officers, appointed
316	by the State Surgeon General.
317	(b) One member who is an environmental health
318	professional, appointed by the State Surgeon General.
319	(c) One member who has expertise on the adverse health
320	effects from exposure to molds, appointed by the State Surgeon
321	<pre>General.</pre>
322	(d) One member who is a building code enforcement
323	official, appointed by the Secretary of Business and
324	Professional Regulation.
325	(e) One member who is a mold abatement expert, appointed

Page 13 of 33

CODING: Words $\frac{\text{stricken}}{\text{stricken}}$ are deletions; words $\frac{\text{underlined}}{\text{ore additions}}$.

by the Secretary of Business and Professional Regulation.

(f) Two members who are industrial hygienists, appoint

328

329330

331

332

333

334

335

336

337

338

339

340

341

342

343

344

345

346347

348

349

350

- (f) Two members who are industrial hygienists, appointed by the Secretary of Agriculture.
- (g) One member who represents a large school district and one member who represents a rural school district, appointed by the Commissioner of Education.
- (h) One member who represents an organization or association advocating for insurers, appointed by the Chief Financial Officer.
- (i) One member who represents an organization or association advocating for employees and one member who represents an organization or association advocating for employers, appointed by the Governor.
- (j) Two members who represent an organization or association advocating for affected consumers, including, but not limited to, commercial and industrial tenants; residential tenants; homeowners; environmental groups; and attorneys, appointed by the President of the Senate.
- (k) Two members who represent an organization or association advocating for affected industries, including, but not limited to, commercial and industrial building proprietors, managers, and landlords; residential building proprietors, managers, and landlords; builders; realtors; suppliers of building materials; and suppliers of furnishings, appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Page 14 of 33

(3)(a) The initial members of the advisory council must be
appointed by September 1, 2022. Each member must be appointed to
a 4-year term. However, in order to achieve staggered terms,
eight of the initial members must be appointed to a 2-year term
and nine of the initial members must be appointed to a 4-year
term.

- (b) A vacancy on the advisory council shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointment.
- (c) The advisory council shall elect a chair from among its members.
- (d) Members of the advisory council shall serve without compensation and are not entitled to reimbursement for per diem and travel expenses pursuant to s. 112.061.
- (4) (a) The advisory council shall convene its first meeting by October 1, 2022. Thereafter, the advisory council may meet upon the call of the chair or upon the request of a majority of its members.
- (b) Meetings may be conducted in person or by teleconference or other electronic means.
- (5) The advisory council shall make recommendations and advise and assist the department regarding the development and adoption of permissible exposure limits to molds in indoor environments and other mold identification, assessment, and remediation standards and guidelines pursuant to ss. 381.00732-381.00735.

Page 15 of 33

376	(6) By February 1, 2023, the advisory council shall submit
377	a report regarding its progress in performing its duties under
378	subsection (5) to the State Surgeon General, the Governor, the
379	President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of
380	Representatives.
381	Section 7. Section 381.00732, Florida Statutes, is created
382	to read:
383	381.00732 Permissible exposure limits to mold in indoor
384	<pre>environments; report</pre>
385	(1) The department, in consultation with the advisory
386	<pre>council, shall:</pre>
387	(a) Develop and adopt permissible exposure limits to mold
388	in indoor environments that avoid adverse effects on public
389	health, with an adequate margin of safety, and avoid any
390	significant risk to public health.
391	(b) Balance the protection of public health with
392	technological and economic feasibility when it develops and
393	adopts permissible exposure limits to mold.
394	(c) Use and include the latest scientific data or existing
395	mold standards adopted by authoritative bodies.
396	(d) Develop and adopt permissible exposure limits to mold
397	that target the general population.
398	(2) The department shall consider all of the following
399	criteria when it develops and adopts the permissible exposure
100	1:-::

Page 16 of 33

(a) The adverse health effects from exposure to mold on
the general population and the specific adverse health effects
from exposure to mold on members of subgroups that comprise a
meaningful portion of the general population, including, but not
limited to, infants, children 6 years of age or younger,
pregnant women, elderly persons, persons with asthma or
allergies, persons who are immune compromised, or other
subgroups that are identifiable as being at greater risk of
adverse health effects from exposure to mold than the general
population.
(b) Existing normicsible exposure limits to molds if any

- (b) Existing permissible exposure limits to molds, if any, adopted by authoritative bodies.
- (c) The technological and economic feasibility of compliance with the proposed permissible exposure limits to mold. For the purpose of determining economic feasibility, the department shall consider the costs of compliance to tenants, landlords, homeowners, and other affected parties.
- (d) Any toxicological studies or additional scientific evidence relating to mold.
- (3) The department may develop and adopt alternative permissible exposure limits to mold that are applicable to facilities, including, but not limited to, hospitals, child care facilities, and nursing homes, whose primary business is to serve members of subgroups, as described in paragraph (2)(a), that comprise a meaningful portion of the general population and

Page 17 of 33

are at greater risk of adverse health effects from exposure to molds than the general population.

- (4) (a) Upon commencing its duties under this section, the department shall post a notice on its public website informing interested persons that it is developing and adopting permissible exposure limits to molds and including a brief description or a bibliography of the technical documents or other information the department has identified as relevant to developing and adopting the permissible exposure limits to mold.
- (b) The notice shall also inform persons who wish to submit information regarding mold exposure of the contact information of the person within the department to whom the information may be sent, the date by which the information must be received in order for the department to consider it in the development and adoption of the permissible exposure limits to molds, and a statement that all information submitted to the department will be made available to any person upon request.
- (5) The department may review and consider adopting by reference any information prepared by or on behalf of the United States Environmental Protection Agency, or other authoritative bodies, for the purpose of adopting national permissible exposure limits to molds.
- (6) (a) After the permissible exposure limits to molds are adopted, the department shall review such limits at least once every 5 years and shall amend such limits if any of the

Page 18 of 33

151	following occur:
152	1. Changes in technology or mold treatment techniques that
153	permit a materially greater protection of public health.
154	2. New scientific evidence that indicates that molds may
155	present a materially different risk to public health than was
156	previously determined.
157	(b) The department may amend the permissible exposure
158	limits to molds to make the limits less stringent if the
159	department shows clear and convincing evidence that the
160	permissible exposure limits to molds should be made less
161	stringent.
162	(7) By July 1, 2023, the department shall submit a report
163	to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of
164	the House of Representatives regarding its progress in
165	developing and adopting the permissible exposure limits to
166	molds.
167	(8) The department shall adopt rules to implement this
168	section.
169	Section 8. Section 381.00733, Florida Statutes, is created
170	to read:
171	381.00733 Standards for assessing health threat from
172	exposure to molds in indoor environments; report.—
173	(1) The department, in consultation with the advisory
174	council, shall develop and adopt standards for assessing the
175	health threat from exposure to molds, both visible and invisible

Page 19 of 33

HB 933 2022

476 or hidden, in indoor environments, which must do all of the following:

(a) Protect the public health.

477

478

479 480

481

482

483

484

485

486

487

488

489

490

491

492

493

494

495

496 497

498

499

500

- (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), balance the protection of public health with technological and economic feasibility when it adopts mold assessment standards.
- (c) Use and include the latest scientific data or existing mold assessment standards adopted by authoritative bodies.
 - (d) Target the general population.
- Ensure that air or surface testing is not required to (e) determine whether the presence of mold, both visible and invisible or hidden, in indoor environments constitutes a health threat.
- (2) The department shall consider all of the following criteria when it develops and adopts the mold assessment standards:
- (a) The adverse health effects from exposure to molds on the general population and the specific adverse health effects from exposure to mold on members of subgroups that comprise a meaningful portion of the general population, including, but not limited to, infants, children age 6 years of age or younger, pregnant women, elderly persons, persons with asthma or allergies, persons who are immune compromised, or other subgroups that are identifiable as being at greater risk of adverse health effects from exposure to molds than the general

Page 20 of 33

501 population.

- (b) Existing mold assessment standards, if any, adopted by authoritative bodies.
- (c) The technological and economic feasibility of compliance with the proposed mold assessment standards. For the purposes of determining economic feasibility, the department shall consider the costs of compliance to tenants, landlords, homeowners, and other affected parties.
- (d) Any toxicological studies or additional scientific evidence relating to mold.
- (3) The department may develop and adopt alternative mold assessment standards which are applicable to facilities, including, but not limited to, hospitals, child care facilities, and nursing homes, whose primary business is to serve members of subgroups, as described in paragraph (2) (a), that comprise a meaningful portion of the general population and are at greater risk of adverse health effects from exposure to molds than the general population.
- (4) (a) Upon commencing its duties under this section, the department shall post a notice on its public website informing interested persons that it is developing and adopting mold assessment standards and including a brief description or a bibliography of the technical documents or other information the department has identified as relevant to developing and adopting the mold assessment standards.

(b) The notice shall also inform persons who wish to
submit information regarding mold assessment of the contact
information of the person within the department to whom the
information may be sent, the date by which the information must
be received in order for the department to consider it in the
development and adoption of the mold assessment standards, and a
statement that all information submitted to the department will
be made available to any person upon request.

- (5) The department may review and consider adopting by reference any information prepared by or on behalf of the United States Environmental Protection Agency, or other authoritative bodies, for the purpose of adopting national mold assessment standards.
- (6) After the mold assessment standards are adopted, the department shall review such standards at least once every 5 years and shall amend such standards if any of the following occurs:
- (a) Changes in technology or mold treatment techniques that permit a materially greater protection of public health.
- (b) New scientific evidence that indicates that exposure to molds may present a materially different risk to public health than was previously determined.
- (7) By July 1, 2023, the department shall submit a report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives regarding its progress in

Page 22 of 33

551	developing and adopting the mold assessment standards.
552	(8) The department shall adopt rules to implement this
553	section.
554	Section 9. Section 381.00734, Florida Statutes, is created
555	to read:
556	381.00734 Guidelines for identifying molds in indoor
557	<pre>environments; report</pre>
558	(1) The department, in consultation with the advisory
559	council, shall develop and adopt guidelines for identifying
560	molds, water damage, or microbial volatile organic compounds in
561	indoor environments.
562	(2)(a) The mold identification guidelines must include
563	scientifically valid methods for identifying molds, including,
564	but not limited to, methods for collecting air, surface, and
565	bulk samples; visual identification; olfactory identification;
566	laboratory analysis; measurements for the amount of moisture and
567	molds present; and other recognized analytical methods used for
568	identifying molds.
569	(b) The department, in consultation with the advisory
570	council, shall develop and adopt mold identification guidelines
571	that must do all of the following:
572	1. Avoid adverse effects on the health of the general
573	population, with an adequate margin of safety, and avoid any
574	significant risk to public health.
575	2. Notwithstanding subparagraph 1., balance the protection

Page 23 of 33

of public health with technological and economic feasibility.

- 3. Use and include the latest scientific data or existing mold identification guidelines adopted by authoritative bodies.
- (c) The department shall consider all of the following criteria when it develops and adopts mold identification guidelines:
- 1. The permissible exposure limits to molds adopted pursuant to s. 381.00732 or what constitutes a health threat from exposure to mold, both visible and invisible or hidden, in an indoor environment pursuant to the mold assessment standards adopted pursuant to s. 381.00733.
- 2. Existing mold identification guidelines, if any, adopted by authoritative bodies.
 - 3. Professional judgment and practicality.
- 4. Any toxicological studies or additional scientific evidence relating to mold.
- industrial real property landlord, a residential landlord, or a public entity that rents or leases a dwelling unit or building to conduct air or surface tests of dwelling units or buildings to determine whether the presence of mold exceeds the permissible exposure limits to molds adopted pursuant to s.

 381.00732. However, the department shall develop a reporting form for building inspections which may be used to document the presence of mold within dwelling units or buildings.

(4) (a) Upon commencing its duties under this section, the department shall post a notice on its public website informing interested persons that it is developing and adopting mold identification guidelines and including a brief description or a bibliography of the technical documents or other information the department has identified as relevant to developing and adopting the mold identification guidelines.

- (b) The notice shall also inform persons who wish to submit information relating to mold identification of the contact information of the person within the department to whom the information may be sent, the date by which the information must be received for the department to consider it in the development and adoption of the mold identification guidelines, and a statement that all information submitted to the department will be made available to any person upon request.
- (5) The department may review and consider adopting by reference any information prepared by or on behalf of the United States Environmental Protection Agency, or other authoritative bodies, for the purpose of adopting national mold identification guidelines.
- (6) After the mold identification guidelines are adopted, the department shall review such guidelines at least once every 5 years and shall amend such guidelines, as necessary, based upon the availability of new scientific data or information regarding effective mold identification.

Page 25 of 33

626	(7) By July 1, 2023, the department shall submit a report
627	to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of
628	the House of Representatives regarding its progress in
629	developing and adopting the mold identification guidelines.
630	(8) The department shall adopt rules to implement this
631	section.
632	Section 10. Section 381.00735, Florida Statutes, is
633	created to read:
634	381.00735 Guidelines for remediating mold in indoor
635	environments; report.—
636	(1)(a) The department, in consultation with the advisory
637	council, shall develop, adopt, and disseminate guidelines for
638	remediating molds in indoor environments which must do all of
639	the following:
640	1. Provide practical guidance for the removal of mold and
641	abatement of the underlying cause of mold and associated water
642	intrusion and water damage in indoor environments.
643	2. Protect public health.
644	3. Notwithstanding subparagraph 2., balance the protection
645	of public health with technological and economic feasibility.
646	4. Use and include toxicological reports, the latest
647	scientific data, or existing mold remediation standards and
648	guidelines adopted by authoritative bodies.
649	5. Provide practical guidance for the removal or cleaning
650	of contaminated materials in a manner that protects the health

Page 26 of 33

of the person performing the abatement.

- 6. Include criteria for personal protective equipment.
- (b) The mold remediation guidelines may not require a landlord, owner, seller, or transferor to be specially trained or certified or use the services of a qualified licensed professional to conduct the mold remediation.
- (2) The department shall consider all of the following criteria when it develops and adopts the mold remediation quidelines:
- (a) The permissible exposure limits to molds adopted pursuant to s. 381.00732 or what constitutes a health threat from exposure to mold, both visible and invisible or hidden, in an indoor environment pursuant to the mold assessment standards adopted pursuant to s. 381.00733.
- (b) Existing mold remediation standards and guidelines, if any, adopted by authoritative bodies.
 - (c) Professional judgment and practicality.
- industrial real property landlord, a residential landlord, or a public entity that rents or leases a dwelling unit or building to conduct air or surface tests of dwelling units or buildings to determine whether the presence of mold exceeds the permissible exposure limits to molds adopted pursuant to s. 381.00732. However, the department, in consultation with the Florida Building Commission, shall develop a reporting form for

Page 27 of 33

building inspections which may be used to document the presence of mold within dwelling units or buildings.

- (4) (a) Upon commencing its duties under this section, the department shall post a notice on its public website informing interested persons that it is developing and adopting mold remediation guidelines and including a brief description or a bibliography of the technical documents or other information the department has identified as relevant to developing and adopting the mold remediation guidelines.
- (b) The notice shall also inform persons who wish to submit information relating to mold remediation of the contact information of the person within the department to whom the information may be sent, the date by which the information must be received for the department to consider it in the development and adoption of the mold remediation guidelines, and a statement that all information submitted to the department will be made available to any person upon request.
- (5) The department may review and consider adopting by reference any information prepared by or on behalf of the United States Environmental Protection Agency, or other authoritative bodies, for the purpose of adopting national mold remediation guidelines.
- (6) After the mold remediation guidelines are adopted, the department shall review such guidelines at least once every 5 years and shall amend such guidelines, as necessary, based upon

Page 28 of 33

701 the availability of new scientific data or information on effective mold remediation.

- (7) (a) The department shall make available to the public upon request information about contracting for the removal of mold in a building or the surrounding environment, including, but not limited to, all of the following:
- 1. Recommended steps to take when contracting with a company to remove mold.
- 2. Existing laws, regulations, and guidelines developed by the department relating to permissible exposure limits to molds and mold infestation, identification, and remediation.
- 3. Basic health information as contained in existing mold publications.
- (b)1. The department shall develop and disseminate educational materials and resources to inform the public about the adverse health effects of molds; methods to prevent, identify, and remediate mold growth; resources to obtain information about molds; and contact information for persons, organizations, or governmental entities to assist with public concerns about molds.
- 2. The department shall make its educational materials and resources available to public health officers, environmental health officers, commercial and residential landlord organizations, homeowners' organizations, and tenants' organizations. The educational materials and resources must be

Page 29 of 33

726	m	ade	readily	available	to	the	general	public.
. — -			1					F

- 3. The educational materials and resources must be comprehensible by the general public, published in appropriate languages that reflect the diversity of the state, and made available on the department's public website.
- (8) By July 1, 2023, the department shall submit a report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives regarding its progress in developing and adopting the mold remediation guidelines.
- (9) The department shall adopt rules to implement this section.

Section 11. Section 381.00736, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

381.00736 Enforcement.-

- (1) Public health officers, code enforcement officers, environmental health officers, city attorneys, and any other appropriate government entities or officials may respond to complaints about mold and may enforce the permissible exposure limits to molds adopted by the department pursuant to s. 381.00732, the mold assessment standards adopted by the department pursuant to s. 381.00733, and the disclosure requirements in ss. 83.252, 83.253, 83.501, and 689.302.
- (2) The department, in consultation with the Department of Business and Professional Regulation, shall develop forms for the disclosures required in ss. 83.252, 83.253, 83.501, and

Page 30 of 33

HB 933

689.302 and establish any penalties that may be imposed for

to s. 381.00733.

752	failure to comply with the disclosure requirements. A penalty
753	may not be assessed against a residential landlord for failure
754	to disclose under s. 83.501 when the residential landlord
755	provides disclosure to the tenants in a form that substantially
756	conforms to the disclosure form developed by the department and
757	adopted in rule.
758	(3) The department shall adopt rules to implement this
759	section.
760	Section 12. Section 689.302, Florida Statutes, is created
761	to read:
762	689.302 Sale or transfer of commercial and industrial real
763	property; disclosures.—
764	(1)(a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, a
765	seller or transferor of commercial and industrial real property
766	shall provide written disclosure to prospective buyers as soon
767	as practicable before the transfer of title when the seller or
768	transferor knows of the presence of mold, both visible and
769	invisible or hidden, that affects the dwelling unit or building

(b) A seller or transferor of commercial and industrial real property is exempt from providing written disclosure under

accordance with the mold assessment standards adopted pursuant

and the mold either exceeds permissible exposure limits to molds

adopted pursuant to s. 381.00732 or poses a health threat in

Page 31 of 33

776 paragraph (a) if the presence of mold was remediated according
777 to the mold remediation guidelines adopted pursuant to s.
778 381.00735.

- (2)(a) This section does not affect the existing obligations of the parties or transferors to a real estate contract, or their listing or selling agents, to disclose any facts materially affecting the value and desirability of the property, including, but not limited to, the physical conditions of the property and previously received reports of physical inspections.
- (b) This section does not alter or modify the existing inspection and disclosure duties of a real estate broker licensed under chapter 475.
- or selling agent, is not liable for any error, inaccuracy, or omission of any information delivered pursuant to this section if the error, inaccuracy, or omission was not within the personal knowledge of the transferor, or the listing or selling agent, or was based on information timely provided by public agencies, or by other persons providing relevant information by delivery of a report or opinion prepared by an expert dealing with matters within the relevant scope of the professional's license or expertise, and ordinary care was exercised in obtaining and transmitting such report or opinion.

Page 32 of 33

Section 13. This act shall take effect upon becoming a

801 law.

Page 33 of 33