A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to economic development; amending s. 3 212.08, F.S., deleting individual limits on the 4 amounts of sales tax refunds authorized for the 5 purchase of building materials used in the 6 rehabilitation of real property located in an 7 enterprise zone or for the purchase of business 8 property used by businesses in an enterprise zone; 9 providing cumulative annual limits on these sales tax 10 refunds; deleting the scheduled expiration of these 11 sales tax refunds and of a sales tax exemption for 12 charges for electrical energy used by certain 13 qualified businesses in an enterprise zone, to conform 14 to changes made by the act; amending s. 212.098, F.S., 15 relating to the Rural Job Tax Credit Program; revising definitions; authorizing Enterprise Florida, Inc., to 16 make recommendations regarding industrial 17 18 classifications used to determine an eligible 19 business; providing an exception for certain employees 20 to remain qualified employees; revising the amount of 2.1 tax credits per employee that eligible businesses may receive; providing an additional tax credit per 22 employee for an eligible business located within a 23 24 rural area of opportunity; authorizing an ad valorem

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tax reimbursement for eligible businesses whose tax credits exceed their corporate income tax liability; authorizes sales tax refunds for eligible businesses for specified amounts of sales tax paid for electricity; providing cumulative annual limits on these sales tax refunds; authorizing the Department of Revenue to adopt rules; amending s. 288.018, F.S., relating to the Regional Rural Development Grants Program; authorizing the Department of Economic Opportunity to determine the amount of nonstate resources that must be used annually for matching grants; amending s. 288.0655, F.S.; revising the maximum percentage of total infrastructure project costs for which the department may award grants; revising requirements for eligible projects and uses of funds; creating a program to provide funding for speculative building construction in rural counties; limiting the amount of grants for these rural infrastructure projects; authorizing the department to adopt rules; amending s. 288.106, F.S., relating to a tax refund program for target industry businesses; revising definitions; removing a limitation on specified tax refunds; exempting qualified target industry businesses located in a rural area of

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opportunity from a reduction in specified tax refund amounts when local financial support is less than a specified amount; requiring regionally based economic development organizations, in consultation with the department and Enterprise Florida, Inc., to develop target industry businesses specific to the rural area of economic opportunity; authorizing businesses in a rural area of opportunity to apply for waiver of certain criteria; repealing s. 290.016, F.S., relating to the scheduled repeal of the Florida Enterprise Zone Act; amending ss. 166.231, 193.077, 193.085, 195.073, 195.099, 196.012, 205.022, 205.054, 212.02, 212.096, 220.02, 220.03, 220.13, 220.181, and 220.182, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Paragraphs (g) and (h) of subsection (5) and subsection (15) of section 212.08, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

212.08 Sales, rental, use, consumption, distribution, and storage tax; specified exemptions.—The sale at retail, the rental, the use, the consumption, the distribution, and the

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storage to be used or consumed in this state of the following are hereby specifically exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter.

(5) EXEMPTIONS; ACCOUNT OF USE.-

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- (g) Building materials used in the rehabilitation of real property located in an enterprise zone.—
- Building materials used in the rehabilitation of real property located in an enterprise zone are exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter upon an affirmative showing to the satisfaction of the department that the items have been used for the rehabilitation of real property located in an enterprise zone. Except as provided in subparagraph 2., this exemption inures to the owner, lessee, or lessor at the time the real property is rehabilitated, but only through a refund of previously paid taxes. To receive a refund pursuant to this paragraph, the owner, lessee, or lessor of the rehabilitated real property must file an application under oath with the governing body or enterprise zone development agency having jurisdiction over the enterprise zone where the business is located, as applicable. A single application for a refund may be submitted for multiple, contiguous parcels that were part of a single parcel that was divided as part of the rehabilitation of the property. All other requirements of this paragraph apply to each parcel on an individual basis. The application must

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97 include:

- a. The name and address of the person claiming the refund.
- b. An address and assessment roll parcel number of the rehabilitated real property for which a refund of previously paid taxes is being sought.
- c. A description of the improvements made to accomplish the rehabilitation of the real property.
- d. A copy of a valid building permit issued by the county or municipal building department for the rehabilitation of the real property.
- e. A sworn statement, under penalty of perjury, from the general contractor licensed in this state with whom the applicant contracted to make the improvements necessary to rehabilitate the real property, which lists the building materials used to rehabilitate the real property, the actual cost of the building materials, and the amount of sales tax paid in this state on the building materials. If a general contractor was not used, the applicant, not a general contractor, shall make the sworn statement required by this sub-subparagraph. Copies of the invoices that evidence the purchase of the building materials used in the rehabilitation and the payment of sales tax on the building materials must be attached to the sworn statement provided by the general contractor or by the applicant. Unless the actual cost of building materials used in

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the rehabilitation of real property and the payment of sales taxes is documented by a general contractor or by the applicant in this manner, the cost of the building materials is deemed to be an amount equal to 40 percent of the increase in assessed value for ad valorem tax purposes.

- f. The identifying number assigned pursuant to s. 290.0065 to the enterprise zone in which the rehabilitated real property is located.
- g. A certification by the local building code inspector that the improvements necessary to rehabilitate the real property are substantially completed.
- h. A statement of whether the business is a small business as defined by s. 288.703.
- i. If applicable, the name and address of each permanent employee of the business, including, for each employee who is a resident of an enterprise zone, the identifying number assigned pursuant to s. 290.0065 to the enterprise zone in which the employee resides.
- 2. This exemption inures to a municipality, county, other governmental unit or agency, or nonprofit community-based organization through a refund of previously paid taxes if the building materials used in the rehabilitation are paid for from the funds of a community development block grant, State Housing Initiatives Partnership Program, or similar grant or loan

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program. To receive a refund, a municipality, county, other governmental unit or agency, or nonprofit community-based organization must file an application that includes the same information required in subparagraph 1. In addition, the application must include a sworn statement signed by the chief executive officer of the municipality, county, other governmental unit or agency, or nonprofit community-based organization seeking a refund which states that the building materials for which a refund is sought were funded by a community development block grant, State Housing Initiatives Partnership Program, or similar grant or loan program.

3. Within 10 working days after receipt of an application, the governing body or enterprise zone development agency shall review the application to determine if it contains all the information required by subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2. and meets the criteria set out in this paragraph. The governing body or agency shall certify all applications that contain the required information and are eligible to receive a refund. If applicable, the governing body or agency shall also certify if 20 percent of the employees of the business are residents of an enterprise zone, excluding temporary and part-time employees. The certification must be in writing, and a copy of the certification shall be transmitted to the executive director of the department. The applicant is responsible for forwarding a

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certified application to the department within the time specified in subparagraph 4.

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- 4. An application for a refund must be submitted to the department within 6 months after the rehabilitation of the property is deemed to be substantially completed by the local building code inspector or by November 1 after the rehabilitated property is first subject to assessment.
- Only one exemption through a refund of previously paid taxes for the rehabilitation of real property is permitted for any single parcel of property unless there is a change in ownership, a new lessor, or a new lessee of the real property. A refund may not be granted unless the amount to be refunded exceeds \$500. Refunds may not exceed \$15 million annually. A refund may not exceed the lesser of 97 percent of the Florida sales or use tax paid on the cost of the building materials used in the rehabilitation of the real property as determined pursuant to sub-subparagraph 1.e. or \$5,000, or, if at least 20 percent of the employees of the business are residents of an enterprise zone, excluding temporary and part-time employees, the amount of refund may not exceed the lesser of 97 percent of the sales tax paid on the cost of the building materials or \$10,000. A refund shall be made within 30 days after formal approval by the department of the application for the refund.
 - 6. The department shall adopt rules governing the manner

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and form of refund applications and may establish guidelines as to the requisites for an affirmative showing of qualification for exemption under this paragraph.

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- 7. The department shall deduct an amount equal to 10 percent of each refund granted under this paragraph from the amount transferred into the Local Government Half-cent Sales Tax Clearing Trust Fund pursuant to s. 212.20 for the county area in which the rehabilitated real property is located and shall transfer that amount to the General Revenue Fund.
- 8. For the purposes of the exemption provided in this paragraph, the term:
- a. "Building materials" means tangible personal property that becomes a component part of improvements to real property.
- b. "Real property" has the same meaning as provided in s. 192.001(12), except that the term does not include a condominium parcel or condominium property as defined in s. 718.103.
- c. "Rehabilitation of real property" means the reconstruction, renovation, restoration, rehabilitation, construction, or expansion of improvements to real property.
- d. "Substantially completed" has the same meaning as provided in s. 192.042(1).
- 9. This paragraph expires on the date specified in s. 290.016 for the expiration of the Florida Enterprise Zone Act.
 - (h) Business property used in an enterprise zone.-

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1. Business property purchased for use by businesses located in an enterprise zone which is subsequently used in an enterprise zone shall be exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter. This exemption inures to the business only through a refund of previously paid taxes. A refund shall be authorized upon an affirmative showing by the taxpayer to the satisfaction of the department that the requirements of this paragraph have been met.

- 2. To receive a refund, the business must file under oath with the governing body or enterprise zone development agency having jurisdiction over the enterprise zone where the business is located, as applicable, an application which includes:
- a. The name and address of the business claiming the refund.
- b. The identifying number assigned pursuant to s. 290.0065 to the enterprise zone in which the business is located.
- c. A specific description of the property for which a refund is sought, including its serial number or other permanent identification number.
 - d. The location of the property.

e. The sales invoice or other proof of purchase of the property, showing the amount of sales tax paid, the date of purchase, and the name and address of the sales tax dealer from whom the property was purchased.

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f. Whether the business is a small business as defined by s. 288.703.

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- g. If applicable, the name and address of each permanent employee of the business, including, for each employee who is a resident of an enterprise zone, the identifying number assigned pursuant to s. 290.0065 to the enterprise zone in which the employee resides.
- Within 10 working days after receipt of an application, the governing body or enterprise zone development agency shall review the application to determine if it contains all the information required pursuant to subparagraph 2. and meets the criteria set out in this paragraph. The governing body or agency shall certify all applications that contain the information required pursuant to subparagraph 2. and meet the criteria set out in this paragraph as eligible to receive a refund. If applicable, the governing body or agency shall also certify if 20 percent of the employees of the business are residents of an enterprise zone, excluding temporary and part-time employees. The certification shall be in writing, and a copy of the certification shall be transmitted to the executive director of the Department of Revenue. The business shall be responsible for forwarding a certified application to the department within the time specified in subparagraph 4.
 - 4. An application for a refund pursuant to this paragraph

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must be submitted to the department within 6 months after the tax is due on the business property that is purchased.

- 5. The amount refunded on purchases of business property under this paragraph may not exceed \$15 million annually shall be the lesser of 97 percent of the sales tax paid on such business property or \$5,000, or, if no less than 20 percent of the employees of the business are residents of an enterprise zone, excluding temporary and part-time employees, the amount refunded on purchases of business property under this paragraph shall be the lesser of 97 percent of the sales tax paid on such business property or \$10,000. A refund approved pursuant to this paragraph shall be made within 30 days after formal approval by the department of the application for the refund. A refund may not be granted under this paragraph unless the amount to be refunded exceeds \$100 in sales tax paid on purchases made within a 60-day time period.
- 6. The department shall adopt rules governing the manner and form of refund applications and may establish guidelines as to the requisites for an affirmative showing of qualification for exemption under this paragraph.
- 7. If the department determines that the business property is used outside an enterprise zone within 3 years from the date of purchase, the amount of taxes refunded to the business purchasing such business property shall immediately be due and

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payable to the department by the business, together with the appropriate interest and penalty, computed from the date of purchase, in the manner provided by this chapter.

Notwithstanding this subparagraph, business property used exclusively in:

- a. Licensed commercial fishing vessels,
- b. Fishing guide boats, or
- c. Ecotourism guide boats

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that leave and return to a fixed location within an area designated under s. 379.2353, Florida Statutes 2010, are eligible for the exemption provided under this paragraph if all requirements of this paragraph are met. Such vessels and boats must be owned by a business that is eligible to receive the exemption provided under this paragraph. This exemption does not apply to the purchase of a vessel or boat.

- 8. The department shall deduct an amount equal to 10 percent of each refund granted under this paragraph from the amount transferred into the Local Government Half-cent Sales Tax Clearing Trust Fund pursuant to s. 212.20 for the county area in which the business property is located and shall transfer that amount to the General Revenue Fund.
- 9. For the purposes of this exemption, "business property" means new or used property defined as "recovery property" in s.

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313 168(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended, except:

a. Property classified as 3-year property under s.

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- 315 168(c)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended;
 - b. Industrial machinery and equipment as defined in subsubparagraph (b) 6.a. and eligible for exemption under paragraph
 (b);
 - c. Building materials as defined in sub-subparagraph(q) 8.a.; and
 - d. Business property having a sales price of under \$5,000 per unit.
 - 10. This paragraph expires on the date specified in s.
 290.016 for the expiration of the Florida Enterprise Zone Act.
 - (15) ELECTRICAL ENERGY USED IN AN ENTERPRISE ZONE.
 - (a) Beginning July 1, 1995, charges for electrical energy used by a qualified business at a fixed location in an enterprise zone in a municipality which has enacted an ordinance pursuant to s. 166.231(8) which provides for exemption of municipal utility taxes on such businesses or in an enterprise zone jointly authorized by a county and a municipality which has enacted an ordinance pursuant to s. 166.231(8) which provides for exemption of municipal utility taxes on such businesses shall receive an exemption equal to 50 percent of the tax imposed by this chapter, or, if no less than 20 percent of the employees of the business are residents of an enterprise zone,

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excluding temporary and part-time employees, the exemption shall be equal to 100 percent of the tax imposed by this chapter. A qualified business may receive such exemption for a period of 5 years from the billing period beginning not more than 30 days following notification to the applicable utility company by the department that an exemption has been authorized pursuant to this subsection and s. 166.231(8).

- (b) To receive this exemption, a business must file an application, with the enterprise zone development agency having jurisdiction over the enterprise zone where the business is located, on a form provided by the department for the purposes of this subsection and s. 166.231(8). The application shall be made under oath and shall include:
 - 1. The name and location of the business.
- 2. The identifying number assigned pursuant to s. 290.0065 to the enterprise zone in which the business is located.
- 3. The date on which electrical service is to be first initiated to the business.
- 4. The name and mailing address of the entity from which electrical energy is to be purchased.
 - 5. The date of the application.

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- 6. The name of the city in which the business is located.
- 7. If applicable, the name and address of each permanent employee of the business including, for each employee who is a

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resident of an enterprise zone, the identifying number assigned pursuant to s. 290.0065 to the enterprise zone in which the employee resides.

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- 8. Whether the business is a small business as defined by s. 288.703.
- (c) Within 10 working days after receipt of an application, the enterprise zone development agency shall review the application to determine if it contains all information required pursuant to paragraph (b) and meets the criteria set out in this subsection. The agency shall certify all applications that contain the information required pursuant to paragraph (b) and meet the criteria set out in this subsection as eligible to receive an exemption. If applicable, the agency shall also certify if 20 percent of the employees of the business are residents of an enterprise zone, excluding temporary and part-time employees. The certification shall be in writing, and a copy of the certification shall be transmitted to the executive director of the Department of Revenue. The applicant shall be responsible for forwarding a certified application to the department within 6 months after the occurrence of the appropriate qualifying provision set out in paragraph (f).
- (d) If, in a subsequent audit conducted by the department, it is determined that the business did not meet the criteria

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mandated in this subsection, the amount of taxes exempted shall immediately be due and payable to the department by the business, together with the appropriate interest and penalty, computed from the due date of each bill for the electrical energy purchased as exempt under this subsection, in the manner prescribed by this chapter.

- (e) The department shall adopt rules governing applications for, issuance of, and the form of applications for the exemption authorized in this subsection and provisions for recapture of taxes exempted under this subsection, and the department may establish guidelines as to qualifications for exemption.
- (f) For the purpose of the exemption provided in this subsection, the term "qualified business" means a business which is:
- 1. First occupying a new structure to which electrical service, other than that used for construction purposes, has not been previously provided or furnished;
- 2. Newly occupying an existing, remodeled, renovated, or rehabilitated structure to which electrical service, other than that used for remodeling, renovation, or rehabilitation of the structure, has not been provided or furnished in the three preceding billing periods; or
 - 3. Occupying a new, remodeled, rebuilt, renovated, or

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rehabilitated structure for which a refund has been granted pursuant to paragraph (5)(g).

- (g) This subsection expires on the date specified in s. 290.016 for the expiration of the Florida Enterprise Zone Act, except that:
 - 1. Paragraph (d) shall not expire; and

- 2. Any qualified business which has been granted an exemption under this subsection prior to that date shall be allowed the full benefit of this exemption as if this subsection had not expired on that date.
- Section 2. Subsections (1) of section 212.098, Florida Statutes, is reordered and amended, subsections (2) and (3) are amended, subsections (5) through (12) are renumbered as subsections (6) through (13), respectively, and new subsections (5), (14), and (15) are added to that section, to read:
 - 212.098 Rural Job Tax Credit Program.-
 - (1) As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Eligible business" means any sole proprietorship, firm, partnership, or corporation that is located in a qualified county and is predominantly engaged in, or is headquarters for a business predominantly engaged in, activities usually provided for consideration by firms classified within the following standard industrial classifications: SIC 01-SIC 09 (agriculture, forestry, and fishing); SIC 20-SIC 39 (manufacturing); SIC 52-

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SIC 57 and SIC 59 (retail); SIC 422 (public warehousing and storage); SIC 70 (hotels and other lodging places); SIC 7391 (research and development); SIC 781 (motion picture production and allied services); SIC 7992 (public golf courses); SIC 7996 (amusement parks); and a targeted industry eligible for the qualified target industry business tax refund under s. 288.106. A call center or similar customer service operation that services a multistate market or an international market is also an eligible business. In addition, the Department of Economic Opportunity and Enterprise Florida, Inc., may, as part of their its final budget requests request submitted pursuant to s. 216.023, recommend additions to or deletions from the list of standard industrial classifications used to determine an eligible business, and the Legislature may implement such recommendations. Excluded from eligible receipts are receipts from retail sales, except such receipts for hotels and other lodging places classified in SIC 70, public golf courses in SIC 7992, and amusement parks in SIC 7996. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "predominantly" means that more than 50 percent of the business's gross receipts from all sources is generated by those activities usually provided for consideration by firms in the specified standard industrial classification. The determination of whether the business is located in a qualified county and the tier ranking of that county must be

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based on the date of application for the credit under this section. Commonly owned and controlled entities are to be considered a single business entity.

- (b) (e) "Existing business" means any eligible business that does not meet the criteria for a new business.
- (c) (d) "New business" means any eligible business first beginning operation on a site in a qualified county and clearly separate from any other commercial or business operation of the business entity within a qualified county. A business entity that operated an eligible business within a qualified county within the 48 months before the period provided for application by subsection (2) is not considered a new business.
- (d) (c) "Qualified area" means any area that is contained within a rural area of opportunity designated under s. 288.0656, a county that has a population of fewer than 75,000 persons, or a county that has a population of 125,000 or less and is contiguous to a county that has a population of less than 75,000, selected in the following manner: every third year, the Department of Economic Opportunity shall rank and tier the state's counties according to the following four factors:
- 1. Highest unemployment rate for the most recent 36-month period.
- 2. Lowest per capita income for the most recent 36-month period.

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3. Highest percentage of residents whose incomes are below the poverty level, based upon the most recent data available.

- 4. Average weekly manufacturing wage, based upon the most recent data available.
- (e) (b) "Qualified employee" means any employee of an eligible business who performs duties in connection with the operations of the business on a regular, full-time basis for an average of at least 36 hours per week for at least 3 months within the qualified county in which the eligible business is located. The term also includes an employee leased from an employee leasing company licensed under chapter 468, if such employee has been continuously leased to the employer for an average of at least 36 hours per week for more than 6 months. An owner or partner of the eligible business is not a qualified employee. If an employee meets the qualifications of this paragraph but subsequently does not work an average of at least 36 hours per week in any one month, the employee remains a qualified employee if he or she meets the qualifications of this paragraph in the following month.
- (2) A new eligible business may apply for a tax credit under this subsection once at any time during its first year of operation. A new eligible business in a qualified area that has at least 10 qualified employees on the date of application shall receive a $\frac{$2,000}{$1,000}$ tax credit for each such employee.

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- An existing eligible business may apply for a tax credit under this subsection at any time it is entitled to such credit, except as restricted by this subsection. An existing eligible business with fewer than 50 employees in a qualified area that on the date of application has at least 20 percent more qualified employees than it had 1 year before prior to its date of application shall receive a $$2,000 \frac{$1,000}{}$ tax credit for each such additional employee. An existing eligible business that has 50 employees or more in a qualified area that, on the date of application, has at least 10 more qualified employees than it had 1 year before prior to its date of application shall receive a \$2,000 \$1,000 tax credit for each additional employee. Any existing eligible business that received a credit under subsection (2) may not apply for the credit under this subsection sooner than 12 months after the application date for the credit under subsection (2).
- (5) A new eligible business that receives a tax credit under subsection (2) shall receive an additional \$3,000 tax credit for each qualified employee if the new eligible business is located within a rural area of opportunity as defined in s. 288.0656.
- (14) If a new or existing eligible business takes a tax credit under this section against its corporate income tax liability, and the tax credit exceeds its corporate income tax

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liability, the eligible business may apply for an ad valorem tax reimbursement equal to the excess amount.

- (15) Effective January 1, 2016, a new or existing eligible business that receives a tax credit under subsection (2) or subsection (3) is eligible for a tax refund of up to 50 percent of the amount of sales tax paid by the business for electricity. The total amount of tax refunds approved pursuant to this subsection may not exceed \$10 million during any calendar year. The department may adopt rules to administer this subsection.
- Section 3. Subsection (1) of section 288.018, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 288.018 Regional Rural Development Grants Program.-
- (1) The department shall establish a matching grant program to provide funding to regionally based economic development organizations representing rural counties and communities for the purpose of building the professional capacity of their organizations. Such matching grants may also be used by an economic development organization to provide technical assistance to businesses within the rural counties and communities that it serves. The department is authorized to approve, on an annual basis, grants to such regionally based economic development organizations. The maximum amount an organization may receive in any year will be \$50,000, or \$150,000 in a rural area of opportunity recommended by the Rural

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Economic Development Initiative and designated by the Governor, and must be matched each year by an equivalent amount of nonstate resources as determined by the department.

Section 4. Paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection (2) of section 288.0655, Florida Statutes, are amended, subsection (5) is renumbered as subsection (6), and a new subsection (5) is added to that section, to read:

288.0655 Rural Infrastructure Fund.-

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To facilitate access of rural communities and rural (b) areas of opportunity as defined by the Rural Economic Development Initiative to infrastructure funding programs of the Federal Government, such as those offered by the United States Department of Agriculture and the United States Department of Commerce, and state programs, including those offered by Rural Economic Development Initiative agencies, and to facilitate local government or private infrastructure funding efforts, the department may award grants for up to $40 \, \frac{30}{9}$ percent of the total infrastructure project cost. If an application for funding is for a catalyst site, as defined in s. 288.0656, the department may award grants for up to $50 \, 40$ percent of the total infrastructure project cost. Eligible projects must be related to specific job-creation or job-retention opportunities. Eligible projects may also include improving any inadequate

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infrastructure that has resulted in regulatory action that prohibits economic or community growth or reducing the costs to community users of proposed infrastructure improvements that exceed such costs in comparable communities. Eligible uses of funds shall include site certification costs and improvements to public infrastructure for industrial or commercial sites and upgrades to or development of public tourism infrastructure. Authorized infrastructure may include the following public or public-private partnership facilities: storm water systems; telecommunications facilities; broadband facilities; roads or other remedies to transportation impediments; nature-based tourism facilities; or other physical requirements necessary to facilitate tourism, trade, and economic development activities in the community. Authorized infrastructure may also include publicly or privately owned self-powered nature-based tourism facilities, publicly owned telecommunications facilities, and broadband facilities, and additions to the distribution facilities of the existing natural gas utility as defined in s. 366.04(3)(c), the existing electric utility as defined in s. 366.02, or the existing water or wastewater utility as defined in s. 367.021(12), or any other existing water or wastewater facility, which owns a gas or electric distribution system or a water or wastewater system in this state where:

1. A contribution-in-aid of construction is required to

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serve public or public-private partnership facilities under the tariffs of any natural gas, electric, water, or wastewater utility as defined herein; and

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- 2. Such utilities as defined herein are willing and able to provide such service.
- To facilitate timely response and induce the location or expansion of specific job creating opportunities, the department may award grants for infrastructure feasibility studies, design and engineering activities, or other infrastructure planning and preparation activities. Authorized grants shall be up to \$50,000 for an employment project with a business committed to create at least 100 jobs; up to \$150,000 for an employment project with a business committed to create at least 300 jobs; and up to \$300,000 for a project in a rural area of opportunity. Grants awarded under this paragraph may be used in conjunction with grants awarded under paragraph (b), provided that the total amount of both grants does not exceed 40 $\frac{30}{30}$ percent of the total project cost. In evaluating applications under this paragraph, the department shall consider the extent to which the application seeks to minimize administrative and consultant expenses.
- (5) The department shall create a speculative building program for rural counties. The department may adopt rules to administer the program and provide funding to eligible counties

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for constructing speculative buildings. The department may not grant a rural county more than 50 percent of the total cost of the speculative building. Funding shall be based on available funds provided by the Legislature for the purpose of rural infrastructure.

Section 5. Paragraph (k) of subsection (2) and paragraph (d) of subsection (6) of section 288.106, Florida Statutes, are amended, and paragraph (e) is added to subsection (7) of that section, to read:

288.106 Tax refund program for qualified target industry businesses.—

- (2) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section:
- (k) "Local financial support exemption option" means the option to exercise an exemption from the local financial support requirement available to any applicant whose project is located in a brownfield area, a rural city, or a rural community. Any applicant that exercises this option is not eligible for more than 80 percent of the total tax refunds allowed such applicant under this section.
 - (6) ANNUAL CLAIM FOR REFUND.-

(d) A tax refund may not be approved for a qualified target industry business unless the required local financial support has been paid into the account for that refund. If the local financial support provided is less than 20 percent of the

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approved tax refund, the tax refund must be reduced <u>unless the</u> <u>qualified target industry business is located in a rural area of</u> <u>opportunity</u>. In no event may the tax refund exceed an amount that is equal to 5 times the amount of the local financial support received. Further, funding from local sources includes any tax abatement granted to that business under s. 196.1995 or the appraised market value of municipal or county land conveyed or provided at a discount to that business. The amount of any tax refund for such business approved under this section must be reduced by the amount of any such tax abatement granted or the value of the land granted, and the limitations in subsection (3) and paragraph (4) (e) must be reduced by the amount of any such tax abatement or the value of the land granted. A report listing all sources of the local financial support shall be provided to the department when such support is paid to the account.

(7) ADMINISTRATION.—

(e) By July 1, 2015, for existing rural areas of opportunity, and thereafter for new and existing rural areas of opportunity, the regionally based economic development organization representing the rural area of opportunity shall, in consultation with the department and Enterprise Florida, Inc., develop target industry businesses specific to the rural area of opportunity but may not develop any target industry business specifically prohibited by this chapter. A business in

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673 a rural area of opportunity may apply to the department for a 674 waiver of the target industry business criteria provided in 675 paragraph (2)(q). 676 Section 6. Section 290.016, Florida Statutes, is repealed. 677 Section 7. Paragraph (c) of subsection (8) of section 678 166.231, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 679 166.231 Municipalities; public service tax.-680 (8) 681 (c) This subsection expires on the date specified in s. 682 290.016 for the expiration of the Florida Enterprise Zone Act, 683 except that any qualified business that has satisfied the 684 requirements of this subsection before that date shall be 685 allowed the full benefit of the exemption allowed under this 686 subsection as if this subsection had not expired on that date. 687 Section 8. Subsections (3) and (4) of section 193.077, 688 Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 689 193.077 Notice of new, rebuilt, or expanded property.-690 Within 10 days of extension or recertification of the 691 assessment rolls pursuant to s. 193.122, whichever is later, the 692 property appraiser shall forward to the department a list of all 693 property of new businesses and property separately assessed as 694 expansion-related or rebuilt property pursuant to s. 193.085(5) 695 193.085(5)(a). The list shall include the name and address of 696 the business to which the property is assessed, the assessed

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value of the property, the total taxes levied against the property, the identifying number for the property as shown on the assessment roll, and a description of the property.

- (4) This section expires on the date specified in s. 290.016 for the expiration of the Florida Enterprise Zone Act.
- Section 9. Subsection (5) of section 193.085, Florida

 703 Statutes, is amended to read:

193.085 Listing all property.-

- (5) (a) Beginning in the year in which a notice of new, rebuilt, or expanded property is accepted and certified pursuant to s. 193.077 and for the 4 years immediately thereafter, the property appraiser shall separately assess the prior existing property and the expansion-related or rebuilt property, if any, of each business having submitted said notice pursuant to s. 220.182(4). The listing of expansion-related or rebuilt property on an assessment roll shall immediately follow the listing of prior existing property for each expanded business. However, beginning with the first assessment roll following receipt of a notice from the department that a business has been disallowed an enterprise zone property tax credit, the property appraiser shall singly list the property of such business.
- (b) This subsection expires on the date specified in s. 290.016 for the expiration of the Florida Enterprise Zone Act. Section 10. Subsection (4) of section 195.073, Florida

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721 Statutes, is amended to read:

195.073 Classification of property.—All items required by law to be on the assessment rolls must receive a classification based upon the use of the property. The department shall promulgate uniform definitions for all classifications. The department may designate other subclassifications of property. No assessment roll may be approved by the department which does not show proper classifications.

- (4) (a) Rules adopted pursuant to this section shall provide for the separate identification of property as prior existing property of an expanded or rebuilt business, as expansion-related property of an expanded or rebuilt business, and as property of a new business, in the event the business qualifies for an enterprise zone property tax credit pursuant to s. 220.182, in addition to classification according to use.
- (b) This subsection expires on the date specified in s. 290.016 for the expiration of the Florida Enterprise Zone Act.

Section 11. Subsection (1) of section 195.099, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

195.099 Periodic review.—

(1) (a) The department may review the assessments of new, rebuilt, and expanded business reported according to s. 193.077(3), to ensure parity of level of assessment with other classifications of property.

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745	(b) This subsection shall expire on the date specified in
746	s. 290.016 for the expiration of the Florida Enterprise Zone
747	Act.
748	Section 12. Subsection (18) of section 196.012, Florida
749	Statutes, is amended to read:
750	196.012 Definitions.—For the purpose of this chapter, the
751	following terms are defined as follows, except where the context
752	clearly indicates otherwise:
753	(18) "Enterprise zone" means an area designated as an
754	enterprise zone pursuant to s. 290.0065. This subsection expires
755	on the date specified in s. 290.016 for the expiration of the
756	Florida Enterprise Zone Act.
757	Section 13. Subsection (4) of section 205.022, Florida
758	Statutes, is amended to read:
759	205.022 DefinitionsWhen used in this chapter, the
760	following terms and phrases shall have the meanings ascribed to
761	them in this section, except when the context clearly indicates
762	a different meaning:
763	(4) "Enterprise zone" means an area designated as an
764	enterprise zone pursuant to s. 290.0065. This subsection expires
765	on the date specified in s. 290.016 for the expiration of the
766	Florida Enterprise Zone Act.
767	Section 14. Subsection (6) of section 205.054, Florida

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Statutes, is amended to read:

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169	205.054 Business tax; partial exemption for engaging in
770	business or occupation in enterprise zone
771	(6) This section expires on the date specified in s.
772	290.016 for the expiration of the Florida Enterprise Zone Act;
773	and a receipt may not be issued with the exemption authorized in
774	this section for any period beginning on or after that date.
775	Section 15. Subsection (6) of section 212.02, Florida
776	Statutes, is amended to read:
777	212.02 Definitions.—The following terms and phrases when
778	used in this chapter have the meanings ascribed to them in this
779	section, except where the context clearly indicates a different
780	meaning:
781	(6) "Enterprise zone" means an area of the state
782	designated pursuant to s. 290.0065. This subsection expires on
783	the date specified in s. 290.016 for the expiration of the
784	Florida Enterprise Zone Act.
785	Section 16. Subsection (12) of section 212.096, Florida
786	Statutes, is amended to read:
787	212.096 Sales, rental, storage, use tax; enterprise zone
788	jobs credit against sales tax.—
789	(12) This section, except for subsection (11), expires on
790	the date specified in s. 290.016 for the expiration of the
791	Florida Enterprise Zone Act.
792	Section 17. Paragraph (c) of subsection (6) and paragraph

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793 (c) of subsection (7) of section 220.02, Florida Statutes, are 794 amended to read: 795 220.02 Legislative intent.-796 (6) 797 (c) This subsection expires on the date specified in s. 798 290.016 for the expiration of the Florida Enterprise Zone Act. 799 (7) 800 (c) This subsection expires on the date specified in s. 801 290.016 for the expiration of the Florida Enterprise Zone Act. 802 Section 18. Paragraphs (a), (c), (d), (i), (j), (k), (o), 803 (p), (q), and (u) of subsection (1) of section 220.03, Florida 804 Statutes, are amended to read: 805 220.03 Definitions.-806 (1) SPECIFIC TERMS.—When used in this code, and when not 807 otherwise distinctly expressed or manifestly incompatible with 808 the intent thereof, the following terms shall have the following 809 meanings: 810 "Ad valorem taxes paid" means 96 percent of property 811 taxes levied for operating purposes and does not include 812 interest, penalties, or discounts foregone. In addition, the term "ad valorem taxes paid," for purposes of the credit in s. 813 814 220.182, means the ad valorem tax paid on new or additional real 815 or personal property acquired to establish a new business or 816 facilitate a business expansion, including pollution and waste

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control facilities, or any part thereof, and including one or more buildings or other structures, machinery, fixtures, and equipment. This paragraph expires on the date specified in s. 290.016 for the expiration of the Florida Enterprise Zone Act.

- (c) "Business" or "business firm" means any business entity authorized to do business in this state as defined in paragraph (e), and any bank or savings and loan association as defined in s. 220.62, subject to the tax imposed by the provisions of this chapter. This paragraph expires on the date specified in s. 290.016 for the expiration of the Florida Enterprise Zone Act.
- (d) "Community contribution" means the grant by a business firm of any of the following items:
 - 1. Cash or other liquid assets.
 - 2. Real property.

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- 3. Goods or inventory.
- 4. Other physical resources as identified by the department.

This paragraph expires on the date specified in s. 290.016 for the expiration of the Florida Enterprise Zone Act.

(i) "Emergency," as used in s. 220.02 and in paragraph (u) of this subsection, means occurrence of widespread or severe damage, injury, or loss of life or property proclaimed pursuant

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to s. 14.022 or declared pursuant to s. 252.36. This paragraph expires on the date specified in s. 290.016 for the expiration of the Florida Enterprise Zone Act.

- (j) "Enterprise zone" means an area in the state designated pursuant to s. 290.0065. This paragraph expires on the date specified in s. 290.016 for the expiration of the Florida Enterprise Zone Act.
- (k) "Expansion of an existing business," for the purposes of the enterprise zone property tax credit, means any business entity authorized to do business in this state as defined in paragraph (e), and any bank or savings and loan association as defined in s. 220.62, subject to the tax imposed by the provisions of this chapter, located in an enterprise zone, which expands by or through additions to real and personal property and which establishes five or more new jobs to employ five or more additional full-time employees at such location. This paragraph expires on the date specified in s. 290.016 for the expiration of the Florida Enterprise Zone Act.
- (o) "Local government" means any county or incorporated municipality in the state. This paragraph expires on the date specified in s. 290.016 for the expiration of the Florida Enterprise Zone Act.
- (p) "New business," for the purposes of the enterprise zone property tax credit, means any business entity authorized

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to do business in this state as defined in paragraph (e), or any bank or savings and loan association as defined in s. 220.62, subject to the tax imposed by the provisions of this chapter, first beginning operations on a site located in an enterprise zone and clearly separate from any other commercial or industrial operations owned by the same entity, bank, or savings and loan association and which establishes five or more new jobs to employ five or more additional full-time employees at such location. This paragraph expires on the date specified in s. 290.016 for the expiration of the Florida Enterprise Zone Act.

(q) "New employee," for the purposes of the enterprise zone jobs credit, means a person residing in an enterprise zone or a participant in the welfare transition program who is employed at a business located in an enterprise zone who begins employment in the operations of the business after July 1, 1995, and who has not been previously employed full time within the preceding 12 months by the business or a successor business claiming the credit pursuant to s. 220.181. A person shall be deemed to be employed by such a business if the person performs duties in connection with the operations of the business on a full-time basis, provided she or he is performing such duties for an average of at least 36 hours per week each month. The person must be performing such duties at a business site located in an enterprise zone. This paragraph expires on the date

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specified in s. 290.016 for the expiration of the Florida Enterprise Zone Act.

- (u) "Rebuilding of an existing business" means replacement or restoration of real or tangible property destroyed or damaged in an emergency, as defined in paragraph (i), after July 1, 1995, in an enterprise zone, by a business entity authorized to do business in this state as defined in paragraph (e), or a bank or savings and loan association as defined in s. 220.62, subject to the tax imposed by the provisions of this chapter, located in the enterprise zone. This paragraph expires on the date specified in s. 290.016 for the expiration of the Florida Enterprise Zone Act.
- Section 19. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 220.13, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 220.13 "Adjusted federal income" defined.-
 - (1) The term "adjusted federal income" means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable income as defined in subsection (2), or such taxable income of more than one taxpayer as provided in s. 220.131, for the taxable year, adjusted as follows:
 - (a) Additions.—There shall be added to such taxable income:
 - 1. The amount of any tax upon or measured by income, excluding taxes based on gross receipts or revenues, paid or

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accrued as a liability to the District of Columbia or any state of the United States which is deductible from gross income in the computation of taxable income for the taxable year.

- 2. The amount of interest which is excluded from taxable income under s. 103(a) of the Internal Revenue Code or any other federal law, less the associated expenses disallowed in the computation of taxable income under s. 265 of the Internal Revenue Code or any other law, excluding 60 percent of any amounts included in alternative minimum taxable income, as defined in s. 55(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, if the taxpayer pays tax under s. 220.11(3).
- 3. In the case of a regulated investment company or real estate investment trust, an amount equal to the excess of the net long-term capital gain for the taxable year over the amount of the capital gain dividends attributable to the taxable year.
- 4. That portion of the wages or salaries paid or incurred for the taxable year which is equal to the amount of the credit allowable for the taxable year under s. 220.181. This subparagraph shall expire on the date specified in s. 290.016 for the expiration of the Florida Enterprise Zone Act.
- 5. That portion of the ad valorem school taxes paid or incurred for the taxable year which is equal to the amount of the credit allowable for the taxable year under s. 220.182. This subparagraph shall expire on the date specified in s. 290.016

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for the expiration of the Florida Enterprise Zone Act.

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- 6. The amount taken as a credit under s. 220.195 which is deductible from gross income in the computation of taxable income for the taxable year.
- 7. That portion of assessments to fund a guaranty association incurred for the taxable year which is equal to the amount of the credit allowable for the taxable year.
- 8. In the case of a nonprofit corporation which holds a pari-mutuel permit and which is exempt from federal income tax as a farmers' cooperative, an amount equal to the excess of the gross income attributable to the pari-mutuel operations over the attributable expenses for the taxable year.
- 9. The amount taken as a credit for the taxable year under $s.\ 220.1895.$
- 10. Up to nine percent of the eligible basis of any designated project which is equal to the credit allowable for the taxable year under s. 220.185.
- 11. The amount taken as a credit for the taxable year under s. 220.1875. The addition in this subparagraph is intended to ensure that the same amount is not allowed for the tax purposes of this state as both a deduction from income and a credit against the tax. This addition is not intended to result in adding the same expense back to income more than once.
 - 12. The amount taken as a credit for the taxable year

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961 under s. 220.192.

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- 962 13. The amount taken as a credit for the taxable year 963 under s. 220.193.
 - 14. Any portion of a qualified investment, as defined in s. 288.9913, which is claimed as a deduction by the taxpayer and taken as a credit against income tax pursuant to s. 288.9916.
 - 15. The costs to acquire a tax credit pursuant to s. 288.1254(5) that are deducted from or otherwise reduce federal taxable income for the taxable year.
 - 16. The amount taken as a credit for the taxable year pursuant to s. 220.194.
 - 17. The amount taken as a credit for the taxable year under s. 220.196. The addition in this subparagraph is intended to ensure that the same amount is not allowed for the tax purposes of this state as both a deduction from income and a credit against the tax. The addition is not intended to result in adding the same expense back to income more than once.
 - Section 20. Subsection (9) of section 220.181, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 220.181 Enterprise zone jobs credit.-
 - (8), expires on the date specified in s. 290.016 for the expiration of the Florida Enterprise Zone Act, and a business may not begin claiming the enterprise zone jobs credit after

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that date; however, the expiration of this section does not affect the operation of any credit for which a business has qualified under this section before that date, or any carryforward of unused credit amounts as provided in paragraph (1)(c). Section 21. Subsection (14) of section 220.182, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: Enterprise zone property tax credit.-(14) This section expires on the date specified in s. 290.016 for the expiration of the Florida Enterprise Zone Act, and a business may not begin claiming the enterprise zone property tax credit after that date; however, the expiration of this section does not affect the operation of any credit for which a business has qualified under this section before that date, or any carryforward of unused credit amounts as provided in paragraph (1) (b). Section 22. This act shall take effect July 1, 2015.

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